Stock Code: 4106

2022 Annual Report

Wellell Inc.

Website for the Annual Report of the Company: Market Observation Post System
http://mops.twse.com.tw/

Prepared by Wellell Inc.

Printed on May 15, 2023

1. Names, Titles, Contact Numbers, and Emails of Spokesperson and Acting Spokesperson:

Name: Li, Yong-Chuan Title: Chairman Tel: (02)2268-5568 Email: daniel.lee@wellell.com Names, Titles, Contact Numbers of Acting Spokesperson: Name: Chen, Shi-He Title: Senior Director of Finance and Accounting Division Tel: (02)2268-5568 Email: richard.chen@wellell.com

2. Addresses and Telephone Numbers of the Headquarters, Branches, and Factories:

Headquarter/ Plants: Address: No. 9, Minsheng St., Tucheng Dist., New Taipei City Tel: (02)2268-5568

3. Contact Information of the Institution for Stock Transfer:

Name: Registrar & Transfer Agency Department of Masterlink Securities Address: B1F., No. 35, Ln. 11, Guangfu N. Rd., Songshan Dist., Taipei City Website: www.masterlink.com.tw Tel: (02)2768-6668

4. Contact Information of Financial Statement Auditors in the Latest Year:

Name: Guo, Xin-Yi; Chen, Bei-Qi CPA Firm: KPMG Taiwan Address: 68F, No. 7, Sec. 5, Xinyi Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei City Website: www.kpmg.com.tw Tel: (02)8101-6666

5. Overseas Listings and Access to the Listing Information: None.

6. Company website: https://tw.wellell.com/zh-tw

Table of Contents

| Chapter I. | Lette | r to Shareholders1 |
|--------------|-------|---|
| Chapter II. | Com | pany Profile5 |
| | I. | Date of establishment |
| | II. | Company history |
| Chapter III. | Corp | orate Governance Report10 |
| | I. | Organizational structure |
| | II. | Profiles of directors, president, vice presidents, assistant vice presidents, |
| | | and heads of various departments and branches13 |
| | III. | Corporate governance |
| | IV. | Information on the public fees of the CPAs99 |
| | V. | Information on replacement of CPA100 |
| | VI. | For any of the company's chairman, president, or managers responsible |
| | | for financial or accounting affairs being employed by the cpa firm or |
| | | any of its affiliated company in the latest year100 |
| | VII. | In the latest year and up to the publication date of the annual report, the |
| | | transfer of equity interest and change in stock pledge of directors, |
| | | supervisors, managers and shareholders with stake of 10% or more.100 |
| | VIII. | Information on the relations among the top 10 shareholders with the |
| | | highest shareholding ratios103 |
| | IX. | Comprehensive shareholding ratio104 |
| Chapter IV. | Infor | mation on Capital Raising Activities105 |
| | I. | Share capital and shares105 |
| | II. | Corporate bond handling situation112 |
| | III. | Preference share |
| | IV. | Overseas depositary receipts112 |
| | V. | Employee stock option112 |
| | VI. | Issuance of restricted stock awards112 |
| | VII. | Status of new shares issuance in connection with mergers and |
| | | acquisitions112 |
| | VIII. | Financing plans and implementation112 |
| Chapter V. | Busir | ness Performance |
| | I. | Content of business |
| | II. | Markets, production and marketing in summary124 |

| | III. | Number of employees, average years of service, average age, and |
|--------------|--------|---|
| | | education distribution proportion in the last two years and up to the |
| | | publication date of the annual report133 |
| | IV. | Environmental spending133 |
| | V. | Employee relation |
| | VI. | Cyber security management |
| | VII. | Important contract |
| Chapter VI. | Finar | cial Status141 |
| | I. | Condensed balance sheet and consolidated income statement for the past |
| | | five years141 |
| | II. | Financial analysis for the past 5 years144 |
| | III. | The audit committee's audit report as shown through the financial |
| | | statements in the latest year148 |
| | IV. | The financial statements for the latest year |
| | V. | The cpa certified individual financial report for the latest year149 |
| | VI. | If the company or its affiliates have experienced financial difficulties in |
| | | the latest year and up to the publication date of the annual report, the |
| | | annual report shall explain how said difficulties will affect the |
| | | company's financial situation149 |
| Chapter VII. | Finar | cial Status and Performance Review Analysis and Risks150 |
| | I. | Financial status |
| | II. | Financial performance |
| | III. | Cash flow155 |
| | IV. | The impact of the significant capital expenditure in the latest year upon |
| | | the financial performance156 |
| | V. | The outward investment policies in the latest year. The key reasons |
| | | leading to the profit or loss, the corrective plans and the investment plan |
| | | in one year ahead:156 |
| | VI. | Analysis and assessment of risk matters |
| | VII. | Other important disclosures |
| Chapter VIII | . Spec | ial Disclosure |
| | I. | Information on affiliated enterprises161 |
| | II. | Where the company has carried out a private placement of securities in |
| | | the latest year and up to the publication date of the annual report161 |
| | III. | Holding or disposal of the company's shares by its subsidiaries in the |
| | | latest year and up to the publication date of the annual report163 |

| IV. | Other supplementary | information | 163 | 3 |
|-----|---------------------|-------------|-----|---|
|-----|---------------------|-------------|-----|---|

| V. | Occurrences of events defined under subparagraph 2, paragraph 3, |
|----|--|
| | article 36 of the securities exchange act in the last year and up to the |
| | publication date of the annual report that significantly impacted |
| | shareholders' equity or security prices |

Chapter I. Letter to Shareholders

Dear Shareholders,

Thank all shareholders for your long-term support to the Company. The following is a report on the Business Results for 2022 and the Business Plan for 2023.

I. 2022 Business results

The following is a summary of Wellell's business performance in 2022 and outlook for future operations:

(I) Implementation results of the business plan

In 2022, Wellell launched a new brand "Wellell" to the world, which achieved good results again in the global market. The main reason is that in Europe, the Spanish and French subsidiaries achieved good operating performance, and the Italian subsidiary won big hospital tenders for Support Surface integrated with a digital IoT device, which stabilized the leading position of Wellell brand in Italian market; in the U.S. market, we also grasped the business opportunity in CPAP respirator, which drove the continuous growth of operating revenue.

- (II) Budget execution: The Company is not required to announce financial forecast for 2022, therefore, it is not applicable.
- (III) Financial income, expenditure, and profitability

The Company's consolidated revenue for 2022 was NT\$2,663,723 thousand, an increase of 12.20% from NT\$2,374,055 thousand in the previous year, mainly due to the increase in raw material costs and the depreciation of the Euro. The gross profit margin in 2022 was 40.05%, a slight decrease from 2021. The consolidated operating expenses was NT\$881,848 thousand, a decrease by 0.09% compared to NT\$882,629 thousand in the previous year. The net income after tax attributable to the parent company was NT\$161,409 thousand, an increase of 57.86% from NT\$102,247 thousand in the previous year, with the earnings per share of NT\$1.60.

In 2022, the consolidated net cash inflow from operating activities was NT\$82,145 thousand, the net cash outflow from investing activities was NT\$32,901 thousand, the net cash outflow from financing activities was NT\$145,833 thousand, and the ending cash balance was NT\$445,280 thousand. As of the end of 2022, the total consolidated assets amounted to NT\$3,197,408 thousand and total liabilities amounted to NT\$970,033 thousand, with a debt-to-assets ratio of 30.34%, and the financial structure and solvency were stable and normal.

(IV) Research & development

The Company continues to focus on the fields of wound care solutions, sleep apnea therapy and smart medical technology. In the field of wound care, the Company has launched the Optima Auto Link, a Support Surface equipped with digital IoT device, and obtained orders from Italy; in the Taiwan market, we have also launched four new models of Domus series Support Surface, some of which are designed as onepiece units to meet the needs of the long-term care market in Taiwan. Wellell's Optima Series Product successfully won the "2022 Taipei Biotech Awards - Go-Global Silver Medal Award" in August 2022, the international layout and technology were well received by the judges.

In the field of respiratory therapy, the Company continues to invest in intelligent CPAP devices and networking systems, combining IoT, APP and remote service technologies to actively develop a new generation of medical devices for respiratory therapy, adding momentum to revenue growth. Wellell's IoT sleep apnea patient management platform (SleepWell) won the 31st Taipei Excellence Award in November 2022.

- II. 2023 Business plan outline
 - (I) Business strategy:
 - 1. Wellell is promoting its brand and expanding its business globally, and is committed to sustainable development.
 - 2. Focus on Patient Recovery Care to provide consumers with more complete products and services.
 - 3. Cultivate long-term partnerships with brand agents to deepen market operations.
 - 4. Invest in academic research and cooperate with KOLs to transform to value creation instead of price competition.
 - 5. Optimize the Group's internal operational efficiency and establish a global benchmark to share best practices.
 - (II) Expected sales volume and basis:

One of our key goals for 2023 is to increase consolidated revenue and strengthen regional product marketing capabilities. We will strengthen the international management capabilities and build an international brand of high-end medical devices through the accumulation of brand marketing power and the establishment of parent-subsidiary standards.

- (III) Important production marketing policies:
 - 1. Pan-Europ region: increase the revenue in the UK and France, stabilize gross profit margin in Spain, control expenses in Germany, and use flagship products such as Optima Auto, Turn, and Prone as the starters of the new brand to increase revenue through new website, digital marketing, and strategic brand channel partners.

- 2. Americas: Focus on the post-acute care field, target the California market to provide localized services and build digital marketing capabilities according to the European experience, and enter North America market.
- 3. Asia Pacific Region: we will focus on the hospital channel and invest in KOL academic cooperation mainly relying on Wound Management products. For Respiratory Therapy products, we will focus on the home self-pay market and mask sales, and increase revenue through new website, digital marketing, and strategic brand channel partners.
- 4. Production strategy: we will improve our outsourcing quality control capabilities, make full use of our strategic partners to create a competitive advantage of cost, define key components and continue development and manufacture to improve manufacturing efficiency and optimize quality and experience.
- III. Future company development strategy

In terms of products, we will focus on expanding our product portfolio from Pressure Area Care (PAC) to Patient Recovery Care (PRC), based on the needs of patient recovery care, include mobility devices, patient hoist, intermittent pneumatic circulator (IPC), deep venous thrombosis prevention (DVT), medical bed and other medical devices, so as to strengthen our product portfolio and provide complete solutions. In the field of wound management, we will continuously develop high-end value-added products to meet the needs of healthcare professionals in key markets. For respiratory therapy products, Wellell will actively develop a new generation of medical devices for respiratory therapy and enhance the competitiveness of mask products.

In terms of channels, for developed markets such as Europe, the U.S. and Japan, the wound management products will focus on the Post Acute Care market, and respiratory therapy products will aim to become the leading brand of sleep breathing masks to occupy the insurance-paid market; for emerging markets, the wound management products will expand the markets of medical centers and medical institutions, and respiratory therapy products will focus on mild symptoms of sleep respiratory health, specialize in self-paid market, and combine with e-commerce sales and IoT business models.

Adhere to the core spirits of "Digital Well-being", Wellell's brand catalyst, build a datacentric enterprise and an IoT digital platform to meet the overall value chain and transform from a device manufacturer to a medical service provider. In addition to developing Smart Patient Recovery Care products, we will also build a portfolio of appropriate care products centered on the patient's recovery course to create an ecological cycle of digital medical services. IV. Impact of the external competitive environment, regulatory environment, and overall business environment

In terms of the external competitive environment, Wellell will face more competition from Asian manufacturers in the low-end product markets, both in the wound care and respiratory therapy product fields. In the future, Wellell will turn to in-depth research on the unmet needs of users and launch differentiated, value-added high-end products to avoid the fierce competition in the low-end product market.

In terms of regulatory environment, MDR has replaced the MDD as the regulation that medical device manufacturers must comply with in the medical device industry of EU. The new regulations provide more strict requirements for the review of technical documents, including clinical evaluation and post-marketing clinical tracking, as well as improving traceability of medical devices through the supply chain. Wellell pursues long-term management and attaches importance to social responsibility, carries out all internal operations in accordance with relevant laws and regulations, and will develop and expand new products with a prudent and proactive attitude, and strengthen the operation model to create maximum benefits for the Company.

The Company launched the new company brand "Wellell" in 2022 through a three-year rebranding plan, and expects to complete the conversion of all product brands within the Group in the next three years. Through reshaping the brand concept, we will reposition our brand vision, value propositions and brand personality, and are expected to transform into a more passionate, flexible and empathetic international brand. Through digital transformation and the introduction of smart health care technologies such as IoT and cloud-based systems, we will continue to work with our global strategic partners to improve the medical quality of patients and lighten people's digital health future.

We believe that with continued passion, execution, and patience, we will gradually achieve our brand business plan, further expand our market share, and continue to bring profit and growth to our shareholders.

Chairman Li, Yong-Chuan

Chapter II. Company Profile

I. Date of establishment: March 17, 1990

II. Company history:

| Year | Important matters |
|------|--|
| 1990 | The Company was established with a capital of NT\$ 5 million and mainly engaged in the export of medical devices. |
| 1994 | The elderly walker won the "Medical Product Innovation Award" from the Department of Health. |
| | Invested in BEST CARE (U.S.) to sell our own brand products. |
| 1997 | The Support Surface EXCEL8000 won the 6th "Taiwan Excellence Award" from the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| | President Li, Yong-Chuan was awarded "The 20th Entrepreneurial Youth Models of the Republic of China". |
| | Support Surface won the "Excellent Design Product Award" from Taiwan External Trade Development Council (TAITRA). |
| 1998 | Merged with Yatai Industrial Co., Ltd. to realize integrated production and sales. |
| | Increased capital in cash by NT\$ 50 million, making the capital increase to NT\$ 150 million; realized an annual revenue of NT\$ 500 million, and opened stock subscription to all employees. |
| | Invested in APEX MEDICAL B.V. (Netherlands) as our representative in the European Union. |
| | The Support Surface EXCEL8000 won the "Innovation Award" from the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| 1999 | Increased capital to NT\$ 200 million and launched a public offering. |
| | Won the 8th "National Award of Outstanding SMEs" from the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| | Won the Second "Rising Star Award" from the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| | Invested in APEX GLOBAL INVESTMENT LIMITED, as the holding |
| 2000 | company for the Company to establish production base in Mainland China. |
| 2000 | Established Shanghai Wellell Medical Devices Co., Ltd. as the Company's production base in Mainland China. |
| 2001 | Support Surface DYNA5000 and nebulizer won the 9th "Taiwan Excellence Award". |

| Year | Important matters |
|----------------------|--|
| | The nebulizer won the "Innovation Award" from the Ministry of Economic |
| | Affairs. |
| | Invested in APEX MEDICAL U.S.A. CORP. as the Company's sales office in |
| | the Americas. |
| | The Company was officially listed on the Taipei Exchange for public trading. |
| 2002 | Additionally elected external directors and supervisors to implement the |
| | corporate governance mechanism. |
| | CPAP respirators passed EMC test and GM and UL certification respectively. |
| | Obtained Canadian ISO 13485 quality system certification. |
| | Obtained EU ISO 9000 and ISO 13485 quality system certifications. |
| | Spent NT\$ 460 million in the new factory building in Tucheng Industrial Park. |
| 2002 | Obtained domestic GMP quality system certification. |
| 2003 | Dynabest, a medical health air mattress series, won the "Golden Pin Design |
| | Award". |
| | CPAP respirator and intelligent alternative-turning Support Surface won the |
| | "Gold and Bronze Prizes" of Pharmaceutical Technology Research and |
| | Development Award. |
| | Established the Spanish subsidiary APEX MEDICAL SL as the Company's |
| | sales office in Southern Europe and North Africa. |
| | CPAP respirator obtained FDA 510(k) certification. |
| 2004 | The Company's application for transfer of listing from TPEx to Taiwan |
| 2004 | Exchange was approved by the Securities and Futures Bureau of the Financial |
| | Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan. |
| | Care Nebulizer won the "Gold Prize" of Pharmaceutical Technology Research |
| | and Development Award. |
| 2005 | Kunshan factory passed UL/CE/ISO13485:2003 certification. |
| | LRT series CPAP respirator won the 14th "Taiwan Excellence Award" from |
| | the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| 2006 | Increased investment in APEX MEDICAL SL to expand the marketing of our |
| | own brand in the EMEALA region (Eastern Europe, Middle East, Central and |
| | South America, Southeast Asia and Greater China). |
| | LRT series CPAP respirator won the "Silver Prize" of Pharmaceutical |
| 2 00 - | Technology Research and Development Award. |
| 2007 | CPAP respirator system - XT series obtained CE and FDA (510K) |
| | certifications. |

| Year | Important matters |
|------|---|
| | CPAP respirator ICH series won the "Golden Pin Design Award" from |
| 2008 | Industrial Development Bureau, Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| 2008 | CPAP respirator system - XT series won the 4th "Innovative Product Award" |
| | and the 16th "Taiwan Excellence Award". |
| | Medical Pneumatic Suspension Turning Mattress System won the "Golden Pin |
| | Design Award" from Industrial Development Bureau, Ministry of Economic |
| 2009 | Affairs. |
| | CPAP respirator system - XT series won the "Silver Prize" of Pharmaceutical |
| | Technology Research and Development Award. |
| 2010 | Obtained the "Mobile Negative Pressure Wounded Therapy", an Industrial |
| 2010 | TDP Project of the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| 2011 | WiZARD 210/220 obtained the GKV Heil- & Hilfsmittelnummer certification |
| 2011 | (Germany). |
| | The Mobile Negative Pressure Wounded Therapy Development Program won |
| | the Industry-University-Research Cooperation Award from the Department of |
| | Industrial Technology, Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| 2012 | ICH Auto CPAP respirator system won the 20th Taiwan Excellence Silver |
| | Award from the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| | Invested in Westmeria Healthcare Ltd. as the Company's sales office in the |
| | UK. |
| | The Mobile Negative Pressure Wounded Therapy, WiZARD 230 Nasal Mask, |
| | Low Equal Pressure Air Mattress, and Domus Auto Air Mattress won the 22nd |
| | Taiwan Excellence Award from the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| | The Mobile Negative Pressure Wounded Therapy won the "Silver Prize in |
| | Medical Device Category" of the Pharmaceutical Technology Research and |
| 2013 | Development Award. |
| | The Mobile Negative Pressure Wounded Therapy won the |
| | "Product/System/Service Innovation Award" from the Ministry of Economic |
| | Affairs. |
| | Won the Silver Award of 2013 Happy Workplace in the Small and Medium |
| | Enterprises Group in New Taipei City. |
| | Wellell's CPAP respirator iCH Auto and WiZARD series masks won the |
| 2014 | National Innovation Award "Enterprise Innovation Group". |
| | Wellell's CPAP respirator iCH Auto won the "2014 Taipei Biotech Awards - |
| | Technology Commercialization Gold Medal Award". |

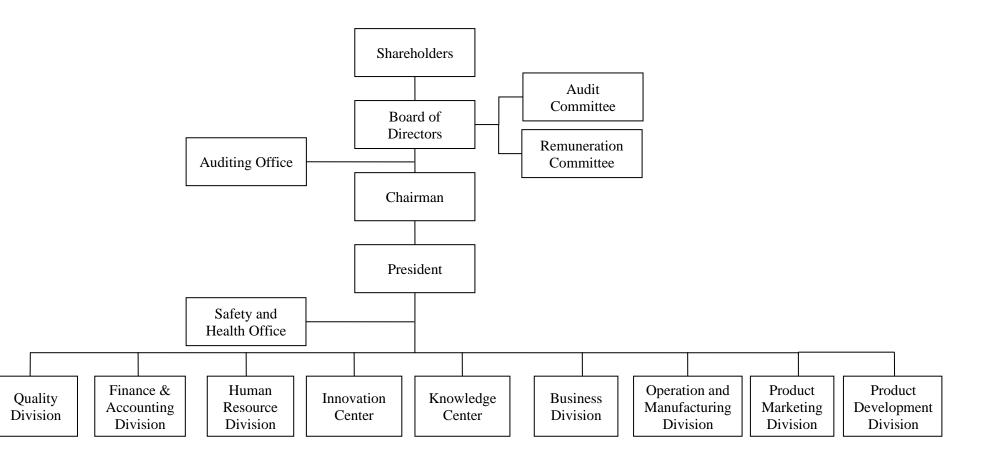
| Year | Important matters |
|------|---|
| | The Mobile Negative Pressure Wounded Therapy won the 2014 Taiwan |
| | Excellence Silver Award. |
| | The Mobile Negative Pressure Wounded Therapy, WiZARD 230 Nasal Mask, |
| | Low Equal Pressure Air Mattress, and Domus Auto Air Mattress won the 2014 |
| | Taiwan Excellence Award. |
| | Won the Gold Award of 2014 Happy Workplace in the Small and Medium |
| | Enterprises Group in New Taipei City. |
| | Wellell's Pro-care series air mattress won the 2015 Taiwan Excellence Award. |
| | Wellell's intelligent pressure-relieving air mattress won the "2015 Taipei |
| | Biotech Awards - Go-Global Gold Medal Award". |
| 2015 | Wellell's Serene series intelligent pressure-relieving air mattress won the |
| 2013 | "Pharmaceutical Technology Research and Development Award of the |
| | Ministry of Health and Welfare and Ministry of Economic Affairs" in 2015. |
| | Acquired Westmeria, a UK-based medical materials company, and established |
| | the British Branch Apex Medical Ltd. |
| | Wellell's CPAP respirator iCH Auto and WiZARD series masks won the |
| 2016 | "2016 Taipei Biotech Awards - Go-Global Award". |
| 2010 | Invested in SLK Vertriebs GmbH and SLK Medical Gmbh, with a |
| | shareholding ratio of 50% respectively. |
| 2017 | Wellell acquired Nexus, a British specialty medical bed company. |
| 2018 | Wellell's Flex-Air composite pressure-relieving air mattress won the 26th |
| 2018 | "Taiwan Excellence Award" from the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| | Pro-care Optima Series Product and Wizard 310/320 CPAP respirator masks |
| 2019 | won the 27th "Taiwan Excellence Award" from the Ministry of Economic |
| | Affairs. |
| | Pro-care Turn automatic turning pressure-relieving air mattress won the 28th |
| | "Taiwan Excellence Award" from the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |
| | Acquired SLK Vertriebs GmbH and SLK Medical Gmbh, each company |
| 2020 | remaining 50% of stock equity. |
| 2020 | Wellell's Pro-care Turn turning pressure-relieving air mattress won the "2020 |
| | Taipei Biotech Awards - Go-Global Silver Medal Award". |
| | Wellell won the Health Management Award from Ministry of Health and |
| | Welfare in 2020. |
| 2021 | WiZARD 510 CPAP respirator mask won the 29th "Taiwan Excellence Gold |
| 2021 | Award" from the Ministry of Economic Affairs. |

| Year | Important matters |
|------|---|
| 2021 | Optima Prone air mattress won the 30th "Taiwan Excellence Gold Award" |
| 2021 | from the Ministry of Economic Affairs |
| | Officially launched the new brand name "Wellell". |
| | Wellell's Optima Series Product successfully won the 2022 "Taipei Biotech |
| 2022 | Awards" Go-Global Silver Medal Award. |
| | Wellell's IoT sleep apnea patient management platform (SleepWell) won the |
| | 31st Taipei Excellence Award. |

Chapter III. Corporate Governance Report

I. Organizational structure:

(I) Organizational structure (as of December 31, 2022):



- (II) Main business by each major department
 - 1. Auditing Office: establish, implement and review the internal audit system, and audit the performance of each department.
 - 2. Safety and Health Office: labor safety and health management related business.
 - 3. Quality Division: establish, maintain, and analyze quality systems and practices, implement continuous quality improvement activities, and promote corporate culture and core values.
 - 4. Finance & Accounting Division: make overall planning and coordination of budget preparation, financial fund allocation, routine accounting, tax planning, and capital increase/decrease approval.
 - 5. Human Resource Division: achieve the maintenance of the Company's human resources, public affairs, fixed assets, and compliance with the laws and regulations of the relevant authorities.
 - 6. Innovation Center: be responsible for optimizing internal organizational effectiveness, exploring external innovation opportunities, developing global brand digital strategy, assisting in brand internalization and external communication, researching major markets and users, exploring innovative business models, evaluating technology and product investment, and planning for business strategy, etc.
 - 7. Knowledge Center: plan for the Company's internal knowledge management system and implement various tasks of knowledge management.
 - 8. Business Division: preparation, execution and control of annual business plans and budgets for business units; market operation and customer visits, maintenance, classification and management; customer feedback handling and tracking.
 - 9. Operation and Manufacturing Division: strengthen the integration of production functions, coordinate the supply and demand of parent and subsidiary companies, and manage the global supply chain; supervise the planning and execution of production and manufacturing capacity, integrate the long-term cost competitiveness of manufacturing, and achieve annual production and shipment goals.
 - 10. Product Marketing Division: manage the marketing strategy of own-brand products; establish and promote the international brand marketing system.
 - 11. Product Development Division: accumulate the Company's R&D forces and assets, achieve the Company's short-, medium- and long-term product research, development and marketing goals, and maintain the Company's product competitiveness; supervise the planning for new product

development, new technology research and development and product improvement.

II. Profiles of Directors, President, Vice Presidents, Assistant Vice Presidents, and heads of various departments and branches:

(I) Director

1. Profiles of Directors

| | | | C3 01 D1 | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | April 2 | 1, 2023 |
|----------|----------------------------|---|----------------|------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------|------------------|--------|--|-------|---------------------|----|--|--|--|------|----------|---------|
| Title | Nationality or registry | Name | Gender Age | Date elected | Term | Date first elected | Shares at e | election | | | Shareholdings of spouse and minor children | | | | Major career (academic) achievements | Current duties in the Company and in other companies | Spouse or relatives of second degree or closer acting as department heads, directors or supervisor | | | |
| | | | | | | | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | | 1 | Title | Name | Relation | |
| | | Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. | - | June 20 ,2022 | 3 years | September 21, 1998 | 10,566,760 | 10.47% | 10,566,760 | 10.47% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | Not applicable | Not applicable | None | None | None | None |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Business Manager of Comfort Orthopedic Co. Ltd. | President of the Company Chairman of Yachuang Investment Development Co., Ltd. Director of Yaxin | | | | |
| Chairman | R.O.C. | Representative: Li, Yong-Chuan | M Age 61-70 | June 20 ,2022 | 3 years | September 21, 1998 (Note 1) | 1,074,072 | 1.06% | 1,074,072 | 1.06% | 342,704 | 0.34% | 0 | | National Chengchi University, EMBA, Non-Profit Business Group | Investment Development Co., Ltd. Chairman of Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Director of Wenzhuan Investment Development Co., Ltd. Chairman of Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd. Director of Wellell America Corp. Director of Apex Global Investment Ltd. Director of ComfortPro Investment Corp. Director of Max Delight Holding Limited Executive Director of Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. Executive Director of Wellell (Kunshan) Co., Ltd Director of Wellell (Thailand) Ltd. | | None | None | Note 3 |

| Title | Nationality or registry | | Gender Age | Date elected | Term | Date first elected | Shares at election | | Current number of shares held | | Sharehol spouse ar chilo | nd minor | Shares he the name others | es of | Major career (academic) achievements | Current duties in the Company and in other companies | Spous second acting head | Remarks | | |
|----------|----------------------------|---|----------------|------------------|---------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------|-------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|---------|----------|------|
| | | | | | | | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | | Director of Apex | Title | Name | Relation | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Medical Respiratory Ltd. Director of Wellell UK Limited Director of Wellell India Private Limited Director of Wellell France Director of SLK Vertriebs GmbH Director of SLK Medical GmbH Chairman of Apex Medical Corp. Director of Wellell Germany GmbH | | | | |
| | | Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. | - | June 20 ,2022 | 3 years | September 21, 1998 | 10,566,760 | 10.47% | 10,566,760 | 10.47% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0%1 | Not applicable | Not applicable | None | None | None | None |
| Director | R.O.C. | Representative: Liu, Chang-Qi | M Age 61-70 | June 20 ,2022 | 3 years | June 14, 2010 | 174,912 | 0.17% | 174,912 | 0.17% | 130,662 | 0.12% | 0 | 0% 0% 1 1 | Vice President of Wellell Inc. President of Yatai (ndustrial Co., Ltd. EMBA, National Chung Hsing University Ph.D. in Economics, The Wang Yannan Institute for Studies in Economics, Xiamen University | Chairman of Yaxin Investment Development Co., Ltd. Director of Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Director of Yachuang Investment Development Co., Ltd. Chairman of Acemaker Technology Services & Products Corp. Chairman of Huaren Investment Development Co., Ltd. Director of Huizhua Investment Development Co., Ltd. Supervisor of Eversun Science and Technology Co., Ltd. Vice Chairman (Legal Representative) of Strong Biotech Corp. | None | None | None | None |

| Title | Nationality or registry | Name | Gender Age | Date elected | Term | Date first elected | Shares at e | lection | Current nu shares | | Sharehol spouse as child | nd minor | Shares he the name others | es of | Major career (academic) achievements | Current duties in the Company and in other companies | Spouse or relatives of second degree or close acting as department heads, directors or supervisor | | or closer artment tors or | Remarks |
|----------|----------------------------|--|----------------|------------------|---------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------|----------------------|--------|--------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|------|---------------------------------|---------|
| | | | | | | | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | | | Title | Name | Relation | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Director of Shengda Construction Co., Ltd. Supervisor of Medifun Corporation Adjunct Associate Professor, Executive Master of Business Administration (EMBA), National Chung Hsing University Consultant of Topkey Foundation Supervisor of Welfare Organization for the Elderly, Taiwan, R.O.C. Director of Xiamen University Taiwan Alumni Association Consultant of National Chung Hsing University Alumni Association Executive Supervisor, National Chung Hsing University Business Administration Department Alumni Association President of Chang Hua Enterprise Operation Research Association | | | | |
| | | CDIB Advantage Venture Capital Investment Limited Partnership | - | June 20 ,2022 | 3 years | June 18, 2019 | 11,526,000 | 11.42% | 11,526,000 | 11.42% | 0 | 0% | 0 | | | Not applicable | None | None | None | None |
| Director | R.O.C. | Representative: Wei, Hong- Zheng | M Age 41-50 | June 21 ,2022 | 3 years | June 18, 2019 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% F 5 1 1 1 | Representative of the corporate director of Sino-American Silicon Products Inc. Representative of the corporate director of Solartech Energy Corp. Independent Director of Superior Plating | Independent Director of AmTRAN Technology Co., Ltd. | None | None | None | None |

| Title | Nationality or registry | Name | Gender Age | Date elected | Term | Date first elected | Shares at e | election | Current nu shares | | Sharehol spouse ar child | nd minor | Shares he the name others | s of | Major career (academic) achievements | Current duties in the Company and in other companies | supervisor | | | Remarks |
|----------|----------------------------|--|----------------|------------------|---------|-----------------------|------------------|----------|----------------------|-------|--------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|------|---|--|------------|------|----------|---------|
| | | | | | | | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | | | Title | Name | Relation | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Technology Co., Ltd. Independent Director of Liyu Technology Co., Ltd. CAPTEC PARTNER Management Corp. Assistant Vice President Master of Business and Management, National Chiao Tung University | | | | | |
| | | National Development Fund, Executive Yuan | _ | June 20 ,2022 | 3 years | June 18, 2019 | 6,000,000 | 5.94% | 6,000,000 | 5.94% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | Not applicable | Not applicable | None | None | None | None |
| Director | R.O.C. | Representative: He, Qi-Gong | M Age 61-70 | June 20 ,2022 | 3 years | December 16, 2020 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | Yuan Director of Department of Health, Kaohsiung City Government Associate Professor, Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, Kaohsiung Medical University President of Taiwan Environmental and Occupational Medicine Association Director of Labor Safety and Health Office, Kaohsiung Medical University Chung-Ho Memorial Hospital | Medical University Director of Department of Community Medicine, Kaohsiung Medical University Chung-Ho Memorial Hospital Director of TaiGen Biopharmaceuticals | None | None | None | None |

| Title | Nationality or registry | Name | Gender Age | Date elected | Term | Date first elected | Shares at e Number of | | Current nu shares Number of | held | Sharehol spouse ar child Number | nd minor Iren | Shares he the name others Number | es of s | Major career (academic) achievements | Current duties in the Company and in other companies | second acting head | degree as dep s, direc supervis | or | Remarks |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|------|--|------------------|---|------------|---|---|--------------------------|--|------|---------|
| | | | | | | | shares | % | shares | 70 | of shares | % | of shares | | Occupational and Environmental Medicine, Kaohsiung Medical University Chung-Ho Memorial Hospital Director of Department of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, Kaohsiung Medical University Chung-Ho Memorial Hospital Institute of Public Health, National Taiwan University | | Title | None | None | None |
| Independent Director | R.O.C. | Lin, Wan-Ying | F Age 61-70 | June 20 ,2022 | 3 years | June 10, 2008 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | . 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | (College of Medicine) Associate Professor, Department of Accounting, National Chengchi University Ph.D. in Accounting, Boston University, USA | Adjunct Associate Professor, Department of Accounting, National Chengchi University Independent Director, Member of Audit Committee and Remuneration Corporation Independent Director, Member of Audit Corporation Independent Director, Member of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee of Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd. | None | None | None | None |
| Independent Director Independent | | Wang, Wei Wang, Guo- | M Age 61-70 M | June 20 ,2022 June | 5 | June 19, 2012 June 18, 2013 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | President of Crystalvue Medical Corporation Supervisor of Avalue Technology Incorporation Ph.D. in Electrical Engineering, University of Colorado, USA | Chairman of Crystalvue Medical Corporation Director of Avalue Technology Incorporation Independent Director of | None | None | None | None |

| Title | Nationality or registry | Name | Gender Age | Date elected | Term | Date first elected | Shares at e Number of | | Current nu shares I Number of | held | Sharehol spouse ar child Number | nd minor Iren | Shares hel the names others Number | s of | Major career (academic) achievements | Current duties in the Company and in other companies | second acting head | degree g as dep ls, direc supervis | sor | Remarks |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|-------|--|------------------|---|----------|--|---|--------------------------|---|----------|---------|
| Director | | Cheng | Age 61-70 | 20 ,2022 | | | shares | % | shares | % | of shares | % | of shares | | Member of Remuneration Committee of ACES Electronics Co., Ltd. Director of Genius Toy Taiwan Co., Ltd. Supervisor of Genetics Generation Advancement Corp. Graduate Institute of | Precision Industry Co., | Intle | Name | Relation | |
| Independent Director | R.O.C. | Lin, Tian-Fa | M Age 71-80 | June 20 ,2022 | 3 years | June 14, 2007 (Note 2) | 6,000 | 0.01% | 6,000 | 0.01% | 12,000 | 0.01% | 0 | 0% | Responsible person of Hemu Investment & Development Co., Ltd. Vice Chairman of Dynamic Medical Technologies Inc. President of Dynamic Medical Technologies Inc School of Pharmacy, Kaohsiung Medical University | Responsible person of Hemu Investment & Development Co., Ltd. | None | None | None | None |
| Independent Director | R.O.C. | Li, Xiong-Qing | M Age 61-70 | June 20 ,2022 | 3 years | June 18, 2019 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% 0% | | Chairman of Jiu Zhen Nan Foods Co., Ltd. Responsible person of Yongxingheng Investment Co., Ltd. Representative of the corporate director of Logah Technology Corporation | None | None | None | None |

Note 1: Mr. Li, Yong-Chuan was first elected as the Chairman on September 21, 1998 and resigned on April 27, 2004. He was re-elected as the Chairman on June 21, 2016 and has been serving as the Chairman up to now.

Note 2: Mr. Lin, Tian-Fa was first elected as the Supervisor on June 14, 2007, and was elected as an independent director at the shareholders' meeting on June 18, 2013 and resigned on August 8, 2013, and then was re-elected as an independent director on June 21, 2016.

Note 3: Where the Chairman and the president or person of an equivalent position (the highest level manager) of a company are the same person, spouses, or relatives within the first degree of kinship, an explanation of the reason for, reasonableness, necessity thereof, and the measures adopted in response thereto (e.g. increasing the number of independent directors with a majority of directors not being employees or managers, etc.) shall be given.

Information: The Chairman also serves as the President of the Company to enhance operational efficiency and decision execution. The Chairman has been closely communicating with the directors on the recent operating status, plans and policies of the Company to implement corporate governance. At present, the Company has taken following specific measures:

- (1) The current five independent directors are specialized in the fields of finance and accounting, marketing, and technology industries respectively to effectively perform their supervisory functions.
- (2) Arrange all directors to attend professional courses organized by external institutions every year in order to effectively perform their functions.
- (3) The Company has established the Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee, and the independent directors can fully discuss and make recommendations to the Board of Directors for its reference in each functional committee, in order to enhance the operational effectiveness of the Board.
- (4) More than half of the board members are not employees or managers.

| Name of Corporate Shareholders (Note 1) | Major shareholders of the Corporate Shareholders (Note 2) |
|--|--|
| | Wenzhuan Investment Development Co., Ltd. (44.56%); |
| Yasheng Investment | Huaren Investment Development Co., Ltd. (26.60%); Li, |
| Development Co., Ltd. | Bi-Kai (0.10%); Li, Yong-Chuan (8.33%); Wu, Li-Hui |
| | (0.032%) |
| | CDIB Venture Capital Corporation (24.58%); Mega |
| | International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. (23.13%); Yuanta |
| | Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (11.01%); China Life Insurance |
| | Company Limited (7.71%); Guoheng Investment |
| CDIB Advantage Venture | Development Co., Ltd. (4.40%); GlobalWafers Co., Ltd. |
| Capital Investment Limited | (3.85%); Win Semiconductors Cayman Islands Co., Ltd. |
| Partnership | (3.30%); Tong Hsing Food Ind. Corp. (2.20%); Sunplus |
| | Venture Capital Co., Ltd. (2.20%); Zhang, Bo-Min |
| | (2.20%); Li, Cai-Qiu (2.20%); Mercuries Life Insurance |
| | Co., Ltd. (1.54%); ACES Electronics Co., Ltd. (1.54%) |
| | (According to the data as of April 2021) |
| National Development | $C_{1} = C_{1} = C_{1$ |
| Fund, Executive Yuan | Government of the Republic of China (100%) |

2. Major shareholders of Corporate Shareholders

Note 1: If a director or supervisor is a representative of corporate shareholder, the name of the corporate shareholder should be filled in.

Note 2: Please fill in the names of the major shareholders (the top ten shareholders in terms of shareholding ratio) of the corporate shareholder and their shareholding ratios

1

3. Major shareholders of the Company's major institutional shareholders

| Name of juristic person (Note 1) | Major Shareholders of juristic person(Note 2) |
|--|---|
| Huaren Investment Development Co., Ltd. | Liu, Chang-Qi (46.10%); Teng, Pei-Lan (29.26%); Liu, Zhao-Wei (24.64%) |
| Wenzhuan Investment | Wu, Li-Hui (31.00%); Li, Yong-Chuan (25.00%); Li, Bi- |
| Development Co., Ltd. | Kai (22.00%); Li, Zhao-Yi (22.00%) |
| CDIB Venture Capital | CDIB Capital Group (100%) |
| Corporation | |
| Mega International | Mega Financial Holding Company Ltd. (100%) |
| Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Wega Financiai Holding Company Ltd. (10070) |
| Yuanta Life Insurance Co., | Yuanta Financial Holding Co., Ltd. (100%) |
| Ltd. | Tuanta Financial Holunig Co., Etd. (10076) |

Note 3: If the corporate shareholder is not a corporate organization, the above-mentioned shareholder name and shareholding ratio that should be disclosed shall be the name of the capital contributor or donor (please refer to the announcement of the Judicial Yuan) and the percentage of capital contribution or donation; if the donor is deceased, add "Died".

| Name of juristic person (Note 1) | Major Shareholders of juristic person(Note 2) |
|--|---|
| China Life Insurance Company Limited | China Development Financial Holding Corporation (47.30%); Taili Investment Co., Ltd. (0.01%) (According to the data as of February 2021) |
| Guoheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. | Grand Pacific Petrochemical Corporation (81.6%); Videoland Inc. (18.4%) (According to the data in the 2022 Annual Report) |
| GlobalWafers Co., Ltd. | Sino-American Silicon Products Inc. (51.17%); Lu, Ming- Guang (0.23%); Capital Gain Builder Investment Account custodied by JPMorgan Chase Bank (USA) Taipei Branch (2.87%); Cathay Life Insurance Company Limited (2.21%); New Labor Pension Fund (1.84%); Fubon Life Insurance Company Limited (1.50%); Global Balance Fund Investment Account of American Funds custodied by JPMorgan Chase Bank (USA) Taipei Branch (1.03%); Capital World Growth Income Fund Investment Account custodied by JPMorgan Chase Bank (USA) Taipei Branch (0.92%); Employee Provident Fund custodied by HSBC - EPF MSCI (0.71%); Vanguard Emerging Markets Stock Index Fund Investment Account managed by Vanguard Group custodied by JPMorgan Chase Bank (USA) Taipei Branch (0.68%); the Second Discretionary Fubon Investment Trust Investment Account (2009) of Old Labor Pension Fund (0.63%) (According to the data in the 2022 Annual Report) |
| Win Semiconductors Cayman Islands Co., Ltd. | Cathay Life Insurance Company Limited (5.05%); Investment Account of Avago Technologies International Marketing Private Limited Company custodied by CTBC Bank (4.72%); Tianhe Industrial Co., Ltd. (4.22%); Chen, Jin-Cai (3.01%); Ye, Guo-Yi (1.90%); Employee Shareholding Association Trust Property Account of Win Semiconductors Cayman Islands Co., Ltd. custodied by CTBC Bank (1.88%); UBS Europe SE Investment Account custodied by Citibank (Taiwan) Commercial Bank (1.87%); Ye, Li-Quan (1.81%); Ye, Li-Cheng (1.81%); Nan Shan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (1.71%) (According to the data in the 2022 Annual Report) |

| Name of juristic person (Note 1) | Major Shareholders of juristic person(Note 2) |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Tous Heins Food Ind | Yang, Yi-Ling (19.26%); Yang, Hui-Jie (4.38); Yang, Zhi- Hong (0.25%); Huang, Ji-Tang (0.90%); Huang, Yin-Zhong |
| Tong Hsing Food Ind. | (9.27%); Yang, An-Zhuo (7.50%); Yang, Yi-Wen (7.50%); |
| Corp. | Yang, Jia-Yu (7.25%); Yang, Nian-Hua (7.23%); Yang, Pei- |
| | Zhen (4.26%); Xu, Zhong-Mei (1.10%) |
| | (According to the data as of April 2020) |
| Sunplus Venture Capital Co., Ltd. | Sunplus Technology Co.,Ltd. (100%) |
| Mercuries Life Insurance | Mercuries & Associates Holding, Ltd. (38.49%); Shanglin |
| Co., Ltd. | Investment Co., Ltd. (5.82%); Xu, Chang-Hui (0.04%); |
| | Shuren Investment Co., Ltd. (5.11%); Mercuries Fu Bao |
| | Co., Ltd. (2.36%); Wang, Xian-Chang (0.01%); Mercuries |
| | Bank Co., Ltd. (1.34%); Chen, Xiang-Fen (0.01%); |
| | Vanguard Emerging Markets Stock Index Fund Account |
| | custodied by JPMorgan Chase Bank (0.66%); Advanced |
| | Starlight Advanced Total International Stock Index |
| | custodied by JPMorgan Chase Bank (0.65%); Investment |
| | Account of Yafei Co., Ltd. custodied by First Bank |
| | (0.64%); New Pension Fund (0.59%); Gan, Jian-Fu (0.49%) |
| | (According to the data in the 2022 Annual Report) |
| ACES Electronics Co., Ltd. | Yuan, Wan-Ding (6.59%); Investment Account of Albula |
| | Investment Fund Limited custodied by Deutsche Bank |
| | (4.95%); Xu, Chang-Fei (4.66%); Scientific Research |
| | Investment Co., Ltd. (4.45%); Weiji Investment Co., Ltd. |
| | (4.25%); Helu Investment Co., Ltd. (2.49%); Yuan, Xiang- |
| | Feng (2.46%); Liao, Ming-Shan (1.24%); Chengqing |
| | Investment Co., Ltd. (1.12%); Yuan, Zhen-Ting (1.10%) |
| | (According to the data in the 2022 Annual Report) |
| | f cornorate shareholder is a juristic person, the name of the juristic |

Note 1: If a major shareholder of corporate shareholder is a juristic person, the name of the juristic person should be filled in.

Note 2: Please fill in the names of the major shareholders (the top ten shareholders in terms of shareholding ratio) of the juristic person and their shareholding ratios.

Note 3: If the corporate shareholder is not a corporate organization, the above-mentioned shareholder name and shareholding ratio that should be disclosed shall be the name of the capital contributor or donor (please refer to the announcement of the Judicial Yuan) and the percentage of capital contribution or donation; if the donor is deceased, add "Died".

| directors: | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Qualification Name | Professional qualification and experience | Compliance of independence of Independent Directors | Number of positions as an Independent Director in other public listed companies |
| Director: Li, Yong- Chuan Director: Liu, Chang-Qi | For professional qualifications and experience of | Not applicable | 0 |
| Director: Wei, Hong- Zheng | directors, please refer to the "Profiles of Directors" (pages | | 1 |
| Director: He, Qi-Gong Independent director: Lin, Wan-Ying | 13-19) of the annual report | All independent directors meet the following conditions: 1. Comply with Article 14-2 of | 0 |
| Independent director: Wang, Wei | not meet any descriptions stated | the Securities and Exchange Act and the relevant provisions | 1 |
| Independent director: Wang, Guo-Cheng | in Article 30 of the Company Act, | of the "Regulations Governing Appointment of Independent | 3 |
| Independent director: Lin, Tian-Fa | please refer to Note 1 | Directors and Compliance Matters for Public Companies" | 0 |
| Independent director: Li, Xiong-Qing | For members of the Audit Committee with accounting or financial expertise, please refer to Note 2 | promulgated by the Financial Supervisory Commission, please refer to Note 3 2. The independent directors (or in the names of others), spouses and minor children do not hold any shares of the Company 3. No remuneration received by provision of business, legal, financial, accounting and other services for the Company or its affiliated companies in the past 2 years | 0 |

4. Disclosure of professional qualification of the directors and independence of directors:

Note 1. Article 30 of the Company Act: A person shall not act as a manager if any of the following circumstances occurs to that person, and shall be dismissed if that person has been appointed as a manager:

- 1. He/she has committed a crime stipulated in the Regulations on Organized Crime Prevention Act, and has been confirmed by a guilty verdict, which has not yet been executed or fully executed, or has been fully executed, probation expired or pardoned for less than five years.
- 2. He/she has committed a crime of fraud, breach of trust, or embezzlement that has been confirmed by a sentence of imprisonment for a term of one year or more, which has not yet been executed or fully executed, or has been fully executed, probation expired or pardoned for less than two years.
- 3. He/she has committed a crime stipulated in the Regulations on Anti-Corruption Act, and has been confirmed by a guilty verdict, which has not yet been executed or fully executed, or has been fully executed, probation expired or pardoned for less than two years.

- 4. He/she has been declared bankrupt or the liquidation procedure has started according to court ruling, with his/her rights un-restored.
- 5. The notes are dishonored, which has not yet expired.
- 6. Incapacity or limited capacity.
- 7. He/she is subject to aid declaration, which has not yet been revoked
- Note 2. In the Company's Audit Committee, Lin, Wan-Ying, an independent director, has the accounting expertise. Please refer to page 17 of the Annual Report for the relevant industry experience of independent directors.
- Note 3. 1. Not a government, juridical person or its representative as defined in Article 27 of the Company Act.
 - 2. Holding position as an Independent Director in less than three public listed companies.
 - 3. There is no any of the following circumstances during the two years before the election and during the term of office:
 - (1) Employed by the Company or any of its affiliated companies.
 - (2) Directors and supervisors of the Company or any of its affiliated companies.
 - (3) The person, spouse, minor children, or natural person shareholders who hold more than 1% of the Company's total issued shares or the top ten shareholders in the name of others.
 - (4) A manager of (1) or spouse, relative within the second degree of kinship, or lineal relative within the third degree of kinship, of any of (2) or (3).
 - (5) A director, supervisor or employee of an institutional shareholder that directly holds 5% or more of the total number of issued shares of the Company or ranks as one of its top five shareholders or was appointed pursuant to Article 27 of the Company Act.
 - (6) A director, supervisor, or employee of another company where a majority of the Company's directorships or voting shares and those of another company are controlled by the same person.
 - (7) The same person as the Company's Chairman, President or person with equivalent position or the director (managing director), supervisor or employee of company or institution of the spouse thereof.
 - (8) A director (council member), supervisor, manager, or shareholder holding 5% or more of the shares, of a specified company or institution that has a financial or business relationship with the Company.
 - (9) A professional individual who, or an owner, partner, director (council member), supervisor, or officer of a sole proprietorship, partnership, company, or institution that, provides auditing services to the Company or any affiliate of the Company, or that provides commercial, legal, financial, accounting or related services to the Company or any affiliate of the Company for which the provider in the last two years has received cumulative compensation exceeding NT\$500 thousand, or a spouse thereof. This shall not apply to those who serve as members of the Company's Remuneration Committee.
 - 5. Diversity and independence of board of directors:
 - (1) Board diversity:
 - The Company has specified the diversity policy for the composition of the Board of Directors in the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles, and has set and implemented specific management objectives in accordance with the policy. In order to achieve the Company's desired objectives, the Board of Directors should possess the following capabilities: operational judgment capabilities, accounting and financial analysis capabilities, business management capabilities, crisis management capabilities, industry knowledge, international market outlook, leadership and decision-making skills.
 - The Company's Board of Directors shall be accountable to the shareholders' meeting for its operations. The practices and arrangements

of the corporate governance system shall ensure that the Board of Directors shall exercise its authority in accordance with the laws, the Articles of Incorporation, or the resolutions of the shareholders' meetings. The Board of Directors should consider diversity in its membership, and an appropriate diversity policy should be formulated based on its operations, operation type, and development needs, which should include but not be limited to the following two major standard aspects:

- Basic conditions and values: gender, age, nationality, culture, etc.
 The proportion of female directors should reach one-third of the number of directors.
- B. Profession knowledge and skills: background (e.g. law, accounting, industry, finance, marketing or technology), profession skills, industry experience, etc.
- The implementation of the Board diversity policy is shown in the following table:
 - A. The Company's current Board of Directors consists of nine directors, including five independent directors and four nonindependent directors.
 - Β. Director Li, Yong-Chuan, Director Liu, Chang-Qi, Independent Director Wang, Wei, and Independent Director Lin Tian-Fa have experience in the biotechnology and medical industry and specialize in leadership, operational decision making and operation management; Independent Director Wang, Guo-Cheng has experience in manufacturing, brand marketing and establishing overseas offices; Independent Director Lin, Wan-Ying has professional abilities in accounting and financial analysis and is familiar with relevant laws and regulations; Director Wei, Hong-Zheng, representative of CDIB Advantage Venture Capital Investment Limited Partnership, has experience in industry, investment, mergers and acquisitions; Independent Director Li, Xiong-Qing has extensive experience in brand marketing channels; Director He, Qi-Gong, representative of the National Development Fund, Executive Yuan, is also a professor in the Department of Public Health at Kaohsiung Medical University and the Director of the Department of Community Medicine at Chung-Ho Memorial Hospital, and has extensive medical and academic experience.

C. The Company attaches importance to gender equality in the composition of the Board of Directors and aims to increase the number of female directors to more than one-third (i.e. 33%). Currently, the Board of Directors consists of 8 (89%) male members and 1 (11%) female member. We will strive to increase the number of female directors in the future to achieve our goal.

| Diversity | | | | Basic c | ompo | se | | | | | | Indust | try exper | ience | Pro | ofess | iona | l abi | lity |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------|--------|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|---------|----------|-----------|------------|
| core item | | | | | | А | ge | | - | ndent I and se | Director niority | E | Man Bra | Inv | 4 | | | | L |
| Name of director | Title | Nationality | Gender | Current positions in our company | 41 to 50 | 51 to 60 | 61 to 70 | > 70 | Less than 3 years | 3 - 9 years | More than 9 Years | Biotech and Medicine | Manufacturing and Brand Channels | Investment and M&A | Accounting | Finance | Industry | Marketing | Technology |
| Li, Yong- Chuan | Director | R.O.C. | М | Yes | - | - | ~ | - | - | - | - | ~ | ~ | - | - | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| Liu, Chang- Qi | Director | R.O.C. | М | None | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ~ | ~ | - | - | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| Wei, Hong- Zheng | Director | R.O.C. | М | None | ~ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ~ | - | ~ | ~ | - | - |
| He, Qi- Gong | Director | R.O.C. | М | None | - | - | ~ | - | - | - | - | ~ | - | - | - | - | ~ | - | - |
| Lin, Wan- Ying | Independent Director | R.O.C. | F | None | - | - | ~ | - | - | - | ~ | - | - | - | ~ | ~ | - | - | - |
| Wang, Wei | Independent Director | R.O.C. | М | None | - | - | ~ | - | - | - | ~ | ~ | ~ | - | - | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| Wang, Guo- Cheng | Independent Director | R.O.C. | М | None | - | - | ~ | - | - | - | ~ | - | ~ | - | - | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| Lin, Tian-Fa | Independent Director | R.O.C. | М | None | - | - | - | ~ | - | - | √ Note | ~ | ~ | - | - | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| Li, Xiong- Qing | Independent Director | R.O.C. | М | None | - | - | ~ | - | - | ~ | - | - | ~ | - | - | - | - | ~ | - |

Note: Mr. Lin, Tian-Fa was first elected as the Supervisor on June 14, 2007, and was elected as an independent director at the shareholders' meeting on June 18, 2013 and resigned on August 8, 2013, and then was re-elected as an independent director on June 21, 2016.

(2) Independence of the Board of Directors: Currently, the Company has five independent directors, accounting for 56% of the total number of directors. In accordance with the independence requirements of the "Regulations Governing Appointment of Independent Directors and Compliance Matters for Public Companies", the Company has obtained written statements and other supporting documents from each independent director, confirming that the independent directors and their relatives within the scope specified by the laws are independent of the Company. The Board of Directors as a whole meets the requirements of Paragraph 3, Article 26-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act, and all directors are not related to each other as spouses or relatives within the second degree of kinship. Therefore, the Company believes that the Board of Directors meets the independentes.

(II) President, Vice Presidents, Assistant Vice Presidents, and the heads of various departments and branches

April 21, 2023

| Title Nationality Name Gender Date elected Shareholding and minor | | e Shares held in names of oth | | Major career (academic) achievements | Current positions in the company and other | the s | econd de | April 2 ves within gree of s managers | Derreder |
|--|-------|-------------------------------|----|---|--|-------|----------|--|----------|
| Number of shares % Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | acmevements | companies | Title | Name | Relation | |
| Chairman-cum- President R.O.C. Li, Yong- Chuan M August 9, 1,074,072 1.06% 342,704 | 0.33% | | 0% | Business Manager of Comfort Orthopedic Co. Ltd. National Chengchi University, EMBA, Non- Profit Business Group | Chairman of the Company Chairman of Yachuang Investment Development Co., Ltd. Director of Yaxin Investment Development Co., Ltd. Chairman of Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Director of Wenzhuan Investment Development Co., Ltd. Chairman (Legal Representative) of Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd. Director of Wellell America Corp. Director of Apex Global Investment Ltd. Director of Apex Global Investment Corp. Director of Max Delight Holding Limited Executive Director of Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. Executive Director of Wellell (Kunshan) Co., Ltd Director of Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. Director of Wellell (Thailand) Ltd. Director of Wellell UK | None | None | None | Note 1 |

| Title | Nationality | Name | Gender | Date elected | Sharehold | ling | Shareholdings o and minor ch | | Shares held in names of othe | | Major career (academic) achievements | Current positions in the company and other | the s | second de | ves within egree of s managers | Remarks |
|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------|------------------|-------|---------------------------------|----|------------------------------|----|--|--|-------|-----------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| | | | | | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | aemevements | companies | Title | Name | Relation | |
| | | | | | SilaiCS | | SilaiCS | | sitates | | | Director of Wellell France S.A.S. Director of SLK Vertriebs GmbH Director of SLK Medical GmbH Chairman of Apex Medical Corp. Director of Wellell Germany GmbH | | | | |
| Senior Vice President | R.O.C. | Xu, Ying- Jie | М | June 16, 2004 | 249,543 | 0.24% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | Assistant Vice President of Chroma Ate Inc. Department of Electronics, China University of Science and Technology Studied in Department of Mechanical Engineering, National Taipei Institute of Technology | Director of Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. Director of Apex Medical Global Cooperatie UA Director of Apex Medical S.L. Director of Wellell France S.A.S. Director of Wellell UK Limited Director of SLK Vertriebs GmbH Director of SLK Medical GmbH Director of Wellell Germany GmbH | None | None | None | Note 2 |
| Vice President | R.O.C. | Zhang, Ming- Zheng | М | January 1, 2005 | 217,901 | 0.21% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | | President of Wellell (Kunshan) Co., Ltd Supervisor of Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. Director (Legal Representative) and President of Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd. Director (Legal Representative) of G Innings Medical Ltd. | None | None | None | Note 3 |

| Title | Nationality | Name | Gender | Date elected | Sharehold | - | Shareholdings o and minor ch | ildren | Shares held in names of oth | ers | Major career (academic) achievements | Current positions in the company and other | the s | econd de | ves within gree of managers | Remarks |
|----------------------|-------------|---------------------|--------|----------------------|------------------|-------|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|-----|---|--|-------|----------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| | | | | | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | | companies | Title | Name | Relation | |
| Vice President | R.O.C. | Tan, Jian- Qiang | М | January 1, 2018 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | Assistant Vice President of AmTRAN Technology Co., Ltd. Vice President of Ford Lio Ho Motor Company | Supervisor of Wellell (Kunshan) Co., Ltd | None | None | None | None |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Institute of Civil Engineering, National Central University | | | | | |
| Vice President | R.O.C. | Li, Yi-Jin | F | June 28, 2021 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | Manager of CTBC Bank Institute of Human Resources, University of Manchester | | None | None | None | Note 4 |
| Vice President | R.O.C. | Cui, Yi-De | М | January 1, 2023 | 153,110 | 0.02% | 25,731 | 0% | 0 | | President of Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd. On-the-job Master's Degree Course, College of Business Administration, Chang Gung University | Chairman of Svago International Corporation | None | None | None | Note 5 |
| Vice President | R.O.C. | Cai, Jia- Sheng | М | November 11, 2022 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | Assistant Vice President of YFY Inc. Executive Master of Business Administration, National Chengchi University Institute of Industrial Education, National Taiwan Normal University | | None | None | None | Note 6 |
| Financial supervisor | R.O.C. | Chen, Shi- He | М | March 24, 2015 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | Auditing Manager of Acer Incorporated | Director of Wellell India Private Limited | None | None | None | None |

| Title | Nationality | Name | Gender | Date elected | Shareholding | | Shareholdings o and minor ch | | Shares held in the names of others | | Major career (academic) | Current positions in the company and other | Spouse the s kinship | Remarks | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------|-------------------|------------------|----|---------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|---|--|---|----------------------------|---------|----------|------|
| | | | | | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | Number of shares | % | achievements | companies | Title | Name | Relation | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Institute of Business Administration, National Central University | | | | | |
| Chief Accounting Officer | R.O.C. | Wang, Wei-Quan | М | April 30, 2020 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | | Accounting manager of Biodenta Corporation Senior Vice President in Accounting of Pegavision Corporation Institute of Accounting, Tunghai University | None | None | None | None | None |

Note 1: Where the chairman and the president or person of an equivalent position (the highest level manager) of a company are the same person, spouses, or relatives within the first degree of kinship, an explanation of the reason for, reasonableness, necessity thereof, and the measures adopted in response thereto (e.g. increasing the number of independent directors with a majority of directors not being employees or managers, etc.) shall be given: Please refer to Note 4 (page 19) of the attached "Information on Directors and Supervisors" for details.

Note 2: Xu, Ying-Jie, Senior Vice President, was transferred to a subsidiary on April 1, 2022.

Note 3: Zhang, Ming-Zheng, Vice President, was transferred to a subsidiary on June 1, 2022.

Note 4: Li, Yi-Jin, Vice President, resigned on December 16, 2022.

Note 5: Cui, Yi-De, Vice President, took office on January 1, 2023.

Note 6: Cai, Jia-Sheng, Vice President, took office on November 11, 2022.

(III) Remuneration payment to directors, president, and vice president in the last year:

1. Remuneration for directors and independent directors

| December | 31 | 2022. | Unit. | NT\$ | thousand |
|----------|-----|-------|-------|------|-----------|
| December | 51, | 2022, | Unit. | INIΦ | ulousallu |

| | | Remuneration to directors | | | | | | | | | of total | Relevant remuneration received by directors who are also employees Ratio of total and | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------------|--|-------------|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|-------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------|---|--|---|--|---|
| Title | | Remuneration (A) | | Pension (B) | | Remuneration to Directors (C) (Note 1) | | Business Execution Expenses (D) (Note 2) | | Ratio of total compensation (A+B+C+D) to net profit after tax (%) | | Salary, bonus and special allowances, etc. (E) | | Pension (F) | | Remuneration to employe | | ees (G) | compensation (A+B+C+D+E +F+G) to net profit after tax | | Remuneration received from the invested companies other than the subsidiaries and the parent company | |
| | Name | The | All companies in the financial | The Company | All companies in the financial | The Company | All companies shown in the financial report | The Company | All companies shown in the financial report | The Company | All companies in the financial | The Company | All companies shown in the financial report | The Company | All companies shown in the financial report | The Company | | All companies shown in the financial report | | All companies in the financial The Comp | All com in the fi | on receive panies oth id the pare |
| | | Company | All companies shown in the financial report | | All companies shown in the financial report | | | | | | All companies shown in the financial report | | | | | Cash amount | Stock amount | Cash amount | Stock amount | The Company | All companies shown in the financial report | d from the her than the ent company |
| Director | Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Representative: Li, Yong- Chuan | 3,525 | 3,525 | 0 | 0 | 391 | 391 | 1,031 | 1,043 | 4,947 3.07% | 4,959 3.07% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,947 3.07% | 4,959 3.07% | None |
| Director | Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Representative: Liu, Chang-Qi | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 391 | 391 | 30 | 30 | 421 0.26% | 421 0.26% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 421 0.26% | 421 0.26% | None |
| Director | CDIB Advantage Venture Capital Investment Limited Partnership Representative: Wei, Hong-Zheng | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 391 | 391 | 30 | 30 | 421 0.26% | 421 0.26% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 421 0.26% | 421 0.26% | None |
| Director | National Development Fund, Executive Yuan Representative: He, Qi- Gong | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 391 | 391 | 30 | 30 | 421 0.26% | 421 0.26% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 421 0.26% | 421 0.26% | None |
| Independent Director | Lin, Wan-Ying | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 391 | 391 | 60 | 60 | 451 0.28% | 451 0.28% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 451 0.28% | 451 0.28% | None |
| Independent Director | Wang, Wei | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 391 | 391 | 66 | 66 | 457 0.28% | 457 0.28% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 457 0.28% | 457 0.28% | None |
| Independent Director | Wang, Guo-Cheng | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 391 | 391 | 78 | 78 | 469 0.29% | 469 0.29% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 469 0.29% | 469 0.29% | None |
| Independent Director | Lin, Tian-Fa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 391 | 391 | 54 | 54 | 445 0.28% | 445 0.28% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 445 0.28% | 445 0.28% | None |
| Independent Director | Li, Xiong-Qing | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 391 | 391 | 60 | 60 | 451 0.28% | 451 0.28% | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 451 0.28% | 451 0.28% | None |

- Please describe the remuneration policy, system, standard and structure of independent directors, and describe the linkage to the remuneration amount according to the responsibilities, risks, time, and other factors: The Rules for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors is the basis for evaluation. In addition to the operating results, the contribution of the directors to the Company is also considered to give a reasonable remuneration. The reasonableness of the relevant performance evaluation and remuneration is reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors, and the remuneration system is reviewed timely according to the actual operating conditions and changes in relevant laws and regulations.
- In addition to the disclosures in the above table, remuneration received by the Company's directors who provided services (such as consultant serving as the parent Company/ all companies in the financial report/ investee businesses non-employees, etc.) in the latest year: None.

*The remuneration disclosed in this table is different from the concept of income under the Income Tax Act, therefore, the purpose of this table is for information disclosure and not for taxation.

Note 1: The amount of directors' remuneration proposed to be distributed in 2022 as approved by the Board of Directors in 2023 should be filled in, which is calculated based on the actual distribution proportion of directors' remuneration last year.

Note 2: The amount of compensation paid to drivers by all companies in the consolidated financial statements of the Company was NT\$580 thousand.

| | | meration bracket rable | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Name of director | | | | | | |
| Range of remuneration for each director | Total of the aforemention | ed 4 items (A+B+C+D) | Total of the aforementioned 7 items (A+B+C+D+E+F+G) | | | | |
| of the Company | The Company | All companies shown in the financial report | The Company | All companies shown in the financial report | | | |
| Less than NT\$ 1,000,000 | Chang-Qi CDIB Advantage Venture Capital Investment Limited Partnership Representative: Wei, Hong-Zheng National Development Fund, Executive Yuan Representative: He, Qi-Gong <u>Independent Directors:</u> Lin, Wan-Ying; Wang, Wei; Wang, Guo-Cheng; Lin, Tian-Fa; Li Xiong-Qing | General Director: Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Representative: Liu, Chang-Qi CDIB Advantage Venture Capital Investment Limited Partnership Representative: Wei, Hong-Zheng National Development Fund, Executive Yuan Representative: He, Qi-Gong Independent Directors: Lin, Wan-Ying; Wang, Wei; Wang, Guo-Cheng; Lin, Tian- Fa; Li, Xiong-Qing | General Director: Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Representative: Liu, Chang-Qi CDIB Advantage Venture Capital Investment Limited Partnership Representative: Wei, Hong-Zheng National Development Fund, Executive Yuan Representative: He, Qi-Gong Independent Directors: Lin, Wan-Ying; Wang, Wei; Wang, Guo-Cheng; Lin, Tian- Fa; Li, Xiong-Qing | General Director: Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Representative: Liu, Chang-Qi CDIB Advantage Venture Capital Investment Limited Partnership Representative: Wei, Hong-Zheng National Development Fund, Executive Yuan Representative: He, Qi-Gong Independent Directors: Lin, Wan-Ying; Wang, Wei; Wang, Guo-Cheng; Lin, Tian- Fa; Li, Xiong-Qing | | | |
| NT\$ 1,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ 2,000,000 (exclusive) | _ | _ | _ | _ | | | |
| NT\$ 2,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ 3,500,000 (exclusive) | - | _ | _ | _ | | | |
| NT\$ 3,500,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ 5,000,000 (exclusive) | General Director: Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Representative: Li, Yong-Chuan | General Director: Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Representative: Li, Yong- Chuan | General Director: Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Representative: Li, Yong- Chuan | General Director: Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Representative: Li, Yong- Chuan | | | |
| NT\$ 5,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ 10,000,000 (exclusive) | _ | _ | _ | _ | | | |

Remuneration Bracket Table

| NT\$ 10,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ 15,000,000 (exclusive) | _ | _ | _ | _ |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| NT\$ 15,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ 30,000,000 (exclusive) | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| NT\$ 30,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ 50,000,000 (exclusive) | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| NT\$ 50,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ 100,000,000 (exclusive) | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Over NT\$ 100,000,000 | — | _ | — | — |
| Total | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |

2. Supervisors' remuneration: The Company has established an audit committee consisting of five independent directors to replace the duties of supervisors, therefore, it is not applicable.

3. Remuneration to the President and Vice Presidents :

December 31, 2022; Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | | Salar | y (A) | Pensie | on (B) | Bonus allowar (C | | Remun | | o employe te 1) | ees (D) | Ratio o comper (A+B+C net pro- tax | nsation C+D) to fit after | Remuneration received from the invested companies other than the subsidiaries and the parent company |
|---|---|-------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|---|---|---------|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Title | Name (Note 1) | Т | All comp fin | T | All comp fin | T | All companies financial | The Co | mpany | All con shown financia | in the | TI | All comp fin | n received from er than the subsi parent company |
| | (Note 1) (Note 1) (No | The Company | mpanies shown in the financial report | Cash amount | Stock amount | Cash amount | Stock amount | The Company | All companies shown in the financial report The Company | om the invested bsidiaries and the ny | | | | |
| President Senior Vice President Vice President | Li, Yong-Chuan Xu, Ying-Jie (Note 2) Zhang, Ming- Zheng (Note 2) | | | | | | | | | | | 0.700 | 15.402 | |
| Vice President Vice President Vice President | Tan, Jian-Qiang Li, Yi-Jin (Note 2) Cai, Jia-Sheng (Note 3) | 5,611 | 9,314 | 0 | 0 0 | 2,137 | 2,137 5,136 | 1,042 | 0 | 1,042 | 0 | 8,790 5.45% | 15,492 9.60% | None |

Note 1. The Board of Directors of the Company approved the proposed remuneration to employees of NT\$15,634 thousand in 2022. Up to the publication date of the annual report, the list of the current employee remuneration distribution has not yet been determined. Therefore, the proposed distribution amounts for this year are calculated based on the actual distribution ratio of last year.

Note 2. Xu, Ying-Jie, Senior Vice President, was transferred to a subsidiary on April 1, 2022; Zhang, Ming-Zheng, Vice President, was transferred to a subsidiary on June 1, 2022; Li, Yi-Jin, Vice President, resigned on December 16, 2022.

Remuneration Bracket Table

| | Names of the Presidents and the Vice | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| The brackets of remunerations to all | Presi | dents | | |
| Presidents and Vice Presidents of the | | All companies | | |
| Company | The Company | shown in the | | |
| | | financial report | | |
| | Li, Yong-Chuan; Xu, | | | |
| Less than NT\$ 1,000,000 | Ying-Jie; Zhang, | Li, Yong-Chuan; | | |
| | Ming-Zheng; Cai, | Cai, Jia-Sheng | | |
| | Jia-Sheng | | | |
| NT\$ 1,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ 2,000,000 (exclusive) | | | | |
| NT\$ 2,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ 3,500,000 (exclusive) | Tan, Jian-Qiang, Li, Yi-Jin | Tan, Jian-Qiang, Li, Yi-Jin | | |

Note 3. Cai, Jia-Sheng, Vice President, took office on November 11, 2022.

| | Names of the Presidents and the Vice | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| The brackets of remunerations to all | Presidents | | | |
| Presidents and Vice Presidents of the | | All companies | | |
| Company | The Company | shown in the | | |
| | | financial report | | |
| NT\$ 3,500,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ 5,000,000 | | Zhang, Ming-Zheng | | |
| (exclusive) | | Zhang, Wing-Zheng | | |
| NT\$ 5,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ | | Vu Ving Iio | | |
| 10,000,000 (exclusive) | | Xu, Ying-Jie | | |
| NT\$ 10,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ | | | | |
| 15,000,000 (exclusive) | - | - | | |
| NT\$ 15,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ | | | | |
| 30,000,000 (exclusive) | - | - | | |
| NT\$ 30,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ | | | | |
| 50,000,000 (exclusive) | - | - | | |
| NT\$ 50,000,000 (inclusive) to NT\$ | | | | |
| 100,000,000 (exclusive) | - | - | | |
| Over NT\$ 100,000,000 | - | - | | |
| Total | 6 | 6 | | |

4. Name of the managers received remuneration and the distribution of remuneration:

| | Title | Name | Stock amount (Note 1) | Cash amount (Note 1) | Total | As a percentage of net profit after tax (%) |
|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-------|---|
| | President | Li, Yong-Chuan | - | | | |
| | Senior Vice President | Xu, Ying-Jie (Note 2) | - | | | |
| 7 | Vice President | Zhang, Ming-Zheng (Note 2) | | 2,133 | 2,133 | 1 220/ |
| Manager | Vice President | Tan, Jian-Qiang | 0 | | | |
| age | Vice President | Li, Yi-Jin (Note 2) | 0 | | | 1.32% |
| r | Vice President | Cai, Jia-Sheng | | | | |
| | Financial supervisor | Chen, Shi-He | | | | |
| | Chief accounting officer | Wang, Wei-Quan | | | | |

December 31, 2022; Unit: NT\$ thousand

- Note 1: Up to the publication date of the annual report, the list of the current employee remuneration distribution has not yet been determined, so the proposed distribution amounts for this year are calculated based on the actual distribution ratio of last year.
- Note 2: Xu, Ying-Jie, Senior Vice President, was transferred to a subsidiary on April 1, 2022; Zhang, Ming-Zheng, Vice President, was transferred to a subsidiary on June 1, 2022; Li, Yi-Jin, Vice President, resigned on December 16, 2022.

- (IV) Separately compare and describe the ratio of the remunerations paid by the Company and all companies in the financial statements to the Company's directors, President and Vice Presidents to the net profit after tax of the parent company only financial statements for the last two years, the policy, standard and combination of the remuneration, and the procedure for formulating the remuneration and its correlation with business performance and future risks:
 - 1. Analysis of the total remuneration paid to the Company's directors, the President, and Vice Presidents by the Company and all companies in the consolidated financial statements as a percentage of the net profit after tax in the parent company only financial statements for the last two years:

| | The total remu | neration paid to | The total remuneration paid to | | |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | s directors, the | the Company's directors, the | | |
| | President, and | Vice Presidents | President, and | Vice Presidents | |
| | as a percentage | of the net profit | as a percentage | of the net profit | |
| Title | after tax in the | parent company | after tax in the | parent company | |
| The | only financial | statements for | only financial | statements for | |
| | 20 | 22 | 2021 | | |
| | | All companies | | All companies | |
| | The Company | shown in the | The Company | shown in the | |
| | | financial report | | financial report | |
| Director | | | | | |
| President and | 10.70% | 14.86% | 22.47% | 23.34% | |
| Vice | 10.7070 | 11.0070 | 22. 17 /0 | 23.3470 | |
| President | | | | | |

- 2. Remuneration policies, standards, and packages, the procedure and determining remuneration, and its linkage to operating performance and future risk exposure
 - Remuneration policies, standards, and packages
 In accordance with Article 20-1 of the Company

In accordance with Article 20-1 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, if the Company makes a profit in a fiscal year, it shall set aside 5% to 15% of the profit as employees' remuneration and not more than 2% as directors' remuneration, which shall be reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and then submitted to the Board of Directors for discussion and approval before distribution, and shall be reported to the Annual Shareholders' Meeting.

A. Directors Remuneration Distribution Policy

The Rules for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors is the basis for evaluation. In addition to the achievement rate of the objectives, operational efficiency and contribution to the Company, the remuneration ratio is calculated by taking into account the occurrence of moral hazard incidents or other events that have a negative impact on the Company's image and goodwill, so as to give a reasonable remuneration. The reasonableness of the relevant performance evaluation and remuneration is reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors, and the remuneration system is reviewed timely by regular review of the actual operating conditions and changes in relevant laws and regulations.

B. Managers Remuneration Distribution Policy

The remuneration ratio is calculated and a reasonable remuneration is given by taking into account the salary level of the position in the industry, the overall performance of the Company and the occurrence of moral hazard incidents or other events that have a negative impact on the Company's image and goodwill, as well as the achievement rate of the individual's performance and his or her contribution to the Company's performance. The relevant remuneration has been considered and approved by the Remuneration Committee of the Company.

- (2) Procedure for determining remuneration: The remuneration is determined in accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation and the Performance Evaluation Method.
- (3) Correlation between business performance and future risks: The Company's remuneration policy takes into account the Company's financial position and operating results for the current year and future capital requirements, as well as the evaluation of future risks in order to minimize the possibility of risk occurrence and balance sustainable management and risk control. The Company formulates and regularly reviews the policies, systems, standards and structure of performance and remuneration of directors and managers.

III. Corporate governance

- (I) The state of operations of the Board of Directors
 - 1. The state of operations of the Board of Directors

| Title | Name | Actual attendance | Proxy attendance | Actual attendance (%) | Remarks |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Chairman | Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Representative: Li, Yong-Chuan | 5 | 0 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Director | Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Representative: Liu, Chang-Qi | 5 | 0 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Director | CDIB Advantage Venture Capital Investment Limited Partnership Representative: Wei, Hong- Zheng | 5 | 0 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Director | National Development Fund, Executive Yuan Representative: He, Qi-Gong | 5 | 0 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Independent Director | Lin, Wan-Ying | 5 | 0 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Independent Director | Wang, Wei | 5 | 0 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Independent Director | Wang, Guo-Cheng | 5 | 0 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Independent Director | Lin, Tian-Fa | 3 | 2 | 60% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Independent Director | Li, Xiong-Qing | 5 | 0 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |

| The Board of Directors convened 5 meetings in 2022 and the participation of |
|---|
| the directors are shown below: |

Other mentionable items:

1. For the operation of the Board of Directors in any of the following circumstances, please specify the date, term, the contents of the proposals, the opinions of all independent directors, and the process of the opinions proposed by the independent directors:

- Issues required under Article 14-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act: The Company has established an Audit Committee, and the provisions of Article 14-3 are not applicable. Please refer to the Operations of the Audit Committee for the relevant information.
- (2) Other than the aforementioned issues, the issue objected by an independent director or where an independent director maintain a qualified opinion with record or documented declaration in a decision resolved by the Board of Directors: None.

2. With respect to the avoidance of conflicting interest agendas, describe the names of directors, details of the relevant agendas, reasons for avoiding conflicting interest, and the voting decisions:

(1) On November 4, 2022, the Board of Directors carried out the additional election of the members of the Fifth Remuneration Committee and resolved to approve the appointment of Director Wang, Wei as a member of the Fifth Remuneration Committee of the Company. Director Wang, Wei recused himself from voting on the proposal and the rest of the directors present approved without objection.

| Details of the implementation of self-evaluation of the Company's Board of Directors. | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Evaluation term | Evaluation period | Evaluation scope | Evaluation method | Evaluation content | | | |
| Evaluation | | Performance | | [Performance | | | |
| submitted to the | January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022 | evaluation of the Board of Directors, individual Board members and functional committees | Self-evaluation of the Board of Directors and Board members | evaluation results of the Board of Director individual Board members and functional committee in 2022] Note 1 | | | |

4. Targets for strengthening of the functions of the board during the current and immediately preceding fiscal years (e.g. establishing an audit committee, and improving information transparency) and the evaluation on implementation:

 Strengthen the functions of the Board of Directors
 The Company has established the Rules of Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings, and the board meetings are all handled in accordance with the rules.

(2) Improve information transparency

The Company's financial statements are regularly audited by KPMG Taiwan, and we timely and accurately disclose all information required by laws and regulations to be disclosed, and the Company has designated dedicated personnel to be responsible for the collection and disclosure of the Company's information and established a spokesperson system to ensure that all material information is disclosed in a timely and appropriate manner.

| | ©: Attend in person ◊: Attend by proxy *: Absent | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| 2022 | 1st Meeting | 2nd Meeting | 3rd Meeting | 4th Meeting | 5th Meeting | | | |
| Lin, Wan-Ying | Ø | Ø | Ø | Ø | Ø | | | |
| Wang, Wei | Ø | Ø | Ø | Ø | Ø | | | |
| Wang, Guo-Cheng | Ø | Ø | Ø | Ø | Ø | | | |
| Lin, Tian-Fa | \diamond | \diamond | Ø | Ø | Ø | | | |
| Li, Xiong-Qing | Ø | Ø | Ø | Ø | Ø | | | |

5. Attendance of Independent Directors at Board Meetings in 2022

Note 1:

[Performance evaluation results of the Board of Directors, individual Board members and functional committees in 2022]

In accordance with the Rules for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors amended on May 5, 2021, the Company shall conduct an internal performance evaluation of the Board of Directors at least once a year. The evaluation includes self-evaluation of the Company's Board of Directors, functional committees, and individual Board members, and the evaluation results have been submitted to the Board of Directors on March 29, 2023.

In consideration of the Company's conditions and needs, the measurement items of the board performance evaluation include the following five aspects:

- 1. Level of participation in the Company's operations.
- 2. Improvement in the decision-making quality of the board of directors.
- 3. Board composition and structure
- 4. Director's election and continuing education.
- 5. Internal Control

The measurement items of the Board members' (self) performance evaluation include the following six aspects:

- 1. Director's awareness toward the Company's goals and missions.
- 2. Director's awareness to duties
- 3. Level of participation in the Company's operations.
- 4. Management and communication of internal relations.
- 5. Director's professional and continuing education
- 6. Internal Control

The performance evaluation questionnaires, after being collected before the end of the first quarter of the following year, will be analyzed by the organizer of the Board of Directors in accordance with the above method. The scoring standards for each evaluation item are as follows: 1: Very poor (strongly disagree); 2: Poor (disagree); 3: Moderate (average); 4: Good (agree); 5: Excellent (strongly agree). The evaluation results are summarized as follows:

(1) Self-evaluation of the Board's performance:

The performance evaluation indicators of the Board of Directors consist of 45 indicators in five aspects, and the evaluation results are as follows:

- 1: Very poor (strongly disagree): 0 items
- 2: Poor (disagree): 2 items
- 3: Moderate (average): 0 items
- 4: Good (Agree): 0 items
- 5: Excellent (strongly agree): 43 items

There are 2 items with a score of 2: Poor (disagree). (1) The attendance rate of directors at the 2022 Annual Shareholders' Meeting was 22.22%; in order to increase the attendance rate of all directors at the Annual Shareholders' Meeting, the directors will be notified of the date of 2022 Annual Shareholders' Meeting earlier, so that the directors can schedule their attendance. (2) The Board of Directors held 5 meetings during 2022. In the future, the number of board meetings will be increased as necessary to improve performance evaluation and corporate governance needs.

The rest of the report shows that the Board of Directors has fulfilled the responsibility for guiding and supervising the Company's strategy, major business and risk management, and is able to establish a proper internal control system.

| Five aspects of self-evaluation | Evaluation item | Scoring results (Mean) |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|
| Level of participation in the Company's operations. | 12 items | 4.75 |
| Improvement in the decision-making quality of the board of directors. | 12 items | 4.75 |
| Board composition and structure | 7 items | 5 |
| Director's election and continuing education. | 7 items | 5 |
| Internal Control | 7 items | 5 |

(2) Self-evaluation on performance by Board members:

The performance evaluation indicators of Board members consist of 23 indicators in six major aspects, and the evaluation results of each director are as follows, which show that the directors have positive comments on the operational efficiency and effectiveness of each indicator.

| Six aspects of self-evaluation | Evaluation item | Scoring results (Mean) |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------|
| Director's awareness toward the Company's goals and missions. | 3 items | 4.96 |
| Director's awareness to duties | 3 items | 5.00 |
| Level of participation in the Company's operations. | 8 items | 4.85 |
| Management and communication of internal relations. | 3 items | 5.00 |
| Director' s professional and continuing education | 3 items | 4.96 |
| Internal Control | 3 items | 5.00 |

(3) Audit Committee's self-evaluation on performance:

The performance evaluation indicators of the Audit Committee consist of 22 indicators in five aspects, specifically:

1: Poor (disagree): 0 item

2: Poor (disagree): 0 item

3: Moderate (average): 0 item

4: Good (Agree): 1 item

5: Excellent (strongly agree): 21 items

The evaluation results of each director are as follows, which show that the overall operation of the Audit Committee is sound and in compliance with the requirements of corporate governance and effectively enhances the functions of the Board of Directors.

| Five aspects of self-evaluation | Evaluation item | Scoring results (Mean) |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------|
| Level of participation in the Company's operations. | 4 items | 4.75 |
| Awareness of responsibilities of the Audit Committee | 5 items | 5 |
| Improvement to the quality of the functional committee's decision-making | 7 items | 5 |
| The composition and election of the Audit Committee members | 3 items | 5 |
| Internal Control | 3 items | 5 |

(4) Remuneration Committee's self-evaluation on performance:

The performance evaluation indicators of the Remuneration Committee consist of 19 indicators in five aspects, specifically:

The evaluation results of each director are as follows, which show that the overall operation of the Remuneration Committee is sound and in compliance with the requirements of corporate governance and effectively enhances the functions of the Board of Directors.

| Five aspects of self-evaluation | Evaluation Item | Scoring results (Mean) |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------|
| Level of participation in the Company's operations. | 4 items | 5 |
| Awareness of responsibilities of the Audit Committee | 5 items | 4.95 |
| Improvement to the quality of the functional committee's decision-making | 7 items | 4.93 |
| The composition and election of the Remuneration Committee members | 3 items | 5 |

(II) Operations of the Audit Committee:

Information on the operation of the Audit Committee

The Audit Committee held 5 meetings during 2022, and the independent directors' attendance is as follows:

| Title | Name | Actual attendance | Proxy attendance | Actual attendance (%) | Remarks |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Independent Director | Lin, Wan-Ying | 5 | 0 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Independent Director | Wang, Wei | 5 | 0 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Independent Director | Wang, Guo-Cheng | 5 | 0 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Independent Director | Lin, Tian-Fa | 3 | 2 | 60% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Independent Director | Li, Xiong-Qing | 5 | 0 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |

Other mentionable items:

 If the operations of the Audit Committee fall under any of the circumstances below, the date of the Audit Committee meeting, the term, the content of the proposal, any objection, reservation, or major suggestion made by independent directors, the committee's resolution results, and the Company's response to the committee's opinions shall be specified:

(1) Issues required under Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act:

| (1) Issues lequil | eu under Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exc | hange Act. | - |
|---|---|---|--|
| Date of meeting | Discussion | Objection, reservation, or major suggestion made by independent directors | Resolution results of Audit Committee and the Company's handling of the Audit Committee's opinion |
| 13th meeting of the Third Audit Committee March 28, 2022 14th meeting of the Third Audit Committee May 9, 2022 | Proposal for 2021 Employees' and Directors' Remunerations Distribution2021 Business Report of the Company"2021 Financial Statements" and "2021 Consolidated Financial Statements" of the CompanyProposal for the Company's 2021 earnings distributionStatement of Internal Control System for 2021Matters regarding the provision of endorsements and guarantees required for the short-term credit line between Wellell America Corp. and CTBC BankProposal to amend the Company's "Assets Acquisition or Disposal Handling Procedures." | None | The members of the Audit Committee unanimously approved all motions, and the Board of Directors approved all motions according to the suggestions of the Audit Committee. |

| 2nd meeting of the Fourth Audit Committee August 10, 2022 | Consolidated financial statements of the Company for the first half of 2022 | |
|---|--|---|
| 3rd meeting of the Fourth Audit Committee November 4, 2022 | The appointment and remuneration of the CPAs for 2022 | |
| 4th meeting of the Fourth Audit Committee March 29, 2023 | Proposal for 2022 Employees' and Directors' Remunerations Distribution 2022 Business Report of the Company "2022 Financial Statements" and "2022 Consolidated Financial Statements" of the Company Proposal for the Company's 2022 earnings distribution Proposal for amendment of the Company's "Regulations Governing Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings" Proposal for applying to the competent authority for public offering of the Company's 2018 private placement of common shares | |
| 5th meeting of the Fourth Audit Committee May 3, 2023 | Statement of Internal Control System for 2022 Matters regarding the provision of endorsements and guarantees required for the short-term credit line between Wellell America Corp. and CTBC Bank | |
| been duly res 2. With respect to th | prementioned issue, other issue not yet resolved in the Audit Committee but has plved by two-thirds majority of the total number of director seats: None. e avoidance of conflicting interest agendas, describe the names of independent f the relevant agendas, reasons for avoiding conflicting interest, and the voting | t |
| well as CPA(s) (a business operation (1) The audit sup as needed at (2) In addition to hold a separa general direct external audit | cations by and between independent directors and internal audit supervisors as hould include issues regarding the Company's financial conditions, facts ir and such key issues, the method of communications and the outcome thereof): ervisor and the CPAs may communicate directly with the independent directors ordinary times. receiving monthly audit reports, at least once a year, the independent directors te meeting with the CPAs and the audit supervisor without the presence of the ors and management to discuss the implementation of the audit and the CPAs opinions. Separate communication meetings in 2022: | 5 |
| supervisors The audit sup a year on th follows: | ervisor reports to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors at least once e implementation and effectiveness of the audit. The specific matters are as | |
| Committ 13th meetin Audit C | date of Audit ee meetingCommunication focusesHandling or implementing resultsg of the Third ommittee1. To present the results of the Group's annual internal control self-evaluationAfter consideration and approval by the Audit Committee members, it was | _ |

| | Statement" | submitted to the Board of Directors for approval. |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| 14th meeting of the Third | Report on the implementation of | Presented to the Audit |
| Audit Committee | the audit plan and the audit | Committee members and |
| May 9, 2022 | deficiency arising therefrom | Board of Directors. |
| 1st meeting of the Fourth | Report on the implementation of | Presented to the Audit |
| Audit Committee | the audit plan and the audit | Committee members and |
| June 22, 2022 | deficiency arising therefrom | Board of Directors. |
| | Summary report on the | |
| 2nd meeting of the Fourth | implementation of the audit plan, | Presented to the Audit |
| Audit Committee | the audit deficiency arising | Committee members and |
| August 10, 2022 | therefrom, and tracking of | Board of Directors. |
| | quarterly deficiencies | |
| | 1. To summarize and report the | After consideration and |
| 3rd meeting of the Fourth | annual risk assessment results | approval by the Audit |
| Audit Committee | 2. To submit the "2023" Annual | Committee members, it w |
| November 4, 2022 | Audit Plan Schedule for | submitted to the Board of |
| | discussion and approval | Directors for approval |

(3) Facts of communications by and between independent directors and CPA(s):

The Company's Audit Committee consists of all independent directors, and the CPAs will communicate and discuss the contents of the audited financial statements and updates of the relevant laws and regulations at least once a year. The specific matters include:

| Nature Date | Communication focuses | Handling or implementing results |
|--|--|--|
| Pre-meeting of Board of Directors (March 28, 2022) | To report the results of the 2021 consolidated financial statements and legal compliance | Communicated and discussed the questions raised by the participants, and approved without objection. |
| Pre-meeting of Board of Directors (March 29, 2023) | To report the results of the 2022 consolidated financial statements and legal compliance | Communicated and discussed the questions raised by the participants, and approved without objection. |

(4) In addition to the above regular communication, the audit supervisor and the CPAs also communicate with the independent directors as needed from time to time.

4. Summary of annual work focus of Audit Committee

The Company's Audit Committee consists of five independent directors. The Audit Committee aims to assist the Board of Directors to perform its supervision on the Company's quality and integrity in the implementation of accounting, auditing, financial reporting processes and financial control. The Audit Committee met 5 times in 2022 and mainly considered the following matters:

- (1) Audit of financial statements
- (2) Internal control system and related policies and procedures
- (3) Handling material asset or derivative trading
- (4) Critical capital lending, endorsement, or guarantee
- (5) Regulatory compliance
- (6) Qualifications, independence and performance evaluation of CPAs
- (7) Appointing or dismissing CPAs or determining their remuneration
- (8) Evaluate the independence of CPA firm
 - Review of financial statements
 The Board of Directors prepared the Company's business report, financial statements, and profit distribution proposal for the year 2022. The financial statements have been audited by KPMG Taiwan and an audit report has been issued. The above-mentioned business report, financial statements, and profit distribution proposal have been audited

| | by this Audit Committee, with no discrepancy found. |
|---|---|
| • | Evaluate the effectiveness of internal control system |
| | The Audit Committee evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's internal control |
| | system policies and procedures (including financial, operational, risk management, |
| | information security, outsourcing, regulatory compliance and other control measures), |
| | and reviewed the Company's audit department, including risk management and |
| | regulatory compliance. |

(III) The operations of corporate governance and the deviation from the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and the reasons therefor

| | | | _ | | |
|-------|------------------------------|--------------|-----|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | Im | plementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
| | | | | | "the Corporate |
| | | | | | Governance Best- |
| | Assessment items | Yes | No | Summary description | Practice Principles |
| | | 105 | 110 | Summary description | for TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | | and Reasons |
| I. | Will the Company based on | | | The Company's Board of | |
| | the Corporate Governance | | | Directors has approved the | |
| | Best-Practice Principles for | | | formulation of the Corporate | |
| | TWSE/TPEx Listed | \checkmark | | Governance Best-Practice | Nore |
| | Companies set up and | v | | Principles. | None |
| | disclose the Company's | | | | |
| | corporate governance best- | | | | |
| | practice principles? | | | | |
| II. | Shareholding structure and | | | | |
| | shareholders' equity | | | | |
| (I) | Will the Company have | | | (I) The Company has a | |
| | the internal procedures | | | spokesman and an acting | |
| | regulated to handle | | | spokesman to be responsible | |
| | shareholders' proposals, | | | for properly handling the | |
| | doubts, disputes, and | | | relevant matters. | |
| | litigation matters; also, | | | | |
| | have the procedures | | | (II) The Company will upload | |
| | implemented accordingly? | | | the relevant information to | |
| (II) | Will the Company possess | \checkmark | | the Market Observation Post | None |
| | the list of the Company's | | | System according to the | |
| | major shareholders and the | | | specified time limits. | |
| | list of the ultimate | | | | |
| | controllers of the major | | | | |
| | shareholders? | | | (III) The Company complies with | |
| (III) | Will the Company | | | the relevant laws and | |
| | establish and implement | | | regulations, and has | |
| | the risk control and | | | established the "Regulations | |
| | firewall mechanisms with | | | on Supervision and | |
| | the related parties? | | | Administration of | |

| Assessment items Yes No Summary description "the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and Reasons (IV) Will the Company set up internal norms to prohibit insiders from utilizing the undisclosed information to trade securities? Subsidiaries". III. The constitution and obligations of the board of directors (IV) The Company has set up regulations on prevention of insider rading to prohibit independence of board of directors (pages 24-26) in this annual report. Please refer to "II. Board of Directors" (pages 24-26) in this annual report. (II) Will the Company, in addition to setting the undisclosed informatice and Audit Committee in accordingly? (II) The Company has set up Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee in the future according to actual operational needs. Same as the Summary Description (III) Does the Company est up or voluntarily? The Company's Board of Directors or an annual basis and reported the The Company's Board of Directors, which stipulates that the Company shall conduct performance evaluation of | | | Im | plementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|---|------------------------------|--------------|----------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Assessment itemsYesNoSummary descriptionGovernance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companes" and Reasons(IV) Will the Company set up internal norms to prohibit insiders from utilizing the undisclosed information to trade securities?Subsidiaries".IV) The Company has set up regulations on prevention of insider trading to prohibit insiders from utilizing the undisclosed information to trade securities.IV) The Company has set up regulations on prevention of insider rading to prohibit insiders from utilizing the undisclosed information to trade securities.Please refer to "II. Board of Directors" (pages 24-26) in this annual report.NoneIII. The constitution and obligations of the board of directorsPlease refer to "II. Board of Directors" (pages 24-26) in this annual report.NoneIII. Will the Company, in addition to setting the Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee and Audit Committee and Audit Committee and Audit Committee and Audit Committee in and Audit Committee and Audit Committee and Audit Committee set up voluntarily?(II) The Company has set up Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee in the future according to actual operational needs.Same as the Summary Description(III) Does the Company catablish a methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors on an annual basis and reported theThe Company's Board of Directors', which stipulates that the Company shall conduct performance evaluation ofNone | | | | | |
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| (IV) Will the Company set up internal norms to prohibit insiders from utilizing the undisclosed information to trade securities?Subsidiaries".(IV) The Company has set up regulations on prevention of insider trading to prohibit insiders from utilizing the undisclosed information to trade securities.(IV) The Company has set up regulations on prevention of insider strading to prohibit insiders from utilizing the undisclosed information to trade securities.III. The constitution and obligations of the board of directors formulated a diversity policy and specific management objectives and implemented them accordingly?Please refer to "II. Board of Directors 'I pages 24-26) in this annual report.(II) Will the Company, in addition to setting the up voluntarily?(II) The Company has set up Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee and Audit Committee and Audit Committee and Audit Committee in accordance with the law, and plans to establish other functional committees in the functional committees in the furter according to actual operational needs.Same as the Summary Description(III) Does the Company establish a methodology for evaluating the performance of is Board of Directors on an annual basis and reported theThe Company's Board of Board of Directors", which stipulates that the Company shall conduct performance evaluationNone | | | | | |
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| management objectives and implemented them accordingly?Image: Construct of the set of t | | | | | |
| and implemented them accordingly?Image: Construct on the set of the s | | | | | |
| accordingly?Image: Construct on the set of the set | | | | | |
| (II) Will the Company, in addition to setting the Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee and Audit Committee in accordance with the law, and plans to establish other functional committee set up voluntarily? (II) The Company has set up Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee in accordance with the law, and plans to establish other functional committee set up voluntarily? (III) Does the Company establish a methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors on an annual basis and reported the (III) Does that the Company has set up Remuneration Committee in accordance with the law, and plans to establish other functional committees in the future according to actual operational needs. (III) Does the Company establish a methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors on an annual basis and reported the | | | | | |
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| Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee lawfully, have other functional committee set up voluntarily?and Audit Committee in accordance with the law, and plans to establish other functional committees in the future according to actual operational needs.Same as the Summary Description(III) Does the Company establish a methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors on an annual basis and reported theThe Company 's Board of Board of Directors'', which stipulates that the Company shall | | | | | |
| and Audit Committee lawfully, have other functional committee set up voluntarily?✓accordance with the law, and plans to establish other functional committees in the future according to actual operational needs.Same as the Summary Description(III) Does the Company establish a methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors on an annual basis and reported the✓The Company's Board of Directors', which stipulates that the Company shall conduct performance evaluationNone | - | | | | |
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| up voluntarily?future according to actual operational needs.(III) Does the Company establish a methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors on an annual basis and reported theThe Company's Board of Directors has approved the "Rules for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors", which stipulates that the Company shall conduct performance evaluation | | | | - | Description |
| operational needs.(III) Does the Company establish a methodology for evaluating the of Directors on an annual basis and reported theThe Company's Board of Directors has approved the "Rules for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors", which stipulates that the Company shall conduct performance evaluation | | | | | |
| (III) Does the Company establish a methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors on an annual basis and reported the | | | | | |
| establish a methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors on an annual basis and reported theDirectors has approved the "Rules for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors", which stipulates that the Company shall conduct performance evaluation | (III) Does the Company | | | | |
| for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors on an annual basis and reported thefor Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors", which stipulates that the Company shall conduct performance evaluationNone | | | | | |
| performance of its BoardBoard of Directors", whichNoneof Directors on an annualstipulates that the Company shallbasis and reported theconduct performance evaluation | | | | | |
| of Directors on an annual basis and reported thestipulates that the Company shall conduct performance evaluation | - | \checkmark | | | None |
| basis and reported the conduct performance evaluation | - | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| performance evaluation Off the Doard of Diffectors. | performance evaluation | | | on the Board of Directors, | |

| | | Im | plementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|-----------------------------|-----|----|--|---------------------|
| | | | ······································ | "the Corporate |
| | | | | Governance Best- |
| Assessment items | | | | Practice Principles |
| | Yes | No | Summary description | for TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | and Reasons |
| results to the Board as | | | individual Board members and | |
| reference for remuneration | | | functional committees | |
| paid to directors and their | | | (Remuneration Committee and | |
| nomination for succession? | | | Audit Committee) at least once a | |
| | | | year. At the end of each year, the | |
| | | | "Self-evaluation Questionnaire for | |
| | | | Performance Evaluation of the | |
| | | | Board of Directors and Functional | |
| | | | Committees" and the "Self- | |
| | | | evaluation Questionnaire for | |
| | | | Board Members" are sent to all | |
| | | | Board members to evaluate the | |
| | | | overall operation of the Board of | |
| | | | Directors and their own | |
| | | | performance. | |
| | | | Each year, the execution unit will | |
| | | | collect information related to the | |
| | | | operation of the Board of | |
| | | | Directors and prepare | |
| | | | questionnaires based on the | |
| | | | evaluation indicators for self- | |
| | | | evaluation by the Board members | |
| | | | and the Board of Directors, and | |
| | | | then the execution unit will record | |
| | | | the evaluation results based on the | |
| | | | score of each indicator and report | |
| | | | the evaluation results to the Board | |
| | | | of Directors and disclose them on | |
| | | | the Company's official website. | |
| | | | The Company completed the | |
| | | | performance evaluation of the | |
| | | | Board of Directors, Board | |

| | | Im | plementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|------------------------|-----|----|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | "the Corporate |
| | Yes | | | Governance Best- |
| Assessment items | | | | Practice Principles |
| | | No | Summary description | for TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | and Reasons |
| | | | members, the Remuneration | |
| | | | Committee and the Audit | |
| | | | Committee in March 2023, and | |
| | | | submitted the evaluation results | |
| | | | and the directions to be | |
| | | | | |
| | | | continuously strengthened in | |
| | | | 2022 to the Board of Directors on | |
| | | | March 29, 2022. | |
| | | | For the evaluation items and | |
| | | | results of performance evaluation | |
| | | | of the Board of Directors, the | |
| | | | Audit Committee and the | |
| | | | Remuneration Committee in | |
| | | | 2022, please refer to the | |
| | | | implementation of Board | |
| | | | evaluation on pages 40 - 42 of the | |
| | | | Annual Report of Shareholders' | |
| | | | Meeting. | |
| | | | The Company may use the | |
| | | | evaluation results as one of the | |
| | | | references for director nomination | |
| | | | for reappointment and individual | |
| | | | directors' remuneration in the | |
| | | | future. | |
| (IV) Does the company | | | The Company has established | |
| regularly evaluate the | | | criteria for evaluating the | |
| independence of CPAs? | | | independence of CPAs in | |
| | | | accordance with the relevant | N. |
| | ~ | | independence provisions of the | None |
| | | | Announcement No. 10 "Integrity, | |
| | | | Impartiality, Objectivity and | |
| | | | Independence" of the Norm of | |

| | | Im | plementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|-------------------------------|--------------|----|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | "the Corporate |
| | | | | Governance Best- |
| Assessment items | | | | Practice Principles |
| | Yes | No | Summary description | for TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | and Reasons |
| | | | Professional Ethics for Certified | |
| | | | Public Accountant of the | |
| | | | Republic of China, and evaluates | |
| | | | the independence and suitability | |
| | | | of CPAs on an annual basis (Note | |
| | | | 2). | |
| | | | According to the evaluation | |
| | | | results, CPAs Guo, Xin-Yi and | |
| | | | Chen, Bei-Qi from KPMG | |
| | | | Taiwan meet the independence | |
| | | | and suitability evaluation criteria | |
| | | | of the Company and are qualified | |
| | | | to serve as the CPAs of the | |
| | | | Company. The evaluation results | |
| | | | for 2022 had been approved by | |
| | | | the Board of Directors on March | |
| | | | 29, 2023. | |
| IV. Has the TWSE/TPEx | | | The Company's Board of | |
| Company has appointed an | | | Directors approved the setup of a | |
| appropriate number of | | | Corporate Governance Officer on | |
| competent corporate | | | May 3, 2023. The main | |
| governance personnel and | | | responsibilities of the Corporate | |
| designated a corporate | | | Governance Officer are to handle | |
| governance officer to be | | | affairs related to the Board of | |
| responsible for corporate | \checkmark | | Directors and shareholders' | None |
| governance affairs | | | meetings, prepare minutes of | |
| (including but not limited to | | | board meetings and shareholders' | |
| providing directors and | | | meetings, assist directors and | |
| supervisors with the | | | supervisors in their assumption of | |
| materials required for | | | duty and continuing education, | |
| performance of their duties, | | | provide directors and supervisors | |
| assisting directors and | | | with the materials required for | |

| | | | Im | plementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------|----|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | "the Corporate |
| | Assessment items | | | | Governance Best- |
| | | | | | Practice Principles |
| | - 100 - 50 - 10 - 10 - 10 | Yes | No | Summary description | for TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | | and Reasons |
| | supervisors with | | | performance of their duties, and | |
| | compliance, handling | | | assist directors and supervisors | |
| | matters related to board | | | with compliance. | |
| | meetings and the | | | The Company has appointed an | |
| | shareholders' meetings, and | | | appropriate number of competent | |
| | preparing minutes of board | | | corporate governance personnel | |
| | meetings and shareholders' | | | and approved the formulation of | |
| | meetings)? | | | "Standard Operating Procedures | |
| | meetings): | | | | |
| | | | | for Handling Directors' | |
| | | | | Requests" at the boarding | |
| | | | | meeting held on March 26, 2019, | |
| | | | | in order to establish good | |
| | | | | corporate governance, assist | |
| | | | | directors in performing their | |
| | | | | duties, and improve the | |
| | | | | effectiveness of the Board of | |
| | | | | Directors. | |
| | Has the Company | | | The Company's website has a | |
| | established a | | | "Corporate Social Responsibility | |
| | communication channel | | | (CSR)" section and a "Investor | |
| | with the stakeholders | | | Relations" section as | |
| | (including but not limited to | | | communication channels, where | |
| | the shareholders, | | | different departments will | |
| | employees, customers, and | | | respond to the issues of concern | |
| 1 | suppliers), set up a | \checkmark | | to different stakeholders | None |
| | stakeholder section on the | | | (including CSR). | |
| | Company's website, and | | | Website: | |
| | responded appropriately to | | | https://tw.wellell.com/zh- | |
| | the important corporate | | | tw/investor- | |
| | social responsibilities | | | area/89989793124349279b77639 | |
| | concerned by the | | | ab300f5e3/af770db1d28642aeada | |
| | stakeholders? | | | 507cecfae5b4a | |

| | | | Im | plen | nentation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|------|-----------------------------|--------------|----|------|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | | "the Corporate |
| | | | | | | Governance Best- |
| | Assessment items | | | | | Practice Principles |
| | | Yes | No | | Summary description | for TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | | | and Reasons |
| VI. | Has the Company | | | The | Company has entrusted the | |
| | commissioned a | | | | k service agent of MasterLink | |
| | professional stock service | \checkmark | | | urities Corporation to handle | None |
| | agent to handle | | | | shareholders' meeting affairs. | |
| | shareholders affairs? | | | | 6 | |
| | Disclosure of information | | | | | |
| (I) | Does the Company have a | \checkmark | | (I) | The Company has | None |
| | website setup and the | | | ~ / | established both English and | |
| | financial business and | | | | Chinese websites, and | |
| | corporate governance | | | | declares financial and | |
| | information disclosed? | | | | business information on the | |
| | | | | | Market Observation Post | |
| | | | | | System in accordance with | |
| | | | | | the regulations. | |
| (II) | Has the Company adopted | ~ | | (II) | The Company has | None |
| () | other information | | | (/ | established an English | |
| | disclosure methods (such | | | | website to disclose financial | |
| | as, establishing an English | | | | and business and corporate | |
| | website, designating a | | | | governance information, | |
| | responsible person for | | | | designated a responsible | |
| | collecting and disclosing | | | | person for collecting and | |
| | information of the | | | | disclosing information of the | |
| | Company, substantiating | | | | Company, designated a | |
| | the spokesman system, | | | | spokesman and an acting | |
| | placing the juristic person | | | | spokesman to explain the | |
| | seminar program on the | | | | Company's financial and | |
| | Company's website, etc.)? | | | | business conditions | |
| | | | | | externally, and placed the | |
| | | | | | Investor Conference | |
| | | | | | information on the | |
| | | | | | Company's website for the | |
| L | | | | | | I |

| | | Im | plen | nentation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|--------------------------------|-----|----|-------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | r | | "the Corporate |
| | | | | | Governance Best- |
| Assessment items | | | | | Practice Principles |
| Assessment terns | Yes | No | | Summary description | for TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | | and Reasons |
| | | | | reference of the investors. | |
| | | | | reference of the investors. | |
| (III) Does the company | | | (III) | The Company currently | Same as the |
| announce and report its | | ✓ | () | reports its financial | Summary |
| financial statements within | | | | statements and monthly | Description |
| two months after the end | | | | operations on the dates | 2 comption |
| of a fiscal year, and | | | | specified in the "Business | |
| publish and declare in | | | | Matters to be Handled by | |
| advance the financial | | | | Listed Securities Issuers"; | |
| statements of Q1, Q2 and | | | | the Company has not | |
| Q3 as well as status of | | | | announced and filed its | |
| | | | | | |
| monthly operations? | | | | annual financial reports | |
| | | | | within two months from the | |
| | | | | end of the fiscal year, nor | |
| | | | | announced before the due | |
| | | | | date. | N |
| VIII. Are there any other | ~ | | (I) | Employee rights and | None |
| important information | | | | interests and employee care: | |
| (including but not limited to | | | | The Company holds regular | |
| the interests of employees, | | | | labor-management meetings | |
| employee care, investor | | | | so that employees' opinions | |
| relations, supplier relations, | | | | can be valued and | |
| the rights of stakeholders, | | | | communicated effectively. | |
| the advanced study of | | | | We also establish a good | |
| directors and supervisors, | | | | relationship of mutual trust | |
| the implementation of risk | | | | and dependence with our | |
| management policies and | | | | employees through various | |
| risk measurement | | | | welfare systems, including | |
| standards, the execution of | | | | the provision of employee | |
| customer policy, the | | | | education and training, and | |
| purchase of liability | | | | the holding of various | |
| insurance for the | | | | activities from time to time. | |

| | | Im | plem | nentation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|-------------------------------|-----|----|-------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | - | | "the Corporate |
| | | | | | Governance Best- |
| Assessment items | | | | | Practice Principles |
| | Yes | No | | Summary description | for TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | | and Reasons |
| Company's directors and | | | (II) | Investor relations: In | |
| supervisors) that are helpful | | | | accordance with the relevant | |
| in understanding the | | | | regulations, the Company | |
| corporate governance | | | | announces important | |
| operation of the Company? | | | | information on finance, | |
| | | | | business, and insider | |
| | | | | shareholding changes on the | |
| | | | | "Market Observation Post | |
| | | | | System", and also sets up an | |
| | | | | Investor section on the | |
| | | | | Company's website to | |
| | | | | disclose financial and | |
| | | | | business information. The | |
| | | | | Company provides | |
| | | | | information about the | |
| | | | | shareholders' meeting in the | |
| | | | | Shareholders section on the | |
| | | | | Company's website for the | |
| | | | | reference of investors. | |
| | | | (III) | Supplier relations: The | |
| | | | | Company has established | |
| | | | | long-term and close relations | |
| | | | | with suppliers based on the | |
| | | | | win-win principle, and hopes | |
| | | | | to jointly pursue sustainable | |
| | | | | growth through mutual trust | |
| | | | | and mutual benefits. | |
| | | | (IV) | Rights of stakeholders: The | |
| | | | | Company lists the relevant | |
| | | | | contact information and | |
| | | | | windows on the Company's | |
| | | | | website to protect the rights | |

| | | Im | plementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|------------------|-----|----|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | "the Corporate |
| Assessment items | | | | Governance Best- |
| | | | | Practice Principles |
| | Yes | No | Summary description | for TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | and Reasons |
| | | | and interests of stakeholders | |
| | | | and provide unblocked | |
| | | | communication channels. | |
| | | | (V) Continuing education of | |
| | | | Directors: The Company has | |
| | | | completed the continuing | |
| | | | education of directors' in | |
| | | | 2022 as scheduled and met | |
| | | | the requirements for the | |
| | | | number of hours of | |
| | | | continuing education. | |
| | | | (VI) Purchase of liability | |
| | | | insurance for directors and | |
| | | | supervisors: liability | |
| | | | insurance has been | |
| | | | purchased for the directors | |
| | | | and supervisors and key | |
| | | | employees (the insurance | |
| | | | period is from April 23, 2023 | |
| | | | to April 22, 2024), and the | |
| | | | renewal of the insurance has | |
| | | | been reported to the Board of | |
| | | | Directors on May 3, 2022. | |
| | | | | |

IX. Please describe the improvement performed according to the corporate governance evaluation results published by the Corporate Governance Center of Taiwan Stock Exchange in recent years, and propose the matters with priority for improvement and the respective measures (not required for those not included in the evaluated companies).

The following improvements have been made in the corporate governance evaluation for 2023 for the items unscored in the initial evaluation on corporate governance of the Company for 2022:

| Index contents | Improvements |
|---|--|
| Index 2.15: | The Company has strengthened the separate |
| Does the Company disclose the separate | communications between the independent |
| communications between independent | directors and the chief internal |
| directors and the chief internal | auditor/CPAs, and disclosed them on the |
| auditor/CPAs? | Company's website and in the annual report. |
| Index 3.18: Does the Company have an English website established and the financial, business and corporate governance related information included? | The Company has established an English website and is expected to disclose the financial, business and corporate governance related information on the website. |

Priorities and measures for strengthening improvement for those not improved:

| Index contents | Priorities and measures for strengthening improvement in 2023 for those not improved in the corporate governance evaluation for 2022 |
|---|---|
| 4.1 Does the Company have a full-time (or | The "Sustainable Development Promotion |
| part-time) unit set up to promote the | Team", formed by the Company's |
| sustainable development, assess the risk of | management team in February 2023, is |
| environmental, social, and governance | responsible for the formulation and review |
| (ESG) issues in relation to corporate | of the Company's sustainable operation |
| operations based on the materiality | policies, systems and management |
| principles and establish policies or strategies | guidelines and cross-departmental |
| in relation to risk management, and | communication. The Company takes |
| authorize the Board of Directors to supervise | environmental protection, social |
| the promotion of sustainable development | responsibility and corporate governance as |
| and disclose the relevant information on the | important indicators for evaluating |
| Company's website and in the annual | sustainable management and making |
| report? | investment decisions. The Sustainable |
| | Development Promotion Team regularly |
| | reviews and reports the effectiveness of |

| Index 4.4: Does the Company prepare and upload sustainability reports to the Market Observation Post System and the | implementation and the direction of improvement, and reports to the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis on the sustainable development implementation results and future work plans. The Sustainable Development Promotion Team regularly reviews and reports the effectiveness of implementation and the direction of improvement, holds regular meetings each year to track management indexes and implementation progress, and reports to the Board of Directors on the annual sustainable development implementation results and future work plans. |
|--|---|
| Company's website by the end of September in accordance with the GRI Guidelines | the Market Observation Post System and the Company's website on time by the end of September. |
| published by the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)? | |
| Index 4.7: Is the English version of the Sustainability Report uploaded to the Market Observation Post System and on the Company's website? | The English version of the Sustainability Report will be completed and uploaded this year. |
| Index 4.11: Does the Company disclose the GHG emissions, water consumption, and total waste in the last two years? | The Company produces statistics on GHG emissions, water consumption, and waste weight every year and expects to optimize its environmental performance year by year. In 2023, the Company will replace part of |
| | the T5 lampholders in the office area to save electricity. |

Note 1: The operating conditions, regardless of whether "Yes" or "No" is checked, should be stated in the Summary Description column

Note 2: Evaluation report on the independence and suitability of CPAs of Wellell Inc. (2022)

| Evaluation aspect | Evaluation indicator | Yes | No | Description |
|----------------------|---|--------------|----|--|
| | 1. Is the CPA firm of a certain size? | √ | | KPMG is a global professional advisory services organization with 197,000 employees providing audit, tax and consulting services in 154 countries. |
| | 2. Have the CPAs provided audit services for less than seven consecutive years? | \checkmark | | Guo, Xin-Yi and Chen, Bei-Qi have been engaging in the audit work since the second quarter of 2017 and the first quarter of 2021 respectively, both less than seven consecutive years. |
| . Independence | Will the nature and extent of non-audit services provided by the CPAs not affect independence? | \checkmark | | The CPAs have not provided non-audit services. |
| ence | 4. Are the audit fees of CPAs reasonable? Is there any contingent fee agreement? | ~ | | The audit fee is reasonably adjusted annually, taking into account the manpower and business volume, and there is no contingent fee agreement. |
| | 5. Does the Company employ any CPA or auditor as senior financial supervisor or other personnel who have the authority to influence major decisions? | ~ | | The Company does not employ any auditor who once served in the CPA firm as senior financial supervisor or other personnel who have the authority to influence major decisions. |
| | 1. Does the CPA firm have a good reputation? | \checkmark | | KPMG is a global professional advisory service organization with good reputation. |
| | 2. Does the CPA firm have a good peer review result? | \checkmark | | The CPA firm has a good peer review result. |
| 2. | 3. Is the CPA not subject to any lawsuit or cases of correction or investigation by the competent authorities? | ~ | | The CPA is not subject to any lawsuit or cases of correction or investigation by the competent authorities, and has issued a statement to the Company. |
| Suitability | 4. Are the audit services provided by the CPAs and key management personnel of good quality? | ~ | | The Company believes that the quality of audit services provided by the CPAs and key management personnel is good because they have planned the audit procedures in advance to ensure that the audit work is completed on time and meets the laws and regulations. |
| | 5. Do the CPAs regularly attend training sessions and provide the Company with real-time professional information? | \checkmark | | In addition to regularly attending seminars held by the firm or domestic academic institutions, the CPAs also provide the Company with professional information |

| Evaluation aspect | Evaluation indicator | Yes | No | Description |
|-------------------|---|-----|----|--|
| | | | | on laws and regulations and industry development trends. |
| | 6. Do the CPAs interact well with the management and the internal audit supervisor? | ~ | | The CPAs have real-time and sufficient communications with the management and the internal audit supervisor on financial report preparation and corporate governance issues, and the interaction is good. |

- 1. If "No" is checked for any of the above indicators, a detailed description of the conditions should be provided for consideration of the need to change the CPA.
- 2. Description:
 - (1) In accordance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, in order to implement the corporate governance mechanism, a company shall not engage an auditing CPA to perform non-audit services (e.g. bookkeeping or financial management services) for that company at the same time.
 - (2) In order to avoid the loss of independence of a CPA due to long-term provision of auditing service to a company and familiar with the company's management, the Stock Exchange has clearly established a revolving door provision for the periodic (7-year) replacement of CPAs, that is, a CPA shall be replaced with another CPA before he/she has been providing audit service for the same client for 7 years.

 (IV) If a Remuneration Committee is established, its composition and operation should be disclosed:

| Identity (Note 1) | Qualification Name | Professional qualification and experience | Compliance of independence | Number of other public companies where the members are also the members of the Remuneration Committee of these companies. |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Independent Director (Convener) Independent Director | Wang, Guo- Cheng Lin, Tian-Fa | Please refer to the "Profiles of Directors" (pages 13-19) in this annual report for the professional | All Remuneration Committee members meet the following criteria: | 1 None |
| Independent Director | Wang, Wei (Note 2) | qualifications and experience of independent directors. | 1. Comply with the relevant provisions of Article 14-6 of the Securities and Exchange | None |
| Others | Cai, Jia-Sheng (Note 2) | Education: Executive Master of Business Administration, National Chengchi University Master, Department of Industrial Education, National Taiwan Normal University <u>Current position:</u> Wellell Inc. Executive Director of Chinese Human Resource Management Association Vice Chairman of International Industrial and Psychological Development Association | Act and the "Regulations Governing the Appointment and Exercise of Powers by the Remuneration Committee of a Company Whose Stock is Listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange or the Taipei Exchange" (Note) issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission The members (or in the names of others), spouses and minor children do not hold any shares of the Company No remuneration received by provision of business, legal, financial, accounting and other services for the Company or its affiliated companies in the past 2 years | None |

1. If a Remuneration Committee is established, its composition and operation should be disclosed:

Note 1: None of the following circumstances occurs within two years before election and during the term of office:

- (1) Employed by the Company or any of its affiliated companies.
- (2) Directors and supervisors of the Company or any of its affiliated companies.
- (3) The person, spouse, minor children, or natural person shareholders who hold more than 1% of the Company's total issued shares or the top ten shareholders in the name of others.
- (4) A manager of (1) or spouse, relative within the second degree of kinship, or lineal relative within the

third degree of kinship, of any of (2) or (3).

- (5) A director, supervisor or employee of a corporate shareholder that directly holds 5% or more of the total number of issued shares of the Company or ranks as one of its top five shareholders or appoints a representative as the director of the Company pursuant to Article 27 of the Company Act.
- (6) A director, supervisor, or employee of another company where a majority of the Company's directorships or voting shares and those of another company are controlled by the same person.
- (7) The same person as the Company's Chairman, President or person with equivalent position or the director (managing director), supervisor or employee of company or institution of the spouse thereof.
- (8) A director (council member), supervisor, manager, or shareholder holding 5% or more of the shares, of a specified company or institution that has a financial or business relationship with the Company.
- (9) A professional individual who, or an owner, partner, director (council member), supervisor, or officer of a sole proprietorship, partnership, company, or institution that, provides auditing services to the Company or any affiliate of the Company, or that provides commercial, legal, financial, accounting or related services to the Company or any affiliate of the Company for which the provider in the last two years has received cumulative compensation exceeding NT\$500 thousand, or a spouse thereof. This shall not apply to those who serve as members of the Company's Remuneration Committee.
- Note 2: Wang, Wei, member of the Remuneration Committee, took office on November 4, 2022, and Cai, Jia-Sheng, member of the Remuneration Committee, resigned on November 4, 2022.
 - 2. Responsibility of the Remuneration Committee

The members of Remuneration Committee shall exercise the care of a good administrator in faithfully performing the official powers listed below, be accountable to the Board of Directors, and submit its recommendations for deliberation by the Board of Directors:

- (1) Formulate and regularly review the policies, systems, standards and structure of performance evaluation and remuneration of directors and managers.
- (2) Regularly evaluate and determine the remunerations of directors and managers, including cash compensation, bonuses, retirement benefits, severance payment, allowances and other substantial incentives.
- 3. Information on the operation of the Remuneration Committee
 - (1) The Company's Remuneration Committee has four Committee members in total
 - (2) The term of office of the committee members is from June 20, 2022 through June 19, 2025. The Remuneration Committee held three meetings during 2022. The qualifications and attendance of the members are as follows:

| Title | Name | Actual attendance | Proxy attendance | Actual attendance (%) (Note) | Remarks |
|----------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Convener | Wang, Guo-Cheng | 3 | 3 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Member | Lin, Tian-Fa | 3 | 3 | 100% | Re-elected on June 20, 2022 |
| Member | Cai, Jia-Sheng | 2 | 2 | | Resigned on November 4, 2022 |
| Member | Wang, Wei | 1 | 1 | 100% | Took office on November 4, 2022 |

Other mentionable items:

- Where the Board of Directors does not adopt or amend the proposal(s) posed by the Remuneration Committee: The Company shall expressly elaborate on the date, session while the board of directors meeting was convened, contents of the issues, outcome of decisions resolved in the Board of Directors and the Company's response to the opinions posed by the Remuneration Committee: None.
- 2. Where a decision resolved in the Remuneration Committee is found in contravention of rules or in qualified opinion as verified with records or documented declaration, the Company shall expressly elaborate on the date, terms of the meeting convened by the Remuneration Committee, contents of agenda, opinions of all members and acts taken in response to such opinions:

| | of all members and dets take | | |
|--|--|--|---|
| Session/ Date | Proposal content and subsequent handling | Resolution result | The Company's response to the opinions posed by the Remuneration Committee |
| 8th meeting of the 4th Remuneration Committee on March 21, 2022 | Reviewed the performance evaluation of directors and managers in 2021. Reviewed the plan for allocating directors' remuneration and employees' bonus. Reviewed the proposal to amend the Remuneration Committee Charter. Reviewed the countermeasures for recent updates of important human resources laws and regulations. | All present Committee members approved without objection. All present Committee members approved without objection, which will be sent to the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors, and the Shareholders' Meeting for deliberation. All present Committee members approved without objection, which will be sent to the Board of Directors for deliberation. All present Committee members approved without objection, which will be sent to the Board of Directors for deliberation. All present Committee members approved without objection. | Proposed to the Board of Directors for approval by all directors present. |
| 1st meeting of the 5th Remuneration Committee September 26, 2022 | Election of the convener of the 5th Remuneration Committee. Countermeasures for impacts of organizational changes and talent shortage. | Member Wang, Guo- Cheng was elected as the convener of the 5th Remuneration Committee. All present Committee members approved without objection. | The proposal results will be used as the direction for the subsequent system promotion. |
| 2nd meeting of the 5th Remuneration Committee December 26, 2022 | Reviewed the year-end bonus and salary structure of senior executives in 2022. Report and consultation on domestic and foreign sales bonus structure. | All present Committee members approved without objection. All present Committee members approved without objection. All present Committee | The proposal results will be used as the direction for the subsequent system promotion. |

| 3. Reviewed the w of the Remunera Committee in 20 | |
|---|--|
|---|--|

- Note: (1) If a member of the Remuneration Committee resigns before the end of the year, the date of resignation shall be indicated in the Remarks column. The actual attendance (%) is calculated with the number of meetings attended by each member divided by the number of committee meetings held during their term of office.
 - (2) If there is a re-election of the Remuneration Committee before the end of the year, both the new and former members of the Remuneration Committee should be listed, and the status (former, new or re-elected) and date of re-election shall be indicated in the Remarks column. The actual attendance (%) is calculated with the number of meetings attended by each member divided by the number of committee meetings held during their term of office.

 (V) Implementation of the promotion of sustainable development and the deviation and causes of deviation from the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies:

| | | Implementation status (Note 1) | | | Deviations from |
|----|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | | "Sustainable |
| | Promotion items | | | | Development |
| | | | | | Best Practice |
| | | | | | Principles for |
| | | Yes | No | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed |
| | | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | | reasons |
| I. | Does the Company have a | | | The Company has established a | |
| | specific (or part-time) unit | | | framework for promoting sustainable | |
| | set up to promote the | | | development, with the Chairman as | |
| | sustainable development | | | the chief convener. In February | |
| | governance framework, and | | | 2023, the ESG Office was | |
| | the Board of Directors | | | established as the dedicated unit for | |
| | authorizing the | | | sustainable development. Since | |
| | management to handle | | | March 29, 2023, the ESG Office has | |
| | matters and report the | | | been reporting to the Board of | |
| | supervision results to the | | | Directors on the development | |
| | Board of Directors? | | | strategy of ESG and set up task | |
| | | | | groups to carry out various tasks, | |
| | | ✓ | / | including the organization of carbon | None |
| | | | | inventories and the environmental | Trone |
| | | | | protection, occupational safety and | |
| | | | | human rights requirements for | |
| | | | | suppliers. | |
| | | | | The sustainable development | |
| | | | | strategy takes the United Nations | |
| | | | | Sustainable Development Goals | |
| | | | | (SDGs) as the linkage goals, and the | |
| | | | | implementation direction is planned | |
| | | | | accordingly. In the future, we will | |
| | | | | continue to adjust and refine the | |
| | | | | planning and execution of | |
| | | | | sustainable development strategies. | |

| | | |] | Implementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|------------------------|
| | | | | • • • • | "Sustainable |
| | Promotion items | Yes | | | Development |
| | | | No | | Best Practice |
| | | | | | Principles for |
| | | | | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed |
| | | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | | reasons |
| | | | | Regularly report to the Board of | |
| | | | | Directors on the planning and | |
| | | | | progress of promoting sustainable | |
| | | | | development according to the | |
| | | | | regulations, and the Board of | |
| | | | | Directors shall supervise and provide | |
| | | | | guidance on environmental, social | |
| | | | | and corporate governance issues | |
| | | | | related to sustainable development. | |
| II. | Does the company assess | | | The Company follows the | |
| | the risk of environmental, | | | "Sustainable Development Best | |
| | social, and governance | | | Practice Principles", implements | |
| | (ESG) issues in relation to | | | corporate governance, conducts risk | |
| | corporate operations based | | | evaluations on environmental, social | |
| | on the materiality principles | | | and corporate governance issues | |
| | and establish policies or | | | related to corporate operations, | Same as the |
| | strategies in relation to risk | | \checkmark | develops a sustainable environment | |
| | management? (Note 2) | | • | and protects social welfare, and | Summary Description |
| | | | | formulates relevant risk management | Description |
| | | | | strategies and measures for major | |
| | | | | issues. For details, please refer to the | |
| | | | | evaluation results and strategy | |
| | | | | description under "Analysis and | |
| | | | | assessment of risk matters" on pages | |
| | | | | 156~159 of this annual report. | |
| III. | Environmental issues | | | I. In order to meet the ISO 13485 | |
| (I) | Does the company have an | \checkmark | | certification specifications for | None |
| | appropriate environmental | | | medical products, the Company's | INOILE |
| | management system | | | production mode is mainly | |

| | |] | mplementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|---------------------------|-----|----|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | Yes | | | "Sustainable |
| | | No | | Development |
| | | | | Best Practice |
| Promotion items | | | | Principles for |
| | | | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed |
| | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | reasons |
| established in accordance | | | product assembly, and we require | |
| with its industrial | | | our suppliers of raw materials for | |
| characteristics? | | | the manufacturing process to | |
| | | | comply with the requirements of | |
| | | | our customers and the European | |
| | | | Union's RoHS (Restriction of | |
| | | | Hazardous Substances) for | |
| | | | electronic products to reduce | |
| | | | environmental pollution. The | |
| | | | industry is not a high energy- | |
| | | | consuming industry, and all of | |
| | | | our products and process outputs | |
| | | | will not cause environmental | |
| | | | pollution, and we are striving to | |
| | | | develop green products. | |
| | | | II. The Company complies with all | |
| | | | environmental protection laws | |
| | | | and regulations, and our | |
| | | | factories' environmental | |
| | | | management system meets the | |
| | | | requirements of environmental | |
| | | | protection laws and regulations. | |
| | | | Based on the environmental | |
| | | | protection concept, we strive to | |
| | | | comply with various | |
| | | | international laws and | |
| | | | certification specifications in the | |
| | | | process of R&D, design, | |
| | | | manufacturing, sales and | |
| | | | distribution. The Company also | |

| | |] | Implementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|-------------------------------|--------------|----|--|-----------------|
| | | | | "Sustainable |
| | | | | Development |
| | | | | Best Practice |
| Promotion items | • • | | | Principles for |
| | Yes | No | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed |
| | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | reasons |
| | | | promotes energy-saving and | |
| | | | carbon-reduction measures | |
| | | | within the Company to fulfill our | |
| | | | responsibilities and obligations | |
| | | | for environmental protection. | |
| (II) Is the company committed | | | The Company has a low possibility | |
| to enhancing the power | | | of pollution in the manufacturing | |
| efficiency and using | | | process, and the employees follow | |
| renewable materials that are | | | the practice of turning off lights and | |
| with low impact on the | | | air conditioners when leaving to | |
| environmental impacts? | | | effectively save energy. We also | |
| | | | promote electronic operations to | |
| | | | reduce paper usage and recycle paper | |
| | | | for effective use, and carry out waste | |
| | | | classification and resource recovery. | |
| | | | With regard to the use of renewable | |
| | \checkmark | | materials, there may be potential | None |
| | | | issues such as insufficient | TUTIC |
| | | | mechanical strength or | |
| | | | biocompatibility for medical devices. | |
| | | | In view of the protection of users and | |
| | | | caregivers, the Company must | |
| | | | perform prudent evaluation. | |
| | | | However, we will gradually promote | |
| | | | the concept of sustainable or green | |
| | | | procurement for procurements | |
| | | | related to operational activities in | |
| | | | order to strengthen the proportion of | |
| | | | sustainable or green procurement. | |

| | |] | [mp] | ementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|-------------------------------|--------------|----|------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | | "Sustainable Development |
| | | | | | Best Practice |
| Promotion items | | | | ~ | Principles for |
| | Yes | No | | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed |
| | | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | | reasons |
| (III) Does the Company assess | | | I. | The Company is engaged in | |
| the present and future | | | | R&D, manufacturing and sales | |
| potential risks and | | | | of medical devices, and is not in | |
| opportunities of climate | | | | a high energy-consuming | |
| change on the Company and | | | | industry, so we do not set up or | |
| take actions to related? | | | | use a lot of facilities that emit | |
| | | | | greenhouse gases. However, air | |
| | | | | conditioning temperature | |
| | | | | control is carried out in summer | |
| | | | | to effectively utilize energy and | |
| | | | | achieve energy saving and | |
| | | | | carbon reduction goals. | |
| | \checkmark | | II. | The general temperature | None |
| | | | | increase caused by climate | |
| | | | | change indirectly increases the | |
| | | | | Company's load on air | |
| | | | | conditioning equipment. When | |
| | | | | conducting maintenance, we | |
| | | | | also review the need for | |
| | | | | replacement to cope with the | |
| | | | | increased carbon emissions and | |
| | | | | reduced efficiency of the | |
| | | | | equipment, and purchase green | |
| | | | | and low-carbon products as far | |
| | | | | as possible. | |
| (IV) Did the Company produce | | | | e Company has produced statistics | |
| statistics on the GHG | | | | carbon emissions, water | |
| emissions, water | \checkmark | | | sumption, and total waste in the | None |
| consumption, and total | | | - | t two years, which will be | |
| waste in the last two years? | | | dise | closed in the Sustainability | |

| | |] | Implementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|--------------------------|-----|----|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | "Sustainable |
| | | | | Development |
| | | | | Best Practice |
| Promotion items | | | | Principles for |
| | Yes | No | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed |
| | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | reasons |
| Has the company | | | Report. The management strategy is | |
| established policies for | | | described below: | |
| GHG reduction, water | | | I. Greenhouse gas reduction: We | |
| conservation, and waste | | | have already changed the air | |
| management? | | | compressor drainer to the non- | |
| 6 | | | gas-consumption type, replaced | |
| | | | LED lamps, and adjusted the | |
| | | | temperature of the air | |
| | | | conditioners and water chillers | |
| | | | to saved electricity. In 2023, we | |
| | | | plan to conduct a greenhouse | |
| | | | gas inventory in the parent | |
| | | | company, and the results will | |
| | | | be used as a reference for | |
| | | | setting subsequent reduction | |
| | | | targets. In the future, the GHG | |
| | | | reduction targets will be set | |
| | | | gradually through the | |
| | | | sustainable development | |
| | | | framework and promotion plan. | |
| | | | According to internal | |
| | | | evaluation (not yet certified by | |
| | | | a third party), the GHG | |
| | | | emissions of the Company (the | |
| | | | parent company, excluding | |
| | | | subsidiaries) should be | |
| | | | dominated by electricity use, | |
| | | | and the carbon emissions | |
| | | | (electricity use) in the past two | |
| | | | years were 858 metric tons | |

| | |] | [mple | ementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|-----------------|-----|----|-------|--|-----------------|
| | | | | <u> </u> | "Sustainable |
| | | | | | Development |
| | | | | | Best Practice |
| Promotion items | | | | | Principles for |
| | Yes | No | | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed |
| | | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | | reasons |
| | | | | (2020) and 886 metric tons | |
| | | | | (2021), respectively | |
| | | | II. | Water consumption reduction: | |
| | | | 11. | The Company is not in a water- | |
| | | | | consuming industry and mainly | |
| | | | | uses water for domestic | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | purposes, with water | |
| | | | | consumption of 7,374 m^3 | |
| | | | | (2020) and 7,417 m ³ (2021) | |
| | | | | respectively in the past two | |
| | | | | years. Water conservation | |
| | | | | management measures mainly | |
| | | | | include the installation of | |
| | | | | sensor-activated faucets, water | |
| | | | | savers, and two-stage toilet | |
| | | | | flushers to save domestic water. | |
| | | | | The current processes are | |
| | | | | mainly assembly and testing, | |
| | | | | and there is no significant water | |
| | | | | demand for the processes. | |
| | | | III. | Reduction of other wastes: the | |
| | | | | Company generated 37,435 kg | |
| | | | | (2020) and 45,476 kg (2021) of | |
| | | | | general wastes in the past two | |
| | | | | years. The Company attaches | |
| | | | | importance to the internal | |
| | | | | management of waste. In | |
| | | | | addition to garbage sorting, the | |
| | | | | Company also uses various | |
| | | | | recycling measures to reduce | |

| | |] | Implementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|------------------------------|-----|----|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | _ | | "Sustainable |
| | | | | Development |
| | | | | Best Practice |
| Promotion items | | | | Principles for |
| | Yes | No | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed |
| | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | reasons |
| | | | the generation of wastes. In the | Teasons |
| | | | past two years, 24,634 kg | |
| | | | (2020) and 18,790 kg (2021) of | |
| | | | waste fabric may be generated | |
| | | | during the product development | |
| | | | and manufacturing process, | |
| | | | respectively. In addition to | |
| | | | reducing the production of | |
| | | | waste fabrics by internal R&D | |
| | | | and production process | |
| | | | management, we also ask the | |
| | | | employees to reuse the waste | |
| | | | fabrics. | |
| IV. Social issues | | | The Company has formulated the | |
| (I) Does the company | | | "Rules of the Occupational Safety | |
| formulate appropriate | | | and Health Act" in accordance with | |
| management policies and | | | the relevant laws and regulations on | |
| procedures according to | | | occupational safety and health, | |
| relevant regulations and the | | | which has been approved by the | |
| International Bill of Human | | | competent authority. | |
| Rights? | | | The Company is committed to | |
| Tubuto. | ~ | | building a safe and healthy working | None |
| | | | environment and complying with | 1,0110 |
| | | | local laws and regulations, and | |
| | | | supports and respects international | |
| | | | labor and human rights norms, | |
| | | | including the International Labor | |
| | | | Office Tripartite Declaration of | |
| | | | Principles and the United Nations | |
| | | | Universal Declaration of Human | |
| | I | | | |

| | |] | Implementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|-----------------|-----|----|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | "Sustainable |
| | | | | Development |
| | | | | Best Practice |
| Promotion items | | | | Principles for |
| | Yes | No | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed |
| | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | reasons |
| | | | Diabta ata Tha Company has | Teasons |
| | | | Rights, etc. The Company has | |
| | | | established safe working principles | |
| | | | and emergency response plans, and | |
| | | | has also established sexual | |
| | | | harassment prevention measures in | |
| | | | accordance with the Act of Gender | |
| | | | Equality in Employment, as | |
| | | | described below: | |
| | | | I. Objectives | |
| | | | 1. To comply with domestic | |
| | | | safety and health regulations | |
| | | | and standards, and provide a | |
| | | | safe working environment for | |
| | | | employees. | |
| | | | 2. To promote work safety and | |
| | | | physical and mental health of | |
| | | | employees. | |
| | | | 3. To deepen the awareness, | |
| | | | responsibility and | |
| | | | commitment of all employees | |
| | | | to safety and health. | |
| | | | II. Human rights protection training | |
| | | | practices | |
| | | | 1. Provide a complete series of | |
| | | | occupational safety and | |
| | | | health trainings. | |
| | | | A. Hold fire drills in April | |
| | | | and October every year. | |
| | | | B. Plan one education and | |
| | | | training lecture on human | |
| | I | | u anning recture on nutrian | |

| | |] | Implem | entation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|-----------------|-----|----|--------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | · / | "Sustainable |
| | | | | | Development |
| | | | | | Best Practice |
| Promotion items | | | | | Principles for |
| | Yes | No | | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed |
| | | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | | reasons |
| | | | | factors induced skeletal | Teusons |
| | | | | injury prevention and | |
| | | | | unlawful infringement | |
| | | | | prevention every year. | |
| | | | | C. Plan four to six | |
| | | | | occupational safety/fire | |
| | | | | safety education courses | |
| | | | | each year. | |
| | | | 2 | Provide online courses. | |
| | | | ۷. | The content includes: anti- | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | sexual harassment, self- | |
| | | | | protection guide against | |
| | | | | employment discrimination, | |
| | | | | Act of Gender Equality in | |
| | | | | Employment, and fire safety | |
| | | | 2 | promotion. | |
| | | | 5. | Provide legal compliance | |
| | | | | education in orientation | |
| | | | | training. The content includes: | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | occupational safety and | |
| | | | | health training, general safety | |
| | | | | and health education. | |
| | | | | tistics of occupational | |
| | | | | cidents and main improvement | |
| | | | | asures in current year: | |
| | | | 1. | There were 6 occupational | |
| | | | | accidents (involving 6 | |
| | | | | persons) reported by the | |
| | | | | parent company, mainly in- | |

| | |] | [mp | len | nentation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|----------------------|------------|----|-----|-----|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | r | | | "Sustainable |
| | | | | | | Development |
| | | | | | | Best Practice |
| Promotion ite | ms | | | | | Principles for |
| | Yes | No | | | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | | Listed |
| | | | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | | | reasons |
| | | | | | plant accidents and | |
| | | | | | commuting traffic accidents, | |
| | | | | | accounting for 2.16% of the | |
| | | | | | total number of employees of | |
| | | | | | the parent company. | |
| | | | | 2. | | |
| | | | | | been improved by modifying | |
| | | | | | the working methods and | |
| | | | | | adding new protective | |
| | | | | | measures and tools, while the | |
| | | | | | commuting traffic accidents | |
| | | | | | have been improved by | |
| | | | | | holding regular occupational | |
| | | | | | health and safety trainings to | |
| | | | | | inform the common traffic | |
| | | | | | accidents and the | |
| | | | | | countermeasures. | |
| (II) Has the company | | | 1. | Т | he Articles of Incorporation | |
| established and | | | | S | tipulate that if the Company | |
| implemented reas | sonable | | | n | nakes a profit in a fiscal year, it | |
| employee welfare | e measures | | | s | hall set aside 5% to 15% of the | |
| (including remun | eration, | | | р | rofit as employees' | |
| leave, and other b | oenefits) | | | re | emuneration, which shall be | None |
| and appropriately | | | | d | istributed in shares or cash as | none |
| business perform | ance and | | | re | esolved by the Board of | |
| achievements in t | he | | | Ľ | Directors, to employees of | |
| remuneration for | | | | c | ontrolling and subsidiary | |
| employees? | | | | c | ompanies under certain | |
| | | | | c | onditions. | |

| | | 1 | Imr | elementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|--------------------------------|--------------|----|------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | լուր | | "Sustainable |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | Development Best Practice |
| Drawatianitana | | | | | |
| Promotion items | Yes | No | | Summary description | Principles for |
| | | | | | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed |
| | | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | | reasons |
| | | | 2. | The Company's remunerations | |
| | | | | to directors, managers and | |
| | | | | employees are determined based | |
| | | | | on a stable salary structure that | |
| | | | | takes into account the | |
| | | | | sustainable corporate operation | |
| | | | | and interests of shareholders, as | |
| | | | | well as variable bonuses linked | |
| | | | | with overall operational | |
| | | | | performance of the Company, | |
| | | | | job attributes and individual | |
| | | | | performance achievement | |
| | | | | status, which will be taken as an | |
| | | | | incentive factor to realize a | |
| | | | | salary package consolidating | |
| | | | | and motivating the directors, | |
| | | | | managers and employees. We | |
| | | | | will establish the relevant | |
| | | | | regulations as the basis for | |
| | | | | implementation, and review and | |
| | | | | revise them regularly according | |
| | | | | to the operating conditions in | |
| | | | | order to maintain the | |
| | | | | competitiveness of | |
| | | | | remuneration. | |
| | | | 3. | | |
| | | | 5. | For other employee benefits, | |
| | | | | please refer to pages 134~137 of | |
| (III) Doog the Company marriel | | | тı | this annual report. | |
| (III) Does the Company provide | \checkmark | | | e Company provides a safe | None |
| employees with a safe and | | | en | vironment for employees and has | |

| | |] | Implementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|---------------------------|-----|----|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | - | | "Sustainable |
| | | | | Development |
| | | | | Best Practice |
| Promotion items | | | | Principles for |
| | Yes | No | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed |
| | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | reasons |
| healthy work environment, | | | established the Rules of the | |
| and provide safety and | | | Occupational Safety and Health Act | |
| health education to | | | and the emergency response plan, as | |
| employees regularly? | | | well as harassment prevention and | |
| | | | control measures in accordance with | |
| | | | the Act of Gender Equality in | |
| | | | Employment, so that employees can | |
| | | | work in a safe and healthy | |
| | | | environment. | |
| | | | | |
| | | | ■The main measures for a safe and | |
| | | | healthy working environment are | |
| | | | as follows: | |
| | | | 1. Implement environmental | |
| | | | testing (organic solvents) | |
| | | | 2. Electrical and mechanical | |
| | | | protection measures | |
| | | | (1) In the first half of each | |
| | | | year, the high voltage | |
| | | | electrical part will be | |
| | | | inspected with power cut. | |
| | | | In the second half of each | |
| | | | year, the high voltage | |
| | | | electrical part will be | |
| | | | inspected by infrared | |
| | | | thermal imaging without | |
| | | | power cut. | |
| | | | (2) Lifts (passenger and | |
| | | | freight lifts) will be | |

| Promotion items Yes No Summary description "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEX Listed Companies" and reasons (3) Fire safety (annual fire inspector regularly every year. (3) Fire safety (annual fire inspection in October) 3. Barrier-free facilities 4. Access control: 24h security guards, 24h surveillance video system, and digital access control system management. Employee health care measures. The main measures are as follows: 1. Provide regular employee health care measures. 1. Promote healthy life. The employees have established various clubs, and the Company provide subsidies to encourage employees to participate in various clubs to hold activities from time to time. 3. 3. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. 4. | | |] | Implementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|--|-----------------|----------|----|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Promotion itemsYesNoSummary descriptionDevelopment Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEX Listed Companies" and reasonsImage: transmission of tr | | <u> </u> | | | |
| Promotion itemsYesNoSummary descriptionBest Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and reasons(3)inspected regularly every year. (3)Simmer free facilities 4. Access control: 24h security guards, 24h surveillance video system, and digital access control system management.(3)Employee health care measures. The main measures are as follows: 1.1.Promote healthy life. The employees have established various clubs and the Company provides subsidies to encourage employees to participate in various clubs and the courage the clubs to hold activities from time to time.3.A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City.4.In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | | |
| Promotion items Yes No Summary description Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and reasons Image: state of the state of | | | | | - |
| Yes No Summary description TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and reasons inspected regularly every year. (3) (3) Fire safety (annual fire inspection in October) 3. 3. Barrier-free facilities 4. 4. Access control: 24h security guards, 24h surveillance video system, and digital access control system management. • • Employee health care measures. The main measures are as follows: 1. 1. Provide regular employee health examinations that are better than regulations. 2. 2. Promote healthy life. The employees subsidies to encourage employees to participate in various clubs, and the Company provides subsidies to encourage employees to participate in various clubs and encourage the clubs to hold activities from time to time. 3. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. 4. In addition to the statuory insurance, we also provide | Promotion items | | | | |
| Listed Companies" and reasonsinspected regularly every year.(3) Fire safety (annual fire inspection in October)3. Barrier-free facilities4. Access control: 24h security guards, 24h surveillance video system, and digital access control system management.• Employee health care measures. The main measures are as follows:1. Provide regular employee health examinations that are better than regulations.2. Promote healthy life. The employees to participate in various clubs, and the Company provides subsidies to encourage employees to participate in various clubs and encourage the clubs to hold activities from time to time.3. A breastfeeding room in New Taipei City.4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | Yes | No | Summary description | - |
| Image: Companies" and reasons inspected regularly every year. (3) Fire safety (annual fire inspection in October) 3. Barrier-free facilities 4. Access control: 24h security guards, 24h surveillance video system, and digital access control system management. • Employee health care measures. The main measures are as follows: 1. Provide regular employee health examinations that are better than regulations. 2. Promote healthy life. The employees have established various clubs, and the Company provides subsidies to encourage employees to participate in various clubs to hold activities from time to time. 3. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. | | | | | |
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| System, and digital access control system management. Employee health care measures. The main measures are as follows: Provide regular employee health examinations that are better than regulations. Promote healthy life. The employees have established various clubs, and the Company provides subsidies to encourage employees to participate in various clubs and encourage the clubs to hold activities from time to time. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | • | |
| control system management. Employee health care measures. The main measures are as follows: Provide regular employee health examinations that are better than regulations. Promote healthy life. The employees have established various clubs, and the Company provides subsidies to encourage employees to participate in various clubs and encourage the clubs to hold activities from time to time. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | | |
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| The main measures are as follows: 1. Provide regular employee health examinations that are better than regulations. 2. Promote healthy life. The employees have established various clubs, and the Company provides subsidies to encourage employees to participate in various clubs and encourage the clubs to hold activities from time to time. 3. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. 4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | control system management. | |
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| employees have established various clubs, and the Company provides subsidies to encourage employees to participate in various clubs and encourage the clubs to hold activities from time to time. 3. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. 4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | better than regulations. | |
| various clubs, and the Company provides subsidies to encourage employees to participate in various clubs and encourage the clubs to hold activities from time to time. 3. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. 4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | 2. Promote healthy life. The | |
| provides subsidies to encourage employees to participate in various clubs and encourage the clubs to hold activities from time to time. 3. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. 4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | employees have established | |
| employees to participate in various clubs and encourage the clubs to hold activities from time to time. 3. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. 4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | various clubs, and the Company | |
| various clubs and encourage the clubs to hold activities from time to time. 3. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. 4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | provides subsidies to encourage | |
| clubs to hold activities from time to time. 3. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. 4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | employees to participate in | |
| time to time. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | various clubs and encourage the | |
| 3. A breastfeeding room has been set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. 4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | clubs to hold activities from | |
| set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. 4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | time to time. | |
| set up and has been certified as an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. 4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | 3. A breastfeeding room has been | |
| an excellent breastfeeding room in New Taipei City. 4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | - | |
| in New Taipei City.4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | _ | |
| 4. In addition to the statutory insurance, we also provide | | | | • | |
| insurance, we also provide | | | | | |
| | | | | • | |
| group insurance so that our | | | | group insurance so that our | |

| | | |] | Implementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | "Sustainable |
| | | | | | Development |
| | | | | | Best Practice |
| | Promotion items | Yes | No | Summer description | Principles for |
| | | 168 | INO | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed |
| | | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | | reasons |
| | | | | employees can enjoy more | |
| | | | | comprehensive insurance | |
| | | | | benefits. | |
| | | | | 5. We provide on-site services of | |
| | | | | professional doctors and nurses | |
| | | | | for consultation of employees. | |
| (IV) | Does the Company have an | | | The Company provides effective | |
| | effective career capacity | | | career capacity development training | |
| | development training | \checkmark | | programs for employees and hold | None |
| | program established for the | · | | professional education and training | None |
| | employees? | | | activities regularly to enhance their | |
| | | | | career capacity development. | |
| (V) | Does the company comply | | | The Company complies with the | |
| | with the related laws and | | | related laws and regulations and | |
| | regulations and international | | | international standards regarding the | |
| | standards regarding the | | | customer health and safety, customer | |
| | customer health and safety, | | | privacy, marketing communication, | |
| | customer privacy, marking | | | and labeling of its products and | |
| | communication, and | | | services, and has established a | |
| | labeling of its products and | \checkmark | | customer service department and | None |
| | services and establish | • | | rules for handling customer | None |
| | policies to protect the rights | | | complaints to enhance customer | |
| | and interests of customers | | satisfaction. | | |
| | and procedures for | | | In addition, the Company has set up | |
| | grievances? | | | a Stakeholder section provide them | |
| | | | | with means to ask questions, file | |
| | | | | complaints, or make suggestions. | |
| | | | | Based on the principle of good faith, | |

| | |] | Implementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|------------------------------|------------|------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| | | | | "Sustainable |
| | | | | Development |
| | | | | Best Practice |
| Promotion items | T 7 | . . | | Principles for |
| | Yes | No | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed |
| | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | reasons |
| | | | we properly respond and give | |
| | | | feedback to protect their rights. | |
| (VI) Has the company | | | The Company's supplier | |
| established policies for | | | management policy is based on the | |
| management to request | | | "Management Regulations on | |
| suppliers to comply with the | | | Purchase Operations" and | Same as the Summary Description |
| relevant laws and | | | "Specification for Purchase | |
| regulations of | | | Operations", and the evaluation of | |
| environmental protection, | | | suppliers is scheduled every year. In | |
| occupational safety and | | ✓ | the future, we will follow the | |
| health, and labor human | | ľ | planning of the sustainable | |
| rights? Does the company | | | development framework to include | Description |
| keep track on the | | | the selection and evaluation of | |
| implementation of such | | | suppliers in the environmental | |
| policies? | | | protection, occupational safety and | |
| | | | health, and labor and labor human | |
| | | | rights issues to meet the relevant | |
| | | | regulations. | |
| V. Did the Company, | | | The Company has been preparing | |
| following internationally | | | CSR reports according to the GRI | |
| recognized guidelines, | | | standards since 2020, but has not | |
| prepare and publish reports | | | applied for assurance or guarantee of | |
| such as its sustainable | | | such reports to a third-party | Same as the |
| environment report to | | ✓ | certification body. The Company | Summary |
| disclose non-financial | | | will consider whether to obtain third- | Description |
| information of the | | | party certification depending on its | |
| Company? Did the | | | future operations and scale and the | |
| Company apply for | | | changes in the market. | |
| assurance or guarantee of | | | The Company's report has been | |

| | | |] | Implementation status (Note 1) | Deviations from |
|------|---------------------------------|---------|-------|---|-------------------|
| | | | | | "Sustainable |
| | | | | | Development |
| | | | | | Best Practice |
| | Promotion items | V | NT- | Orana na ana da a ministra n | Principles for |
| | | Yes | INO | Summary description | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed |
| | | | | | Companies" and |
| | | | | | reasons |
| | such reports to a third-party | | | published on the official website and | |
| | certification body? | | | the ESG report has been disclosed on | |
| | | | | the Market Observation Post System | |
| | | | | in accordance with the regulations. | |
| VI. | If the Company has establish | ned t | he c | corporate social responsibility principle | es based on "the |
| | Corporate Social Responsibility | ility] | Best | t-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx | Listed |
| | Companies", please describe | e any | dis | crepancy between the Principles and th | neir |
| | implementation: No major d | iscre | pan | cy. | |
| VII. | Other important information | that | hel | ps understand the implementation of s | ustainable |
| | development: In response to | envi | iron | mental protection, the Company uses e | e-mail instead of |
| | paper as far as possible and | make | es pi | roper use of recycled paper to achieve | energy-saving |
| | and carbon-reducing operati | ons; | the | Company has also been participating i | n public welfare |
| 1 | | | | | |

Note 1: If "Yes" is checked for implementation, please specify the important policies, strategies and measures adopted and their implementation. If "No" is checked, please explain the differences and reasons in the "Deviations from Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and Reasons" column, and specify the future plans for relevant policies, strategies and measures. <u>However, with regard to the Promotion Items 1 and 2, the TWSE/TPEx listed companies should describe the governance and supervisory framework for sustainable development, including but not limited to management policy, strategy and goal setting, and review measures. In addition, please describe the Company's risk management policies or strategies on environmental, social and corporate governance issues related to its operations, and the evaluation thereof.</u>

activities for a long time to give back to the public in a timely manner.

Note 2: The materiality principle refers to the relative importance of environmental, social and corporate governance issues on the Company's investors and other interested parties.

| | 1 0 | | | Actual Covernance (Note) | Deviations from |
|-----|--------------------------------|-----|----|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | | Actual Governance (Note) | |
| | | | | | "the Corporate Social |
| | | | | | |
| | A account out Itama | | | | Responsibility Best-Practice |
| | Assessment Items | Yes | No | Summary description | |
| | | | | | Principles for TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | | - |
| I. | Dusinass Integrity Delies, and | | | 1 The Commonw's commonste | and reasons |
| 1. | Business Integrity Policy and | | | 1. The Company's corporate | |
| | action plans | | | culture core values are | |
| (I) | Has the Company established | | | "Integrity, Professionalism, | |
| | policies for ethical corporate | | | and Innovation". Integrity is | |
| | management approved by the | | | the top priority of the | |
| | board of directors and stated | | | Company and is required to be | |
| | such policies and practices in | | | observed by customers, | |
| | its regulations and external | | | vendors, and employees, | |
| | documents and in the | | | starting with the management. | |
| | commitment made by the | | | 2. The Company's Board of | |
| | board of directors and senior | | | Directors has approved the | |
| | management to actively | | | "Ethical Corporate | |
| | implement such policies? | | | Management Best Practice | |
| | | V | | Principles" and "Procedures | None |
| | | | | for Ethical Management and | |
| | | | | Guidelines for Conduct", with | |
| | | | | all relevant matters handled in | |
| | | | | accordance with the Principles | |
| | | | | and Procedures. | |
| | | | | 3. The Company provides online | |
| | | | | training courses (e.g., insider | |
| | | | | trading and the Ethical | |
| | | | | Corporate Management Best | |
| | | | | Practice Principles). | |
| | | | | 4. The directors and senior | |
| | | | | management have issued a | |
| | | | | statement of compliance with | |

(VI) Performance in ethical corporate management inconsistency with the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies":

| | | | Actual Governance (Note) | Deviations from |
|----------------------------------|-----|----|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | "the Corporate |
| | | | | Social |
| | | | | Responsibility |
| Assessment Items | | | | Best-Practice |
| | Yes | No | Summary description | Principles for |
| | | | | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | and reasons |
| | | | the ethical corporate | |
| | | | management policy, and the | |
| | | | Chairman and President of the | |
| | | | Company have signed the | |
| | | | "Statement of Ethical | |
| | | | Corporate Management | |
| | | | Policy" on behalf of the | |
| | | | directors and senior | |
| | | | management, which is | |
| | | | announced on the Company's | |
| | | | official website. | |
| (II) Has the Company established | | | 1. The Company has established | |
| an assessment mechanism of | | | the "Code of Ethical Conduct | |
| risk from unethical behavior to | | | for Directors and Managers", | |
| regularly analyze and assess | | | "Procedures for Ethical | |
| business activities with higher | | | Management and Guidelines | |
| risk of involvement in | | | for Conduct", and "Procedures | |
| unethical behavior and | | | for Handling Material Inside | |
| preventive programs for | | | Information and Prevention of | |
| unethical behaviors containing | | | Insider Trading", and requires | |
| at least the preventive | ✓ | | the establishment of integrity | None |
| measures stated in Paragraph 2, | | | from top to bottom in the | |
| Article 7 of the "Ethical | | | personnel management | |
| Corporate Management Best | | | regulations, and strictly | |
| Practice Principles for | | | prohibits employees from | |
| TWSE/TPEx-Listed | | | engaging in any illegal and | |
| Companies"? | | | bribery practices. In order to | |
| | | | prevent the occurrence of | |
| | | | dishonest behaviors, an | |
| | | | effective reward and | |

| | | | Actual Governance (Note) | Deviations from |
|---|-----|----|---|--|
| Assessment Items | Yes | No | Summary description | "the Corporate Social Responsibility Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and reasons |
| | | | punishment system is clearly established in combination with employee performance evaluation. 2. The Company expressly prohibits employees from offering and accepting bribes, making illegal political contributions, making improper charitable donations or sponsorships, or offering or accepting unreasonable gifts, hospitality or other abnormal benefits. | |
| (III) Has the Company established in the preventive programs the operating procedures for unethical behavior prevention, penalties and grievance systems of breaching the guidelines for conduct, and implemented and periodically review them? | ~ | | The Company has established "Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct" to provide regular training to employees every year to inform the importance of "honesty and integrity"; provide the code of conduct and education and training to new employees upon their entry into the Company to clearly communicate their rights and obligations. The Company also has a "Multi-opinion Channel | None |

| | | | | Actual Governance (Note) | Deviations from |
|------|--------------------------------|--------------|----|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | - | | "the Corporate |
| | | | | | Social |
| | | | | | Responsibility |
| | Assessment Items | x 7 | | | Best-Practice |
| | | Yes | No | Summary description | Principles for |
| | | | | | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | | and reasons |
| | | | | Mailbox" to encourage | |
| | | | | employees to report | |
| | | | | dishonesty or misconduct in | |
| | | | | order to implement ethical | |
| | | | | corporate management and to | |
| | | | | protect the legitimate rights | |
| | | | | and interests of the reporter | |
| | | | | and the counterparty. | |
| II. | Proper enforcement of business | | | The Company adheres to the | |
| | integrity | | | ethical corporate management | |
| (I) | Does the Company have the | | | and adopts a zero tolerance | |
| | integrity of the trade | | | policy for any bribery and illegal | |
| | counterparty assessed and | | | activities, and strictly prohibits | |
| | with the code of integrity | | | dishonest operations of | |
| | expressed in the contract | | | employees, customers and | |
| | signed? | | | vendors. When entering into a | |
| | | \checkmark | | contract with the Company, the | None |
| | | | | rights and obligations of both | |
| | | | | parties are set forth in detail, and | |
| | | | | the contract will clearly stipulate | |
| | | | | that the both parties shall comply | |
| | | | | with the ethical corporate | |
| | | | | management policy to | |
| | | | | implement the principle of | |
| | | | | ethical corporate management. | |
| (II) | Has the Company established | | | The Human Resources Division | Same as the |
| | a dedicated (concurrent) unit | ✓ | | of the Company serves as the | Summary |
| | to implement ethical | | | dedicated unit for ethical | Description |
| | corporate management under | | | corporate management and is | 1 |

| | | | Actual Governance (Note) | Deviations from |
|----------------------------------|-----|----|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | "the Corporate |
| | | | | Social |
| | | | | Responsibility |
| Assessment Items | | | | Best-Practice |
| | Yes | No | Summary description | Principles for |
| | | | | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | and reasons |
| Board of Directors and report | | | responsible for assisting the | |
| regularly (at least once a year) | | | Board of Directors and | |
| to BOD the status of | | | management in formulating and | |
| implementation and | | | supervising the implementation | |
| supervision of ethical | | | of ethical corporate management | |
| management policy and | | | policies and programs to prevent | |
| preventive programs of | | | dishonest behaviors to ensure the | |
| unethical behavior? | | | implementation of the Ethical | |
| | | | Corporate Management Best | |
| | | | Practice Principles. The | |
| | | | dedicated unit reported its | |
| | | | implementation status to the | |
| | | | Board of Directors on November | |
| | | | 4, 2022. | |
| | | | The Company has implemented | |
| | | | the ethical corporate | |
| | | | management policy and the | |
| | | | implementation status in 2022 is | |
| | | | as follows: | |
| | | | 1. Education and training: | |
| | | | internal and external | |
| | | | education and training | |
| | | | courses related to the | |
| | | | Company's ethical corporate | |
| | | | management were held for a | |
| | | | total of 133 hours, and 265 | |
| | | | employees completed and | |
| | | | passed the courses, with a | |
| | | | completion rate of 100%. | |

| | | | Actual Governance (Note) | Deviations from |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | "the Corporate |
| | | | | Social |
| | | | | Responsibility |
| Assessment Items | v | NT | | Best-Practice |
| | Yes | INO | Summary description | Principles for |
| | | | | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | and reasons |
| | | | 2. Review of Reward and | |
| | | | Punishment Specification | |
| | | | and Multi-opinion Channel | |
| | | | Mailbox. As of November 2, | |
| | | | 2022, no report was received | |
| | | | through the Multi-opinion | |
| | | | Channel Mailbox. | |
| (III) Does the Company have | | | The Company's Ethical | |
| developed policies to prevent | | | Corporate Management Best | |
| conflicts of interest, provided | | | Practice Principles, and | |
| adequate channel for | | | Procedures for Ethical | |
| communication, and | | | Management and Guidelines for | |
| substantiated the policies? | ✓ | | Conduct have clearly defined a | None |
| | | | policy to prevent conflicts of | |
| | | | interest, and set up a | |
| | | | representation channel for | |
| | | | employees to present their | |
| | | | opinions. | |
| (IV) Has the Company established | | | In order to ensure the | |
| an effective accounting | | | implementation of ethical | |
| system and an internal control | | | corporate management, the | |
| system for the internal audit | | | Company has established an | |
| unit to establish related audit | | | effective accounting system and | |
| programs based on the results | ✓ | | internal control system. In | None |
| of risk assessment of | | | addition, the auditors regularly | |
| involvement in unethical | | | review the relevant systems and | |
| behavior to audit and prevent | | | prepare an annual audit plan | |
| the compliance with the | | | based on the risk assessment | |
| preventive programs of | | | results, and then perform the | |

| | | | | Actual Governance (Note) | Deviations from |
|----------|-----------------------------|-----|----|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | "the Corporate |
| | | | | | Social |
| | | | | | Responsibility |
| | Assessment Items | | | | Best-Practice |
| | | Yes | No | Summary description | Principles for |
| | | | | | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | | and reasons |
| un | nethical behavior or hire a | | | audit and submit the audit report | |
| CI | PA to perform the audit? | | | to the Board of Directors. | |
| (V) Ha | as the Company organized | | | The Company holds irregular | |
| | orporate management | | | internal meetings to publicize | |
| | ternal and external | | | ethical corporate management in | |
| ed | lucation and training | | | various forms, and hold internal | |
| | ograms on a regular basis? | | | education and training on issues | |
| | | | | related to ethical corporate | |
| | | | | management during the | |
| | | | | orientation training (including | |
| | | | | courses on insider trading, | |
| | | | | intellectual property rights, and | |
| | | | | management of trade secrets) to | |
| | | | | explain the importance of ethical | |
| | | ✓ | | corporate management. | None |
| | | | | In 2022, the Company held | |
| | | | | internal and external education | |
| | | | | and training courses related to | |
| | | | | ethical corporate management | |
| | | | | for a total of 133 hours, and 265 | |
| | | | | employees completed and passed | |
| | | | | the courses, with a completion | |
| | | | | rate of 100%. | |
| | | | | 58 employees (person-time) | |
| | | | | attended 87 hours of lectures on | |
| | | | | insider trading and general legal | |
| | | | | knowledge. | |
| III. The | e operations of the | ✓ | | The Company's Human | None |
| Cor | mpany's Report System | | | Resources Division is the | 1,0110 |

| | | | Actual Governance (Note) | Deviations from |
|----------------------------------|-----|----|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | "the Corporate |
| | | | | Social |
| | | | | Responsibility |
| Assessment Items | | | | Best-Practice |
| | Yes | No | Summary description | Principles for |
| | | | | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | and reasons |
| (I) Does the Company have a | | | dedicated receiving unit and has | |
| specific report and reward | | | established the Ethical Corporate | |
| system stipulated, a convenient | | | Management Best Practice | |
| report channel established and | | | Principles, and Procedures for | |
| a responsible staff designated | | | Ethical Management and | |
| to handle the individual being | | | Guidelines for Conduct to | |
| reported? | | | regulate the specific report and | |
| (II) Has the Company established | | | reward system. Anyone who | |
| standard operating procedures | | | violates the regulations will be | |
| for investigating reported | | | punished in accordance with the | |
| events, follow-up measures to | | | reward and punishment system, | |
| be taken after the investigation | | | and legal action will be taken in | |
| was completed, and related | | | the event of violation of law. | |
| confidentiality mechanisms? | | | The report case acceptance, | |
| (III) Has the Company taken | | | investigation process and results | |
| proper measures to protect the | | | shall be kept, the identity of the | |
| whistle-blowers from suffering | | | whistle-blower and the report | |
| any consequence of reporting | | | content will be indeed kept | |
| an incident? | | | confidential, and the whistle- | |
| | | | blower will not be subjected to | |
| | | | improper disposal measures as a | |
| | | | result of the report. | |
| | | | If a violation is confirmed, the | |
| | | | Company will immediately | |
| | | | request the perpetrator to stop | |
| | | | the relevant behavior and take | |
| | | | appropriate actions, and if | |
| | | | necessary, seek compensation for | |
| | | | damages through legal | |
| | | | proceedings to protect the | |

| | | | Actual Governance (Note) | Deviations from |
|---------------------------------|-----|----|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | "the Corporate |
| | | | | Social |
| | | | | Responsibility |
| Assessment Items | | | | Best-Practice |
| | Yes | No | Summary description | Principles for |
| | | | | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | and reasons |
| | | | Company's reputation and rights, | |
| | | | | |
| | | | and immediately disclose the | |
| | | | title and name of the perpetrator, | |
| | | | date and content of violation, and | |
| | | | disposal on the Company's | |
| | | | internal website. | |
| | | | As of November 2, 2022, no | |
| | | | report was received through the | |
| | | | Multi-opinion Channel Mailbox. | |
| IV. Enhanced information | | | The Company holds irregular | |
| disclosure | | | internal meetings to publicize | |
| Does the company disclose its | | | ethical corporate management in | |
| ethical corporate management | | | various forms, and hold internal | |
| policies and the results of its | | | education and training on issues | |
| implementation on the | | | related to ethical corporate | |
| company's website and | | | management during the | |
| MOPS? | | | orientation training (including | |
| | | | courses on insider trading, | |
| | | | intellectual property rights, and | |
| | √ | | management of trade secrets) to | None |
| | | | explain the importance of ethical | |
| | | | corporate management. | |
| | | | In 2022, the Company held | |
| | | | internal and external education | |
| | | | and training courses related to | |
| | | | ethical corporate management | |
| | | | for a total of 133 hours, and 265 | |
| | | | employees completed and passed | |
| | | | the courses, with a completion | |
| | | | rate of 100%. | |

| | | | Actual Governance (Note) | Deviations from |
|------------------|-----|-----|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | "the Corporate |
| | | | | Social |
| | | | | Responsibility |
| Assessment Items | Yes | NT- | | Best-Practice |
| | | No | | Principles for |
| | | | | TWSE/TPEx |
| | | | | Listed Companies" |
| | | | | and reasons |
| | | | 58 employees (person-time) | |
| | | | attended 87 hours of lectures on | |
| | | | insider trading and general legal | |
| | | | knowledge. | |

- V. Where a Company has established Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles in accordance with the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx-Listed Companies", please specify the difference between its operation and the principles: In accordance with the Company's Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles and various management regulations, all employees, managers and board members are required to comply with the relevant regulations.
- VI. Other vital information that helps to understand the practice of ethical corporate management of the Company (e.g., the review and revision of the ethical corporate management best practice principles of the Company): in the Code of Ethical Conduct for Directors and Managers and the Rules of Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings, the Company clearly defines a corporate culture of honesty and good faith to gain the trust of customers, suppliers and employees to achieve the goal of sustainable management.
 - (VII) Where the Company has formulated the corporate governance principles and related regulations, it should disclose its inquiry method:
 Please refer to the Company's website: https://tw.wellell.com/zh-tw/investor-area/fd7727c48d9b4ce082d20f94e8e33862
 - (VIII) Any other material information that would afford a better understanding of the status of the company's implementation of corporate governance: None.

- (IX) Internal control system implementation:
 - 1. Internal control statement

Wellell Inc. Statement of Internal Control System

Date: March 29, 2023

The following declaration is based on the 2022 self-audit over the Company's internal control policies:

The Company is aware that the establishment, execution, and maintenance of its internal control system is the responsibilities the Company's board of directors and managers. The internal control system was implemented throughout the Company. The system is designed to provide reasonable assurance over the effectiveness and efficiency of our operations (including profitability, performance, and safeguarding of assets, etc.), reliability, timeliness, transparency, and regulatory compliance of our reporting, and compliance with relevant rules, laws, and regulations to achieve the goals.

Internal control policies are prone to limitations. No matter how robustly designed, effective internal control policies merely provide reasonable assurance to the achievements of the three goals above. Furthermore, environmental and situational changes may affect the effectiveness of internal control policies. However, self-supervision measures were implemented within the Company's internal control policies to facilitate immediate rectification once procedural flaws have been identified.

Pursuant to the "Regulations Governing Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies" (hereinafter referred to as "Governing Regulations"), the Company should study and judge whether the Company's internal control system is effective in design and implementation. The criteria adopted by the Regulations identify five key components of a managerial internal control system: (1) control environment, (2) risk assessment, (3) control operations, (4) information and communication, and (5) monitoring operations. Each component also includes several items. Please refer to the Regulations for the preceding items.

The Company has adopted the aforementioned judgment items for the internal control system to evaluate the effectiveness of the Company's internal control system in both design and implementation.

Based on the results of such evaluation, the Company believes that, on December 31, 2022, it has maintained achieving goals, in all material respects, an effective internal control system (that includes the supervision and management of its subsidiaries), to provide reasonable assurance over the operational effectiveness and efficiency, reliability, timeliness, transparency and regulatory compliance of reporting, and compliance with applicable rules, laws, and regulations.

This declaration forms part of the main contents of the Company's annual report and prospectus, and shall be disclosed to the public. Any illegal misrepresentation or non-disclosure relating to the public statement above are subject to the legal consequences under Articles 20, 32, 171, and 174 of the Securities and Exchange Act.

This statement was approved by the Board of Directors on March 29, 2023. Of the nine directors present (one by proxy), none held an opposition, and all directors agreed to the contents of this statement

Wellell Inc.

Chairman:

President:

- 2. Hiring an accountant to audit the Company's internal control system, the audit report prepared by the CPAs should be disclosed: Not applicable.
- (X) If there has been any legal penalty against the Company and its internal personnel, or any disciplinary penalty by the Company against its internal personnel for violation of the internal control system, during the last year and up to the publication date of this annual report, where the result of such penalty could have a material effect on shareholders' equity or securities prices, the penalty, the main defects, and the improvements made shall be disclosed: None.
- (XI) Material resolutions of the board of directors in the latest year and up to the publication date of the annual report

| Board of Directors | Date | | Material resolutions | |
|-----------------------|-----------|----|---|--|
| Board of | March 28, | 1. | Proposal for 2021 Employees' and Directors' | |
| Directors | 2022 | | Remunerations Distribution | |
| | | 2. | 2021 Business Report of the Company | |
| | | 3. | "2021 Financial Statements" and "2021 | |
| | | | Consolidated Financial Statements" of the | |
| | | | Company | |
| | | 4. | Proposal for the Company's 2021 earnings | |
| | | | distribution | |
| | | 5. | 2022 Operation Plan of the Company | |
| | | 6. | The Company proposed to increase the capital of | |
| | | | Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. (AMRL), a UK | |
| | | | holding company, by GBP1.5 million to meet the | |
| | | | operational needs in Europe | |
| | | 7. | Proposal to apply to Mizuho Bank for a change | |

1. Material Resolutions of the Board of Directors

| Board of | Date | Material resolutions | |
|-----------|-------------|---|--|
| Directors | | | |
| | | in financing limit | |
| | | 8. Proposal to apply for a derivative financial | |
| | | instrument trading line from the Bank of Taiwan | |
| | | to meet the needs for working capital and foreign | |
| | | exchange hedging | |
| | | 9. Proposal to apply for general credit line from the | |
| | | CTBC Bank to meet the needs for working | |
| | | capital and foreign exchange hedging | |
| | | 10. Matters regarding the provision of endorsements | |
| | | and guarantees required for the short-term credit | |
| | | line between Wellell America Corp. and CTBC | |
| | | Bank | |
| | | 11. Statement of Internal Control System for 2021 | |
| | | 12. Proposal to amend the Remuneration Committee | |
| | | Charter | |
| | | 13. General re-election of directors | |
| | | 14. The convening of the Company's 2022 Annual | |
| | | Shareholders' Meeting | |
| | | 15. Proposal to determine the period and place for | |
| | | receiving proposals from shareholders in | |
| | | accordance with Article 172-1 of the Company | |
| | | Act | |
| | | 16. The Company determines the period for | |
| | | receiving nominations of director candidates, the | |
| | | number of candidates to be elected, and the place | |
| | | of reception. | |
| | | 17. Proposal on the performance evaluation results | |
| | | of the Company's Board of Directors and | |
| | Ъ. Г | functional committees in 2021 | |
| Board of | May | 1. Proposal of the Company's Consolidated | |
| Directors | 9 ,2022 | Financial Statements for the first quarter of 2022 | |
| | | 2. Proposal to amend the Company's "Articles of | |
| | | Incorporation." | |
| | | 3. Proposal to amend the Company's "Shareholders | |
| | | Meeting Procedure Rules" | |
| | | 4. Proposal to amend the Company's "Assets | |
| | | Acquisition or Disposal Handling Procedures." | |
| | | 5. Proposal to amend the Company's Procedures | |
| | | for Handling Material Inside Information and | |
| | | Prevention of Insider Trading | |

| Board of | Date | | Material resolutions | |
|-----------|------------|-----|--|--|
| Directors | - | | | |
| | | 6. | Proposal to amend the Company's Corporate | |
| | | | Governance Best Practice Principles | |
| | | 7. | Proposal to amend the Company's Corporate | |
| | | | Social Responsibility Best-Practice Principles | |
| | | 8. | Approve the list of candidates for directors and | |
| | | | independent directors nominated by the Board of | |
| | | | Directors at the 2022 Annual Shareholders' | |
| | | | Meeting | |
| | | 9. | Proposal to release of new directors from non- | |
| | | | competition restrictions | |
| | | 10. | Add the convening of the Company's 2021 | |
| | | | Annual Shareholders' Meeting | |
| | | 1. | The 12th directors and independent directors of | |
| Board of | June | | the Company have been fully elected and have | |
| Directors | 22 ,2022 | | taken office. Please elect one person to be the | |
| | | | Chairman of the Board of Directors | |
| | | 2. | Proposal to appoint the 5th Remuneration | |
| | | | Committee members | |
| Board of | August 10, | 1. | Consolidated financial statements of the | |
| Directors | 2022 | | Company for the first half of 2022 | |
| | | 2. | Proposal to renew the short-term general credit | |
| | | | line and export bill line with Hua Nan Bank, | |
| | | | Yonghe Branch to meet the needs for working | |
| | | | capital | |
| | | 3. | Proposal to renew the short-term general credit | |
| | | | line and derivative line from Mega International | |
| | | | Commercial Bank, Tucheng Branch to meet the | |
| | | | needs for working capital and foreign exchange | |
| | | | hedging | |
| Board of | November | 1. | Proposal of Consolidated Financial Statements | |
| Directors | 4 ,2022 | | for the first three quarters of 2022 | |
| | | 2. | The Company's 2023 annual audit plan | |
| | | 3. | The appointment and remuneration of the CPAs | |
| | | | for 2022 | |
| | | 4. | Proposal to renew the short-term general credit | |
| | | | line and derivative line from Mizuho Bank, | |
| | | | Taipei Branch to meet the needs for working | |
| | | | capital and foreign exchange hedging | |
| | | 5. | Proposal to renew the short-term general credit | |
| | | | line, derivative line and export bill line from | |
| | | | Bank of Taiwan, Nangang Branch to meet the | |

| Board of Directors | Date | Material resolutions | |
|-----------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Directors | | needs for working capital and foreign exchange | |
| | | hedging | |
| | | 6. Executed the proposal of the appointment of the Company's 5th Remuneration Committee | |
| | | members | |
| Board of | March 29, | 1. Proposal for 2022 Employees' and Directors' | |
| Directors | 2023 | Remunerations Distribution | |
| | | 2. 2022 Business Report of the Company | |
| | | 3. "2022 Financial Statements" and "2022 | |
| | | Consolidated Financial Statements" of the | |
| | | Company | |
| | | 4. Proposal for the Company's 2022 earnings | |
| | | distribution | |
| | | 5. 2023 operational budget of the Company | |
| | | 6. Proposal for amendment of the Company's | |
| | | "Regulations Governing Procedure for Board of | |
| | | Directors Meetings" | |
| | | 7. Proposal to amend the Company's Corporate | |
| | | Governance Best Practice Principles8. Proposal to establish the "Rules Governing | |
| | | 8. Proposal to establish the "Rules Governing Financial and Business Matters Between this | |
| | | Corporation and its Affiliated Enterprises" of the | |
| | | Company | |
| | | 9. Proposal for the pre-approval of the Company's | |
| | | non-confirmatory services by CPAs | |
| | | 10. Proposal to change in the Company's bank | |
| | | financing to meet the needs for working capital | |
| | | 11. Proposal for applying to the competent authority | |
| | | for public offering of the Company's 2018 | |
| | | private placement of common shares | |
| | | 12. Statement of Internal Control System for 2022 | |
| | | The convening of the Company's 2023 Annual Shareholders' Meeting | |
| | | 14. Proposal to determine the period and place for | |
| | | receiving proposals from shareholders in | |
| | | accordance with Article 172-1 of the Company Act | |
| | <u> </u> | 15. Proposal on the performance evaluation results | |
| | | of the Company's Board of Directors and | |
| | | functional committees in 2022 | |
| Board of | May 3, | 1. Proposal of Consolidated Financial Statements | |

| Board of Directors | Date | Material resolutions |
|-----------------------|------|--|
| Directors | 2023 | for the first quarter of 2023 |
| | | 2. Proposal to apply for general credit line from the CTBC Bank to meet the needs for working capital and foreign exchange hedging |
| | | Matters regarding the provision of endorsements and guarantees required for the short-term credit line between Wellell America Corp. and CTBC Bank |
| | | 4. Proposal to appoint the Company's governance officer |

| | Proposal to amend the Company's "Articles of | Approved the resolutio The distribution base d the earnings had been f 2022 in accordance wit shareholders' meeting. share at NT\$ 0.55) It was approved by the | late was set on August 8, 2022, and fully distributed on August 26, th the resolution of the (Cash dividends distributed per | | | | | |
|----------|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1. 2. | 2021 Business report and financial statements Proposal for the 2021 earnings distribution Proposal to amend the Company's | The distribution base d the earnings had been f 2022 in accordance wit shareholders' meeting. share at NT\$ 0.55) It was approved by the | late was set on August 8, 2022, and fully distributed on August 26, th the resolution of the (Cash dividends distributed per | | | | | |
| 2. | and financial statements Proposal for the 2021 earnings distribution Proposal to amend the Company's | The distribution base d the earnings had been f 2022 in accordance wit shareholders' meeting. share at NT\$ 0.55) It was approved by the | late was set on August 8, 2022, and fully distributed on August 26, th the resolution of the (Cash dividends distributed per | | | | | |
| | statements Proposal for the 2021 earnings distribution Proposal to amend the Company's | the earnings had been f 2022 in accordance wit shareholders' meeting. share at NT\$ 0.55) It was approved by the | fully distributed on August 26, th the resolution of the (Cash dividends distributed per | | | | | |
| | Proposal for the 2021 earnings distribution Proposal to amend the Company's | the earnings had been f 2022 in accordance wit shareholders' meeting. share at NT\$ 0.55) It was approved by the | fully distributed on August 26, th the resolution of the (Cash dividends distributed per | | | | | |
| | 2021 earnings distribution Proposal to amend the Company's | the earnings had been f 2022 in accordance wit shareholders' meeting. share at NT\$ 0.55) It was approved by the | fully distributed on August 26, th the resolution of the (Cash dividends distributed per | | | | | |
| 3. | distribution Proposal to amend the Company's | 2022 in accordance wit shareholders' meeting. share at NT\$ 0.55) It was approved by the | th the resolution of the (Cash dividends distributed per | | | | | |
| 3. | Proposal to amend the Company's | shareholders' meeting. share at NT\$ 0.55) It was approved by the | (Cash dividends distributed per | | | | | |
| 3. | the Company's | share at NT\$ 0.55) It was approved by the | | | | | | |
| 3. | the Company's | It was approved by the | Ministry of Economic Affairs on | | | | | |
| 3. | the Company's | | Ministry of Economic Affairs on | | | | | |
| | 1. | July 19-2022 for regist | It was approved by the Ministry of Economic Affairs on | | | | | |
| | "Articles of | July 19, 2022 for registration and announced on the | | | | | | |
| | _ · · · · | Company's website. | | | | | | |
| | Incorporation." | | | | | | | |
| 4. | Proposal to amend | | | | | | | |
| | the Company's | | | | | | | |
| | "Shareholders | | | | | | | |
| | Meeting Procedure | It had been announced | on the Company's website on June | | | | | |
| | Rules" | | vant matters handled in accordance | | | | | |
| 5. | Proposal to amend | with the post-amendment procedures. | | | | | | |
| | the Company's | | | | | | | |
| | "Assets Acquisition | | | | | | | |
| | or Disposal Handling | | | | | | | |
| (| Procedures." | F 1 | leaded d'an atom for the torus lfill to me | | | | | |
| 6. | General re-election | | lected directors for the twelfth term | | | | | |
| | of directors | are as follows | | | | | | |
| | | Title | Name of Director (Director | | | | | |
| | | | Representative) | | | | | |
| | | | Yasheng Investment | | | | | |
| | | Director | Development Co., Ltd. | | | | | |
| | | | Representative: Li, Yong-Chuan | | | | | |
| | | | Yasheng Investment | | | | | |
| | | Director | Development Co., Ltd. | | | | | |
| | | | Representative: Liu, Chang-Qi | | | | | |
| | | | CDIB Advantage Venture | | | | | |
| | | D | Capital Investment Limited | | | | | |
| | | Director | Partnership Representative: Wei, | | | | | |
| | | | Hong-Zheng | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | Director | - | | | | | |
| | | | Yuan: He, Qi-Gong | | | | | |
| | | Director | Partnership Representative: We | | | | | |

2. Material Resolutions and Implementation in the 2022 Shareholders' Meeting:

| | | 1 | | | | | | |
|---------|---------------------|--|--|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | Independent Director | Lin, Wan-Ying | | | | |
| | | | Independent Director | Wang, Wei | | | | |
| | | | Independent Director | Wang, Guo-Cheng | | | | |
| | | | Independent Director | Lin, Tian-Fa | | | | |
| | | | Independent Director | Li, Xiong-Qing | | | | |
| | | T | There are a total of nine directors, with the term of office | | | | | |
| | | from June 20, 2022 to June 19, 2025. The election was | | | | | | |
| | | approved by the Ministry of Economic Affairs on July 19, | | | | | | |
| | | 20 | 022 for registration and | announced on the Company's | | | | |
| | | w | vebsite. | | | | | |
| 7. | Proposal to release | | | | | | | |
| | of new directors | T | he proposal was approv | ed and was executed in | | | | |
| | from non- | accordance with the resolution of the shareholders' | | | | | | |
| | competition | m | eeting. | | | | | |
| | restrictions | | | | | | | |

- (XII) In the latest year and up to the publication date of the annual report, the directors or supervisors have different opinions on the material resolutions approved by the board of directors and there are records or statements in writing: None.
- (XIII) In the last year and up to the publication date of the annual report, the assembled information of discharge or resignation by the Company for the Company's Chairman, President, chief accountant, financial supervisor, internal audit officer, governance officer and research & development officer

| Title | Name | Date of assuming office | Dismissal date | Reasons for resignation or dismissal |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| R&D Director | Zhang, Ming- Zheng | April 2, 2001 | | He resigned from his position on May 31, 2022 due to a change in duties and was transferred to a subsidiary of the Group. |

IV. Information on the public fees of the CPAs

(I) The amount of audit and non-audit fees paid to the CPAs, their firm and affiliated enterprises, and the contents of non-audit services

| CPA firm | Name of CPA | CPA Auditing Period | Audit fees | Non-audit fees (Note) | Total | Remarks | |
|----------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-------|---------|--|
| KPMG | Guo, Xin-Yi | January 1, 2022 - | 3,720 | 580 | 4,300 | | |
| Taiwan | Chen, Bei-Qi | December 31, 2022 | 2,,20 | 200 | .,500 | | |

Amount Unit: NTD Thousand

Note: Contents of non-audit services: transfer pricing report, main documents and various tax consultation services.

- (II) Where the accounting firm is replaced and the audit fees paid during the year in which the replacement occurs are less than those paid in the prior year, the amount of the decrease in the audit fees and the reason thereof shall be disclosed: None.
- (III) Where the audit fees paid for the year are lower than those paid for the prior year by 10% or more, the amount and percentage of the decrease and the reason therefor shall be disclosed: None.
- V. Information on replacement of CPA: there is no replacement of CPA for the Company within the last 2 fiscal years or any subsequent interim period.
- VI. For any of the Company's Chairman, President, or managers responsible for financial or accounting affairs being employed by the CPA Firm or any of its affiliated company in the latest year: None.
- VII. In the latest year and up to the publication date of the annual report, the Transfer of Equity Interest and Change in Stock Pledge of Directors, Supervisors, Managers and Shareholders with Stake of 10% or More:
 - (I) Change in equity of directors, managerial officers and key shareholders

Unit: shares

| | | 20 | 22 | For the current year as of April 21, 2023 | |
|-------------------|---|--|---|---|---|
| Title | Name | Increase (decrease) in shares held | Increase (decrease) in shares collateralized | Increase (decrease) in shares held | Increase (decrease) in shares collateralized |
| Chairman- cum- | Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. | - | - | - | - |
| President | Representative: Li, Yong-Chuan (Note 2) | - | - | - | - |
| Director | Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. | - | - | - | - |
| | Representative: Liu, Chang-Qi | (21,000) | - | - | - |
| Director | CDIB Advantage Venture Capital Investment Limited Partnership | - | - | - | - |

| | | 20 | 22 | | ent year as of 1, 2023 |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|
| Title | Name | Increase (decrease) in shares held | Increase (decrease) in shares collateralized | Increase (decrease) in shares held | Increase (decrease) in shares collateralized |
| | Representative: Wei, Hong- Zheng | - | - | - | - |
| Director | National Development Fund, Executive Yuan | - | - | - | - |
| | Representative: He, Qi-Gong | - | - | - | - |
| Independent Director | Wang, Wei | - | - | - | - |
| Independent Director | Lin, Wan-Ying | - | - | - | - |
| Independent Director | Wang, Guo- Cheng | - | - | - | - |
| Independent Director | Lin, Tian-Fa | - | - | - | - |
| Independent Director | Li, Xiong-Qing | - | - | - | - |
| Senior Vice President | Xu, Ying-Jie (Note 1) | - | - | - | - |
| Vice President | Zhang, Ming- Zheng (Note 2) | - | - | - | - |
| Vice President | Tan, Jian-Qiang | - | - | - | - |
| Vice President | Li, Yi-Jin (Note 3) | - | - | - | - |
| Vice President | Cui, Yi-De (Note 4) | - | - | - | - |
| Vice President | Cai, Jia-Sheng (Note 5) | - | - | - | - |
| Financial supervisor | Chen, Shi-He | - | - | - | - |
| Chief Accounting Officer | Wang, Wei-Quan | - | - | - | - |
| Major Shareholder | CDIB Advantage Venture Capital Investment Limited Partnership | - | - | - | - |
| Major Shareholder | Yasheng Investment | - | - | - | - |

| | | 20 | 22 | For the current year as of April 21, 2023 | | |
|----------------------|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Title | Name | Increase (decrease) in shares held | Increase (decrease) in shares collateralized | Increase (decrease) in shares held | Increase (decrease) in shares collateralized | |
| | Development Co., Ltd. | | | | | |
| Major Shareholder | Yaxin Investment Development Co., Ltd. | - | - | - | - | |

Note 1: Xu, Ying-Jie, Senior Vice President, was transferred to a subsidiary on April 1, 2022. Note 2: Zhang, Ming-Zheng, Vice President, was transferred to a subsidiary on June 1, 2022. Note 3: Li, Yi-Jin, Vice President, resigned on December 16, 2022. Note 4: Cui, Yi-De, Vice President, took office on January 1, 2023. Note 5: Cai, Jia-Sheng, Vice President, took office on November 11, 2022.

- (II) If the party to whom the shares are transferred is a related party, the name of such party, the relationship with the directors, supervisors, managers and shareholders holding more than 10% of the total shares, and the number of shares acquired should be disclosed: None. ∘
- (III) If the party to whom the shares are pledged is a related party, the name of such party, the relationship with the directors, supervisors, managers and shareholders holding more than 10% of the total shares, and the number of shares pledged should be disclosed: None.

April 21, 2023 The name and relationship information, if among the 10 Shareholdings Shares held in largest shareholders Shares held in own of spouse and the names of any one is a related Remarks name minor children others Name party, or is the spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship of another. Number of Number Number % % % Name Relation shares of shares of shares CDIB Advantage Venture Capital 11,526,000 11.42% 0% 0 0% 0 None None None Investment Limited Partnership Yasheng Investment 10,566,760 10.47% 0 0% 0 0% None None None Development Co., Ltd. Yaxin Investment 0 10,561,732 10.46% 0 0% 0% None None None Development Co., Ltd. National Development 6,000,000 5.94% 0 0% 0 0% None None None Fund, Executive Yuan Yachuang Investment 0 0% 0 0% 4,458,341 4.41% None None None Development Co., Ltd. Standard Chartered Bank - External Account Manager JPMorgan Chase Investment Account 1,510,000 1.49% 0 0% 0 0% None None None custodied by the Sales Department of Standard Chartered International Commercial Bank Li, Bi-Father Kai and son Li, Yong-Chuan 1,074,072 1.06% 342,704 0.34% 0 0% None Li, Zhao-Father and son Yi Li, Yong-Father Chuan 0 0% 0 Li, Zhao-Yi 1,018,292 1.00% 0% and son None Li, Bi-Brothers Kai Lin, Huang-Yang 880,000 0.87% 0 0 0 0% None None None Li, Yong-Father Chuan Li, Bi-Kai 820,530 0.81% 0 0% 0 0% and son None Li, Zhao-Brothers Yi

VIII. Information on the relations among the top 10 shareholders with the highest shareholding ratios:

IX. Comprehensive shareholding ratio:

December 31, 2022

| | | | - | | Decenii | 51, 2022 |
|--|----------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------------|----------|
| | | | Investments of | | | |
| | | | direc superv | | | |
| | Investee | • | manage | | Aggregated investment | |
| | Com | pany | other af | | | |
| Investee businesses (Note 1) | | | direct | ly or | | |
| investee businesses (ivote 1) | r | | indire | ectly | | |
| | Number of | | Number | | Number | |
| | shares | % | of shares | % | of shares | % |
| | (Shares in thousand) | (Shares in | 70 | (Shares in | 70 | |
| | | | thousand) | | thousand) | |
| Apex Global Investment Ltd. | 10,543 | 100.00% | | | 10,543 | 100.00% |
| Wellell America Corp. (Note 2) | 50 | 100.00% | _ | | 50 | 100.00% |
| Apex Medical S.L. | _ | 100.00% | _ | _ | _ | 100.00% |
| Apex Medical Global Cooperatie UA | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| (Note 3) | | | | | | |
| Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd. | 10,000 | 100.00% | | _ | 10,000 | 100.00% |
| Wellell India Private Limited (Note 2) | 6,458 | 99.82% | 12 | 0.18% | 6,470 | 100.00% |
| Wellell (Thailand) Ltd. (Note 2) | 245 | 49.00% | — | _ | 245 | 49.00% |
| Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. | 7,180 | 100.00% | — | | 7,180 | 100.00% |
| Wellell Germany GmbH (Note 2) | 25 | 100.00% | _ | | 25 | 100.00% |
| Apex Medical Corp. | 100 | 100.00% | _ | _ | 100 | 100.00% |

Note 1. It is a long-term investment made by the Company using the equity method.

Note 2. In accordance with the Group's brand strategy, Apex Medical (Kunshan) Co. Ltd., Apex Medical Corp. India Private Ltd., Apex Medical (Thailand) Co., Ltd., Apex Medical USA Corp. and Apex Medical Investment GmbH were renamed as Wellell (Kunshan) Co. Ltd., Wellell India Private Limited, Wellell (Thailand) Ltd., Wellell America Corp. and Wellell Germany GmbH in 2022.

Note 3. The liquidation procedure had been completed on September 5, 2022.

Chapter IV. Information on Capital Raising Activities

I. Share capital and shares

(I) Source of share capital

Unit: NT\$; shares

| | | Authorize | ed capital | Paid-in | capital | Remarks | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|---|--|--------------|
| | | | | | | | Source of shar | e capital | r | Assets other | |
| Year / Month | Price of issue | Number of shares | Amount | Number of shares | Amount | Capital increase in cash | Recapitalization of earnings | Employee bonus | Consolidated issuance of new shares | than cash contributed as equity capital | Others |
| 1990/03 | 1000 | 5,000 | 5,000,000 | 5,000 | 5,000,000 | 5,000,000 | _ | | _ | None | _ |
| 1993/06 | 10 | 2,500,000 | 25,000,000 | 2,500,000 | 25,000,000 | 20,000,000 | _ | | _ | None | Note 1 |
| 1996/07 | 10 | 4,500,000 | 45,000,000 | 4,500,000 | 45,000,000 | 20,000,000 | _ | | _ | None | Note 2 |
| 1997/06 | 10 | 7,500,000 | 75,000,000 | 7,500,000 | 75,000,000 | 30,000,000 | _ | _ | — | None | Note 3 |
| 1997/11 | 10 | 17,500,000 | 175,000,000 | 10,000,000 | 100,000,000 | 25,000,000 | — | _ | — | None | Note 4 |
| 1998/08 | — | 17,500,000 | 175,000,000 | 10,001,200 | 100,012,000 | — | — | _ | 12,000 | None | Note 5 |
| 1998/11 | 10 | 17,500,000 | 175,000,000 | 15,001,200 | 150,012,000 | 50,000,000 | _ | _ | — | None | Note 6 |
| 1999/07 | 10 | 27,500,000 | 275,000,000 | 20,001,440 | 200,014,400 | 20,000,000 | 30,002,400 | _ | — | None | Note 7 |
| 2000/09 | — | 27,500,000 | 275,000,000 | 24,901,792 | 249,017,920 | _ | 45,003,240 | 4,000,280 | — | None | Note 8 |
| 2001/07 | — | 36,000,000 | 360,000,000 | 27,700,000 | 277,000,000 | — | 26,146,880 | 1,835,200 | — | None | Note 9 |
| 2002/08 | — | 57,000,000 | 570,000,000 | 33,100,000 | 331,000,000 | — | 49,860,000 | 4,140,000 | — | None | Note 10 |
| 2003/08 | 26 | 57,000,000 | 570,000,000 | 49,600,000 | 496,000,000 | 75,000,000 | 82,750,000 | 7,250,000 | — | None | Notes 11, 12 |
| 2004/06 | — | 110,000,000 | 1,100,000,000 | 60,400,000 | 604,000,000 | _ | 99,200,000 | 8,800,000 | — | None | Note 13 |
| 2005/07 | — | 110,000,000 | 1,100,000,000 | 63,900,000 | 639,000,000 | — | 30,200,000 | 4,800,000 | — | None | Note 14 |
| 2006/07 | _ | 110,000,000 | 1,100,000,000 | 65,800,000 | 658,000,000 | _ | 12,780,000 | 6,220,000 | _ | None | Note 15 |
| 2008/09 | — | 110,000,000 | 1,100,000,000 | 67,900,000 | 679,000,000 | _ | 15,792,000 | 5,208,000 | — | None | Note 16 |
| 2009/08 | — | 110,000,000 | 1,100,000,000 | 72,195,287 | 721,952,870 | _ | 40,740,000 | 2,212,870 | — | None | Note 17 |
| 2010/07 | — | 110,000,000 | 1,100,000,000 | 75,805,051 | 758,050,510 | _ | 36,097,640 | | — | None | Note 18 |

| | | Authorized capital | | Paid-in capital | | Remarks | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|---|--|---------|
| | | | | | | | Source of shar | e capital | | Assets other | |
| Year / Month | Price of issue | Number of shares | Amount | Number of shares | Amount | Capital increase in cash | Recapitalization of earnings | Employee bonus | Consolidated issuance of new shares | than cash contributed as equity capital | Others |
| 2011/07 | _ | 110,000,000 | 1,100,000,000 | 83,385,557 | 833,855,570 | _ | 75,805,060 | _ | — | None | Note 19 |
| 2018/10 | 22.1 | 150,000,000 | 1,500,000,000 | 100,911,557 | 1,009,115,570 | 175,260,000 | — | — | — | None | Note 20 |

Note: Information of the current year as of the publication date of the annual report.

Note 1: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase is June 21, 1993, and the approval number is Jian-Yi No. 82747797.

Note 2: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase is July 11, 1996, and the approval number is Jian-Yi No. 85314274.

Note 3: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase is July 4, 1997, and the approval number is Jian-Yi No. 86311742.

Note 4: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase is January 8, 1998, and the approval number is Jing (1998) Shang No. 100312

Note 5: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase is October 21, 1998, and the approval number is Jing (1998) Shang No. 131494

Note 6: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase is December 11, 1998, and the approval number is Jing (1998) Shang No. 140154

Note 7: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase is July 19, 1999, and the approval number is (1999) Tai-Cai-Zheng-(I) No. 63876.

Note 8: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase is August 30, 2000, and the approval number is (2000) Tai-Cai-Zheng-(I) No. 72663.

Note 9: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase is July 5, 2001, and the approval number is (2001) Tai-Cai-Zheng-(I) No. 143317.

Note 10: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase is July 18, 2002, and the approval number is Tai-Cai-Zheng-Yi-Zi No. 0910139988.

Note 11: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase by surplus is May 15, 2003, and the approval number is Tai-Cai-Zheng-Yi-Zi No. 0920121105.

Note 12: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase in cash is May 22, 2003, and the approval number is Tai-Cai-Zheng-Yi-Zi No. 0920121106.

Note 13: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase by surplus is May 12, 2004, and the approval number is Tai-Cai-Zheng-Yi-Zi No. 0930119897.

Note 14: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase by surplus is June 22, 2005, and the approval number is Jin-Guan-Zheng-Yi-Zi No. 0940124952.

Note 15: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase by surplus is June 26, 2006, and the approval number is Jin-Guan-Zheng-Yi-Zi No. 0950126344.

Note 16: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase by surplus is July 3, 2008, and the approval number is Jin-Guan-Zheng-Yi-Zi No. 0970033334. Note 17: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase by surplus is August 6, 2009, and the approval number is Jin-Guan-Zheng-Yi-Zi No. 09801176350. Note 18: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase by surplus is June 24, 2010, and the approval number is Jin-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No. 0990032568. Note 19: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase by surplus is July 5, 2011, and the approval number is Jin-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No. 1000031050.

Note 20: The effective (approved) date of the capital increase in cash is October 22, 2018, and the approval number is Jing-Shou-Shang-Zi No. 10701134350.

April 21, 2023 Unit: shares

| G1 | Autho | rized capital | | |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------|-------------|--|
| Share category | Outstanding shares (Notes) | Unissued shares | Total | Remarks |
| Registered ordinary shares | 100,911,557 (Shares of listed company) | 49,088,443 | 150 000 000 | 10,000 thousand shares are reserved for issuance of employee stock warrants. |

Note: the par value is NT\$ 10 per share.

- (II) Information on self-registration system: None.
- (III) Shareholder structure

Shareholder structure

April 21, 2023

| Shareholder structure Quantities | Government | | Other corporations | Individuals | Foreign institutions and foreigners | Total |
|--|------------|---|-----------------------|-------------|--|-------------|
| Head count | 1 | - | 27 | 17,136 | 46 | 17,210 |
| Number of shares held | 6,000,000 | - | 37,693,727 | 52,446,251 | 4,771,579 | 100,911,557 |
| Ratio of Shareholding | 5.95% | - | 37.35% | 51.97% | 4.73% | 100.00% |

(IV) Shareholding distribution

1. Shareholding distribution

Par value is NT\$ 10 per share

April 21, 2023

| | | | 71pm 21, 2023 |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Class of shareholding | Number of shareholders | Number of shares held | Ratio of Shareholding |
| 1 to 000 | | | <u>0</u> |
| 1 to 999 | 7,332 | 995,577 | 0.99% |
| 1,000 to 5,000 | 8,342 | 15,708,333 | 15.57% |
| 5,001 to 10,000 | 869 | 6,952,934 | 6.89% |
| 10,001 to 15,000 | 208 | 2,697,081 | 2.67% |
| 15,001 to 20,000 | 157 | 2,972,531 | 2.95% |
| 20,001 to 30,000 | 98 | 2,523,648 | 2.50% |
| 30,001 to 40,000 | 52 | 1,850,657 | 1.83% |
| 40,001 to 50,000 | 34 | 1,580,476 | 1.57% |
| 50,001 to 100,000 | 51 | 3,571,393 | 3.54% |
| 100,001 to 200,000 | 30 | 4,283,883 | 4.24% |
| 200,001 to 400,000 | 20 | 5,238,317 | 5.19% |
| 400,001 to 600,000 | 4 | 1,995,000 | 1.98% |
| 600,001 to 800,000 | 3 | 2,126,000 | 2.11% |
| 800,001 to 1,000,000 | 2 | 1,700,530 | 1.68% |
| > 1,000,001 | 8 | 46,715,197 | 46.29% |
| Total | 17,210 | 100,911,557 | 100.00% |

2. The Company did not issue any preference shares

 (V) List of major shareholders: Name, number and proportion of shares held of the top 10 shareholders with the highest shareholding ratios

| Shareholding | Number of shares | Ratio of |
|---|------------------|--------------|
| Name of major shareholders | held | Shareholding |
| CDIB Advantage Venture Capital Investment | 11,526,000 | 11.42% |
| Limited Partnership | | |
| Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. | 10,566,760 | 10.47% |
| Yaxin Investment Development Co., Ltd. | 10,561,732 | 10.46% |
| National Development Fund, Executive Yuan | 6,000,000 | 5.94% |
| Yachuang Investment Development Co., Ltd. | 4,458,341 | 4.41% |
| Standard Chartered Bank - External Account | 1,510,000 | 1.49% |
| Manager JPMorgan Chase Investment Account | | |
| custodied by the Sales Department of Standard | | |
| Chartered International Commercial Bank | | |
| Li, Yong-Chuan | 1,074,072 | 1.06% |
| Li, Zhao-Yi | 1,018,292 | 1.00% |
| Lin, Huang-Yang | 880,000 | 0.87% |
| Li, Bi-Kai | 820,530 | 0.81% |

List of major shareholders

(VI) Market price per share, net worth, dividend and relevant data over the last two years

Market price per share, net worth, earnings and dividend

Unit: NT\$ For the Year current year 2021 2022 Item as of March 31, 2023 Highest market price 53.00 45.15 33.4 Market price per Lowest market price 25.00 22.75 27.75 share Average market price 31.07 27.06 30.05 Before distribution 20.40 22.01 22.65 Net value per share 21.16 (Note 1) After dividend distribution 19.85 (Note 1) Weighted average shares 100,911,557 100,911,557 100,911,557 Earnings 1.01 1.60 Before tracing 0.5 Earnings per share per share 0.5 1.01 After tracing 1.60

| Item | | Year | 2021 | 2022 | For the current year as of March 31, 2023 |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|-------------------|--|
| | Cash divide | nds | 0.55 | 0.85 (Note 1) | _ |
| Distilation | Stock | Dividends from retained earnings | — | — | _ |
| Dividends per share | dividends | From capital reserves | _ | — | - |
| | Cumulative undistributed dividends | | — | _ | _ |
| A | Price / Earni | ngs ratio | 30.76 | 16.91 | — |
| investment | Price / Dividend ratio | | 56.49 | 31.84 (Note 1) | - |
| | Cash dividend yield rate | | 1.77% | 3.14% (Note 1) | _ |

Note 1: the proposal for the 2022 earnings distribution shall be filled in according to the resolution of the Board of Directors.

(VII) Dividend policy and implementation status:

1. The Company's dividend policy is as follows:

The Company's capital and financial structures, operating conditions, earnings, and the nature and cycle of the industry to which the Company belongs determine that the dividend should be paid by stock dividends or cash dividends. However, as the Company is currently operating in a growing industry, the Company may consider the financial, business and operational factors and the dividend payment policy in last year. If the Company has earnings available for distribution in the current year, the principle of dividend distribution is to set aside more than 30% of the net income after tax for the current year as dividends to shareholders after deducting legal reserve and other items required by law.

The Company's dividend policy is determined by the Board of Directors in accordance with the operating plan, investment plan, capital budget and changes in internal and external environments. The Board of Directors shall prepare a proposal for earnings distribution, which shall be approved by the Shareholders Meeting before distribution. The distribution of earnings may be made in the form of cash dividends or stock dividends, provided that the percentage of stock dividends shall not exceed 50% of the total earnings distributed for the year.

- 2. The distribution of dividends proposed at this shareholders' meeting: On March 29, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved the proposal for the 2022 earnings distribution and planned to distribute cash dividends of NT\$ 85,774,823 from the earnings for 2022, with NT\$ 0.85 per share, which will be submitted to the Annual Shareholders' Meeting on June 19, 2023.
- (VIII) The impact on the operating performance of the Company and earnings per share proposed of the shareholders' meeting to issue free allotment shares: Not applicable.
- (IX) Remuneration to the employees and directors:
 - 1. The percentage of the profit for or scope of employee remuneration and directors' remuneration as stated in the Company's Articles of Incorporation: If the Company makes a profit in a fiscal year, it shall set aside 5% to 15% of the profit as employees' remuneration, which shall be distributed in shares or cash as resolved by the Board of Directors, to employees of controlling and subsidiary companies under certain conditions; the Company may set aside not more than 2% of the above-mentioned profit as directors' remuneration as resolved by the Board of Directors. The remuneration proposal to the employees and the Directors shall be reported to the shareholders' meeting.

However, when the Company still has accumulated losses, it should reserve the profit to make up for the loss before allocate employee remuneration and director remuneration in proportion to the preceding paragraph.

- 2. The percentage and amount of remuneration to directors shall be evaluated based on the Rules for Performance Evaluation of Board of Directors. In addition to the operating results, the contribution of the directors to the Company is also considered to give a reasonable remuneration. The reasonableness of the relevant performance evaluation and remuneration is reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors, and the remuneration system is reviewed timely according to the actual operating conditions and changes in relevant laws and regulations.
- 3. The accounting treatment for the difference between the estimated amount of employees' and directors' remuneration and the actual distribution amount for the period: If there is any difference, the Company adopts the accounting treatment of change in accounting estimate and directly adjusts the salary expenses in the year of actual payment.

- 4. The proposal for earnings distribution for 2022 was approved by the Board of Directors on March 29, 2023. The proposed distribution of earnings approved by the Board of Directors was: NT\$15,633,545 of employees' remuneration and NT\$3,517,548 of directors' remuneration.
- 5. The distribution of employees' and directors' remuneration by the 2021 earnings is as follows:

| | Distribution | Actual number of shares distributed as resolved by the Annual Shareholders' Meeting | Number of shares to be distributed as approved by the Board of Directors | |
|----|--|---|---|--|
| 1. | Employee stock dividend (1) Number of shares | - thousand shares | - thousand shares | |
| | (2) Amount | - NT\$ thousand | - NT\$ thousand | |
| 2. | Remuneration to employees | NT\$ 9,429 thousand | NT\$ 9,429 thousand | |
| 3. | Remuneration to directors | NT\$ 2,121 thousand | NT\$ 2,121 thousand | |

- (X) Repurchase of the Company's stock: None
- II. Corporate bond handling situation: None.
- **III.** Preference share: None.
- IV. Overseas depositary receipts: None.
- V. Employee stock option: None.
- VI. Issuance of restricted stock awards: None.

VII. Status of new shares issuance in connection with mergers and acquisitions: None.

VIII. Financing plans and implementation:

For the Company's private placement of securities in 2021 and as of the quarter before the publication date of the annual report, the contents of the plan and the benefits of its implementation are analyzed as follows:

Financing plans and implementation of private placement of common shares in 2018

| Item | First private placement in 2018 Issue date (Delivery date): November 9, 2018 |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Type of private placement securities | Common shares |
| Date and amount approved | On June 20, 2018, the Company's Annual Shareholders' Meeting approved a private placement of common shares in two tranches for capital increase in cash within 30 million shares. |

| Item | First private placement in 2018 |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Issue date (Delivery date): November 9, 2018 |
| Amount of this issue and | The Company issued 17,526 thousand shares and |
| completion date of payment | received the full amount of NT\$387,324,600 on October |
| | 11, 2018. |
| Actual subscription price | NT\$ 22.1 per share |
| | I. As of the Q3 2021, the private placement funds |
| | were mainly used for the following two purposes: |
| | 1. Research and development of new respirators, |
| Use of private placement | masks and Support Surface products. |
| funds and progress of | 2. Investment in an overseas company to purchase |
| implementation | plants and offices of European headquarters. |
| | II. As of the Q3 2021, the total amount of planned and |
| | actual funds used was NT\$387,325 thousand, and |
| | the private placement funds were fully utilized. |
| | I. The newly developed products have been gradually |
| | launched since 2021. Considering the certification |
| | process of medical devices in various countries and |
| | the promotion of sales channels, it will take some |
| | time for the sales of new products to grow. |
| | II. The land and plant of the European headquarters |
| | were purchased at the end of 2018, the second plant |
| Expected benefits | was completed in the Q2 2020, and the related |
| L | functions are expected to be built gradually from |
| | 2022. |
| | III. The investment in the other 50% of stock equity in |
| | SLK Vertribes GmbH and SLK Medical GmbH. |
| | The M&A had been completed in September 2020, |
| | included in the consolidated financial statements, |
| | and settled in the Q3 2021. |
| Date of uploading to the | |
| Market Observation Post | October 8, 2021 |
| System | |
| <i>.</i> √ | |

Chapter V. Business Performance

I. **Content of business**

- (I) Scope of business operation:
 - Major contents of the business operation undertaken: 1.

Wellell Inc. is an international healthcare brand that provides a wide range of institutional and home care solutions. Our products are sold worldwide, with sales channels and service networks in more than 60 countries. Since establishment in 1990, the Company has integrated wound care solutions, sleep apnea therapy and smart medical technology to provide better medical quality for patients, healthcare professionals and healthcare providers.

- (1) Medical device import, export, trading, and leasing business: postoperative recovery care solutions, chronic respiratory therapy products, digital medical services, and electronic medical materials.
- (2) Medical device manufacturing industry: manufacturing, processing, and trading of air pumps.
- (3) Metal electronic products trading and distribution business: care and welfare devices and electronic medical devices.
- (4) General import and export trading business (except licensed business), etc.

| | | Unit: NT\$ thousand |
|------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Sales category | Revenue in 2022 | Revenue |
| Sales category | Revenue III 2022 | proportion% |
| Pressure area care products | 1,284,616 | 48.23 |
| Respiratory therapy products | 648,652 | 24.35 |
| Others | 730,455 | 27.42 |
| Total | 2,663,723 | 100.00 |

Business proportion 2.

- Main products and services 3.
 - (1) Medical products sold: Pressure Area Care (PAC), Compression Therapy, Patient Handling, Welfare Equipment (Welfare), Respiratory Therapy (RT) Products, Electronic Medical Devices (EMD).

- (2) Medical leasing products and leasing services: Patient Recovery Care Solution includes Pressure Area Care, Compression Therapy, and Patient Handling.
- 4. New products under development
 - (1) Digital management platform for medical product rental service: Track the use of leased pressure ulcer prevention products in hospital and the cleaning and disinfection of devices to avoid cross-infection by IoT.
 - (2) Pressure ulcer prevention: specialize in the development of the IoT transmission that conforms to the hospital rental model in Europe and the

United States and solutions that improve the efficiency of gas flow and regional pressure control, the development of new domestic material with antibacterial function, and the development of Support Surface that meet the needs of medical stakeholders and related advanced pressure ulcer prevention and care products.

- (3) Respiratory Therapy: Develop IoT CPAP respirators with digital medical services to enter the European, American, and Japanese health insurance benefit markets, and use human factors engineering and data research to develop multiple respirator mask models to meet the needs of global users with different facial features and sleep habits.
- (4) Deep vein thrombosis (DVT) device: Provide intermittent pneumatic compression therapy to increase venous blood flow in patients with potential risks and to help prevent deep vein thrombosis and pulmonary embolism after surgery.

(II) Industrial overview

1. Progress and Development of the industry

According to the forecast of Battele, a U.S. research and development organization, the medical device industry will rank first among the top ten industry opportunities in the 21st century. The government-led "Two-Trillion and Twin-Star Industry Development Plan" also lists biotechnology as one of the key "Twin-Star" industries, which shows that the medical and healthcare industry has the opportunity to become the next star industry in Taiwan after the information and electronics industry.

The ultimate consumer group for medical devices is people. Since the global population is increasing rapidly and the average life expectancy in advanced countries is over 75 years, it is expected that global expenditure in medical industry will continue to grow. The consumption of medical device is positively correlated with national income, and countries with high income have relatively higher annual expenditure per capita on medical devices. In addition to developed countries, China, Taiwan, and emerging countries in Southeast Asia and Central and South America have a large room for future growth due to economic development and an increasing elderly population, making them potential markets.

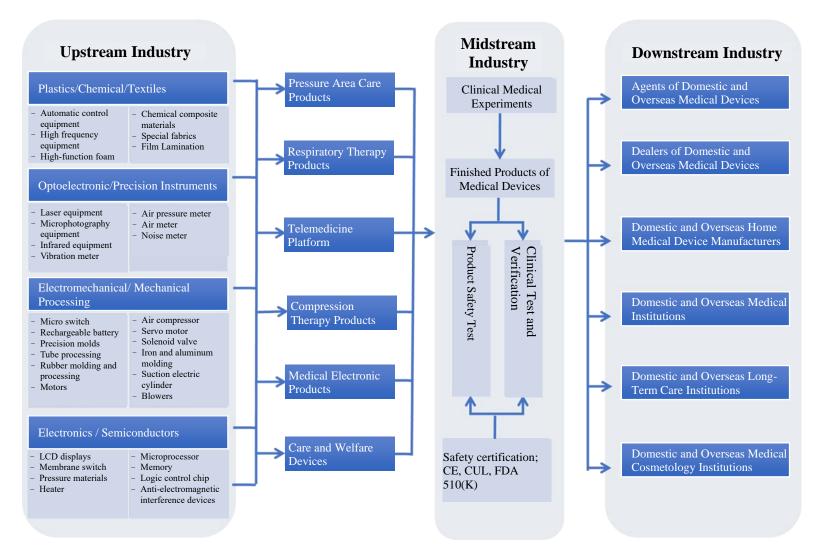
Biotechnology and pharmaceutical industries are recognized as the most promising technologies in the 21st century. According to the research report of Fortune Business Insights, the global medical device market size is expected to reach US\$ 718.9 billion in 2029, with a compound growth rate of 5.4% from 2022 to 2029.

According to the market data of Straits Research, the annual output of IoT medical applications will reach US\$ 486.3 billion by 2031, with a compound annual growth rate of 19.27%.

The medical device products have a broad range, a wide variety of product technologies, a long R&D period, the need for product validation and clinical test, and high barriers to entry. In terms of market, the medical device industry is greatly influenced by government policies, especially those related to medical insurance payment which will directly affect market demand; the safety certification and medical insurance payment systems vary slightly from country to country, making market entry difficult. However, after the products are introduced into the market, due to the protection of patents and certifications and longer product life cycles, they will generate higher profits than other industries. Since establishment, the Company has been upholding the business philosophy of honesty, professionalism and innovation and the belief of "respecting the value of life", and committed to helping all patients and their relatives to have a healthier and carefree life through the implementation of digital welfare by IoT technology.

In general, the Company is a complete solution provider of digital medical services and durable medical device products, and plays the role of medical integration services, that is, uniting the related domestic and overseas manufacturers to provide complete products and services to stakeholders in the international medical industry. In addition, the Company has invested in clinical research and product development for the main products, Pressure Area Care and Respiratory Therapy, and have cultivated our own long-term manufacturers and production capacity to continue to develop new products leading the market, maintain good quality and establish good reputation in the market.

2. Association among the up-, mid- and down streams



3. Product development trend and competition:

At present, the Company's main product lines include Pressure Area Care (PAC), Respiratory Therapy (RT) Products, and Compression Therapy. The product development trends and competitions are as follows:

- (1) Pressure Area Care Products:
 - A. Support Surface (SS) is mainly divided into three markets: Specialty Medical Bed, Alternative Pressure Air Mattress, and Pressure Relief Overlay Mattress. Specialty Medical Bed has a high level of technology but is expensive, so it is mainly provided to medical institutions to care for special patients in the form of leasing. As the medical insurance budgets of various countries continue to decrease, Alternative Pressure Air Mattress and Pressure Relief Overlay Mattress become the main options with medical benefits under limited budgets. Of which, the Pressure Relief Overlay Mattress has better clinical efficacy, and the acceptance level has increased significantly, driving the rapid growth of this market. In recent years, the Company has been mainly focusing on the development of Alternative Pressure Air Mattress.
 - B. Development trend: According to the market research of RESEARCH AND MARKET, the wound care market is expected to reach US\$ 29.5 billion in 2030, with a compound annual growth rate of 4.15%. In addition, according to TRANSPARENCY MARKET RESEARCH, the global output of pressure wound care is expected to reach US\$ 10 billion in 2031. Researches show that the use of Alternative Pressure Air Mattress at the early stage of pressure ulcers can significantly reduce the cost of treatment, and these Support Surface are mainly used in medical institutions and long-term care centers; as the awareness of pressure ulcers prevention in home care has increased, there is also a certain demand for Pressure Relief Overlay Mattress. The product development trends include:
 - Support Surface, a kind of air mattress integrated with functions of alternative, turning and segmented pressure control to enhance the added value of the product.
 - Breathable air mattress equipped with high-flow turbo type air pump, which makes the contact surface between patient's skin and Support Surface drier and more comfortable.
 - In response to the demand for replacing Specialty Medical Bed, the height of the Support Surface is gradually increased due to the

increasing demand for pressure reduction and load efficiency.

- The application of digital control panel makes the humanmachine interface more humanized.
- The products are easy to clean and neaten and are durable, so that the leaser can easily run the leasing business.
- As people pay more attention to infection control, the mattress system must have antibacterial feature.
- C. Competition: The alternative pressure air mattress has higher technical level and requires more investment of R&D resources and clinical forces, so professional manufacturers have more competitive advantages, the market concentration is relatively high, and most of the manufacturers belong to developed countries; in particular, there are fewer manufacturers of breathable and turning air mattresses. The Company is one of the manufacturers that can provide the most complete product lines in the emerging countries. In recent years, the Company has continued to research and develop new products and clinical evidence, and has successively completed the development of digital products for high-flow, breathable turning Support Surface that meet the high-risk and Stage IV pressure ulcers requirements, demonstrating the strength of an international professional manufacturer.
- D. Recently, we have successfully launched Optima Prone air mattress to meet the demand of global epidemic, which meets the care needs of more advanced and special ARDS respiratory acute care wards. The product has successfully entered the clinical treatment field of highlevel ICU and has been recognized by the Gold Prize of Taiwan Excellence Award.
- E. Recently, we have taken the lead in introducing IoT Optima Auto Link advanced support surface in the world, which meets the leasing demand for high-end equipment in European hospitals, and can accurately track the patient's pressure ulcers prevention course and record equipment cleaning and disinfection through IoT transmission.
- (2) Respiratory Therapy Products:
 - A. Development trend: most people increases their awareness of sleep respiratory problems, and more and more countries are beginning to pay attention to the impact of sleep apnea on chronic diseases, which drive the increase in demand for relevant products. The development of products shows the following trends:

- The product is small and easy to carry, and the noise is low when the machine is running.
- Easy installation and intuitive operation interface for general users to operate.
- Intelligent anti-condensation and humidification adjustment functions, which enhance the wearing comfort and better suit for the physiological needs.
- The application of AC/DC motors enhances the compliance of breathing air flow.
- Digital medical sleep management platform is launched in developed countries such as Japan and Europe.
- Track and manage patient sleep data, provide remote monitoring function for medical institutions, and integrate overseas local health insurance into home care system.
- Interactive tools platform that assists medical staff in improving management efficiency through intelligent data analysis and tracking reminders, and provides patients with simultaneous sleep health care and treatment training through the smart device APP.
- Through the remote data transmission function of built-in 4G Sim card, provide medical staff and patients with global cross-regional treatment data tracking and uploading regardless of location or time constraints.
- Multiple interface devices (MASK) designed to meet the ergonomics and comfort requirements.
- B. Competition: The sleep respiratory products can only be used based on the doctor's prescription or related sleep diagnosis, so there are very strict requirements for product function and quality and related certifications. At present, the major players are manufacturers from advanced countries, and the market concentration is high. According to the market research report of Research and Markets, the global ventilator market size will reach US\$ 32.7 billion in 2028. The Company's CPAP and Mask products have obtained the marketing approval of the U.S. FDA, and the quality and characteristics of the products have been confirmed and verified to a certain extent; after settling the patent lawsuit in 2014, the Company has been focusing on channel development and marketing layout in order to increase the Company's revenue and profit.

- (3) Compression Therapy: Deep vein thrombosis (DVT) device
 - A. Development trend: There are about 10 million cases of venous thrombosis worldwide every year, and more than 60% of the venous thrombosis cases occur during or after hospitalization; the use of "deep vein thrombosis (DVT) device" is widely recommended to prevent thrombosis after surgery for critical diseases, especially in ICU and Department of Orthopedics. According to report of Markets and Markets, the annual output value of global compression therapy market is expected to reach US\$ 4.9 billion in 2027, large target patient population and the rising incidences of sports injuries and accidents are the main factors driving growth in this market. Product development trends include:
 - Physically compress the user's foot/calf/thigh plus calf with air pressure to enhance blood circulation to prevent venous thrombosis.
 - Special foot cover design can bring moisture and heat out of the foot cover along with the air flow, thus increasing the comfort of the user.
 - It can detect the return of blood from the veins and push more blood in the same time to achieve better preventive effect.
 - B. Competition: In the entire large wound treatment market, in addition to pressure area care, there is also compression therapy for prevention of deep vein thrombosis and pulmonary embolism (VTE-related). The main structure of this type of products is similar to the existing core technology "fluid control" of Wellell, and the marketing channels are similar. Combined with the increase in chronic diseases and obesity, the market demand is increasing.
- (III) Technology & know-how and research & development in summary:
 - 1. Research & development expenditure in the latest year and up to the publication date of the annual report:

| | | Ullit. I | NI \$ tilousaliu |
|---|---------|----------|------------------------------------|
| Year | 2021 | 2022 | Estimated investment in 2023 |
| R&D expenditure (A) | 150,746 | 154,283 | 196,113 |
| R&D expenditure / Net operating revenue % | 6.35% | 5.79% | _ |

Unit: NT\$ thousand

2. Successfully developed technology or products in the latest year and up to the publication date of the annual report:

The Company has achieved specific results after years of research and development. In addition to continuing to enhance R&D capabilities to maintain the existing product lines at a favorable competitive position among Taiwanese manufacturers and global equivalent manufacturers, the Company is also continuing to expand new products. At present, the development of each product line is as follows:

- (1) For Pressure Area Care products, we continue to invest in the technical improvement and functional specification upgrading of medical pressurerelieving air mattresses for different risk levels and stage I-IV pressure ulcers, take into account both the medical and home care markets, and establish a complete product line to effectively reduce the burden on medical personnel and provide patients with the best preventive care and treatment effects. We have launched a new product of blower type with automatic pressure return control by high-level microcomputer, and provided Microclimate Management air mattress with ultra-uniform lowpressure high-flow venting to meet the needs of pressure equalization and alternative. For the high-flow breathable air mattress digital products for high-risk and Stage IV pressure ulcers, we adopt zonal pressure control, single-tube independent air release for heel and one touch set up (start the best treatment with one key) to reduce the working time and physical effort of medical personnel. With the completion of the development of such products, the Company will realize more comprehensive product layout of Support Surface, provide a complete product line of Support Surface with complete functions and stable quality, which can meet the various needs in the market, build highly competitive advantage and increase the sales profit of products. Provide the patients (users) with the definite decompression effect and use experience.
- (2) In terms of Respiratory Therapy Products, the Company has mastered key technologies in the development of NPAP systems, blowers, and masks, and have developed elegant, lightweight, quiet, effective, and competitively priced CPAP and Auto CPAP respirators and other related peripheral products (heating humidifiers and nasal masks).

At present, the Company has broken through the technical bottleneck and completed the CSA, Flow Limitation, and improved the Auto CPAP series products with exhalation and pressure relieving functions. The hospital clinical validation proves that the above function designs provide users with higher comfort, improved compliance and therapeutic effect, which are more helpful to the sales of the products. The new CPAP respirators integrated with digital network function has an elegant appearance and extremely quiet feature, as well as innovative design that combines comfort, efficacy and aesthetics of life, which are different from the old CPAP respirators with cold and bulky impression. The intelligent network APP/Web function is added to provide users with real-time interactive sleep quality parameters, which greatly enhances the comfort during treatment process and user adhesion.

In addition to continuously developing key components and carrying out product improvement research, the Company also pays attention to patent layout and development. After the successful resolution of the patent lawsuit in 2014, the Company has been focusing on developing marketing channels to meet the needs of consumers at all levels for best cost performance ratio. This product line has become one of the Company's most promising niche products with high annual profit, which will positively contribute to the Company's performance and profit.

- (3) The deep vein thrombosis (DVT) device, combined with core components, precise firmware control, and biocompatible and ergonomic foot cover design, can effectively increase patient comfort. The compliance monitoring design allows the medical staff to directly obtain the user's access time and treatment time from the product, so as to confirm whether the user follows the doctor's advice for the prevention of venous thrombosis in the most intuitive way.
- (IV) Long- and short-term business development programs
 - 1. Short-term business development programs
 - (1) We will expand our market share in North America and Europe with our high value-added SS products, and invest a lot of resources to actively build the Asia Pacific market to become the No. 1 brand in Asia.
 - (2) We will actively seek strategic marketing partners for CPAP/Auto CPAP products and expand respiratory mask product lineup to meet the treatment needs of different races, and further develop the market and expand the operation scale of our products.
 - (3) We will actively build the Wellell brand and promote it to Greater China Region, Spain, Portugal, the Middle East, Central and South America, and Eastern Europe to meet the needs of our customers for full product line, fast delivery and one-stop purchase.

2. Long-term business development programs

Based on high value-added SS products, we will create medical products and services required for the complete patient recovery course. Based on the experience accumulated by our overseas subsidiaries, we will actively develop a series of products related to patient recovery care required by medical institutions through independent design and development and external cooperation, such as floor and suspended patient handling machines, medical beds, intermittent pneumatic compression systems and protectors, and static pressure-relieving cushions.

Promote our own brand, expand our global brand marketing through the subsidiaries in Spain, UK, France and the United States, and promote Wellell as an international medical brand. In addition to overseas promotions, we will further develop the marketing strategy and product penetration of "Wellell" brand. In response to the aging society and the post-epidemic era, the lack of first-line medical care forces and the public's attention to health will drive us to invest in providing digital welfare solutions and make the "Wellell" brand a leading international medical brand.

In addition, according to the international division of labor strategy, the Company will take Mainland China as the production base for low-end products that require cost competitiveness to expand the product quantity; and take Taiwan as the R&D and production base for middle- and high-end SS products in the PAC category and CPAP products in the RT category to improve the product quality.

II. Markets, production and marketing in summary

- (I) Market analyses
 - 1. Ratio of domestic and export sales

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| Year | 20 | 21 | 2022 | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|--|--|
| Region of distribution | Amount | Amount | Amount | Ratio | | |
| Export | 2,230,214 | 93.94% | 2,532,868 | 95.09% | | |
| Domestic sales | 143,841 | 6.06% | 130,855 | 4.91% | | |
| Total | 2,374,055 | 100.00% | 2,663,723 | 100.00% | | |

2. Proportion of main sales regions

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| Year | 20 | 21 | 2022 | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|--|
| Region of distribution | Amount | Ratio | Amount | Ratio | |
| Europe | 1,391,900 | 58.63% | 1,613,929 | 60.59% | |
| Americas | 330,201 | 13.91% | 397,603 | 14.93% | |
| Asia | 651,954 | 27.46% | 652,191 | 24.48% | |
| Total | 2,374,055 | 100.00% | 2,663,723 | 100.00% | |

3. The future market supply and demand and growth potential:

- (1) In terms of Pressure Area Care (PAC) and Compression Therapy, the governments' attention to preventive medicine and cost control of medical resources, coupled with the rapid growth of the elderly population and increased awareness of the quality of life care and clinical post-operative care for patients, have led to a steady growth trend for Support Surface and anti-venous thrombosis treatment equipment.
- (2) As modern people pay more attention to sleep breath, sleep medical services are growing gradually in the market. According to Straits Research, the global market size of CPAP respirators will reach 5.25 billion in 2030, with a compound annual growth rate of 7.4% from 2022 to 2030.
- (3) The Company's Electronic Medical Devices (EMDs), including transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulators (TENS) and electronic muscle stimulators (EMS), are in the category of electrotherapy devices and are in a relatively mature market. Due to the aging of the population, the elderly population is prone to joint pain and other chronic problems, manufacturers are engaged in developing more user-friendly digital electrotherapy products. In addition, the increase in the female sports population has resulted in many chronic and acute sports injuries; the patients' acceptance of TENS has increased.
- (4) The Company's welfare devices include walking aids, crutches, commode chairs, medical bed handrails, bathroom safety series, wheelchairs, etc. These products are the most basic service products of medical device sellers and were the main products of our company in the early stage after establishment. Therefore, the market is mature in technology, economy of scale is the most important factor for competition, and price competition is

fierce. The company has maintained good customer relationships and built solid strength to maintain orders.

- 4. Competitive niche
 - Our products have passed safety certification and are sold in more than 60 countries worldwide.

Medical and health care devices are closely related to human health, safety and efficacy, so all countries require that such products must be certified by medical regulations and safety standards before marketing. Our products have passed 510(K) of the U.S. FDA and CE MDD93/42 EEC of EU, and other certifications of medical regulations of advanced countries, and obtained ISO 13485:2016 of Rheinland TUV and SGS MDSAP Quality Assurance System Certification; in terms of product safety regulations, we have obtained EMC and electrical safety (UL, TUV) and many other safety certifications; therefore, our products are accepted by buyers from all over the world and sold in more than 60 countries.

(2) High-quality R&D team continuously improves technology

The Company has been dedicated to R&D for many years. In addition to owning 149 product patents, the Company is also engaged in enhancing the core technology capabilities, continuously expanding its existing products to provide unique products for its main customers, and developing higher level and high value-added products; the respiratory therapy product R&D team has developed the sleep disorder respiratory therapy product and successfully launched the product, which makes a positive contribution to the Company. The team is now challenging the higher-level CPAP respirator blower technology and artificial intelligence algorithm technology, and will continue to enhance the depth and breadth of technology and products.

(3) Build global marketing channels with a complete range of home medical care products

After years of product management, the Company has built complete product lines, including Welfare Equipment to assist the disabled and elderly in their homes, Electronic Medical Devices for pain treatment and muscle rehabilitation, Support Surface for the prevention and treatment of pressure ulcers, and products for the treatment of apnea. We have continued to receive orders from major customers in advanced markets in Europe, the United States, and Japan. The Company further takes brand service the core of our future development, and is committed to domestic and overseas market and channel development, strengthening the marketing ability of our own brand "Wellell", and extending the successful experience in establishing more than 600 domestic customers in Taiwan to the markets of Mainland China, Southeast Asia, Middle East, Eastern Europe, Central and South America, and strives to become the first-choice regional brand of home care products.

(4) Strong and highly competitive management team

The Company has complete marketing, R&D, manufacturing and operation management teams, and has established subsidiaries in Spain, UK, France, Germany, Mainland China, India, and the United States, as well as a sales office in Egypt, to keep abreast of market information and customer information, and provide immediate service to meet customer needs; we have established a manufacturing center for low-cost products in Kunshan, Mainland China, to meet customer demand for quantity and price; we have strengthened our global division of labor system in marketing, R&D, and manufacturing, and are able to respond quickly to the challenges of changing global division of labor and continue to create good results.

- 5. Advantages and disadvantages of development and countermeasures
 - (1) Advantages
 - A. Aging population structure and mature concept of preventive medicine

With the aging of the world's population structure, the governments' attention to health care benefits system, the increase in personal economic standards, and the change in the health care concept have led to the continuous expansion of the global health care market, which enters the growth period.

B. Policy incentives to enhance international competitiveness

The government is actively planning for the testing and certification of healthcare devices, the Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) system and the medical device technology development program. The advent of the global aging society and the rise of the concept of preventive medicine and home care bring business opportunities to medical and health care devices and home health care products.

C. Possessing international marketing capability and building intensive marketing network

The Company is engaged in developing international markets, has successfully launched our own brand "Wellell" in Europe, North America, Japan, and Asia, and is actively occupying the markets of Middle East, Central and South America, and Eastern Europe. At present, our products have been exported to more than 60 countries.

D. Mastering key technologies and attaching importance to independent R&D capabilities

The mastery of key technologies is the key to maintaining the competitive niche of the industry. In order to maintain a stable source of technology and continue to be active on the world stage, the Company not only actively recruits R&D teams to develop innovative product functions, but also cooperates with the technology programs promoted by the Ministry of Economic Affairs to acquire key technologies.

E. Obtaining international safety certifications to raise the competition threshold

Our products have obtained international safety certifications related to medical devices, such as electrical safety standards (IEC60601 series), biocompatibility (ISO10993 series, ISO18562 series), and fire and flame resistance standards for mattresses (EN597-1, EN597-2), which not only provide business opportunities to enter advanced countries such as Europe, the United States, and Japan, but also raise the competition threshold for entry into the industry imperceptibly.

- F. We use overseas subsidiaries and sales offices to grasp marketing channels and collect market-related information. The company mainly engages in foreign sales, so how to maintain a good relationship with foreign customers is an important issue. Our management team not only visits customers from time to time, but also establishes overseas subsidiaries to serve customers nearby and actively collects market trends and product technology information to clearly grasp market demands and maintain long-term relationships with customers.
- (2) Disadvantages
 - A. Compared with advanced countries, the domestic regulations are still not perfect, resulting in insufficient protection for legal operators' operation. The EU MDD is changed to MDR, which raises the difficulty and threshold of certification.
 - B. For many low-tech products, such as wheelchairs and crutches, Taiwanese manufacturers have lost their competitive advantage, the manufacturers in Mainland China have diversified products and lowcost production advantage.

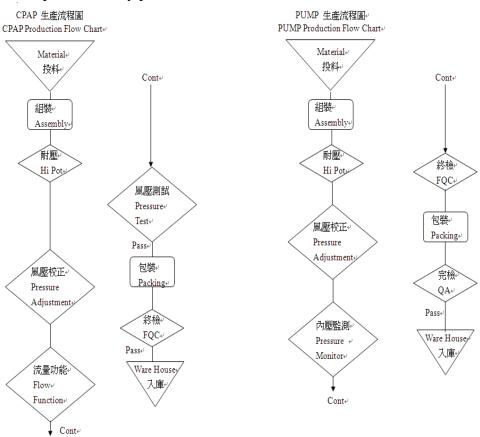
- C. The competition thresholds for main products (SS and RT) are decreasing gradually, and more competitors are entering the market, disrupting the market price.
- (3) Countermeasures
 - A. The government is actively planning for the testing and certification for health care devices and GMP system, which can improve the industry quality and help to enhance the international image and acceptance by the international market.
 - B. In order to implement the low cost strategy, we have been producing low value-added products in Kunshan, Mainland China through global division of labor in order to effectively reduce production costs and enhance competitiveness.
 - C. The Company continuously invests in R&D and establishes our own technologies to improve product quality and develop products with high functionality and high added value to maintain competitive advantage.
 - D. We have set up overseas subsidiaries and sales offices to collect the market information in Europe and the United States to grasp the market trends and make a success in international market.
 - E. Through industry-university cooperation and participation in Science and Technology Major Projects, we have acquired key technologies and MDR certified technologies, developed innovative product functions, and enhanced the added value of our products in order to keep our industry foundation in Taiwan.

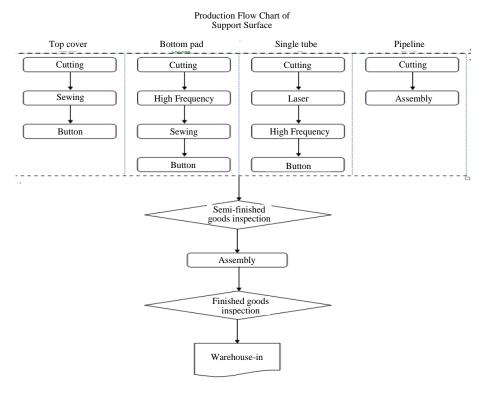
(II) Manufacturing process and key purposes of our principal products

| Key products | Main applications or functions |
|---------------------|---|
| Pressure area care | Support Surface (SS) for prevention and |
| products | treatment of pressure ulcers. |
| Respiratory therapy | Nebulizer and CPAP respirator for the treatment |
| products | of obstructive apnea. |
| | Equipment to help the elderly walk and to assist |
| Walfora aquinment | in rehabilitation and safe support, such as |
| Welfare equipment | geriatric carts, crutches, bathroom safety |
| | handrails, medical bed railings, etc. |
| | Low-frequency nerve pain treatment devices for |
| Medical electronic | the elimination and treatment of chronic nerve |
| products | pain and muscle pain, and other care products for |
| | easy monitoring at home. |

1. Key purposes of our principal products

2. Production process of key products





(III) Supply status of major raw materials

- 1. Pressure Area Care Products: The main raw materials are composite leather, electronic parts, plastic components, and coil induction, which are partially obtained domestically and partially supplied by overseas suppliers. These products are manufactured by our Tucheng and Kunshan factories.
- 2. Medical Electronic Products: The main raw materials are electronic parts and plastic components, which are partially obtained domestically and partially supplied by Chinese suppliers.
- 3. Welfare Equipment: The main raw materials are steel tubes, aluminum alloy tubes and plastic parts, which are mainly supplied by suppliers in China and Taiwan.
- 4. Respiratory Therapy Products: The main raw materials are electronic parts, plastic components, motors, DC high speed blowers, which are mainly supplied by suppliers in China and Taiwan, and partially manufactured by our Tucheng and Kunshan factories.

- (IV) List of major suppliers and clients:
 - 1. The names of suppliers with purchases accounting for at least 10% of the total in any of the last two years, and reason for increase/decrease:

| Unit: | NT\$ | thousand |
|-------|------|----------|
|-------|------|----------|

| 2021 | | | 2022 | | | | As of Q1 2023 | | | | |
|------------------|-----------|---|--------------|------------------|-----------|--|---------------|------------------|---------|---|---|
| Name | Amount | As a percentage of net purchases for the year [%] | Relationship | Name | Amount | As a percentage of net purchases for the year [%] | Relationship | Name | Amount | As a percentage of total net purchases for 2023 up to Q1 2023 (%) | |
| Others | 1,387,103 | 100.00 | - | Others | 1,596,935 | 100.00 | - | Others | 402,400 | 100.00 | - |
| Net purchases | 1,387,103 | 100.00 | - | Net purchases | 1,596,935 | 100.00 | - | Net purchases | 402,400 | 100.00 | - |

The proportion of self-production is gradually increasing, and our suppliers are decentralized, so there are no suppliers that account for more than 10% of total purchases.

2. The names of clients with sales accounting for at least 10% of the total in any of the last two years, and reason for increase/decrease:

| 2021 | | | 2022 | | | | As of Q1 2023 | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|---|--------------|-----------|-----------|--------|-------------------------------|-----------|---------|---|-------------------------------|
| Name | Amount | As a percentage of net purchases for the year [%] | Relationship | Name | Amount | | Relationship to the issuer | Name | Amount | As a percentage of total net purchases for 2023 up to Q1 2023 (%) | Relationship to the issuer |
| Others | 2,374,055 | 100.00 | - | Others | 2,663,723 | 100.00 | - | Others | 699,765 | 100.00 | - |
| Net sales | 2,374,055 | 100.00 | - | Net sales | 2,663,723 | 100.00 | - | Net sales | 699,765 | 100.00 | - |

Note: there is no client accounting for 10 percent or more of the Company's total sales amount.

(V) Production value in the last two years

| Year | | 2021 | | | 2022 | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------------|-----------|---------|-----------------|
| Production value Key Products | Capacity | Output | Output value | Capacity | Output | Output value |
| Medical Device | 1,393,294 | 656,803 | 987,929 | 1,383,022 | 665,388 | 1,180,016 |
| Lease | — | — | Ι | Ι | — | _ |
| Others | — | _ | | Ι | _ | _ |
| Total | 1,393,294 | 656,803 | 987,929 | 1,383,022 | 665,388 | 1,180,016 |

| (VI) Bales in the last two years. | (VI) | Sales in the last two years: |
|-----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|
|-----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|

Unit: Pieces; NT\$ thousand

| | | | | | | | , , | | |
|-------------------|----------------|---------|-----------|-----------|----------------|---------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Sales volume Year | | 20 | 021 | | 2022 | | | | |
| and value | Domestic sales | | Export | | Domestic sales | | Export | | |
| Key products | Quantity | Amount | Quantity | Amount | Quantity | Amount | Quantity | Amount | |
| Medical device | 125,883 | 143,841 | 1,956,900 | 2,230,214 | 81,305 | 130,855 | 2,490,548 | 2,532,868 | |
| Lease | | _ | | | _ | | | _ | |
| Others | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| Total | 125,883 | 143,841 | 1,956,900 | 2,230,214 | 81,305 | 130,855 | 2,490,548 | 2,532,868 | |

III. Number of employees, average years of service, average age, and education distribution proportion in the last two years and up to the publication date of the annual report

| | | | | April 14, 2023 | |
|---------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------|------------------|--|
| | | | | For the current | |
| Year | | 2021 | 2022 | year as of April | |
| | | | | 14, 2022 | |
| | Domestic employees | 322 | 339 | 336 | |
| Number of | Foreign employees | 326 | 325 | 302 | |
| employees | Total | 648 | 664 | 638 | |
| Average age | | 41.11 years old 41.36 years old | | 39.96 years old | |
| Average | years of service | 8.92 years | 8.31 years | 8.08 years | |
| | Doctoral Degree | 0% | 0.36 % | 0.36% | |
| | Master's Degree | 22.7% | 21.18 % | 23.28% | |
| Academic | Bachelor's Degree | 54.6% | 53.65% | 51.27% | |
| qualification | Senior High School | 15.8% | 14.23% | 15.64% | |
| | Below Senior High | 6.9% | 10.58 % | 0.459/ | |
| | School | 0.9% | 10.38 70 | 9.45% | |

IV. Environmental spending

Any losses (including compensation and environmental protection audit results in violation of environmental laws and regulations; the date of penalty, penalty document number, applicable law violated, content of the law, and content of penalty shall be disclosed) incurred due to environmental pollution during the last year and up to the publication date of this annual report, the currently estimated amount and future potential amount, and future countermeasures. If such amounts cannot be reasonably estimated, the fact that they cannot be estimated shall be explained: None.

V. Employee relation:

- (I) List the Company's employee benefits, continuing education, training, retirement systems, and the status of their implementation, as well as the status of agreements between labor and management, and all measures aimed at preserving the rights and interests of employees
 - 1. Employee benefits:

In addition to providing basic protection, the Company established an employee welfare committee on March 12, 1999 to be responsible for planning and implementing various employee welfare issues. In addition, the Company emphasizes harmonious labor-management relations, establishes a two-way communication channel, and provides various employee welfare measures, including group insurance, birthday parties, employee recreation centers, and club activities. In the future, the Company will continue to make appropriate adjustments in response to amendments to laws and regulations, social changes, and the Company's operating conditions. The relevant welfare system is as follows: :

- (1) Flexible management
 - Enjoy advance special leave for taking office.
 - Flexible commuting to meet the needs of family care or personal training.
 - One day of paid natural disaster leave per year.
- (2) Employee care
 - Free employee group insurance.
 - Congratulation/consolation money for wedding, funeral, childbirth, and first-time home purchase.
 - Cash gifts for birthday, Labor Day, Dragon Boat Festival, Mid-Autumn Festival, and kick-off bonus after Spring Festival.
 - · Quarterly fixed-amount welfare coupons.
 - In-plant medical health consultation and massage by visual impaired people.
 - Regular free health examination.
 - Lunch subsidies and free overtime dinners in the staff canteen.
 - Exclusive and free parking spaces for cars and motorcycles.
 - Discounted prices for buying the Company's products.
 - Barrier-free facilities and excellent breastfeeding rooms certified by New Taipei City.

- (3) Work-life balance
 - Free use of the indoor employee recreation center.
 - (Fitness, rhythm class, billiards, table tennis, badminton court, basketball court)
 - Establish diversified clubs.
 - Yaxuan Art and Culture Corridor.
 - Establish the employee welfare committee to promote employee welfare activities.
 - Appointed stores, hotels and baby care centers.
 - A company-wide birthday party is held quarterly.
 - · Irregular employee travel activities.
 - Irregular sports activities.
 - Year-end party activities.
- (4) Self-actualization and development
 - Employee education and training (pre-employment education and training, on-the-job education and training).
 - Growth training program.
 - Annual selection and reward of employees with excellent performance.
 - Various magazines and books in the library for lending.
- (5) Sharing of realized profit
 - Year-end bonus.
 - Incentive system based on job attribute.
- 2. Employee continuing education and training system:
 - (1) The Company has a complete training framework and training system to cultivate the talents required for current and future business development in line with the Company's medium- and long-term business strategies and annual goals, with the aim of improving employee productivity and operational performance.
 - (2) In addition to encouraging employees to improve their own abilities, we will also work with them on their career plans and grow with the Company to create an atmosphere of lifelong learning within the Company.
 - (3) The training courses include pre-employment education and OJT training for new employees, management ability development training, and professional training. We have also established a digital learning system

and trained internal instructors as important channels for experience exchange.

3. Retirement system and its implementation: The Company has established the employee retirement regulations and the Employee Retirement Reserve Fund Supervisory Committee, and will contribute monthly to the retirement reserve fund based on the total amount of paid salaries and deposit to the Bank of Taiwan to generate interests; for those who choose the new labor retirement system, 6% will be allocated to the employees' personal pension accounts according to the level of insurance, and for those who voluntarily contribute to their pensions, an additional payment will be deducted from the employees' monthly salary according to their voluntary contribution rates and deposited to the personal pension account of the Bureau of Labor Insurance. For the pension of subsidiaries in overseas regions, pension, medical insurance and other social security contributions are paid monthly in accordance with the local government's regulations.

In accordance with the Labor Pension Act, the Company applies the following regulations:

(1) Voluntary retirement:

A worker may retire voluntarily under one of the following circumstances: (For those who choose to apply the Labor Pension Act, the relevant provisions in the Act shall apply)

- A. Those who have worked for at least fifteen years and have reached the age of fifty-five.
- B. Those who have worked for more than twenty-five years.
- C. Those who have worked for at least ten years and have reached the age of sixty.
- (2) Compulsory retirement:

The Company shall not compulsorily retire an employee unless one of the following circumstances occurs to that employee:

- A. The employee has reached the age of sixty-five.
- B. The employee is mentally or physically incapacitated for work.

For workers occupied in dangerous work or work requiring high physical strength, the Company may request approval from the central competent authority to adjust the age specified in the previous first paragraph. However, the age shall not be less than fifty-five.

- (3) Pension granting standard:
 - A. The pension granting standards for employees with years of service before and after the application of the Labor Standards Law and those

who choose to continue to be subject to the pension provisions of the Labor Standards Law in accordance with the Labor Pension Act or to retain their years of service before the application of the Labor Pension Act are calculated in accordance with Article 84-2 and Article 55 of the Labor Standards Law.

- B. If an employee is with the years of service in the preceding paragraph and is subject to compulsory retirement under Subparagraph 2, Paragraph 1, Article 35, and is mentally or physically disabled as a result of the performance of his or her duties, an additional 20% shall be paid in accordance with Subparagraph 2, Paragraph 1, Article 55 of the Labor Standards Law.
- C. For employees subject to the pension provisions of the Labor Pension Act, the Company shall contribute 6% of their monthly wages to their individual pension accounts.
- 4. Labor-management agreements: The Company attaches importance to employee welfare and harmonious labor-management relations. There are no labor disputes or losses under the environment of labor-management integration and benefit sharing.
- 5. Measures to protect employees' rights and interests: In order to prevent sexual harassment in the Company, we have established "Measures for Preventing and Controlling Sexual Harassment, Complaints and Investigation Procedures" in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Gender Equality in Employment to protect gender equality and human dignity at work. We have also established complaint channels for employees, so that employees can report to the Human Resources Division either verbally or in writing, and we will immediately take appropriate action depending on the situation to protect the rights and interests of employees.
- (II) List all losses (including labor inspection results in violation of the Labor Standards Act; the date of penalty, penalty document number, applicable law violated, content of the law, and content of penalty shall be disclosed) incurred due to labor disputes in the latest year and up to the publication date of the annual report, and disclose the currently estimated amount and future potential amount, and future countermeasures. If such amounts cannot be reasonably estimated, the fact that they cannot be estimated shall be explained: None.

VI. Cyber security management

- (I) Describe the ICT security risk management framework, the ICT security policy, specific management plan and the resources invested in the ICT security management, etc.
 - 1. Cyber security risk management framework
 - (1) Corporate information security governance organization Wellell Inc. has designated the Information Technology Department under the Human Resources Division to coordinates the development, implementation, risk management and compliance review of cyber security and protection policies, and carries out operation planning, execution, inspection and review in accordance with the PDCA (Plan-Do-Check-Act) management cycle structure and the Company's current management regulations.
 - (2) Corporate information security organization and proprietary information protection framework of Wellell Inc.

The Information Technology Department under the Human Resources Division is responsible for the establishing and implementing the cyber security policies, and the Legal and Intellectual Property Department under the Innovation Center is responsible for establishing, implementing and inspecting the policies for the protection of proprietary information including personal information.

- 2. Cyber security policy
 - (1) Corporate Information Security Management Strategy and Structure

The Information Technology Department uses the PDCA (Plan-Do-Check-Act) management cycle structure to carry out operation planning, execution, inspection and review.

The necessary cyber security measures are taken in aspects of information system, operation execution, and personnel training. In addition, the cyber security incident handling procedures are established to ensure proper reporting and management of incidents.

(2) Corporate Information Security Risk Management and Continuous Improvement Framework Starting from the above four policy aspects, the information security risk

Starting from the above four policy aspects, the information security risk management and continuous improvement will be carried out with the goal of providing continuous information services and security defense. From the planning stage of information system construction, the need for continuously providing service and security defense is taken into consideration, and network monitoring and management is continuously carried out to detect and eliminate potential security threats as early as possible. We also dynamically adjust the settings of firewalls based on the monitoring results. In addition, we control the software and hardware of information equipment used by employees to prevent threatening software from being installed in information equipment at source. We also raise employees' awareness of cyber security through announcements and trainings to avoid cyber security threats such as phishing or social engineering, in order to implement cyber security management. We also review internal rules and regulations and make necessary updates

based on the observation results.

3. Specific management plans

| Aspect | Description of specific management plans |
|---|--|
| Information system policy principles | Accounts and privileges are regularly checked to ensure that accounts are used under proper authorization. The records of authorization, review and control measures for access rights of the employees are established for checking. The information system is classified and graded to establish necessary and appropriate data backup and support measures. |
| Operation execution principles | Physical and environmental security, including the establishment of power backup mechanism, cooling system and fire protection system in the computer room, and access control. Software and hardware checking and scanning to eliminate possible threats caused by unverified software. Anti-virus software and operating system updates to fix potential or known cyber security vulnerabilities. System and network status monitoring for early detection and elimination of potential network security threats. Cyber security promotion to raise employees' awareness of cyber security to avoid cyber security threats such as phishing or social engineering. |
| Employee training principles | Mandatory online training courses for new employees to raise awareness of cyber security. Hold face-to-face education and training. |
| Cyber security incident handling procedures | Incident handling report. Announce significant cyber security information. |

4. Resources put in information security management

Promotion and implementation results of corporate information security measures in 2022 and as of April 2023

- (1) Entrusted external experts to perform information system vulnerability scan for one time. There were no major deficiencies or vulnerabilities.
- (2) Education, training, and public announcements for seven times.
- (3) Elimination of violation for one time.
- (II) List any losses suffered by the company in the latest year and up to the publication date of annual report due to significant cyber security incidents, the possible impacts therefrom, and measures being or to be taken. If a reasonable estimate cannot be made, an explanation of the facts of why it cannot be made shall be provided:

Wellell Inc. has not suffered any cyber security incident up to the publication date of the annual report. Wellell Inc. will do our utmost to maintain cyber security operations through continuous monitoring and continuous improvement.

VII. Important contract

List the supply and sales contracts, technical cooperation contracts, engineering contracts, long-term loan contracts and other important contracts sufficient to affect shareholders' equity that are still in effect up to the publication date of the annual report or expired in the latest year:

| Nature of contract | Participants | Contract start and end dates | Major contents | Restrictions |
|--|--|------------------------------|---|--------------|
| Shares Sale and Purchase Agreement | Buyer: Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. Seller: SLK Holding GmbH, Oliver Otte, Martin Herberg | September 16, 2019 | Pricing method and related matters of the acquisition of the other 50% equity of SLK | None |

Chapter VI. Financial Status

I. Condensed balance sheet and consolidated income statement for the past five years

(I) Condensed balance sheet and statement of comprehensive income- IFRS

Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| Year data for 2023 Ltem 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 up to March 31, 2023 Current assets 1,677,316 1,588,014 1,405,183 1,485,379 1,750,185 1,670,409 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - Non-current 19,165 15,866 19,117 12,343 2,356 17,073 Investments accounted for using equity method - - 211,096 203,855 - Property, plant and equipment 736,063 740,916 785,171 657,969 689,710 735,037 Right-of-use assets 67,438 64,200 80,877 101,807 - 64,691 Other assets 3,197,408 3,140,417 3,046,409 3,020,406 3,146,056 3,203,756 Total assets 3,197,408 3,140,417 3,046,409 3,020,406 3,146,056 3,203,756 Current After distribution 771,077 873,877 709,855 753,513 1,009,642 709,595 Iliabiliti | | | Financ | vial Informatio | n for the nast | five years (N | ote 1) | Financial |
|---|--------------------------|---|-------------|---|----------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Item 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 up to March 31, 2023 Current assets 1,677,316 1,588,014 1,405,183 1,485,379 1,750,185 1,670,409 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - Investments accounted for using equity method 19,165 15,866 19,117 12,343 2,356 17,073 Property, plant and equipment 736,063 740,916 785,171 657,969 689,710 735,037 Right-of-use assets 67,438 64,200 80,877 101,807 64,691 Intangible assets 650,513 668,069 701,672 432,380 431,929 653,481 Other assets 3,197,408 3,140,417 3,046,409 3,020,406 3,146,056 3,203,756 Current Before 771,077 873,877 709,855 753,513 1,009,642 709,595 Total assets 3,197,408 1,131,628 995,627 1,035,837 1,124,101 911,756 Habilities 198,956 202,250 230,271 | | Voor | Tinanc | | | Tive years (IN | | |
| Current asets 1,677,316 1,588,014 1,405,183 1,485,379 1,750,185 1,670,409 raine comprehensive income - Non-current 19,165 15,866 19,117 12,343 2,356 17,073 Investments accounted for using equity method - - 211,096 203,855 - Property, plant and equipment 736,063 740,916 785,171 657,969 689,710 735,037 Right-of-use assets 67,438 64,200 80,877 101,807 - 64,691 Intangible assets 650,513 668,069 701,672 432,380 431,929 653,481 Other assets 3,17,408 3,140,417 3,046,409 3,020,406 3,146,056 3,203,756 Total assets 3,197,408 3,140,417 3,046,409 3,020,406 3,146,056 3,203,756 Current distribution 771,077 873,877 709,855 753,513 1,009,642 709,595 Total assets 3,140,417 3,046,409 3,020,406 3,146,055 3,45,635 | Item | I'cai | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2010 | | |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | nem | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - Mon-current 19,165 15,866 19,117 12,343 2,356 17,073 Non-current Investments accounted for using equity method - - 211,096 203,855 - Property, plant and equipment 736,063 740,916 785,171 657,969 689,710 735,037 Right-of-use assets 67,438 64,200 80,877 101,807 - 64,691 Other assets 650,513 668,069 701,672 432,380 431,929 653,481 Other assets 3,197,408 3,140,417 3,046,409 3,020,406 3,146,653 3,203,756 Total assets 3,197,408 3,140,417 3,046,409 3,020,406 3,146,653 3,203,756 Current liabilities Refore 771,077 873,877 709,855 753,513 1,009,642 709,595 Ioail assets 19,056 202,250 230,271 236,914 114,459 202,161 Ioailtities 198,956 202,250 230,271 236,613 145,635 345,635 345,635 345,635 | Current a | ussets | 1,677,316 | 1,588,014 | 1,405,183 | 1,485,379 | 1,750,185 | |
| value through other comprehensive income - Non-current Investments accounted for using equity method 19,165 15,866 19,117 12,343 2,356 17,073 Investments accounted for equipment equipment 736,063 740,916 785,171 657,969 689,710 735,037 Right-of-use assets 67,438 64,200 80,877 101,807 - 64,691 Intangible assets 650,513 668,069 701,672 432,380 431,929 653,481 Other assets 46,913 63,352 54,389 119,432 68,021 63,065 Total assets 3,197,408 3,140,417 3,046,409 3,020,406 3,146,056 3,203,756 Current liabilities Before 771,077 873,877 709,855 753,513 1,009,642 709,595 Non-current liabilities 198,956 202,250 230,271 236,914 114,459 202,161 Total liabilities 198,956 202,250 230,271 236,914 114,459 20,161 Corrent liabilities 198,956 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td>, ,</td><td>, ,</td><td>, ,</td><td>, ,</td><td>, ,</td></td<> | | | , , | , , | , , | , , | , , | , , |
| Before 771.077 873.877 709.855 753.513 1,009.642 709.53 Current Before 3,197,408 1,131.628 995.627 1,035.837 1,144.59 202.161 Share capital 1,009,116 1,009,1 | | | | | | | | |
| Non-current Investments accounted for using equity method 211,096 203,855 - Property, plant and equipment 736,063 740,916 785,171 657,969 689,710 735,037 Right-of-use assets 67,438 64,200 80,877 101,807 - 64,691 Intangible assets 650,513 668,069 701,672 432,380 431,929 653,481 Other assets 46,913 63,352 54,389 119,432 68,021 63,065 Total assets 3,197,408 3,140,417 3,046,409 3,020,406 3,146,056 3,203,756 Current liabilities Before distribution 771,077 873,877 709,855 753,513 1,009,642 709,595 Non-current liabilities 198,956 202,250 230,271 236,914 114,459 202,161 Monecurrent liabilities 198,956 202,250 230,271 236,914 114,459 202,161 Share capital 1,009,116 1,009,116 1,009,116 1,009,116 1,009,116 | | | 19,165 | 15,866 | 19,117 | 12,343 | 2,356 | 17,073 |
| Investments accounted for using equity method - - 211,096 203,855 - Property, plant and equipment 736,063 740,916 785,171 657,969 689,710 735,037 Right-of-use assets 67,438 64,200 80,877 101,807 - 64,691 Intangible assets 650,513 668,069 701,672 432,380 431,929 653,481 Other assets 46,913 63,352 54,389 119,432 68,021 63,065 Total assets 3,197,408 3,140,417 3,046,409 3,020,406 3,146,056 3,203,756 Current liabilities Before distribution 771,077 873,877 709,855 753,513 1,009,642 709,595 Non-current liabilities 198,956 202,250 230,271 236,914 114,459 202,161 Mon-current liabilities 198,956 202,250 230,271 236,914 114,459 202,161 Stare capital 1,055,808 1,131,628 995,627 1,035,837 1,189,693 </td <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | - | | | | | | | |
| using equity method211,096203,855-Property, plant and equipment736,063740,916785,171657,969689,710735,037Right-of-use assets67,43864,20080,877101,807-64,691Intangible assets650,513668,069701,672432,380431,929653,481Other assets46,91363,35254,389119,43268,02163,065Total assets3,197,4083,140,4173,046,4093,020,4063,146,0563,203,756CurrentBefore distribution771,077873,877709,855753,5131,009,642709,595Non-current liabilities198,956202,250230,271236,914114,459202,161Non-current liabilities198,956202,250230,271236,914114,459202,161IiabilitiesAfter distribution (Note 2)1,055,8081,131,628995,6271,035,8371,189,693-Share capital1,009,1161,009,1161,009,1161,009,1161,009,1161,009,1161,009,116Capital surplus345,635345,635345,635345,635345,635345,635345,635Retarided distributionRefore distribution980,694901,484852,978804,395762,494-Other equity(200,139)(252,634)(161,517)(178,568)(163,809)(186,613)Equity attributable to owners of parent2,221,081 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | | | - | - | - | 211,096 | 203,855 | - |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | | - | 736,063 | 740,916 | 785,171 | 657,969 | 689,710 | 735,037 |
| $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | . | | 67,438 | 64,200 | 80,877 | 101,807 | - | 64,691 |
| $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | | | | | | | 431,929 | |
| $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | | | | | | | | - |
| $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | | | | | | | · · · · · · | |
| $\begin{array}{c} \label{eq:current} \\ \mbox{Current} \\ \mbox{listribution} & \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | | | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | Current | | 771,077 | 873,877 | 709,855 | 753,513 | 1,009,642 | 709,595 |
| $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | | | | | | | | |
| Non-current liabilities198,956202,250230,271236,914114,459202,161Mon-current liabilitiesBefore distribution970,0331,076,127940,126990,4271,124,101911,756Total liabilitiesAfter distribution (Note 2)1,055,8081,131,628995,6271,035,8371,189,693-Share capital1,009,1161,009,1161,009,1161,009,1161,009,1161,009,1161,009,116Capital surplus345,635345,635345,635345,635345,635345,635345,635Retained earningsBefore distribution (Note 2)1,066,469956,985908,479849,805828,0861,117,383Other equity(200,139)(252,634)(161,517)(178,568)(163,809)(186,613)Equity attributable to owners of parent2,221,0812,059,1022,101,7132,025,9882,019,0282,285,521Non-controlling interest6,2945,1884,5703,9912,9276,479Total equityBefore distribution2,227,3752,064,2902,106,2832,029,9792,021,9552,292,000 | | | 856,852 | 929,378 | 765,356 | 798,923 | 1,075,234 | - |
| Total liabilitiesdistribution $970,033$ $1,076,127$ $940,126$ $990,427$ $1,124,101$ $911,756$ Share capital $1,055,808$ $1,131,628$ $995,627$ $1,035,837$ $1,189,693$ -Share capital $1,009,116$ $1,009,116$ $1,009,116$ $1,009,116$ $1,009,116$ $1,009,116$ Capital surplus $345,635$ $345,635$ $345,635$ $345,635$ $345,635$ $345,635$ Retained distribution $1,066,469$ $956,985$ $908,479$ $849,805$ $828,086$ $1,117,383$ Retained earningsAfter distribution (Note 2) $980,694$ $901,484$ $852,978$ $804,395$ $762,494$ -Other equity(200,139)(252,634)(161,517)(178,568)(163,809)(186,613)Equity attributable to owners of parent $2,221,081$ $2,059,102$ $2,101,713$ $2,025,988$ $2,019,028$ $2,285,521$ Non-controlling interest $6,294$ $5,188$ $4,570$ $3,991$ $2,927$ $6,479$ Total equityAfter distribution distribution $2,141,600$ $2,008,789$ $2,050,782$ $1,984,569$ $1,956,363$ | Non-curr | × / | 198,956 | 202,250 | 230,271 | 236,914 | 114,459 | 202,161 |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | | Before | 070 022 | 1 076 127 | 040 126 | 000 427 | 1 124 101 | 011 756 |
| $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | Total | distribution | 970,033 | 1,070,127 | 940,120 | 990,427 | 1,124,101 | 911,750 |
| $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | liabilities | After distribution | 1 055 808 | 1 121 628 | 005 627 | 1 035 837 | 1 180 603 | |
| Capital surplus $345,635$ $345,63$ | | | | | | | | |
| Before distribution 1,066,469 956,985 908,479 849,805 828,086 1,117,383 After distribution (Note 2) 980,694 901,484 852,978 804,395 762,494 - Other equity (200,139) (252,634) (161,517) (178,568) (163,809) (186,613) Equity attributable to owners of parent 2,221,081 2,059,102 2,101,713 2,025,988 2,019,028 2,285,521 Non-controlling interest 6,294 5,188 4,570 3,991 2,927 6,479 Total equity Before distribution 2,227,375 2,064,290 2,106,283 2,029,979 2,021,955 2,292,000 | Share cap | oital | | | | | | |
| Retained earnings distribution 1,066,469 956,985 908,479 849,805 828,086 1,117,383 After distribution (Note 2) 980,694 901,484 852,978 804,395 762,494 - Other equity (200,139) (252,634) (161,517) (178,568) (163,809) (186,613) Equity attributable to owners of parent 2,221,081 2,059,102 2,101,713 2,025,988 2,019,028 2,285,521 Non-controlling interest 6,294 5,188 4,570 3,991 2,927 6,479 Total equity Before distribution 2,227,375 2,064,290 2,106,283 2,029,979 2,021,955 2,292,000 | Capital su | | 345,635 | 345,635 | 345,635 | 345,635 | 345,635 | 345,635 |
| Retained earnings distribution (Note 2) 980,694 901,484 852,978 804,395 762,494 - Other equity (200,139) (252,634) (161,517) (178,568) (163,809) (186,613) Equity attributable to owners of parent 2,221,081 2,059,102 2,101,713 2,025,988 2,019,028 2,285,521 Non-controlling interest 6,294 5,188 4,570 3,991 2,927 6,479 Total equity Before distribution 2,227,375 2,064,290 2,106,283 2,029,979 2,021,955 2,292,000 | | | 1 066 469 | 956 985 | 908 479 | 849 805 | 828 086 | 1 117 383 |
| Other equity (200,139) (252,634) (161,517) (178,568) (163,809) (186,613) Equity attributable to owners of parent 2,221,081 2,059,102 2,101,713 2,025,988 2,019,028 2,285,521 Non-controlling interest 6,294 5,188 4,570 3,991 2,927 6,479 Total equity Before distribution 2,227,375 2,064,290 2,106,283 2,029,979 2,021,955 2,292,000 | | | 1,000,107 | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | ,,,,, | 019,000 | 020,000 | 1,117,505 |
| Other equity (200,139) (252,634) (161,517) (178,568) (163,809) (186,613) Equity attributable to owners of parent 2,221,081 2,059,102 2,101,713 2,025,988 2,019,028 2,285,521 Non-controlling interest 6,294 5,188 4,570 3,991 2,927 6,479 Total equity Before distribution 2,227,375 2,064,290 2,106,283 2,029,979 2,021,955 2,292,000 | earnings | | 980,694 | 901,484 | 852,978 | 804,395 | 762,494 | - |
| Equity attributable to owners of parent 2,221,081 2,059,102 2,101,713 2,025,988 2,019,028 2,285,521 Non-controlling interest 6,294 5,188 4,570 3,991 2,927 6,479 Non-controlling interest 6,294 5,188 4,570 3,991 2,927 6,479 Total equity Before distribution 2,227,375 2,064,290 2,106,283 2,029,979 2,021,955 2,292,000 | Other equ | • | (200,139) | (252,634) | (161,517) | (178,568) | (163,809) | (186,613) |
| owners of parent 2,221,081 2,059,102 2,101,713 2,025,988 2,019,028 2,285,521 Non-controlling interest 6,294 5,188 4,570 3,991 2,927 6,479 Before 2,227,375 2,064,290 2,106,283 2,029,979 2,021,955 2,292,000 Total distribution 2,141,600 2,008,789 2,050,782 1,984,569 1,956,363 | | | | | | | | |
| Non-controlling interest 6,294 5,188 4,570 3,991 2,927 6,479 Mon-controlling interest 6,294 5,188 4,570 3,991 2,927 6,479 Before 2,227,375 2,064,290 2,106,283 2,029,979 2,021,955 2,292,000 Total After distribution 2,141,600 2,008,789 2,050,782 1,984,569 1,956,363 | owners of parent | | 2,221,081 | 2,059,102 | 2,101,713 | 2,025,988 | 2,019,028 | 2,285,521 |
| Before distribution 2,227,375 2,064,290 2,106,283 2,029,979 2,021,955 2,292,000 equity After distribution 2,141,600 2,008,789 2,050,782 1,984,569 1,956,363 - | Non-controlling interest | | 6,294 | 5,188 | 4,570 | 3,991 | 2,927 | 6,479 |
| I otal distribution equity After distribution 2 141 600 2 008 789 2 050 782 1 984 569 1 956 363 | | | | 2.064.200 | 2 106 292 | 2 0 20 0 70 | | 2 202 000 |
| equity After distribution 2 141 600 2 008 789 2 050 782 1 984 569 1 956 363 | Total | distribution | 2,227,375 | 2,064,290 | 2,106,283 | 2,029,979 | 2,021,955 | 2,292,000 |
| | equity | After distribution | 2 1 4 1 600 | 2 000 700 | 2 050 792 | 1 004 5 60 | 1.056.262 | |
| | | | 2,141,600 | 2,008,789 | 2,050,782 | 1,984,569 | 1,956,363 | - |

Note 1: The financial data for the past five years have been audited and certified by CPAs.

Note 2: the proposal for the 2022 earnings distribution shall be filled in according to the resolution of the Board of Directors.

| Ont. 1415 thousand (except for earnings per share in 1415) | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|--|--|
| Year | Financ | cial Information | on for the past | five years (N | (ote 1) | Financial | | |
| | | | | | | data for 2023 | | |
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | up to March | | |
| Item | | | | | | 31, 2023 | | |
| Operating revenues | 2,663,723 | 2,374,055 | 2,004,025 | 2,036,232 | 2,105,748 | 699,765 | | |
| Gross profit | 1,066,788 | 986,952 | 847,631 | 853,817 | 876,871 | 297,365 | | |
| Operating profit | 184,940 | 104,323 | 98,936 | 128,763 | 136,905 | 56,120 | | |
| Non-operating income and expenses | 15,597 | 33,758 | 25,908 | (337) | 13,366 | | | |
| Net income before tax | 200,537 | 138,081 | 124,844 | 128,426 | 150,271 | 64,742 | | |
| Current net income | 162,114 | 103,511 | 105,377 | 88,804 | | | | |
| Other comprehensive | 102,111 | 105,511 | 105,577 | 00,001 | 109,517 | 50,075 | | |
| income (loss) for the period | 56,472 | (90,003) | 16,337 | (15,188) | (17,294) | 13,547 | | |
| (net after tax) | 50,172 | (30,005) | 10,007 | (10,100) | (17,221) | 10,017 | | |
| Total comprehensive | 2 10 7 0 (| 10.500 | 101 - 11 | | | | | |
| income for the period | 218,586 | 13,508 | 121,714 | 73,616 | 92,023 | 64,442 | | |
| Profit attributable to | 1 (1 400 | 102.047 | 104 500 | 07.001 | 100 412 | 50 701 | | |
| owners of the parent | 161,409 | 102,247 | 104,588 | 87,921 | 108,413 | 50,731 | | |
| Profit attributable to non- | 705 | 1.264 | 790 | 002 | 004 | 1.64 | | |
| controlling interests | 705 | 1,264 | 789 | 883 | 904 | 164 | | |
| Total comprehensive | | | | | | | | |
| income attributable to | 217,480 | 12,890 | 121,135 | 72,552 | 91,028 | 64,257 | | |
| owners of the parent | | | | | | | | |
| Total comprehensive | | | | | | | | |
| income attributable to non- | 1,106 | 618 | 579 | 1,064 | 995 | 185 | | |
| controlling interests | | | | | | | | |
| Earnings per share | 1.60 | 1.01 | 1.04 | 0.87 | 1.24 | 0.50 | | |

Consolidated condensed statement of comprehensive income

Unit: NT\$ thousand (except for earnings per share in NT\$)

Note 1: The financial data for the past five years have been audited and certified by CPAs.

Parent Company Only Condensed Balance Sheet

| | | | | | Unit: N | T\$ thousand |
|----------------------------|---|-----------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| | Year | Finan | cial Information | on for the past | five years (No | ote 1) |
| Item | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
| Current ass | ets | 639,367 | 657,673 | 532,190 | 773,626 | 1,002,626 |
| | ssets at fair value er comprehensive on-current | 19,165 | 15,866 | 19,117 | 12,343 | 2,356 |
| Investments equity meth | s accounted for using nod | 1,673,388 | 1,971,687 | 1,521,753 | 1,359,821 | 1,396,077 |
| Property, pl | lant and equipment | 391,124 | 393,604 | 391,710 | 394,222 | 402,594 |
| Right-of-us | e assets | 2,642 | 3,673 | 3,422 | 482 | - |
| Intangible a | assets | 2,869 | 4,181 | 3,122 | 3,678 | 4,462 |
| Other assets | S | 35,158 | 33,708 | 34,578 | 33,851 | 33,767 |
| Total assets | | 2,763,713 | 3,080,392 | 2,505,892 | 2,578,023 | 2,841,882 |
| Current liabilities | Before distribution | 540,848 | 1,014,046 | 394,096 | 544,447 | 815,589 |
| | After distribution (Note 2) | 626,623 | 1,069,547 | 449,597 | 589,857 | 881,181 |

| | Year | Finan | cial Information | on for the past | five years (Ne | ote 1) |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------|
| Item | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
| Non-current | t liabilities | 1,784 | 7,244 | 10,083 | 7,588 | 7,265 |
| Total | Before distribution | 542,632 | 1,021,290 | 404,179 | 552,035 | 822,854 |
| Total liabilities | After distribution (Note 2) | 628,407 | 1,076,791 | 459,680 | 597,445 | 888,446 |
| Share capita | ıl | 1,009,116 | 1,009,116 | 1,009,116 | 1,009,116 | 1,009,116 |
| Capital surp | olus | 345,635 | 345,635 | 345,635 | 345,635 | 345,635 |
| Retained | Before distribution | 1,066,469 | 956,985 | 908,479 | 849,805 | 828,086 |
| earnings | After distribution (Note 2) | 980,694 | 901,484 | 852,978 | 804,395 | 762,494 |
| Other equity | | (200,139) | (252,634) | (161,517) | (178,568) | (163,809) |
| | Before distribution | 2,221,081 | 2,059,102 | 2,101,713 | 2,025,988 | 2,019,028 |
| Total equity | After distribution (Note 2) | 2,135,306 | 2,003,601 | 2,046,212 | 1,980,578 | 1,953,436 |

Note 1: The financial data for the past five years have been audited and certified by CPAs.

Note 2: the proposal for the 2022 earnings distribution shall be filled in according to the resolution of the Board of Directors.

Parent company only condensed statement of comprehensive income

Unit: NT\$ thousand (except for earnings per share in NT\$)

| Year | Financial Information for the past five years (Note 1) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Item | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | | | |
| Operating revenues | 1,262,946 | 1,176,513 | 1,122,691 | 1,235,742 | 1,307,816 | | | |
| Gross profit | 401,825 | 338,371 | 384,287 | 434,704 | 464,137 | | | |
| Operating profit | 74,437 | 16,641 | 23,547 | 91,553 | 109,697 | | | |
| Non-operating income and | 101,831 | 89,669 | 87,707 | 14,095 | 19,892 | | | |
| expenses | | 89,009 | 87,707 | 14,095 | 19,092 | | | |
| Net income before tax | 176,268 | 106,310 | 111,254 | 105,648 | 129,589 | | | |
| Current net income | 161,409 | 102,247 | 104,588 | 87,921 | 108,413 | | | |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | |
| (loss) for the period | 56,071 | (89,357) | 16,547 | (15,369) | (17,385) | | | |
| (Net after tax) | | | | | | | | |
| Total comprehensive income for | 217,480 | 12,890 | 121,135 | 72,552 | 91,028 | | | |
| the period | 217,480 | 12,890 | 121,155 | 12,332 | 91,028 | | | |
| Earnings per share | 1.60 | 1.01 | 1.04 | 0.87 | 1.24 | | | |

Note 1: The financial data for the past five years have been audited and certified by CPAs.

(II) Names of CPA and their audit opinions for the past 5 years

| Year | Name of CPA | Opinion |
|------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 2018 | Kou, Hui-Zhi; Guo, Xin-Yi | Unqualified opinion |
| 2019 | Kou, Hui-Zhi; Guo, Xin-Yi | Unqualified opinion |
| 2020 | Kou, Hui-Zhi; Guo, Xin-Yi | Unqualified opinion |
| 2021 | Guo, Xin-Yi; Chen, Bei-Qi | Unqualified opinion |
| 2022 | Guo, Xin-Yi; Chen, Bei-Qi | Unqualified opinion |

II. Financial analysis for the past 5 years

| | Financial | al Analy | sis for th | e past fiv | e fiscal | For the | |
|-------------------|---|----------|------------|------------|----------|--------------|----------------------|
| | | yea | ars (Note | 1) | | current year | |
| Analysis item | 1 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | as of March 31, 2023 |
| Financial | Debt to assets ratio | 30.34 | 34.27 | 30.86 | 32.79 | 35.73 | 28.46 |
| structure (%) | Ratio of long-term capital to property, plant and equipment | 329.64 | 305.91 | 297.59 | 344.53 | 309.76 | 339.32 |
| C - 1 | Current ratio | 217.53 | 181.72 | 197.95 | 197.13 | 173.35 | 235.40 |
| Solvency (%) | Quick ratio | 141.19 | 114.01 | 134.90 | 147.21 | 138.18 | 151.39 |
| (70) | Interest coverage ratio | 20.69 | 19.00 | 14.45 | 8.14 | 16.51 | 18.30 |
| | Turnover rate of accounts receivable (times) | 5.96 | 6.79 | 6.29 | 5.81 | 5.88 | 5.64 |
| | Number of days in average cashing. | 61 | 54 | 58 | 63 | 62 | 65 |
| | Inventory turnover (times) | 2.58 | 2.63 | 2.75 | 2.91 | 3.03 | 2.53 |
| Operating ability | Rate of payable turnover (times) | 8.39 | 8.50 | 10.03 | 8.15 | 7.35 | 8.22 |
| | Average number of days in sales. | 142 | 139 | 133 | 125 | 120 | 144 |
| | Property, plant and equipment turnover (times) | 3.61 | 3.11 | 2.78 | 3.09 | 3.05 | 3.81 |
| | Total assets turnover (times) | 0.84 | 0.77 | 0.66 | 0.67 | 0.67 | 0.87 |
| | Return on assets (%) | 5.35 | 3.50 | 3.69 | 3.34 | 4.06 | 6.71 |
| | Return on equity (%) | 7.52 | 4.90 | 5.06 | 4.34 | 5.97 | 8.98 |
| Profitability | Percentage of net profit before tax to the paid-in capital (%) | 19.87 | 13.68 | 12.37 | 12.73 | 14.89 | 25.66 |
| | Profit ratio (%) | 6.06 | 4.31 | 5.22 | 4.32 | 5.15 | 7.25 |
| | Earnings per share (NT\$) | 1.60 | 1.01 | 1.04 | 0.87 | 1.24 | 0.50 |
| | Cash flow ratio (%) | 10.65 | 2.17 | 39.35 | 23.04 | 11.79 | 11.86 |
| Cash flow | Cash flow adequacy ratio (%) | 81.81 | 91.41 | 142.01 | 127.94 | 130.80 | 109.66 |
| | Cash reinvestment ratio (%) | 0.95 | -1.40 | 8.87 | 4.17 | 2.05 | 2.90 |
| Loverage | Operating leverage | 9.50 | 15.17 | 14.17 | 10.86 | 10.26 | 8.27 |
| Leverage | Financial leverage | 1.06 | 1.08 | 1.10 | 1.16 | 1.08 | 1.07 |

Consolidated Financial Analysis - IFRS

The reasons for the movements in various financial ratios in the last two years (if the movement does not reach 20%, an analysis is not required)

1. The quick ratio increased and the operating growth continued this year, the accounts receivable increased and short-term borrowings decreased compared to the same period last year.

2. The asset return rate, equity return rate, net profit before tax to paid-in capital ratio, profit ratio, and earnings per share increased,

mainly due to Wellell launched a new brand "Wellell" to the world, which achieved good results again in the global market, driving the continued operation growth and increased profits.

- 3. The increase in cash flow ratio was mainly due to an increase in net cash inflow from operating activities and a decrease in short-term borrowings compared to the same period last year.
- 4. The increase in the cash reinvestment ratio was mainly due to the increase in net cash inflow from operating activities compared with previous period.
- 5. The decrease in operation leverage was mainly due to the increase in operating income in the current period.

| <u> </u> | Parent Company Only Financial Analysis - IFRS | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|
| | Year | Financial Analysis for the past five fiscal years | | | | | | |
| Analysis iter | m | (Note 1) | | | | | | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | | |
| | Debt to assets ratio | 19.63 | 33.15 | 16.13 | 21.41 | 28.95 | | |
| structure (%) | Ratio of long-term capital to property, plant and equipment | 568.33 | 524.98 | 539.12 | 515.85 | 503.31 | | |
| Solvency (%) | Current ratio | 118.22 | 64.86 | 135.04 | 142.09 | 122.93 | | |
| | Quick ratio | 90.43 | 46.28 | 111.49 | 121.75 | 108.46 | | |
| (70) | Interest coverage ratio | 31.98 | 42.16 | 27.75 | 8.9 | 14.69 | | |
| | Turnover rate of accounts receivable (times) | 3.69 | 4.14 | 4.27 | 4.00 | 4.16 | | |
| | Number of days in average cashing. | 99 | 88 | 85 | 91 | 88 | | |
| | Inventory turnover (times) | 4.78 | 5.79 | 7.29 | 7.01 | 7.56 | | |
| Operating ability | Rate of payable turnover (times) | 8.33 | 9.61 | 12.99 | 9.14 | 6.92 | | |
| | Average number of days in sales. | 76 | 63 | 50 | 52 | 48 | | |
| | Property, plant and equipment turnover (times) | 3.22 | 3.00 | 2.86 | 3.13 | 3.25 | | |
| | Total assets turnover (times) | 0.43 | 0.42 | 0.44 | 0.48 | 0.46 | | |
| | Return on assets (%) | 5.68 | 3.73 | 4.25 | 3.65 | 4.44 | | |
| | Return on equity (%) | 7.52 | 4.90 | 5.06 | 4.34 | 5.97 | | |
| Profitability | Percentage of net profit before tax to the paid-in capital (%) | 17.47 | 10.53 | 11.02 | 10.47 | 12.84 | | |
| | Profit ratio (%) | 12.78 | 8.69 | 9.32 | 7.11 | 8.29 | | |
| | Earnings per share (NT\$) | 1.60 | 1.01 | 1.04 | 0.87 | 1.24 | | |
| | Cash flow ratio (%) | 22.41 | -3.91 | 30.78 | 14.04 | 11.46 | | |
| Cash flow | Cash flow adequacy ratio (%) | 73.25 | 59.51 | 121.76 | 105.13 | 110.25 | | |
| | Cash reinvestment ratio (%) | 2.87 | -4.44 | 3.47 | 0.50 | 1.25 | | |
| т | Operating leverage | 9.08 | 41.34 | 31.28 | 8.65 | 7.01 | | |
| Leverage | Financial leverage | 1.08 | 1.18 | 1.21 | 1.17 | 1.09 | | |
| The reasons | The reasons for the movements in various financial ratios in the last two years (if the movement | | | | | | | |
| | ch 20%, an analysis is not require | | | - 、 | | | | |
| ioes not reach 2070, an analysis is not required) | | | | | | | | |

Parent Company Only Financial Analysis - IFRS

- 1. The decrease in debt to assets ratio and the increase in current ratio and quick ratio were due to the decrease in the balance of liabilities in 2022 as a result of the restructuring of the Group and the settlement of equity transfer of Apex Medical Global Cooperatie UA in September 2022.
- 2. The decrease in interest coverage ratio was mainly due to the increase in interest expense.
- 3. The increase in the average number of days in sales was mainly due to the increase in inventory in 2021 as a result of early stocking affected by the epidemic, which resulted in an increase in average inventory in 2021 compared to the previous years.
- 4. The asset return rate, equity return rate, net profit before tax to paid-in capital ratio, profit ratio, and earnings per share increased, mainly due to Wellell launched a new brand "Wellell" to the world, which achieved good results again in the global market, driving the continued operation growth and increased profits.
- 5. The increase in cash flow ratio and cash reinvestment ratio was mainly due to the increase in net cash inflow from operating activities compared with previous period.
- 6. The increase in cash flow adequacy ratio was mainly due to an increase in net cash inflows from operating activities in the past five years.
- 7. The decrease in operation leverage was mainly due to the increase in operating income in the current period.

Note 1. The financial data for the past five years have been audited and certified by CPAs.

Note 2. The calculation formulas in the above table are as follows:

- 1. Financial structure
 - (1) The ratio of total liabilities to total assets = Total liabilities / Total assets
 - (2) Ratio of long-term capital to property, plant and equipment = (Total equities + Noncurrent liabilities) / Property, plant and equipment.
- 2. Solvency
 - (1) Current ratio = Current assets / Current liabilities.
 - (2) Quick ratio = (Current assets Inventories Prepaid expense) / current liabilities.
 - (3) Interest coverage ratio = Net profit before interest and tax / Interest expenses for the current period.
- 3. Operating ability
 - (1) Turnover rate of the account receivable (including account receivable and notes receivable incurred as a result of business operation) = The balance of the net sales amount / Account receivable averaged in various term (including account receivable and notes receivable incurred as a result of business operation).
 - (2) Number of days in averaged cashing = 365 / Turnover rate of account receivable.
 - (3) Inventory turnover rate = Sales cost / Averaged inventory amount.
 - (4) Turnover rate of the payables (Including accounts payable and the notes payable incurred by business operation) = Sales cost / Balance of the payables averaged in various term (Including accounts payable and the notes payable incurred by business operation).
 - (5) Number of days on averaged sales = 365 / Inventory turnover rate.
 - (6) Property, plant and equipment turnover = Net amount of sales / Averaged net amount for the real estate, plants and equipment.
 - (7) Total assets turnover = Net amount of sales / Total of average assets.
- 4. Profitability
 - (1) Return on assets = (After tax net profit + Interest expenses x (1- tax rate)) / Average asset balance.

- (2) Return on shareholders' equity = After tax net profit / Total average equity.
- (3) Profit ratio = After tax net profit / Net amount of sales.
- (4) Earnings per share = (Profits or loss attributable to owners of the parent company Preferred stock dividend) / Weighted average stock shares issued.
- 5. Cash flow
 - (1) Cash flow ratio = Net cash flow from operating activities / current liabilities.
 - (2) Cash flow adequacy ratio= Net cash flow from operating activities within five years / (Capital expenditure + Inventory increase + Cash dividend) within five years.
 - (3) Cash re-investment ratio= (Net cash flow from operating activity Cash dividend) / gross property, Plant, and equipment + Long-term investment + Other non-current assets + Working capital).
- 6. Leverage:
 - (1) Operation leverage = (Net amount of operating revenues Variable operating costs and expenses) / Operating profit.
 - (2) Financial leverage = Operating profit / (Operating profit Interest expenses).

III. The Audit Committee's Audit Report as shown through the financial statements in the latest year

Auditing Committee's Audit Report

This is to approve

The Board of Directors prepared the Company's business report, financial statements, and profit distribution proposal for the year 2022. The financial statements have been audited by KPMG Taiwan and an audit report has been issued. The aforementioned business report, financial statements, and profit distribution proposal have been audited by our Audit Committee, and no discrepancies have been found. Therefore, an audit report is provided as above for approval in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act.

То

2023 Annual Shareholders' Meeting of the Company

Wellell Inc.

Convener of the Audit Committee:

March 29, 2023

- IV. The financial statements for the latest year: Please refer to pages 164 to 232.
- V. The CPA certified individual financial report for the latest year: Please refer to pages 233 to 307.
- VI. If the company or its affiliates have experienced financial difficulties in the latest year and up to the publication date of the annual report, the annual report shall explain how said difficulties will affect the company's financial situation: None.

Chapter VII. Financial status and performance review analysis and risks

I. Financial status

Consolidated Financial Statements

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | | 0 1110 1 1 | i și indusanu | |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| 2022 | 2021 | Difference | | |
| 2022 | 2021 | Amount | % | |
| 1,677,316 | 1,588,014 | 89,302 | 6 | |
| 19,165 | 15,866 | 3,299 | 21 | |
| 736,063 | 740,916 | (4,853) | (1) | |
| 67,438 | 64,200 | 3,238 | 5 | |
| 697,426 | 731,421 | (33,995) | (5) | |
| 3,197,408 | 3,140,417 | 56,991 | 2 | |
| 771,077 | 873,877 | (102,800) | (12) | |
| 198,956 | 202,250 | (3,294) | (2) | |
| 970,033 | 1,076,127 | (106,094) | (10) | |
| 1,009,116 | 1,009,116 | - | - | |
| 345,635 | 345,635 | - | - | |
| 1,066,469 | 956,985 | 109,484 | 11 | |
| (200,139) | (252,634) | 52,495 | 21 | |
| 2,221,081 | 2,059,102 | 161,979 | 8 | |
| 6,294 | 5,188 | 1,106 | 21 | |
| 2,227,375 | 2,064,290 | 163,085 | 8 | |
| | 19,165 736,063 67,438 697,426 3,197,408 771,077 198,956 970,033 1,009,116 345,635 1,066,469 (200,139) 2,221,081 6,294 | 1,677,3161,588,01419,16515,866736,063740,91667,43864,200697,426731,4213,197,4083,140,417771,077873,877198,956202,250970,0331,076,1271,009,1161,009,116345,635345,6351,066,469956,985(200,139)(252,634)2,221,0812,059,1026,2945,188 | $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | |

Main reasons for major changes in the Company's assets, liabilities and equity during the last two years (changes of more than 20% in the previous and subsequent periods), their effects and future plans:

- (I) Explanation of the change in increase (decrease) ratio:
 - 1. The increase in the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income non-current was due to the increase in evaluations at fair value.
 - 2. The increase in other equity was mainly due to the increase in the difference of conversion and exchange in the financial statements of foreign operating institutions.
 - 3. The increase in non-controlling interests was due to the increase in profits as a result of continued operation growth this year.
- (II) Impacts of major changes in financial position during the last two years: There is no significant impact on the Company's financial position.

(III) Future response plan: N/A.

Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| Year | 2022 | 2021 | Differ | rence |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| Item | 2022 | 2021 | Amount | % |
| Current assets | 639,367 | 657,673 | (18,306) | (3) |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - Non-current | 19,165 | 15,866 | 3,299 | 21 |
| Investments accounted for using equity method | 1,673,388 | 1,971,687 | (298,299) | (15) |
| Property, plant and equipment | 391,124 | 393,604 | (2,480) | (1) |
| Right-of-use assets | 2,642 | 3,673 | (1,031) | (28) |
| Intangible assets and other assets | 38,027 | 37,889 | 138 | 0.4 |
| Total assets | 2,763,713 | 3,080,392 | (316,679) | (10) |
| Current liabilities | 540,848 | 1,014,046 | (473,198) | (47) |
| Non-current liabilities | 1,784 | 7,244 | (5,460) | (75) |
| Total liabilities | 542,632 | 1,021,290 | (478,658) | (47) |
| Share capital | 1,009,116 | 1,009,116 | - | - |
| Capital surplus | 345,635 | 345,635 | - | - |
| Retained earnings | 1,066,469 | 956,985 | 109,484 | 11 |
| Other equity | (200,139) | (252,634) | 52,495 | 21 |
| Total equity | 2,221,081 | 2,059,102 | 161,979 | 8 |

Main reasons for major changes in the Company's assets, liabilities and equity during the last two years (changes of more than 20% in the previous and subsequent periods), their effects and future plans:

- (I) Explanation of the change in increase (decrease) ratio:
 - 1. The increase in the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income non-current was due to the increase in evaluations at fair value.
 - 2. The decrease in right-of-use assets was due to the decrease in annual amortization.
 - 3. The decreases in current liabilities and total liabilities were due to the decrease in the balance of liabilities in 2022 as a result of the restructuring of the Group and the settlement of equity transfer of Apex Medical Global Cooperatie UA in September 2022.
 - 4. The decrease in non-current liabilities was due to the decrease in net defined benefit liabilities non-current.
 - 5. The increase in other equity was mainly due to the increase in the difference of conversion and exchange in the financial statements of foreign operating institutions.
- (II) Impacts of major changes in financial position during the last two years: There is no significant impact on the Company's financial position.

(III) Future response plan: N/A.

II. Financial performance

Consolidated Financial Statements

| | | | Unit: NT | \$ thousand |
|--|-------------|-------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Year | 2022 | 2021 | Increase (decrease) | Change percentage (%) |
| Operating revenues | 2,663,723 | 2,374,055 | 289,668 | 12 |
| Operating costs | (1,596,935) | (1,387,103) | 209,832 | 15 |
| Gross profit | 1,066,788 | 986,952 | 79,836 | 8 |
| Operating expenses | (881,848) | (882,629) | (781) | (0.1) |
| Operating profit | 184,940 | 104,323 | 80,617 | 77 |
| Non-operating income and expenses | 15,597 | 33,758 | (18,161) | (54) |
| Net income before tax | 200,537 | 138,081 | 62,456 | 45 |
| Income tax expenses | (38,423) | (34,570) | 3,853 | 11 |
| Net Profit | 162,114 | 103,511 | 58,603 | 57 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | 56,472 | (90,003) | 146,475 | 163 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 218,586 | 13,508 | 205,078 | 1,518 |
| Net profit for the year - Owner of the parent | 161,409 | 102,247 | 59,162 | 58 |
| Comprehensive income for the year - Owner of the parent | 217,480 | 12,890 | 204,590 | 1,587 |

 (I) Analysis description of changes in increase (decrease) ratio during the last two years: (Change by more than 20% in the previous or subsequent periods)

- 1. The increases in operating income, net income before tax, and net income for the year owner of the parent were mainly due to Wellell launched a new brand "Wellell" to the world, which achieved good results again in the global market, driving the continued operation growth.
- 2. The decrease in non-operating income and expenses was mainly due to the increase in foreign currency exchange losses and the estimated gain on contingent consideration liabilities last year (which does not exist this year).
- 3. The increase in other comprehensive income was mainly due to the increase in the difference of conversion and exchange in the financial statements of foreign operating institutions.
- 4. The increase in total comprehensive income for the period and the increase in comprehensive income for the year owner of the parent were mainly due to the increase in the difference of conversion and exchange in the financial statements of foreign operating institutions and the continued operation growth this year, resulting in an

increase in profits.

 (II) For information on the expected sales volume and its basis, as well as the potential impact on the company's future financial operations, and the corresponding plans:
 One of our key goals for 2023 is to increase consolidated revenue and strengthen regional product marketing capabilities. The Company will continue to digitalize our contents, services, and marketing to create a new brand image through digital marketing and digital communication, expand our brand influence, thus creating a good business cycle and strengthening our brand competitiveness.

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| Unit. N 15 ulousand | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Item | 2022 | 2021 | Increase (decrease) | Change percentage (%) | | | | | |
| Operating revenues | 1,262,946 | 1,176,513 | 86,433 | 7 | | | | | |
| Operating costs | (848,644) | (832,432) | 16,212 | 2 | | | | | |
| Gross profit | 414,302 | 344,081 | 70,221 | 20 | | | | | |
| (Unrealized) Realized profits among affiliated companies | (12,477) | (5,710) | (6,767) | (119) | | | | | |
| Net gross profit | 401,825 | 338,371 | 63,454 | 19 | | | | | |
| Operating expenses | (327,388) | (321,730) | 5,658 | 2 | | | | | |
| Operating profit | 74,437 | 16,641 | 57,796 | 347 | | | | | |
| Non-operating income and expenses | 101,831 | 89,669 | 12,162 | 14 | | | | | |
| Net income before tax | 176,268 | 106,310 | 69,958 | 66 | | | | | |
| Income tax expenses | (14,859) | (4,063) | 10,796 | 266 | | | | | |
| Current net income | 161,409 | 102,247 | 59,162 | 58 | | | | | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | 56,071 | (89,357) | 145,428 | 163 | | | | | |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | 217,480 | 12,890 | 204,590 | 1,587 | | | | | |

(I) Analysis description of changes in increase (decrease) ratio during the last two years: (Change by more than 20% in the previous or subsequent periods)

- 1. The increases in gross profit, operating income, net income before tax, and net income for the period were mainly due to Wellell launched a new brand "Wellell" to the world, which achieved good results again in the global market, driving the continued operation growth.
- 2. The decrease in (unrealized) realized profits among affiliated companies was mainly due to the higher unrealized profits among affiliated companies for the period.
- 3. The increase in income tax expense was mainly due to the increase in taxable income compared to last year.
- 4. The increase in other comprehensive income was mainly due to the increase in the difference of conversion and exchange in the financial statements of foreign operating institutions.
- 5. The increase in total comprehensive income for the period was mainly due to the increase in the difference of conversion and exchange in the financial statements of foreign operating institutions and the continued operation growth this year, resulting in an increase in profits.
- (II) For information on the expected sales volume and its basis, as well as the potential impact on the company's future financial operations, and the corresponding plans:

One of our key goals for 2023 is to increase consolidated revenue and strengthen regional product marketing capabilities. The Company will continue to digitalize our contents, services, and marketing to create a new brand image through digital marketing and digital communication, expand our brand influence, thus creating a good business cycle and strengthening our brand competitiveness.

III. Cash flow

(I) Analysis of changes in cash flow for the latest year

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| Year | 2022 | 2021 | Increase (decrease) ratio % |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|--------------------------------|
| Cash flow ratio | 10.65 | 2.17 | 391% |
| Cash flow adequacy ratio | 81.81 | 91.41 | 11% |
| Cash reinvestment ratio | 1.10 | -1.40 | -179% |

Description of changes in increase (decrease) ratio: (Change by more than 20% in the previous or subsequent periods)

- 1. The decrease in cash flow ratio was mainly due to the decrease in net cash inflow from operating activities for the period.
- 2. The increase in the cash reinvestment ratio was mainly due to the increase in net cash flow from operating activities compared with previous period.
- (II) Improvement plan for insufficient liquidity:

In the event of insufficient liquidity, we will respond to the working capital needs by bank credit lines and other ways.

(III) Analyses on the cash liquidity in one year ahead:

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | | | | 0 | 1 \$ thousand | | | | |
|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Expected year-round | Expected | | Countermea: defi | sure for cash | | | | |
| Opening cash balance | net cash flow from operating activities | cash outflow for the whole year | Expected cash surplus (deficit) | Investment plans | Financing plans | | | | |
| 445,280 | 73,899 | (102,022) | 417,157 | - | - | | | | |
| 1. Analyses | on the cash liqu | uidity in one y | ear ahead: | | | | | | |
| (1) The net cash inflow from operating activities was NT\$73,899 thousand, | | | | | | | | | |
| which was mainly generated from operating profit. | | | | | | | | | |
| (2) An ar | nnual cash outf | low of NT\$10 | 2,022 thousand | l is expected to | o be | | | | |

generated mainly due to equity investments, capital expenditures, cash dividends payment and operating activities.

(3) In the future, depending on the operating conditions, the cash shortage will be met through bank loans.

IV. The impact of the significant capital expenditure in the latest year upon the financial performance:

There was no significant capital expenditure in 2022.

V. The outward investment policies in the latest year. The key reasons leading to the profit or loss, the corrective plans and the investment plan in one year ahead:

(I) The outward investment policies in the latest year.

The overall outward investment policy in recent years is still focused on establishing channels in key regions and strengthening product competitiveness, with the goal of expanding overseas private brand markets and new products. We will continue to prudently evaluate the outward investment plans to increase the investment benefits.

(II) The key reasons leading to the profit or loss, the corrective plans.

The Company's outward investment income for 2022 was NT\$82,110 thousand. The outward investment in some European subsidiaries was affected by the overall economic situation and inflation, and the outward investment income decreased compared with that in 2021, which was mainly due to the decrease in profits of SLK in Germany and Spanish subsidiary. In the future, the subsidiaries will continue to adjust the channel layout and product strategy to gradually increase profits.

(III) The investment plan in one year ahead.

The Company will continue to evaluate investment opportunities in overseas channels and medical device manufacturers in order to strengthen the product and channel layout of the brand business.

VI. Analysis and assessment of risk matters

(I) The Company's capital planning is based on the prudent and conservative principles, and the capital allocation is based on safety management principle. Currently, the Company has no long-term loans, but only short-term loans from banks to meet operational needs. We also pay close attention to the changes in interest rate, evaluate the long-term and short-term cost of capital, choose the most favorable way to use capital, and adjust the loan amount in a timely manner to reduce the impact of interest rate changes on the Company. In terms of exchange rate, the Company's sales are mainly export, so the changes in exchange rate has an impact on the Company's revenue and profit. Future countermeasures are as follows:

- 1. In addition to strengthening the control of foreign currency accounts receivable, the Company will evaluate the appropriate foreign currency positions according to the foreign exchange reports of banks and the international economic situations.
- 2. Research and judge the future exchange rate conditions to adjust the currency mix of product quotations appropriately.
- 3. Adopt a prudent strategy for foreign exchange risk management and make plans for hedging to reduce the impact of exchange rate fluctuations.

Inflation had no significant impact on the Company's profit and loss in the latest year. Pay close attention to the instability of the global supply chain and air and sea freight, as well as the impact of COVID-19, and formulate measures and plans to address them.

- (II) Policies for engaging in high-risk, high-leverage investments, loan of funds to others, endorsement and guarantee, and derivatives: The Company is committed to the development of own industry and has not engaged in high-risk, highly leveraged investments. Up to the publication date of the annual report, the counterparties for loan of funds and endorsement and guarantee are all the Company's subsidiaries, and the rest of the derivative transactions are for hedging purposes. In the future, the Company will strictly comply with the regulations of the competent authorities and the Company's relevant operating procedures, and strengthen the Company's risk control management system.
- (III) Future R&D plans and estimated R&D expenditures: Please refer to Chapter V. I.
 Content of business under Business Performance of this annual report.
- (IV) The possible impacts by government policies and laws at home and abroad upon the Company's financial conditions and the Company's countermeasures:

The Company's daily operations are conducted in accordance with relevant domestic and foreign laws and regulations. The Company keeps an eye on the development trend of domestic and foreign policies and changes in laws and regulations, collects relevant information for the management's reference in making decisions, and takes appropriate measures to respond to important domestic and foreign policies and legal changes in consultation with the management, which will not have a significant impact on the Company's finance and business. (V) The impacts generated by change in science and technology (including cyber security risk) and change in industries upon the Company's financial conditions and the Company's countermeasures:

The information technology security risks and management measures are described as follows:

Wellell Inc. has established comprehensive network, information system and computer-related cyber security measures, but as cyber security threats are changing constantly, we cannot guarantee that we can completely prevent or avoid external network threats or attacks or the information system downtime or data theft caused therefrom

However, through the aforementioned cyber security policy, PDCA management cycle and continuous monitoring, Wellell Inc. will try our best to ensure that our key corporate information systems, including manufacturing, accounting and operations, are functioning properly and the data are intact, and continuously monitor and eliminate potential or emerged external threats.

In addition, through the PDCA management cycle, Wellell Inc. will continuously review and update the cyber security regulations and procedures to ensure their adequacy and effectiveness.

However, even though Wellell tries our best to monitor and eliminate the threats with the aforementioned management cycle and cyber security protection technologies, we are unable to completely eliminate malicious cyber attacks or malware installed in our intranet, which may cause possible data theft or information system crash. Wellell uses network firewalls, anti-virus software and other related cyber security tools to monitor and eliminate the threats if necessary, and minimize the threat as far as possible.

In terms of personnel, Wellell requires its employees and suppliers to prepare and sign confidentiality agreements and use the above cyber security tools to ensure the integrity of data and prevent leakage as far as possible.

However, even if Wellell uses the cyber security tools, carries out education, training and announcements, implements the cyber security regulations and makes verification, and regulates the related parties by confidentiality agreements, as malicious attack techniques and tools are changing constantly, the risks and effects caused by malicious network attacks, data theft or malicious personnel leakage cannot be completely eliminated or prevented.

Wellell is committed to ensuring the security and sustainability of its information services, although it is unable to guarantee complete prevention of all information threats, Wellell will pay close attention to technological developments, understand developments of cyber security threats and comply with legal requirements in order to adjust and deploy necessary cyber security management measures.

(VI) The impacts created by a change in corporate image upon the management over crisis, and the Company's countermeasures:

The Company officially launched its new brand name, "Wellell", in early 2022 to promote its products worldwide. We will take this rebranding as an opportunity to strengthen our brand strategy and reposition our products. Since the establishment, we have been focusing on our own business, taking integrity and sustainable development as our business objectives, complying with relevant laws and regulations, and producing high-quality products to gain the recognition of consumers. The Company has not experienced any operational crisis due to the change in corporate image so far. However, the occurrence of corporate crisis may cause considerable damage to the Company. Therefore, the Company will continue to implement various corporate governance requirements to reduce the impact of risks on the Company.

- (VII) The benefits anticipated from the merger/acquisition (M&A) efforts, the potential risks and the Company's countermeasures: None.
- (VIII) The risks anticipated from the expansion of the plant buildings, and the Company's countermeasures: None.
- (IX) The risks anticipated from the centralized input or output undertakings and the Company's countermeasures: None.
- (X) The impacts and risks anticipated from the significant changes or transfers of shares by directors, supervisors, or major shareholders who hold more than 10% in shareholding and the Company's countermeasures: None.
- (XI) The impacts and risks anticipated from the change in the managerial powers and the Company's countermeasures: None.
- (XII) In the case of a court case or a non-contentious case, specify the Company or the Company's directors, supervisors, President, de facto responsible person, or shareholders, each holding more than 10% of all company shares, with final ruling made or still in major legal proceedings, non-contentious matters, or administrative disputes, and where the result thereof may significantly affect shareholders' equity or stock price, the fact of the contentions, the amount involved, the commencement date of the proceedings, the major litigants in the proceedings, and the status as of the publication date of this report shall be disclosed: None.
- (XIII) Other critical risks and response measures: None.

VII. Other important disclosures: None.

Chapter VIII.Special Disclosure

I. Information on affiliated enterprises: please refer to Pages 308-317.

II. Where the company has carried out a private placement of securities in the latest year and up to the publication date of the annual report:

| Itom | First private placement in 2018 |
|---|--|
| Item | Issue date (Delivery date): November 9, 2018 |
| Type of private placement securities | Common shares |
| Date and amount approved by shareholders' meeting | On June 20, 2018, the Company's Annual Shareholders' Meeting approved a private placement of common shares in two tranches for capital increase in cash within 30 million shares. 17,526 thousand shares were issued for this fund raising plan. |
| Basis and reasonableness of price setting | (1) The issue price of the common shares is set at not less than 80% of the higher of the following two base prices, taking into account the restrictions on transfer: A. The share price based on the simple arithmetic mean of the closing prices of the common shares on the first, third or fifth business day prior to the pricing base date (September 27, 2018), less the ex-rights and dividends of the stock grants, and plus the anti-ex-rights of the capital reduction. The Company calculated the base price on the first business day prior to the pricing date, which was NT\$26.00. B. The share price based on the simple arithmetic mean of the closing prices of the common shares over thirty business days prior to the pricing date, less the ex-rights and dividends of the stock grants, and plus the anti-ex-rights of the capital reduction, which was NT\$25.10. (2) As the reference price should be the higher of the above two base prices, the closing price of the common shares on the first business day prior to the pricing date (NT\$26.00) was selected as the reference price for this private placement. (3) Actual price of the private placement: NT\$22.10 per share, which is 85% of the base calculation price. (4) The above pricing method is in compliance with Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act and the "Directions for Public Companies Conducting Private Placements of Securities", and the price is set according to the market price, so the price should be reasonable. |

Actual private placement of common shares in 2018:

| Item | Iss | First private ue date (Deliver | e placement in v date): Nover | | 8 | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Selection of subscriber | The selection of provisions of A subscriber sha operation, mar technology, m required for th shareholders' | The selection of subscriber shall be in accordance with the provisions of Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act. The subscriber shall be strategic investor who can strengthen the operation, management, finance, research and development, technology, marketing, brand, channels, and corporate image required for the Company. The Company intends to request the shareholders' meeting to authorize the Board of Directors to handle matters related to the selection of subscriber at its sole discretion. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Necessary reasons for private placement | The securities issued by private placement cannot be transferred for a term of three years, which ensures a long-term equity relationship between the Company and the subscriber. The introduction of strategic investors can strengthen the shareholder lineup and connect more resources and networks, which will help the Company's operational growth and expansion in the future. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Completion date of payment | October 11, 2018 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Information on subscriber | Object of private placement | Qualifications | Subscription quantity | Relation with the Company | Participation in the Company's operation | | | | | | | |
| | CDIB Advantage Venture Capital Investment Limited Partnership | Subparagraph 2, Paragraph 1, Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act. | 11,526 thousand shares | None | None | | | | | | | |
| | National Development Fund, Executive Yuan | Subparagraph 2, Paragraph 1, Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act. | 6,000 thousand shares | None | None | | | | | | | |
| Actual subscription price | NT\$ 22.1 per s | share | · | | | | | | | | | |
| Difference between the actual subscription price and the reference price | The actual private placement price is 85% of the reference price | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Effect of the private placement on shareholders' equity (e.g., increase in accumulated losses) | This private placement increased the capital by NT\$387,325 thousand, which was issued at a premium, resulting in an increase in the Company's capital stock and capital reserve, and an increase by 2.95% in the ratio of owners' equity to assets in Q4 2018 compared with Q3 2018. | | | | | | | | | | | |

| _ | First private placement in 2018 | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Item | Issue date (Delivery date): November 9, 2018 | | | | | | |
| Use of private placement funds and progress of implementation | I. As of the Q3 2021, the private placement funds were mainly used for the following two purposes: Research and development of new respirators, masks and Support Surface products. Investment in an overseas company to purchase plants and offices of European headquarters. II. As of the Q3 2021, the total amount of planned and actual funds used was NT\$387,325 thousand, and the private placement funds were fully utilized. | | | | | | |
| Demonstration of private placement benefits | I. The newly developed products have been gradually launched since 2021. Considering the certification process of medical devices in various countries and the promotion of sales channels, it will take some time for the sales of new products to grow. II. The land and plant of the European headquarters were purchased at the end of 2018, the second plant was completed in the Q2 2020, and the related functions are expected to be built gradually from 2022. III. The investment in the other 50% of stock equity in SLK Vertribes GmbH and SLK Medical GmbH. The M&A had been | | | | | | |
| | completed in September 2020, included in the consolidated financial statements, and settled in the Q3 2021. | | | | | | |

- **III.** Holding or disposal of the company's shares by its subsidiaries in the latest year and up to the publication date of the annual report: None.
- IV. Other supplementary information: None.
- V. Occurrences of events defined under Subparagraph 2, Paragraph 3, Article 36 of the Securities Exchange Act in the last year and up to the publication date of the annual report that significantly impacted shareholders' equity or security prices: None.

Statement of Declaration

Pursuant to the "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises," the entities of the Company that must be included in preparing the consolidated financial statements for 2022 (from January 1 to December 31, 2022) are entirely the same as those as required by IFRS 10 endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China to be included in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Moreover, the required disclosures to be made in the consolidated financial statements comprising the parent and its subsidiaries. Therefore, no consolidated financial reports of the Affiliated companies shall be prepared again.

Hereby declared

Name of the Company: Wellell Inc.

Chairman of the Board: Li, Yung Chuan Date: March 29, 2023

Independent Auditors' Report

To Wellell Inc.

Audit opinion

We have audited the consolidated balance sheet of Wellell Inc. and its subsidiaries (The Group) prepared on December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and the consolidated comprehensive income statement, consolidated statement of change in shareholders' equity, the consolidated statement of cash flow, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements (including a summary of significant accounting policies) covering the periods of 2022 and 2021 until December 31 of the respective fiscal year.

In our opinion, the financial statements as referred in the first paragraph are prepared, in all material respects, in conformity with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations(SIC) as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC), and present fairly the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of the consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows for the year ending December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Basis of Audit opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards. Our responsibility under these standards will be further explained in a paragraph that details the auditor's responsibility of the consolidated financial statements in the Independent auditors' report. The audit team of our firm subject to the auditor's independence ethics and independence rules has complied with the Code of Professional Ethics, and maintains independence from the Group to perform other duties as specified in the Code. We believe that sufficient and appropriate audit evidence has been obtained as a basis to express the opinion of the audit.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters refer to the most important matters, per our judgment, when auditing the 2022 consolidated financial reports of the Group. These matters have been responded to in the course of our auditing the consolidated financial reports as a whole and when the audit opinion is formed. We do not express separate opinions for each individual matter. Per our judgment, the key audit matters that should be communication in the audit report are as follows:

I. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note 4 (13) of the consolidated financial reports for the accounting policy of revenue recognition. Please refer to Note 6 (14) Revenue from Contracts with Customers for disclosure of relevant information of revenue recognition.

Description of the key audit matters:

The Group's revenues include R/D, production and sales of wound care, respiratory therapy, welfare equipment, and other electronic medical device. As some revenues are from customized products/services and might be subject to various terms of contracts, the testing of revenue recognition becomes one of the most important items to be assessed when auditing the Group's consolidated financial reports.

Response to Audit procedures:

Our major audit procedures for the above key audit matter include analyzing the revenue of the top ten customers that are related parties with significant transaction amounts and the top ten new customers, reviewing material new contracts and understanding the contractual terms to assess whether there are any material anomalies; assessing the reasonableness of the accounting treatment of revenue recognition (including sales discounts and returns). We also evaluated the effectiveness of the design and implementation of the Group's internal control system for revenue, reviewed the Group's delivery terms to customers, and tested the sales samples for the period before and after the year end to assess the correctness of the revenue recognition period.

II. Valuation of inventory

For the accounting policy of inventory valuation, please refer to Note 4 (8) of the consolidated financial reports for details. For accounting estimates and assumptions of inventories. Please refer to Note 5 (1) Valuation of inventories: information on inventories of the consolidated financial reports for details. For description of inventories, please refer to the Note 6 (5) Inventories of the consolidated financial reports for details.

Description of the key audit matters:

Inventory value of the Group is measured at lower cost or net realizable value on the financial reporting date. Since the Group's products are designed specifically to meet the needs of customers and have high add-on value, the probability of inventory loss is very low. However, as some products are customized, if quality is not up to customer's standards they won't be sold as scheduled, and would result in a higher risk for sluggish inventory movement. As loss from sluggish inventory movement is assessed according to inventory category and number of days the inventory being sluggish, the percentage used for provision is at management's discretion. Therefore, valuation of

inventory is an item highly regarded when the Group's consolidated financial reports are audited. Response to Audit procedures:

Our major audit procedures for the above key audit matter include examining whether the provision for loss on inventory valuation and obsolescence had been made in accordance with the provisions of the relevant accounting standards. We also evaluated whether inventories had been correctly attributed to the correct ageing period and analyzed the changes in inventory ageing from period to period to assess the reasonableness of the policy on the provision of inventory obsolescence and whether it was in accordance with the Company's established accounting policies and evaluated the provision of allowance for inventory obsolescence by comparing the information with the actual loss on disposal, and assessed the appropriateness of management's disclosure of the allowance for inventory.

III. Valuation of impairment of goodwill

For the accounting policy of impairment of goodwill, please refer to Note 4 (12) for the impairment of non-financial assets of the consolidated financial reports. For uncertainty regarding accounting estimates and assumptions of goodwill please refer to Note 5 (2) Estimation on Impairment of Goodwill the of the consolidated financial reports. For disclosure of relevant information about goodwill please refer to Note 6 (7) intangible assets of the consolidated financial reports.

Description of the key audit matters:

Wellell Inc. reinvested in Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd., Apex Medical Limited UK, SLK Vertriebs GmbH Germany and SLK Medical GmbH Germany to expand its distribution base and product line to increase goodwill. Due to the high uncertainty of the recoverable amount of goodwill valuation using future discounted cash flows, we paid special attention to whether the assumption, valuation, and determination of the discount value of future cash flow are appropriate. Therefore, whether the goodwill is impaired is highly concerned when the Group's consolidated financial reports are audited.

Response to Audit procedures:

The main auditing procedures of the above key audit matters include assessment of the future cash flow forecast and the discount rate used in the impairment model, the forecast of future cash flow against historical performance, and the comparison of discount rate with external data to test the impairment of goodwill.

Other Matters

Wellell Inc. also prepared individual financial reports for 2022 and 2021, and we expressed unqualified opinions for these two years for reference.

Responsibilities assumed by the management and governing units on the consolidated financial reports

Responsibility of the management is to prepare the fairly presented consolidated financial reports in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers as well as IFRSs, IASs, IFRICs, and announcements endorsed by FSC, maintain necessary internal controls in relation to prepare the consolidated financial reports, and ensure that the consolidated financial reports do not contain significant false statements that are attributable to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial reports, the responsibility of the management is to evaluate the Group's capability as whether it can continue operating as a successful business, the disclosure of relevant matters, the adoption of accounting basis to continue operating, unless the management intends to liquidate the Group or cease to operate, or no other option available except for liquidating or ceasing to operate.

The governing unit of the Group (including the Audit Committee) is responsible for supervising the financial reporting process.

The responsibility of the auditor when auditing the consolidated financial reports

The purpose for auditing the consolidated financial reports is to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial reports as a whole are free from material misstatement due to fraud or error. Reasonable assurance refers to high assurance. However, an audit performed in accordance with auditing standards is not a guarantee to detect material misstatement of the consolidated financial reports. Misstatements may result from fraud or error. If the misstated amount, be respective or aggregated, can be reasonably expected to influence the user of the consolidated financial reports to make economic decisions, it is considered material.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We have also conducted the following tasks:

- Identified and evaluated the risks the consolidated financial reports might be materially misstated due to fraud or errors; responded to the identified risks with strategies that were appropriately designed and implemented; obtained sufficient and proper evidence as basis to provide audit opinions. As frauds may involve conspiracy, forgery, deliberate omission, misstatement, or beyond the internal control, the risk of not being able to detect misstatement due to fraud is higher than that caused by the error.
- 2. Obtained necessary understanding of internal control relevant to the audit so to design appropriate audit procedures commensurate with what is needed at the time of audit. However, please note the purpose is not to express opinion as to whether the internal control of the Group is effective.
- 3. To assess appropriateness of the accounting policies adopted by the management, as well as whether the accounting estimates and related disclosures are reasonable.

- 4. Made a conclusion based on audit evidence obtained, determined whether the accounting basis used by the management to carry out business is appropriate, and if there was any event, circumstance, or significant uncertainty, would affect the Group to continue its business. If in our option, there is existing significant uncertainty in such an event or circumstance, we have the responsibility to remind users of the consolidated financial reports to look after relevant disclosures, or revise the audit opinion when disclosure becomes inappropriate. Our conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained at the date of the auditor's independent report. However future events or circumstances may cause the Group not to have the capability to operate.
- 5. Evaluated whether the overall statement, structure and content of the consolidated financial reports (including relevant notes), as well as the consolidated financial reports fairly present relevant transactions and events.
- 6. Obtained sufficient and appropriate audit evidence from financial information of individual entities of the Group to express opinions on the consolidated financial reports. We are responsible for the guidance, supervision and implementation of the Group's audit, as well as the forming of audit opinions.

The matters we communicated with the governing unit include the scope and time frame of the audit, as well as the major findings in the audit (including the significant lack of internal controls identified during the audit procedures).

We have also provided a declaration to the governing unit that our audit team has complied with the independence rules as required by the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant. We have also communicated with the governing unit all matters that might be considered to influence the auditor's independence as well as all other matters (Including relevant protective measures).

We have decided the key audit matters for the Group's 2022 consolidated financial reports for matters communicated with the governing unit. We will make known such matters in the audit report unless the laws and regulations do not allow public disclosure of any particular matter or, in rare cases, we decide not to communicate a particular matter in the audit report, as we can reasonably expect the negative impact from such communication will outweigh the benefit to increase the public interest.

KPMG. Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Certified Public

Accountants:

| Certified and Approved No. | | Jin-Guan-Cheng-Shen-Zi No. |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| of the Securities Competent | : | 1040003949 |
| Authority: | | Jin-Guan-Cheng-Liu-Zi No. |
| | | 0960069825 |

March 29, 2023

Notes to Readers The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the statement of consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China. The independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Wellell Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheet

December 31, 2022 and 2021

| Assets Current Assets: 1100 Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 6 (1) (17)) | | Amount | 0/ | | | | | | | | | 1 |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|------------|------|--|-----------|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|
| | | | <u>%</u> | Amount | % | | Liabilities and Equity | A | mount | % | Amount | % |
| 1100 Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 6 (1) (17)) | | | | | | | Current Liabilities: | | | | | |
| | \$ | 445,280 | 15 | 493,227 | 16 | 2100 | Short term Borrowings (Note 6 (8) and (17)) | \$ | 295,357 | 9 | 352,318 | 11 |
| 1137 Financial Asset at Amortized Cost – Current (1 | Note 6 (2) (17) and 8) | 105,162 | 3 | 105,587 | 3 | 2150 | Notes Payable | | 566 | - | 34 | - |
| 1150 Notes Receivable, net (Note 6 (3) (14) (17)) | | 16,065 | - | 19,994 | 1 | 2170 | Accounts Payable | | 174,493 | 5 | 205,623 | 6 |
| 1170 Accounts Receivable, net (Note 6 (3) (14) (17) | | 491,942 | 15 | 352,364 | 11 | 2200 | Other Payables (including related parties) (Note 6 (17) and 7) | | 210,431 | 7 | 215,218 | 7 |
| 1200 Other Receivable (Note 6 (4)) | | 29,118 | 1 | 23,053 | 1 | 2230 | Current Income Tax Liability | | 33,539 | 1 | 18,222 | 1 |
| 130X Inventories (Note 6 (5)) | | 552,506 | 17 | 556,794 | 18 | 2280 | Lease Liabilities – Current (Note 6(17)) | | 16,154 | 1 | 12,814 | - |
| 1410 Prepayments | | 36,098 | 1 | 34,929 | 1 | 2300 | Other Current Liabilities (including related parties) (Note 7) | | 30,276 | 1 | 53,374 | 2 |
| 1470 Other Current Assets | | 1,145 | - | 2,066 | - | 2322 | Long-term Borrowings, current portion (Note 6 (9) (17)) | | 10,261 | - | 16,274 | 1 |
| Total Current Assets | | 1,677,316 | 52 | 1,588,014 | 51 | | Total Current Liabilities | | 771,077 | 24 | 873,877 | 28 |
| Non-current Assets: | | | | | | | Non-current Liabilities: | | | | | |
| 1535 Financial Asset at Amortized Cost – Non-Curr | ent (Note 6 (2) (17) and 8) | - | - | 15,000 | - | 2540 | Long term Borrowings (Note 6 (9) and (17)) | | 121,265 | 4 | 122,220 | 4 |
| 1517 Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other | Comprehensive Income - Non- | 19,165 | 1 | 15,866 | 1 | 2570 | Deferred Income tax Liabilities (Note (11)) | | 290 | - | 36 | - |
| Current (Note 6 (17)) | | | | | | 2580 | Lease Liabilities – Non-Current (Note 6(17)) | | 42,399 | 1 | 42,384 | 1 |
| 1600 Property, Plant and Equipment (Note 6 (6) and | 8) | 736,063 | 23 | 740,916 | 24 | 2640 | Net defined benefit liability – Non Current (Note (10)) | | 1,043 | - | 5,361 | - |
| 1755 Right-of-use Assets | | 67,438 | 2 | 64,200 | 2 | 2670 | Other Non-current Liabilities | | 33,959 | 1 | 32,249 | 1 |
| 1780 Intangible Assets (Note 6 (7)) | | 650,513 | 21 | 668,069 | 21 | | Total Non-Current Liabilities | | 198,956 | 6 | 202,250 | 6 |
| 1840 Deferred Income Tax Assets (Note (11)) | | 30,283 | 1 | 32,633 | 1 | | Total Liabilities | | 970,033 | 30 | 1,076,127 | 34 |
| 1920 Refundable deposits | | 15,862 | - | 14,951 | - | | Equity attributable to owners of the parent company (Note 6 (12)): | | | | | |
| 1990 Other non-current Assets | | 768 | - | 768 | _ | 3100 | Capital | | 1,009,116 | 32 | 1,009,116 | 32 |
| Total Non-current Assets | | 1,520,092 | 48 | 1,552,403 | 49 | 3200 | Capital Reserve | | 345,635 | 11 | 345,635 | 11 |
| | | | | | | | Retained Earnings: | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 3310 | Statutory reserves | | 294,712 | 9 | 284,311 | 9 |
| | | | | | | 3320 | Special reserves | | 252,634 | 8 | 178,568 | 6 |
| | | | | | | 3350 | Undistributed earnings (Note (10)) | | 519,123 | 16 | 494,106 | 16 |
| | | | | | | | Subtotal of Retained Earnings | | 1,066,469 | 33 | 956,985 | 31 |
| | | | | | | 3400 | Other Equities | | (200,139) | (6) | (252,634) | (8) |
| | | | | | | | Subtotal of equity attributable to owners of the parent company | | 2,221,081 | 70 | 2,059,102 | 66 |
| | | | | | | 36XX | Non-controlling interests | | 6,294 | - | 5,188 | |
| | | | | | | | Total Equity | | 2,227,375 | 70 | 2,064,290 | 66 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 3,197,408 | 100 | 3,140,417 | <u>100</u> | | Total liabilities and Equity | <u>\$</u> | 3,197,408 | 100 | 3,140,417 | 100 |

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

Accounting Director: Wang, Wei Chuan

Wellell Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Income Statement

From January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| | | 2022 | | | 2021 | | |
|------|--|-----------|-----------|------|-----------|------|--|
| | | | Amount | % | Amount | % | |
| 4000 | Sales Revenue (Note 6 (14)) | \$ | 2,663,723 | 100 | 2,374,055 | 100 | |
| 5000 | Operating Costs (Note 6 (5) (6) (7) (10) and (15)) | | 1,596,935 | 60 | 1,387,103 | 58 | |
| | Gross Margin | | 1,066,788 | 40 | 986,952 | 42 | |
| 6000 | Operating Expenses (Note 6 (3) (6) (7) (10) (15) and 7): | | | | | | |
| 6100 | Selling Expenses | | 379,485 | 14 | 369,226 | 16 | |
| 6200 | General and Administrative Expenses | | 346,897 | 13 | 362,973 | 15 | |
| 6300 | Research & Development Expenses | | 154,283 | 6 | 150,746 | 6 | |
| 6450 | Expected Credit Impairment Losses (Gains) | | 1,183 | - | (316) | - | |
| | Total Operating Expenses | | 881,848 | 33 | 882,629 | 37 | |
| 6900 | Net Operating Profit | | 184,940 | 7 | 104,323 | 5 | |
| | Non-operating income and expenditures (Note 6 (16) and 7): | | | | | | |
| 7100 | Interest Income | | 2,939 | - | 2,825 | - | |
| 7130 | Other Income | | 317 | - | 38 | - | |
| 7020 | Other Profits and Losses | | 22,524 | 1 | 38,565 | 1 | |
| 7050 | Financial Costs | | (10,183) | - | (7,670) | - | |
| | Total non-operating income and expenses | | 15,597 | 1 | 33,758 | 1 | |
| | Profit before Tax | | 200,537 | 8 | 138,081 | 6 | |
| 7950 | Less: Income Tax Expenses (Note 6 (11)) | | 38,423 | 2 | 34,570 | 1 | |
| | Net Income Current Period | | 162,114 | 6 | 103,511 | 5 | |
| 8300 | Other comprehensive income: | | | | | | |
| 8310 | Items not to be reclassified into profit or loss | | | | | | |
| 8311 | Remeasurement of defined benefit plan | | 4,470 | - | 2,200 | - | |
| 8316 | Unrealized Evaluation Profit and Loss on Equity Instruments Investments | | 3,299 | - | (3,251) | - | |
| | Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income | | | | | | |
| 8349 | Less: Income tax related to items not reclassified | | 894 | - | 440 | - | |
| | Total items not to be reclassified into profit or loss | | 6,875 | - | (1,491) | - | |
| 8360 | Items that may be subsequently reclassified into profit or loss: | | | | | | |
| 8361 | Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations | | 49,597 | 2 | (88,512) | (4) | |
| 8399 | Less: Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified subsequently | | - | - | - | - | |
| | Total Items that may be subsequently reclassified into profit or loss | | 49,597 | 2 | (88,512) | (4) | |
| 8300 | Other comprehensive Income Current Period | | 56,472 | 2 | (90,003) | (4) | |
| | Total Comprehensive Income Current Period | <u>\$</u> | 218,586 | 8 | 13,508 | 1 | |
| | Net Income attributed to: | | | | | | |
| | Owner of the parent company | \$ | 161,409 | 6 | 102,247 | 5 | |
| 8620 | Non-controlling interests | | 705 | - | 1,264 | - | |
| | | <u>\$</u> | 162,114 | 6 | 103,511 | 5 | |
| | Comprehensive Income attributed to: | | | | | | |
| | Owner of the parent company | \$ | 217,480 | 8 | 12,890 | 1 | |
| | Non-controlling interests | | 1,106 | - | 618 | - | |
| | | <u>\$</u> | 218,586 | 8 | 13,508 | 1 | |
| 9750 | Basic EPS (Unit: NT\$) (Note 6 (13)) | <u>\$</u> | | 1.60 | | 1.01 | |
| 9850 | Diluted EPS (Unit: NT\$) (Note 6 (13)) | \$ | | 1.59 | | 1.01 | |

(For details please refer to the attached consolidated balance sheets notes)

| Chairman of the board: | Manager: | Accounting Director: |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Li, Yung Chuan | Li, Yung Chuan | Wang, Wei Chuan |
| | 170 | |

Wellell Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statement of Change in Equity

From January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

U

| | Equity attributable to owners of the parent company | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|---|---|-----------|--|------------------------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | | Fotal Other Equities | | | | |
| | | | | D (• 11 | - · | | | Unrealized | | ···· | | |
| | | - | | Retained l | Earnings | | | Valuation Gains or Losses on | | attributed to parent | | |
| | Capital | Capital Reserve | Statutory reserves | Special reserves | Undistributed Retained Earnings | Total | Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations | Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income | Total | company Total equity attributable to owners of the parent company | Non-controlling interests | Total equity |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | \$ 1,009,116 | 345,635 | 273,903 | 178,568 | 456,008 | 908,479 | (170,527) | 9,010 | (161,517) | 2,101,713 | 4,570 | 2,106,283 |
| Net Income Current Period | | - | - | - | 102,247 | 102,247 | - | - | - | 102,247 | 1,264 | 103,511 |
| Other comprehensive Income Current Period | | - | - | - | 1,760 | 1,760 | (87,866) | (3,251) | (91,117) | (89,357) | (646) | (90,003) |
| Total Comprehensive Income Current Period | <u> </u> | - | - | - | 104,007 | 104,007 | (87,866) | (3,251) | (91,117) | 12,890 | 618 | 13,508 |
| Provision of statutory reserves | <u> </u> | - | 10,408 | - | (10,408) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Common stock cash dividends | | - | - | - | (55,501) | (55,501) | - | - | - | (55,501) | | (55,501) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | 1,009,116 | 345,635 | 284,311 | 178,568 | 494,106 | 956,985 | (258,393) | 5,759 | (252,634) | 2,059,102 | 5,188 | 2,064,290 |
| Net Income Current Period | | - | - | - | 161,409 | 161,409 | - | - | - | 161,409 | 705 | 162,114 |
| Other comprehensive Income Current Period | | - | - | - | 3,576 | 3,576 | 49,196 | 3,299 | 52,495 | 56,071 | 401 | 56,472 |
| Total Comprehensive Income Current Period | | - | - | - | 164,985 | 164,985 | 49,196 | 3,299 | 52,495 | 217,480 | 1,106 | 218,586 |
| Earnings appropriation and distribution: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision of statutory reserves | | - | 10,401 | - | (10,401) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Provision of special reserves | | - | - | 74,066 | (74,066) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Common stock cash dividends | | - | - | - | (55,501) | (55,501) | - | - | - | (55,501) | - | (55,501) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ 1,009,116</u> | 345,635 | 294,712 | 252,634 | 519,123 | 1,066,469 | (209,197) | 9,058 | (200,139) | 2,221,081 | 6,294 | 2,227,375 |

Accounting Director: Wang, Wei Chuan

| J nit: N | lew Ta | iwan Do | ollars in | thousands |
|-----------------|--------|---------|-----------|-----------|
|-----------------|--------|---------|-----------|-----------|

Wellell Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow

From January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|------------|-----------|
| Cash flow from operating activities: | | |
| Profit before Tax current period | \$ 200,537 | 138,081 |
| Adjustment items: | | |
| Income and expenses item | | |
| Depreciation | 75,379 | 74,976 |
| Amortization | 17,932 | 18,570 |
| Expected Credit Impairment Losses (Reversal Gains) | 1,183 | (316) |
| Disposal Gain on Financial Asset Measured at Fair Value | - | (38) |
| Through Other Comprehensive Income | | |
| Interest Expense | 10,183 | 7,670 |
| Interest Income | (2,939) | (2,825) |
| Dividend Income | (161) | (38) |
| Profit or loss from disposal and obsolesce of property, plants and | 121 | 397 |
| equipment | | |
| Property, plants and equipment reclassified as expenses | 2,772 | - |
| Estimated contingent consideration gain | - | (9,261) |
| Total Incomes and Expenses | 104,470 | 89,135 |
| Changes of assets and liabilities relating to operating activities: | | |
| Decrease (Increase) of Notes Receivable | 3,929 | (5,368) |
| Increase of Accounts Receivable | (137,566) | (52,608) |
| Increase of Other Receivable | (9,766) | (8,867) |
| Decrease (Increase) of Inventories | 2,388 | (180,589) |
| Increase (Decrease) of prepayments | (888) | 36,386 |
| Decrease of Other current Assets | 921 | 3,684 |
| Decrease of Other Non-current Assets | - | 2 |
| Total Net changes of assets relating to operating activities | (140,982) | (207,360) |
| Increase (Decrease) of Notes Payable | 532 | (265) |
| Decrease (Increase) of Account Payable | (31,130) | 85,041 |
| Decrease of Other Payables (including related parties) | (5,141) | (39,064) |
| Decrease of Other Current Liabilities (including related parties) | (23,098) | (9,871) |
| Increase (Decrease) of Net defined benefit liabilities | 152 | (2,697) |
| Increase (Decrease) of Other Non-Current Liabilities | 1,710 | (3,599) |
| Total Net changes of liabilities relating to operating activities | (56,975) | 29,545 |
| Total Net changes of assets and liabilities relating to | (197,957) | (177,815) |
| operating activities | | |
| Total adjustments | (93,487) | (88,680) |

(For details please refer to the attached consolidated balance sheets notes)Chairman of the board:Manager:Accounting Director:Li, Yung ChuanLi, Yung ChuanWang, Wei Chuan

Wellell Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow (continued)

From January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|----|-------------|-----------|
| Cash inflow from operating | \$ | 107,050 | 49,401 |
| Interest received | | 2,902 | 3,157 |
| Interest paid | | (9,829) | (7,556) |
| Dividends received | | 161 | 38 |
| Income Taxes Paid | | (18,139) | (37,970) |
| Net Cash inflow from operating activities | | 82,145 | 7,070 |
| Cash flow from investing activities: | | | |
| Acquisition of Financial assets at amortized cost | | - | (2,445) |
| Disposal of Financial assets at amortized cost | | 15,425 | - |
| Disposal of Financial Assets measured at Fair Value Through Profit or | | - | 35,192 |
| Loss | | | |
| Investment in properties, plants and equipment | | (44,987) | (46,669) |
| Disposal of property, plants and equipment | | 577 | 2,613 |
| (Increase) Decrease of Guarantee Deposits | | (911) | 1,009 |
| Investment in intangible assets | | (3,005) | (5,623) |
| Cash outflow from investing activities | | (32,901) | (15,923) |
| Cash flow from financing activities: | | | |
| Application for short-term borrowings | | 1,261,269 | 996,284 |
| Repayment of short-term borrowings | | (1,327,140) | (824,506) |
| Repayment of long-term borrowings | | (6,968) | (19,013) |
| Repayment of principal portion of the lease | | (17,493) | (15,388) |
| Cash dividends paid | | (55,501) | (55,501) |
| Net Cash (Outflow) Inflow from financing activities | | (145,833) | 81,876 |
| Net effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on cash and cash | | 48,642 | (49,953) |
| equivalent | | | |
| (Decrease) Increase of cash and cash equivalents - current period | | (47,947) | 23,070 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | | 493,227 | 470,157 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year | \$ | 445,280 | 493,227 |

(For details please refer to the attached consolidated balance sheets notes)Chairman of the board:Manager:Accounting Director:Li, Yung ChuanLi, Yung ChuanWang, Wei Chuan

Wellell Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to the Consolidated financial statements Year 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

I. Company History

Wellell Inc. (referred as "the Company" hereafter) was authorized to set up by the Ministry of Economic Affairs in March, 1990, and merged with Ya-Tai Industrial Limited on August 31, 1998. the Company was approved to be listed in TPEx in August, 2001 and traded in January, 2002 by the Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance (name changed to the Securities and Futures Bureau of the Financial Supervisory Commission, abbreviated as Securities and Futures Bureau). the Company was approved by the Securities and Futures Bureau to be listed on TWSE in October, 2004. the Company and its subsidiaries (referred as "the consolidated company" hereafter) are primarily engaged in the business of manufacturing and sale of medical supplies, import, and export as well as agency services.

II. Financial Statements Authorization Date and Authorization Process

The consolidated financial reports were approved for release by the Board of Directors on March 29, 2023.

III. Application of new standards, amendments, and interpretations

(I) The impact from adopting new standards and Interpretations as approved by FSC for release and amendment

The application of the newly revised amendments to the IFRSs into effect by the consolidated company with an effective date starting from January 1, 2022 did not significantly influence the consolidated financial statement.

- Amendments to IAS 16 "Real Estate Property, plant and equipment Proceeds before intended use"
- Amendment to IAS 37 "Onerous contracts cost of fulfilling a contract"

Amendments to Annual Improvements to IFRS 2018-2020

- Amendments to IFRS 3 on the "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"
- (II) Impact on not adopting the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC
 - The following new amendments to IFRSs were effective from January 1, 2023, with the potential impact described below:
 - 1. Amendment to IAS 12, "Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction"

This amendment restricts the scope of recognition exemption. An entity does not apply the initial recognition exemption for transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The Consolidated Company may be required to recognize an equal amount of deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities.

2. Others

The following new amended standards are not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

- Amendments to IAS 1 on "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"
- Amendments to IAS 8 on "Definition of accounting estimates"

(III) Standards and interpretations newly issued and amended but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The standards and interpretations issued and amended by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not been advised by the FSC may affected to the Consolidated Company:

| | | Effective date |
|--|---|--------------------|
| Newly announced or | | of IASB |
| amended standards | Major amendments | announcement |
| Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current" | Under IAS 1, a liability is classified as current if the enterprise does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period. The amendment removes the requirement that the right should be unconditional and instead requires that the right must exist at the end of the reporting period and must be material. The amendment clarifies how an enterprise should classify liabilities that are settled by the issuance of its own equity instruments (e.g., convertible bonds). | January 1, 2024 |
| | | |

The consolidated company continues to assess the impact of the above standards and interpretations on its financial position and result of operation. The relevant impact will be disclosed after completion of the assessment.

The consolidated company expected that the following new publish and amendment to the standards would not cause significant influence to the consolidated financial statement.

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 on "Sale or Contribution of assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"
- Amendments to IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" and IFRS 17
- The amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities with Covenants"
- The amendments to IFRS 17, "Comparative information for initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9
- The amendments to IFRS 16, "Requirements for Sale and Leaseback Transactions".

IV. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(I) Statement of Compliance

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity

with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (referred as the "Preparation Guidelines") as well as IFRSs, IASs, IFRICs, SIC and announcements endorsed by FSC (referred as the "IFRSs Endorsed by FSC").

(II) Basis of Preparation

1. Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the following material items in the balance sheets:

- (1) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss;
- (2) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss; and
- (3) Net defined benefit liability is recognized by the fair value of the pension fund assets net of the present value of the defined benefit obligation and the upper limit effects measurement referred by Note 4 (14).
- 2. Functional Currency and Representing Currency

The functional currency of each entity of the consolidated company is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entities operate. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Taiwan Dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(III) Basis of Consolidation

1. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements

A reporting entity includes the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (*i.e.* subsidiaries) in the consolidated financial statements. When the Company is exposed to the variability of returns from involvement with an investee, or is entitled to the variability of returns and has power to influence the returns through the investees, the Company controls the investee.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intercompany transactions, balance and any unrealized incomes and expenses arising from intercompany transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Losses from the subsidiary should be attributed to the owners' equities and the noncontrolling interests, even this would cause the non-controlling interests to have a deficit balance.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries have been adjusted in line with the accounting policy of the consolidated company.

Changes in the consolidated company's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the company losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. Differences between adjustment of the non-controlling interests and fair value of payment or receipts by the non-controlling interests are recognized under equity and attributed to the owner of the Company.

| Name of investor | Nome of | Main business activities | | f Ownership | Do |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Name of investor | Name of subsidiary | | 2022.12.31 | 2021.12.31 | Description |
| he Company | Apex Global Investment Ltd. | Investment on businesses engaging in manufacturing | 100% | 100% | |
| // | Wellell America Corp. | Sales of medical supplies | 100% | 100% | (Note 1) |
| // | Apex Medical S.L. | Sales of medical supplies | 100% | 100% | |
| " | Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd | Manufacturing and Sales of medical supplies | 100% | 100% | |
| he Company | Apex Medical Global Cooperatie UA | Investment on businesses engaging in manufacturing | - % | 100% | (Note 2) |
| " | Wellell India Private Limited | Sales of medical supplies | 99.82% | 99.82% | (Note 1, 3) |
| " | Wellell (Thailand) Ltd. | Sales of medical supplies | 49% | 49% | (Note 1) |
| Π | Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. | Investment on businesses engaging in manufacturing | 100% | 100% | (Note 3) |
| " | Wellell Germany GmbH | Investments in various production businesses and leasing business | 100% | 100% | (Note 1) |
| " | APEX MEDICAL CORP. | Sales of medical supplies | 100% | 100% | |
| pex Global Investment Ltd. | ComfortPro Investment Corp. | Investment on businesses engaging in manufacturing | 100% | 100% | |
| " | Max Delight Holding Limited. | Investment on businesses engaging in manufacturing | 100% | 100% | |
| " | Wellell India Private Limited | Sales of medical supplies | 0.18% | 0.18% | (Note 1, 3) |
| omfortPro Investment Corp. | Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | Manufacturing and Sales of medical supplies | 100% | 100% | |
| lax Delight Holdings Limited | Wellell (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. | Sales of medical supplies | 100% | 100% | |
| pex Medical Respiratory Ltd. | Wellell UK Limited | Sales of medical supplies | 100% | 100% | (Note 1) |
| " | SLK Vertriebs GmbH | Sales and leasing of medical supplies | 100% | 100% | |
| " | SLK Medical GmbH | Sales and leasing of medical supplies | 100% | 100% | |
| " | Wellell France S.A.S. | Sales of medical supplies | 100% | 100% | (Note 1) |
| | | | | | |

2. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 1: Apex Medical USA Corp., Apex Medical Corp., India Private Ltd., Apex Medical (Thailand) Co., Ltd., Apex Medical Ltd., Apex Medical France and Apex Medical Investment GmbH to follow the Group's branding strategies changed their names to Wellell America Corp., Wellell India Private Limited, Wellell (Thailand) Ltd., Wellell UK Limited, Wellell France S.A.S. and Wellell Germany GmbH in 2022.

Note 2: The liquidation process was completed on September 5, 2022.

Note 3: The Company directly and indirectly holds 100% equity interests in Wellell India Private Limited.

3. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

(IV) Foreign currency

1. Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transaction. The foreign currency monetary

item at the end of each subsequent reporting period (hereinafter referred to the "reporting date") are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing on that date.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the time of the fair value measurement date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies measured with historical costs are translated using the exchange rates prevailing at the time of the transaction date.

Foreign currency exchange differences resulting from currency translation are usually recognized under profit or loss; however, they are recognized under other comprehensive income in the following circumstances:

- (1) Equity instruments designated measured at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- (2) Financial liabilities designated as hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation within the range of hedge effectiveness; or
- (3) Qualified cash flows hedged within the range of hedge effectiveness.
- 2. Foreign Operation

The assets and liabilities of foreign operation, including goodwill from acquisition and fair value adjustment, are translated to NTD using the exchange rates on the reporting date, revenues and expenses are translated into NTD using average exchange rate and all resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

When the disposal of foreign operating units leads to the loss of control, joint control, or significant influence, all cumulative exchange differences in relation to that foreign operating unit are reclassified in profit and loss. When the foreign operating unit partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operating unit. When the foreign operating unit partially disposed of or sold is an associates or joint venture, cumulative exchange differences are proportionately transferred to the profit of or sold is an associates or joint venture, cumulative exchange differences are proportionately transferred to the profit and loss.

For the monetary receivable or payable items with foreign operating units, if there is no settlement plan and they will not be paid in the foreseeable future, the exchange gain from foreign exchange will be deemed as part of the net investment to that foreign operation and recognized under other comprehensive income.

(V) Classification of Current and Non-current Assets and Liabilities

Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise, they are classified as non-current assets:

- 1. Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within its normal operating cycle;
- 2. Assets held mainly for sales;

- 3. Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the reporting date; or
- 4. These assets are cash or cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the reporting date.

Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise, they are classified as non-current liabilities:

- 1. Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
- 2. Liabilities held mainly for sales;
- 3. Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within twelve months from the reporting date; or
- 4. For liabilities their re-payment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.
- (VI) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash include cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits meeting the definition as mentioned above or used mainly for meeting short-term cash commitment and not for investment or other purposes are reported as cash equivalents.

(VII) Financial Instruments

Accounts receivable are recognized once it is generated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities were originally recognized when the consolidated company becomes one party to the terms of the financial instrument contract. Financial assets (except for accounts receivable containing a significant financing component) or financial liabilities not measured at fair value through other comprehensive income were originally measured at fair value plus the transaction costs directly attributable to their acquisition or issue. Accounts receivable not containing a significant financing component were originally measured at the transaction price. 1. Financial assets

If purchase or sale of financial assets conforms to transaction practices, the consolidated company consistently adopts the trading-date accounting treatment for all purchases and sales of financial assets classified in a similar way.

Financial asset types at initial recognition include: financial assets measured at amortized cost, investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, and financial assets measured at fair value through income.

The consolidated company reclassifies the impacted financial assets from the first day of the next report period only when the financial assets management model changes.

(1) Financial assets measured with amortized cost

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost when they meet the criteria below

and are not designated to be measured at fair value through profit and loss:

- Hold the financial asset under the business model of collecting contract cash-flow for purpose.
- The cash-flow generated from the financial asset contract terms on a specific date is all for principal and outstanding principal generated interest payment.

Such assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost with the initial recognition amount plus or less the cumulative amortization calculated using the effective interest method and any loss allowance being adjusted. Interest revenue, foreign exchange gain and loss, and impairment loss are recognized as profit and loss. The gain or loss are recognized as profit and loss when derecognizing.

(2) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

The consolidated company can make irrevocable commitments at the original recognition point and present the subsequent fair value change of the not held-for-sale equity instrument to other comprehensive income. The previous mentioned options are made on each instrument base.

Equity instrument investments are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividend revenue (unless it clearly represents a recovery of part of the investment costs) is recognized under profit or loss. Other net gains or losses are recognized as other comprehensive income and not reclassified to profit or loss.

The dividend income from equity investment is recognized at the date when the consolidated company is entitled to receive (usually the ex-dividend date).

(3) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets, which are not measured at amortized cost mentioned above or measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, are measured at fair value through income, including the derivatives.

Such assets are measured at fair value, and their net gains or losses (including any dividend revenue and interest revenue) are recognized as profit or loss.

(4) Impairment of financial assets

The consolidated company recognizes the loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalent, financial assets measured at amortized cost, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, refundable deposits, and other financial assets, etc.), and expected credit loss on contract assets.

The loss allowance for financial assets below are measured based on 12 months of expected credit loss and the rest are measured based on lifetime expected credit loss:

- · Determine the debt securities credit risk is low on the reporting date; and
- The credit risks (such as the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) of other debt securities and bank deposits do not obviously increase after initial recognition.

The loss allowance for accounts receivable is measured on the lifetime expected credit loss amount.

To determine if the credit risk is obviously increased after recognition, the consolidated company considers information that is reasonable and can be corroborated (not overly high cost or that can be obtained after investment) including qualitative and quantitative information, in terms of history of the consolidated company, credit evaluation, and perspective information analysis.

If the contract receivables are due over 60 days, the consolidated company assumes the financial asset credit risk is obviously increased.

If the contract receivables are due over 365 days or the borrower is incapable of executing its credit obligation for paying the full amount to the consolidated company, the consolidated company deems the financial asset is in default.

Lifetime expected credit losses is the expected credit losses arising from all the potential defaults on financial instruments during the expected lifetime of financial instruments.

The 12-month expected credit losses is the expected credit losses of financial instruments resulting from possible default events within 12 months after the reporting date (or the shorter period if the expected lifetime of the financial instrument is shorter than 12 months).

The longest period for expected credit loss measurement is the longest contract period the consolidated company exposed to the credit risks.

The expected credit loss is the percentage weighted estimate of financial instrument expected lifetime credit loss. The credit loss is measured at the cash collection shortage, e.g. the difference between the collectible cash-flow per contract and the expected collectible cash-flow of the consolidated company. The expected credit loss is discounted at the financial asset effective interest rate.

The consolidated company evaluated the financial assets and the credit impairment based on the amortized cost on every reporting date. If one or multiple unfavorable matters occurred to the financial asset future cash flow estimate, the financial asset credit is impaired. The evidence that the financial asset is credit impaired includes observable information for the matters below:

- Significant financial difficulty to the borrower or issuer;
- Breach of contract, such as arrearage or overdue over 365 days;
- Because of economic or contract reasons related to the borrower's financial difficulty, the consolidated company makes a concession to the borrower which is not considered originally;
- The borrower will probably file for bankruptcy or other finance restructure; or
- The active market of the financial asset vanishes because of financial difficulty.

The loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortized cost is deducted from the carrying amount of assets.

When the consolidated company is unable to predict the financial asset collection reasonably as a whole or partially, the total carrying amount of the financial asset is directly deducted. For corporate customers, the consolidated company individually analyzed when to write off and the amount to be written off on the basis of whether a reasonable expectation of recovery exists. The consolidated company expected that a significant reversal in the amount written off will not occur; however, the financial assets that are written off may be still subject to enforcement activity to conform to the consolidated company's procedure for the recovery of the overdue amount.

(5) Derecognition of financial assets

The consolidated company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset expire, or the financial asset has been transferred and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to other enterprises, or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are neither transferred nor retained and the control of the financial asset is not retained.

In the consolidated company's signed transaction, if all or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are retained, such transaction will continue to be recognized on the Balance Sheet.

- 2. Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments
 - (1) Financial liability

Financial liabilities are classified and measured at amortized cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss. If the financial liabilities are held for trading, derivatives, or designated at initial recognition, they are classified into the fair value through profit or loss category. Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and the related net profit or loss, including any interest expense, is recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expenses and foreign exchange gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when other financial liabilities are derecognized.

(2) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The consolidated company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. When a modification is made to the terms of a financial liability and the cash flows of the liability after modification are substantially differently, the financial liabilities should be derecognized and a new financial liability is recognized at fair value based on the terms after modification. When derecognizing financial liabilities, the difference between the book value of the financial liabilities derecognized and the consideration paid and payable (including any non-cash transfers or liabilities undertaken) is recognized in profit and loss.

(3) Offsetting financial assets with financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and expressed in net amount in the balance sheet when the consolidated company has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(VIII) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Costs include the acquiring, production, processing or other costs to make inventories arrive at the place and condition they can be used, and are calculated using weight average method. Costs of finished products and work-in-process inventories include manufacturing expenses allocated with an appropriate ratio based on normal production capacity.

Net realizable value represents the balance with estimated costs required to complete the production and get the products ready subtracted from the estimated selling price.

(IX) Real estate properties, plants and equipment

1. Recognition and measurement

An item of real estate property, plant and equipment is carried at its cost (including capitalized borrowing costs) less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

When the material components of real estate property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, it should be treated as a separate item (material component) of real estate property, plant and equipment.

The gains or losses on disposal of real estate property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss.

2. Subsequent costs

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company.

3. Depreciation

The depreciation expense equals the cost of the asset less the residual value, and through the straight line method, it is recognized in profit or loss over the expected useful life of each component.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of current period and the comparative period:

- (1) Buildings and constructions 5~50 years
- (2) Machinery Equipment 3~10 years

(3) Other Equipment

2~10 years

The consolidated company reviews the depreciation method, useful lives, and residual values, and makes proper adjustments as necessary at each annual reporting date.

(X) Leases

The consolidated company assesses whether the arrangement is or includes a lease arrangement upon the inception of the contract. If a contract transfer conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration, the contract is or includes a lease.

1. Lessee

The consolidated company initially recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement day of the lease. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, consisting of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement date, the initial direct costs incurred, and an estimate of costs to be incurred by dismantling and removing the underlying asset and restoring the location where the asset resides or the underlying asset less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the period from the commencement date of the lease to expiration of its useful life or expiration of the lease term, whichever date is earlier. In addition, the consolidated company regularly assesses whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and accounts for any impairment loss identified, and if the lease liability is remeasured, the right-of-use asset is adjusted accordingly.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that have not been paid at the commencement day of the lease. If the implied interest rate of the lease is easily determined, the lease payments are discounted to present value using that interest rate. If such interest rate is not easily determined, they are discounted to present value using the incremental borrowing rate. In general, the consolidated company adopts its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The lease payments included in the lease liabilities are:

- (1) fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- (2) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and are initially measured at the index or rate at the commencement date of the lease;
- (3) the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- (4) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease.

The lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method, and are remeasured in the following situations:

(1) there is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments;

- (2) there is a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee;
- (3) there is a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset;
- (4) there is a change in the estimate of the options to extend or terminate result in the estimate of the lease term is modified; or
- (5) there is a modification in the object, scope, or other terms of a lease.

When the lease liabilities are remeasured because of the above change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments, in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or in the estimate of the options to extend or terminate, the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets should be adjusted relatively, and if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has already been reduced to zero, the remaining remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss.

For modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the carrying amount of the rightof-use asset is decreased to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and the difference from the remeasurement amount of the lease liabilities is recognized in profit or loss.

The consolidated company expressed the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities which do not meet the definition of the investment property as a single-line item in the balance sheet.

For short-term leases and low-value asset leases such as car rentals, and office machine rentals, the consolidated company chose not to recognize the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. It recognized the relevant lease payments as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

2. Lessor

When acting as a lessor in a transaction, the consolidated company classifies the lease contract based on whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset have been transferred under the lease contract. If that is the case, the lease contract is classified as a finance lease, otherwise it is classified as an operating lease. In the assessment, the consolidated company considers relevant specific indicators such as whether the lease term is for the major part of the remaining economic life of the underlying asset.

(XI) Intangible Assets

1. Recognition and measurement

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Other intangible assets with useful lives acquired by the consolidated company are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses.

2. Subsequent Expenditure

Subsequent expenditures can only be capitalized when generating probable future

economic benefits. All other expenditures are recognized in profit or loss when incurred, including the goodwill developed internally as well as the brand name.

3. Amortization

Except for goodwill, amortization is calculated by deducting the estimated residual value from the cost of the asset's cost. The intangible asset is recognized as profit or loss within its estimated service life using the straight-line method since the intangible asset reaches the recognized state of use.

The estimated useful lives of current period and the comparative period:

- (1) Trademarks 15 years
- (2) Computer Software 3~5 years
- (3) Customer Relationship 3~10 years
- (4) Brand Asset Value 10 years

The consolidated company reviews the residual values, useful lives, and amortization method to intangible assets and makes proper adjustments as necessary at each reporting date.

(XII) Impairment of non-financial assets

The consolidated company assesses at each reporting date whether there are any signs indicating that impairment losses may have occurred in the carrying amount of non-financial assets (except for inventories and deferred tax assets). If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is assessed. Goodwill is subject to a regular impairment test each year.

For impairment test purposes, a group of assets that generate cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets represents the smallest identifiable group of assets. The goodwill obtained in a business combination is allocated to each cash-generation unit or group of cash generating unit and expected to benefit from the merger effect.

The recoverable amount is the fair value of the individual asset or cash-generating unit minus the cost of disposal and its value in use depends on which is higher. When measuring the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are converted to the present value at the discount rate before tax and should reflect the current market measure to the time value of money and the specific risks of the assets or cash-generating unit.

If the recoverable amount of an individual asset or cash-generating unit is lower the book value, and impairment loss shall be recognized.

The impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss immediately and shall first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill amortized to the cash generating unit and then to the other assets of the cash generating unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the cash generating unit.

The loss of goodwill impairment will not be reversed. Except for the goodwill, non-

financial assets measured at cost investments other than the impairment loss recognized in prior periods may no longer exist or decrease when the carrying amount (deducting the depreciation or amortization) of the asset shall reverse rotation amount.

(XIII) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenue is measured at the expected proceeds collection right from goods or services transferred. The consolidated company recognizes revenue when goods or services transferred to customers to meet the contract obligations.

The consolidated company manufactures medical supplies and sells to the markets. The consolidated company recognizes revenue when control rights of goods are transferred. When control rights of goods have been delivered to customers it means the customers own all rights to decide product sales channels and prices and there are no un-executed obligation impacts on customers' willingness to accept the products. Delivered means the products have been shipped to specific locations and the obsolete and loss risks are transferred to customers and customers have accepted products per sales contracts, the acceptance term has expired, or the consolidated company has deemed all acceptance has been met with objective evidence.

The consolidated company recognizes accounts receivable when goods are delivered because it owns unconditional rights to collect the proceeds at that point.

(XIV) Employee benefit

1. Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution retirement benefit plans, payments to the benefit plan are recognized in profit and loss when the employees have rendered service entitling them to the benefits.

2. Defined benefit plan

All other retirement plans besides the defined contribution plans are defined benefit plans. Net obligation of the consolidated company under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive for their services in current period or prior periods. And less the fair value of any plan assets. The rate used to discount is determined by using market yields of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability of the consolidated company on the reporting date.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation result is in the consolidated company's favor, the assets recognition only includes the present value of economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. Any minimum funding requirements are considered for present value calculations of economic benefits. If the benefit can be realized during the plan implementation period or at the time

when the liabilities of the plan are settled, it is beneficial to the consolidated company.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liabilities include (1) Actuarial gains and losses; (2) returns on plan assets (no interests included); and (3) Any change in the effect of the asset ceiling, but excluding interests. The remeasurements of defined benefit liabilities are recognized under other comprehensive income.

The consolidated company shall recognize the remeasurement of the defined benefit plan under other comprehensive income and accumulate the retained earnings. The consolidated company decided that net interest expense (revenue) on the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) is calculated by the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) and the discount rate determined at the start of the reporting period. Net interest expense on the net defined benefit plan and other expenses are recognized in profit or loss.

When the plan is modified or reduced, the benefit changes related to the past service costs or reduced benefits or losses are immediately recognized in profit or loss. When the consolidated company repays the debts, the gains or losses due to settlements of defined benefit plan are recognized.

3. Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits obligation is measured at an undiscounted basis and recognized as expenses as related services provided.

(XV) Income Taxes

The income tax for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred income taxes shall be recognized as profit or loss except for the items related to corporate merger or recognized directly under the equity and other comprehensive income.

Current income tax includes expected tax payable or tax refundable calculated based on the taxable income and the adjustments to tax payable or income tax refund receivable from prior years. The amount thereof refers to the best estimate of the amount expected to be paid or received measured by the statutory tax rates or tax rate that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred income tax is recognized for the temporary differences arising between the book value for the purpose of reporting assets and liabilities as well as the tax bases of these assets and liabilities on the reporting date. However, the temporary difference resulting from the following conditions are not recognized as deferred income tax:

- 1. From an asset or liability originally recognized in a transaction other than a business combination and at the time of the transaction it would not affect either accounting or taxable profit (loss).
- 2. The consolidated company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference arising from investments in subsidiaries and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax is measured at the tax rate at the reversal of the temporary difference

using the statutory tax rate or substantive legislative rate as a basis.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities of the consolidated company are offset only when all the following conditions are met:

- 1. When the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and
- 2. Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are levied by the same taxation authority are of;
 - (1) The same taxpaying entity; or
 - (2) Different entities, however each entity intends to settle, for the expected recovery of all significant deferred income tax assets and the expected settlement of the deferred income tax liabilities in every future period, at a net basis the current tax liabilities or assets or realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

To the extent they may be used to offset future taxable income, the unused tax losses and credits carried to subsequent periods as well the deductible temporary differences are recognized as deferred income tax assets. And they should be reassessed at each reporting date, reduced within the extent of the relevant income tax benefits more likely than not to be realizable, or reversal the reduced amount within the extent of them very likely turning into sufficient taxable income.

(XVI) Earnings per share

The consolidated company lists the basic and diluted EPS attributed to the common stock equity holder of the Company. The basic EPS of the consolidated company is calculated by dividing the profit and loss attributed to the common stock equity holder of the company by the weight average outstanding common shares of the current period. The diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the profit and loss attributed to the common stock equity holder of the Company by the weight average outstanding common shares adjusted with potential effects on diluting these common shares. The potential dilution of common stock of the consolidated company includes convertible corporate bonds and compensation to employees.

(XVII) Segment Information

Operating segment is the component of the consolidated company engaging in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components). The segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker of the consolidated company pertaining to allocation of resources to certain segments and assess their performance. Each operating segment has its own financial information.

V. Significant accounting judgments, estimations, assumptions and sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements shall be in conformity with the preparation guidelines and IFRSs endorsed by FSC and management is required to make judgments,

estimates and assumptions that will affect the application of the accounting policies and the amount reported on assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

The management continues to review and estimate the underlying assumption, changes of accounting estimate are recognized in the year the change occurs or in the future period that will be impacted by the change.

The following assumptions and estimates are subject to significant risks of material adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year and have reflected the impact of the Covid-19 outbreak. The relevant details are as follows:

(I) Valuation of inventory

As inventory is measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value, on the reporting date the consolidated company assesses the loss of inventory due to normal wear and tear, obsolesce or of no market value, and has the corresponding costs of inventory offset with the net realized value. Inventory valuation is based primarily on an estimate of the need of a product in a specific period in the future. There might be significant changes due to changes of products.

(II) Valuation of impairment of goodwill

The assessment of impairment of goodwill requires the Group to make subjective judgments to identify cash-generating units, allocate the goodwill to relevant cash-generating units, and estimate the recoverable amount in relevant cash-generating units.

VI. Details of significant accounting items

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

| 20 | 22.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|-----------|----------|-------------------|
| \$ | 1,316 | 1,767 |
| | 417,523 | 470,088 |
| | 26,441 | 21,372 |
| | | |
| <u>\$</u> | 445,280 | 493,227 |
| | - | 417,523 26,441 |

For disclosure of interest risk and sensitivity analysis of the financial assets and liabilities of the consolidated company please refer to note 6 (17).

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the cash and cash equivalent of the Company were not provided as loan guarantee or litigation collateral to a financial institute or court.

(II) Financial assets measured with amortized cost

| | 20 | 22.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|---|----|----------|------------|
| <u>Current</u> | | | |
| Domestic investment | | | |
| Time deposit with original maturity date for more | \$ | 50,500 | 66,500 |
| than 3 months | | | |
| Pledged time deposit certificate | | 15,000 | - |
| Foreign investment | | | |

| | 20 | 22.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|---|-----------|----------|------------|
| Time deposit with original maturity date for more | | 39,662 | 39,087 |
| than 3 months | | | |
| Total | \$ | 105,162 | 105,587 |
| Non-current | | | |
| Domestic investment | | | |
| Pledged time deposit certificate | <u>\$</u> | - | 15,000 |

The consolidated company assessed the holding of these assets to maturity to collect contract cash-flow and the cash-flow from the financial asset is all for principal payment and outstanding principal generated interest. Thus they were reported as financial assets measured at amortized cost.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the amortized cost financial assets of the consolidated company had been provided to financial institutions as collateral for guarantees, please refer to Note 8.

(III) Notes Receivable and Accounts Receivable

| | 20 | 22.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|--|----|----------|------------|
| Notes receivable - from business operation | \$ | 16,065 | 19,994 |
| Accounts Receivable | | 499,065 | 358,477 |
| Less: Loss Allowance | | (7,123) | (6,113) |
| Accounts Receivable, net | \$ | 508,007 | 372,358 |

The consolidated company adopted the simplified method to estimate credit loss of all notes and accounts receivable, e.g. adopting the lifetime expected credit loss measurement method. For measurement purposes, the notes and accounts receivable are classified per the common credit risk characteristic of customers' ability to pay the total amount due under contract terms and included as prospective information. The analysis for expected credit loss on notes and accounts receivable of the Company is as below:

| | Amo Rec A | Carrying unt of Notes eivable and Accounts eceivable | 2022.12.31 Weighted Average Expected Credit Loss Rate | Loss Allowance Lifetime Expected Credit Loss |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|---|
| Not Overdue | \$ | 133,528 | 1.00% | 1,340 |
| Overdue Less Than 60 Days | | 6,537 | 11.44% | 748 |
| Over 61-90 Days | | 49 | 42.86% | 21 |
| Over 91-180 Days | | 21 | 61.90% | 13 |
| Over 181-365 Days | | 26 | 100% | 26 |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | <u>140,161</u> | | 2,148 |
| | | Carrying unt of Notes | 2021.12.31 Weighted Average | Loss Allowance Lifetime |

| | Receivable and Accounts Receivable | | Accounts | | Expected Credit Loss Rate | Expected Credit Loss |
|---------------------------|--|---------|----------|-------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Not Overdue | \$ | 94,846 | 0.53% | 504 | | |
| Overdue Less Than 60 Days | | 18,401 | 9.30% | 1,711 | | |
| Over 61-90 Days | | 66 | 48.48% | 32 | | |
| Over 91-180 Days | | 30 | 66.67% | 20 | | |
| Total | \$ | 113,343 | = | 2,267 | | |

| | | | 2022.12.31 | |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| Credit Rating Grade | Carrying Amount of Notes Receivable and Accounts Receivable | | Weighted Average Expected Credit Loss Rate | Loss Allowance Lifetime Expected Credit Loss |
| Low Risk | \$ | 369,994 | - | - |
| Those Who Have Financial Difficulties | | 4,975 | 100% | 4,975 |
| Total | \$ | <u>374,969</u> | | 4,975 |
| | | | 2021.12.31 | |
| Credit Rating Grade | Amou Rece A | arrying int of Notes eivable and ccounts eceivable | Weighted Average Expected Credit Loss Rate | Loss Allowance Lifetime Expected Credit Loss |
| | | | | |
| Low Risk | \$ | 261,282 | - | - |
| <u>0</u> | | | - 100% | - 3,846 |

The consolidated company analysis for expected credit loss on notes and accounts receivable other than the Company is as below:

The consolidated company's aging analysis for notes and accounts receivable other than the Company is as below:

| | 2022.12.31 | | 2021.12.31 | |
|---------------------------|------------|----------|------------|--|
| | 20 | 22.12.31 | 2021.12.31 | |
| Not Overdue | \$ | 336,926 | 237,860 | |
| Overdue Less Than 60 Days | | 36,399 | 25,416 | |
| Over 61-90 Days | | 481 | 709 | |
| Over 91-180 Days | | 439 | 580 | |
| Over 181-365 Days | | 523 | 78 | |
| Over 366 days | | 201 | 485 | |
| | \$ | 374,969 | 265,128 | |

The consolidated company changes to the statement of loss allowance for notes and accounts receivable are as below:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|-------------|---------|
| Beginning balance | \$ 6,113 | 6,730 |
| Recognized Impairment Loss | 1,331 | 2,714 |
| Gain on reversal of impairment loss | (148) | (3,030) |
| Amount Written off due to amount not recovered | (332) | (74) |
| Foreign exchange translation gain and loss | 159 | (227) |
| Ending balance | \$ 7,123 | 6,113 |

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, no notes receivable and accounts receivable of the consolidated company pledged as collateral.

(IV) Other Receivable and Overdue Receivable

| | 2022.12.31 | | 2021.12.31 | |
|----------------------|------------|----------|------------|--|
| Other Receivable | \$ | 29,118 | 23,053 | |
| Overdue Receivable | | 16,563 | 16,563 | |
| Less: Loss Allowance | | (16,563) | (16,563) | |
| | \$ | 29,118 | 23,053 | |

The consolidated company changes to the statement of loss allowance for other receivable and overdue receivable are as below:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|-----------|--------|--------|
| Balance at the end of the period (i.e. balance at the | <u>\$</u> | 16,563 | 16,563 |
| beginning of the period) | | | |

Please refer to Note 6 (17) for information on other credit risks

(V) Inventories

| | 20 | 2021.12.31 | |
|-----------------|----|------------|---------|
| Finished goods | \$ | 23,851 | 15,883 |
| Work in Process | | 98,364 | 101,583 |
| Raw Materials | | 114,924 | 138,636 |
| Products | | 315,367 | 300,692 |
| | \$ | 552,506 | 556,794 |

Details of the inventory related expenses loss under operating costs recognized in 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Costs of sales | \$ | 1,552,543 | 1,365,176 |
| Loss on inventory scrap | | 7,695 | 6,665 |
| Inventory adjustment credits | | (1,266) | (372) |
| Loss on Inventory Valuation and Obsolescence (gain on reversal) | | 17,259 | (6,320) |
| Income from scrap and wastes | | (292) | (281) |
| Others | | 20,996 | 22,235 |
| Total Operating Costs | <u>\$</u> | 1,596,935 | 1,387,103 |

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, no inventory of the consolidated company pledged as collateral.

(VI) Real estate properties, plants and equipment

Schedule of changes in the real estate property, plant and equipment of the consolidated company, as follows:

| company, as ronows. | Land | Buildings and constructions | Machinery Equipment | Other equipment | Total |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Cost: | Land | constructions | Lquipment | | 1000 |
| Balance as of January 1, | \$ 278,438 | 647,525 | 68,765 | 177,917 | 1,172,645 |
| 2022 | | | | | |
| Addition | - | 7,632 | 8,018 | 29,337 | 44,987 |
| Disposal | - | (6,506) | (1,925) | (19,037) | (27,468) |
| Reclassification | - | (464) | 1,155 | (4,273) | (3,582) |
| Impact on changes of | 1,054 | 12,711 | 1,153 | 3,476 | 18,394 |
| exchange rate | | | | | |
| Balance as of December | \$ 279,492 | 660,898 | 77,166 | 187,420 | 1,204,976 |
| 31, 2022 | | | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, | \$ 281,223 | 667,082 | 72,077 | 165,768 | 1,186,150 |
| 2021 | | | | | |
| Addition | - | 24,552 | 1,833 | 20,284 | 46,669 |
| Disposal | - | (18,428) | (4,521) | (17,645) | (40,594) |
| Reclassification | - | (664) | - | (1,303) | (1,967) |
| Impact on changes of | (2,785) | (25,017) | (624) | 10,813 | (17,613) |
| exchange rate | | | | | |
| Balance as of December | <u>\$ 278,438</u> | 647,525 | 68,765 | 177,917 | 1,172,645 |
| 31, 2021 Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, | \$ - | 268,327 | 40,207 | 123,195 | 431,729 |
| 2022 | | | | | |
| Depreciation | - | 29,726 | 5,979 | 22,344 | 58,049 |
| Disposal | - | (6,506) | (1,925) | (18,339) | (26,770) |
| Reclassification | - | (810) | (5) | 5 | (810) |
| Impact on changes of | | 3,551 | 631 | 2,533 | 6,715 |
| exchange rate | | | | | |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ -</u> | 294,288 | 44,887 | 129,738 | 468,913 |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | \$- | 263,894 | 38,588 | 98,497 | 400,979 |
| Depreciation | - | 26,154 | 6,016 | 25,898 | 58,068 |

| | | Land | Buildings and constructions | Machinery Equipment | Other equipment | Total |
|------------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| Disposal | | - | (18,428) | (4,257) | (14,899) | (37,584) |
| Reclassification | | - | (664) | - | (669) | (1,333) |
| Impact on changes of | | - | (2,629) | (140) | 14,368 | 11,599 |
| exchange rate | | | | | | |
| Balance as of December | \$ | - | 268,327 | 40,207 | 123,195 | 431,729 |
| 31, 2021 Carrying amount: | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2022 | <u>\$</u> | 279,492 | <u> 366,610</u> = | 32,279 | 57,682 | 736,063 |
| December 31, 2021 | <u>\$</u> | 278,438 | 379,198 | 28,558 | 54,722 | 740,916 |

- 1. Other assets were reclassified to expenses by \$2,772 in 2022; other assets were reclassified to intangible assets by \$634 in 2021,
- For details of financing guarantees as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, please refer to Note
 8.

(VII) Intangible Assets

Schedule of changes in intangible assets of the consolidated company, as follows: Other

| | | | Computer | Other intangible | |
|----------------------------|----|----------|----------|---------------------|----------|
| | (| Goodwill | Software | assets | Total |
| Cost: | | | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, | \$ | 505,248 | 22,494 | 302,344 | 830,086 |
| 2022 | | | | | |
| Obtained individually | | - | 2,299 | 706 | 3,005 |
| Impact on changes of | | (1,853) | 515 | (1,522) | (2,860) |
| exchange rate | | | | | |
| Balance as of December 31, | \$ | 503,395 | 25,308 | 301,528 | 830,231 |
| 2022 | | | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, | \$ | 519,443 | 36,912 | 311,699 | 868,054 |
| 2021 | | | | | |
| Obtained individually | | - | 4,559 | 1,064 | 5,623 |
| Disposal | | - | (18,639) | 2,462 | (16,177) |
| Reclassified to | | - | 634 | - | 634 |
| Impact on changes of | | (14,195) | (972) | (12,881) | (28,048) |
| exchange rate | | | | | |
| Balance as of December 31, | \$ | 505,248 | 22,494 | 302,344 | 830,086 |
| 2021 | | | | | |

Accumulated Amortization:

| | | Goodwill | Computer Software | Other intangible assets | Total |
|----------------------------|-----------|----------|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| Balance as of January 1, | \$ | - | 14,894 | 147,123 | 162,017 |
| 2022 | | | | | |
| Amortization in current | | - | 2,672 | 15,260 | 17,932 |
| period | | | | | |
| The effect of changes of | | - | 339 | (570) | (231) |
| foreign exchange rates | | | | | |
| Balance as of December 31, | \$ | - | 17,905 | 161,813 | 179,718 |
| 2022 | | | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, | \$ | - | 31,905 | 134,477 | 166,382 |
| 2021 | | | | | |
| Amortization in current | | - | 2,339 | 16,231 | 18,570 |
| period | | | | | |
| Disposal | | - | (18,639) | 2,462 | (16,177) |
| The effect of changes of | | - | (711) | (6,047) | (6,758) |
| foreign exchange rates | | | | | |
| Balance as of December 31, | \$ | - | 14,894 | 147,123 | 162,017 |
| 2021 | | | | | |
| Carrying amount: | | | | | |
| December 31, 2022 | <u>\$</u> | 503,395 | 7,403 | 139,715 | 650,513 |
| December 31, 2021 | \$ | 505,248 | 7,600 | 155,221 | 668,069 |
| | | | | | |

(VIII) Short-term notes

The detail of short-term borrowings of the consolidated company is as follows:

| | | 2022.12.31 | |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Secured bank borrowings | \$ | 34,650 | 127,310 |
| Unsecured bank borrowings | | 260,707 | 225,008 |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 295,357 | 352,318 |
| Unused credit term | <u>\$</u> | 829,877 | 756,322 |
| Interest rate range | <u>]</u> | <u>1.30%~5.59%</u> | <u>0.85%~1.46%</u> |

For detail on assets used by the consolidated company as mortgage to guarantee borrowing from the bank or as the funding credit to the bank please refer to Note 8.

(IX) Long-term borrowings

The detail of long-term borrowings of the consolidated company is as follows:

| U | | e | 2022.12.31 | |
|---------------------|----------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | Currency | Interest rate range | Maturity Date | Amount |
| Secured bank | Euro | 1.97%~3.92% | 2023.2.21~2037.6.30 | \$ 131,526 |
| borrowings | | | | |
| Less: Mature Within | | | | (10,261) |
| One Year | | | | |
| Total | | | | <u>\$ 121,265</u> |
| Unused credit term | | | | <u>\$</u> |
| | | | 2021.12.31 | |
| | Currency | Interest rate range | Maturity Date | Amount |
| Secured bank | Euro | 1.97%~3.92% | 2023.2.21~2039.12.30 | \$ 138,494 |
| borrowings | | | | |
| Less: Mature Within | | | | (16,274) |
| One Year | | | | |
| Total | | | | <u>\$ 122,220</u> |
| Unused credit term | | | | <u>\$</u> |

For detail on assets used by the consolidated company as mortgage to guarantee borrowing from the bank please refer to Note 8.

(X) Employee benefit

1. Defined benefit plan

Reconciliation of the present value of the defined benefit obligations plan and the fair value of the plan assets of the consolidated company is as follows:

| | 20 | 22.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|---|-----------|----------|------------|
| Present value of defined benefit obligation | \$ | 27,273 | 32,820 |
| Fair value of the plan assets | | (26,230) | (27,459) |
| Net defined benefit liability | <u>\$</u> | 1,043 | 5,361 |

The consolidated company makes defined benefit plan contributions to the pension fund account at Bank of Taiwan that provides pensions for employees upon retirement. The plans covered by the Labor Standards Act entitles a retired employee to receive an annual payment based on years of service and average salary for the six months prior to retirement. (1) Composition of plan assets

The pension fund contributed in accordance with the Labor Standards Act is controlled and managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds of the Ministry of Labor (referred to as "Bureau of Labor Funds"). In accordance with the "Regulations for revenues, expenditures, safeguard and utilization of the labor retirement fund", with respect to the utilization of funds, the minimum yield distributed at year closing shall not be lower than earnings calculated on the two-year time deposits with interest rates compatible with those of local banks.

As of the reporting date, the Bank of Taiwan labor pension reserve account balance of the consolidated company amounted to NT\$26,230 thousand. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Bureau of Labor Funds.

(2) Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligations for 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|-----------|---------|---------|
| Defined benefit obligations on January 1 | \$ | 32,820 | 35,930 |
| Current service costs and interests | | 295 | 424 |
| Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability | | | |
| - Gain due to adjustment on experiences | | (124) | (2,432) |
| - Actuarial loss due to changes on assumption of | | - | 598 |
| demographic statistic | | | |
| - Actuarial loss due to changes of financial | | (2,096) | - |
| assumption | | | |
| Income (Loss) of past service cost and settlement | | (3,622) | - |
| Payment of planned assets | | - | (1,700) |
| Defined benefit obligations on December 31 | <u>\$</u> | 27,273 | 32,820 |

(3) Movement in fair value of plan assets

The changes in fair value of the defined benefit plan assets of the consolidated company of 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|--------------|---------|
| Fair value of the plan assets as of January 1 | \$ 27,459 | 27,872 |
| Interest Income | 139 | 141 |
| Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability | | |
| - Returns on plan assets (no current interests | 2,250 | 365 |
| included) | | |
| Amounts contributed to the plan | - | 781 |
| Income (Loss) of past service cost and settlement | (3,618) | - |
| Payment of planned benefits | - | (1,700) |
| Fair value of the plan assets as of December 31 | \$ 26,230 | 27,459 |

(4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

Detail of expenses of the consolidated company of 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | 2 | 022 | 2021 |
|--|-----------|-----|------|
| Service costs in current period | \$ | 131 | 244 |
| Net interests of the net defined benefit liability | | 25 | 39 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 156 | 283 |
| General and Administrative Expenses | <u>\$</u> | 156 | 283 |

(5) Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability recognized as other comprehensive income

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability accumulated recognized as other comprehensive income by the consolidated company is as follows:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Accumulated Balance, January 1 | \$ | (5,038) | (7,238) |
| Recognized in current period | | 4,470 | 2,200 |
| Accumulated Balance, December 31 | <u>\$</u> | (568) | (5,038) |

(6) Actuarial assumptions

Significant actuarial assumptions adopted by the consolidated company to determine present value of defined benefit obligation as of the reporting date are as follows:

| | 2022.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|
| Discount rate | 1.375% | 0.500% |
| Future salary rate increase | 2.250% | 2.250% |

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan is 7.3 years.

(7) Sensitivity analysis

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 the impact due to change on major actuarial assumption of the defined benefit obligation is as follows:

| | The impact of the defined benefit obligations | | |
|---|--|---------------------|--|
| | Amount increased | Amount decreased | |
| December 31, 2022 | | | |
| Discount rate (0.25% changed) | \$ (493) | 510 | |
| Increase in the future salary level (0.25% changed) | 497 | (483) | |
| December 31, 2021 | | | |
| Discount rate (0.25% changed) | (687) | 712 | |
| Increase in the future salary level (0.25% changed) | 688 | (668) | |

The above sensitivity analysis is to analyze the impact brought by change of one single assumption, with other assumptions remaining unchanged. In reality, many

assumptions are correlated. The approach adopted by the sensitivity analysis is the same as the approach to calculate net defined benefit liability as of the balance sheet.

The sensitivity analysis adopted this current period is the same as that used in the previous period.

2. Defined contribution plans

The consolidated company allocates 6% of each employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account at the Bureau of Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. Under this defined contribution plan, the consolidated company allocates a fixed amount to the Bureau of Labor Insurance without additional legal or constructive obligations.

The consolidated company pension fund expenses under the defined contribution method are NT\$12,450 thousand and NT\$12,526 thousand for the year of 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Overseas subsidiary pension fund expenses of the consolidated company recognized in 2022 and 2021 in accordance with the regulations of local government were NT\$9,683 thousand and NT\$9,859 thousand.

(XI) Income Taxes

1. Income tax expense

Detail of the income tax expenses of the consolidated company for 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|-----------|--------|--------|
| Tax expenses in current period | | | |
| Incurred in current Period | \$ | 34,401 | 29,734 |
| Income tax in current period due to adjustments | | 2,262 | 455 |
| from prior periods | | | |
| | | 36,663 | 30,189 |
| Deferred income tax benefits | | | |
| Origination and reversal of temporary difference | | 1,760 | 4,381 |
| Income tax expenses | <u>\$</u> | 38,423 | 34,570 |

Detail of income tax expense recognized by the consolidated company under other comprehensive income for 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | 20 | 022 | 2021 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----|------|
| Remeasurement of defined benefit plan | <u>\$</u> | 894 | 440 |

| | 2022 | | 2021 |
|---|------|----------|----------|
| Profit before Tax | \$ | 200,537 | 138,081 |
| Income tax expenses calculated with the statutory rate enforced in the country where the Company is | \$ | 40,107 | 27,616 |
| located | | | |
| Impact on tax rate difference of foreign jurisdiction | | 21,461 | 26,921 |
| Tax imposed on undistributed earnings | | - | 1,909 |
| Tax incentive | | (6,425) | (2,974) |
| Other adjustments per tax laws | | (15,623) | (18,067) |
| Estimated Income tax Difference | | (1,097) | (835) |
| Total | \$ | 38,423 | 34,570 |

Reconciliation of income tax expenses and profit before tax by the consolidated company for 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

2. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities

(1) Unrecognized Deferred Income Tax Liabilities

The related temporary difference between the Company and its invested subsidiaries as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 is not recognized as the Company controls the time to reverse the temporary difference and believes the reversal will not take place in the foreseeable future. Therefore not recognized as deferred income tax liabilities. Relevant amount is as follows:

| _ | 2022.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|---|-----------------|------------|
| Summary of the temporary difference between the | <u>394,587</u> | 330,616 |
| company and its subsidiaries | | |
| Amount yet to be recognized as deferred income | <u>5 78,917</u> | 66,123 |
| tax liabilities | | |

(2) Unrecognized deferred income tax assets

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the consolidated company did not recognize any deferred income tax assets.

(3) Recognized deferred income tax assets and liabilities

Changes in deferred income tax assets and liabilities for 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| Deferred | income | tax | assets: | |
|----------|--------|-----|---------|--|
|----------|--------|-----|---------|--|

| | | efined efit plan | Unrealized profit from sales with subsidiaries | Unrealized loss for market price decline of inventory | Loss Allowance | Others | Total |
|--|-----------|---------------------|---|---|-------------------|---------|---------|
| January 1, 2022 | \$ | 944 | 15,634 | 2,765 | 2,917 | 10,373 | 32,633 |
| (Debit) / Credit income | | | | | | | |
| statement | | 31 | 3,077 | 1,662 | (95) | (6,181) | (1,506) |
| (Debit) / Credit other | | | | | | | |
| comprehensive income | | (894) | - | - | - | - | (894) |
| Financial statements | | | | | | | |
| translation differences | | | | | | | |
| of foreign operations | | - | - | - | - | 50 | 50 |
| December 31, 2022 | \$ | 81 | 18,711 | 4,427 | 2,822 | 4,242 | 30,283 |
| January 1, 2021 (Debit) / Credit income | \$ | 1,483 | 14,313 | 1,547 | 2,917 | 17,398 | 37,658 |
| statement | | (99) | 1,321 | 1,218 | - | (7,025) | (4,585) |
| (Debit) / Credit other comprehensive income | | (440) | - | - | _ | - | (440) |
| December 31, 2021 | <u>\$</u> | 944 | 15,634 | 2,765 | 2,917 | 10,373 | 32,633 |

Deferred income tax liability:

| | 0 | Others | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|------------|--|--|
| January 1, 2022 | \$ | 36 | | |
| (Debit) / Credit income statement | | 254 | | |
| December 31, 2022 | <u>\$</u> | <u>290</u> | | |
| January 1, 2021 | \$ | 240 | | |
| (Debit) / Credit income statement | | (204) | | |
| December 31, 2021 | <u>\$</u> | 36 | | |

3. As of 2020, all tax returns by the subsidiary - Sturdy have been authorized by the tax collection authority.

(XII) Capital and other equity interests

1. Issuance of common shares

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the authorized share capital of the Company is NT\$1,500,000 thousand, and the par value of each share is NT\$10 with an authorized share of 150,000 thousand. The authorized share capital mentioned above is the common stock of 100,912 thousand shares, and the subscription amount for the shares was fully received.

2. Capital Reserve

| | 20 | 22.12.31 | 2021.12.31 | |
|--|----|----------|------------|--|
| Additional paid-in capital in excess of par issued | \$ | 335,111 | 335,111 | |
| Lapsed stock options | | 10,523 | 10,523 | |
| Consolidated additional paid in capital | | 1 | 1 | |
| | \$ | 345,635 | 345,635 | |

The balance of the capital reserve of the Company is as follows:

Pursuant to the Company Act, the company may transfer realized capital reserve to capital or distributes cash dividends to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership only after the capital reserve has been used to offset a deficit. Realized capital reserve includes the income derived from the issuance of new shares at a premium and the income from endowments received by the company. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, the total amount of capital reserve to be used to increase capital shall not exceed 10% of total paid-in capital.

1. Retained Earnings

Under the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the earnings, if any, shall be distributed after close of the year as follows:

- (1) Pay for income taxes.
- (2) Restore cumulative losses.
- (3) Set aside 10% as a legal reserve, except if the statutory reserve has reached the amount as capital of the Company then it is not bound by this statue.
- (4) Have the special reserve appropriated or revered in accordance with applicable laws and regulations or competent authority.
- (5) The Board of Directors should add the remainder with the accumulated undistributed earnings from previous years and submit a proposal to the shareholders' meeting for them to agree the distribution of earnings.

If the above distribution of shareholders' bonus is made in the form of cash payment, the Board of Directors shall be authorized to make such proposal with the presence of at least two-thirds of the directors and the approval of a majority of the directors present, and report to the shareholders' meeting.

Dividend policy of the Company is as follows:

Dividend policy of the Company, set up by the Board of Directors, is to match with the development of business scale, investment plan while taking into account the capital expenditure and internal and external environmental changes of the Company. The Board of Directors initiated the earning distribution plan and submitted it to the shareholders' meeting for their resolution to distribute the earnings. Dividends may be distributed in the form of cash or shares, provided, however, that shares dividends distributed in respect of any fiscal year shall not exceed 50 percent of earnings distributed.

(1) Statutory reserves

While a company incurs no loss, pursuant to the resolution by the shareholders' meeting, it may have the statutory reserve distributed by new shares or cash, however, only with an amount exceeding 25 percent of its paid-in capital.

(2) Special reserves

When the Company first adopted IFRSs endorsed by the FSC, it chose to apply IFRS 1 "First time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards", and recorded the exempts items as accumulated translation adjustment (benefits) under shareholders' equity and have the retained earnings increased by NT\$9,477 thousand. As the amount did not exceed NT\$8,852 thousand the net increase of retained earnings as adopting the IFRSs endorsed by FSC on the conversion date, in accordance with the regulation of FSC Certified No. 1010012865 dated April 6, 2012 by FSC, the Company is only required to appropriate special reserve on the net increase of retained earnings due to the conversion to IFRSs endorsed by FSC, and may reverse a percentage of the original appropriated special reserve for the distribution of earnings upon utilizing, deposing or reclassifying relevant assets. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the special reserves are NT\$252,634 thousand and NT\$178,568 thousand, respectively.

When the Company distributed distributable retained earnings, if there is any difference between the debits recorded under other shareholders' equity of the year and balance of the special reserve mentioned in the previous paragraph, additional special reserve should be appropriated from the profit or loss of this current period and the undistributed retained earnings of prior period; if they are debits of other shareholders' equity accumulated from prior periods, the special reserve appropriated additionally from the retained earnings of prior periods shall not be distributed. Later on when there is a reversal on debits of the other shareholders' equity, the amount reversed may be used for distributing earnings.

(6) Earnings Distribution

The shareholders' meeting resolved to distribute earnings of 2021 and 2020 on June 20, 2022 and August 26, 2021, respectively. The dividends distributed to the owners are as follows:

| | 202 | 1 | 202 | 20 |
|------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--------|
| | otment (dollar) | Amount | Allotment rate (dollar) | Amount |
| Cash | \$ 0.55 | <u>55,501</u> | 0.55 | 55,501 |

3. Other equity (net of tax)

| 5. Other equity (liet of tax) | s t di | Financial tatements ranslation fferences of foreign operations | Valuatio or Lo Financi Measuro Value Ot Compr | alized on Gains sses on al Assets ed at Fair through her ehensive ome | Total |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---|---|---|-----------|
| Balance as of January 1, 2022 | \$ | (258,393) | | 5,759 | (252,634) |
| Unrealized Gains or Losses on | | | | | |
| Financial Assets Measured at | | | | | |
| Fair Value Through Other | | | | | |
| Comprehensive Income | | - | | 3,299 | 3,299 |
| Share of translation difference of | | | | | |
| associates for using equity | | | | | |
| method | | 49,196 | | - | 49,196 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | \$ | (209,197) | | 9,058 | (200,139) |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | \$ | (170,527) | | 9,010 | (161,517) |
| Unrealized Gains or Losses on | | | | | |
| Financial Assets Measured at | | | | | |
| Fair Value Through Other | | | | | |
| Comprehensive Income | | - | | (3,251) | (3,251) |
| Share of translation difference of | | | | | |
| associates for using equity | | | | | |
| method | | (87,866) | | - | (87,866) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | <u>\$</u> | (258,393) | | 5,759 | (252,634) |
| 4. Non-controlling interests | | | | | |
| 8 | | | 2 | 2022 | 2021 |
| Beginning balance | | | \$ | 5,188 | 4,570 |
| Shares attributed to the non-contro | lling | interests | | | |
| Net Income Current Period | | | | 705 | 1,264 |
| Financial statements translation | diffe | rences of | | 401 | (646) |
| foreign operations | | | | | |
| Ending balance | | | \$ | 6,294 | 5,188 |
| . | | | | | |

(XIII) Earnings per share

In 2022 and 2021, relevant calculations of the basic EPS and diluted EPS of the consolidated company are as follows:

1. Basic EPS

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| (1) Net income attributable to common stock | \$ | 161,409 | 102,247 |
| shareholders of the Company | | | |
| (2) Weighted average number of common shares outst | anding | | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| Weighted average number of common shares | <u>\$</u> | 100,912 | 100,912 |
| outstanding on December 31 | | | |
| Basic EPS (Dollars) | <u>\$</u> | 1.60 | <u>1.01</u> |
| 2. Diluted EPS | | | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| Net income attributable to common stock | <u>\$</u> | 161,409 | 102,247 |
| shareholders of the Company (Basic) | | | |
| Net income attributable to common stock | <u>\$</u> | 161,409 | 102,247 |
| shareholders of the Company (diluted) | | | |
| Weighted average number of common shares | | 100,912 | 100,912 |
| outstanding (basic) | | 624 | 400 |
| Impact of employee stock compensation | | 624 | 408 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding(diluted) on December 31 | | 101,536 | 101,320 |
| Diluted EPS (Dollars) | \$ | 1.59 | 1.01 |
| Difuted Er 5 (Dollars) | <u>Ψ</u> | 1.57 | 1.01 |
| (XIV) Revenue from Contracts with Customers | | | |
| 1. Details of Revenue | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| Major Market: | . | | |
| Spain | \$ | 574,313 | 526,958 |
| United States of America | | 319,607 | 198,889 |
| United Kingdom | | 118,967 | 123,756 |
| Taiwan | | 130,855 | 143,841 |
| Germany | | 448,973 | 435,282 |
| Japan | | 142,051 | 152,300 |
| Other Country | | 928,957 | 793,029 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 2,663,723 | 2,374,055 |
| Major Product: | | | |
| Support Surface Systems | \$ | 1,284,616 | 1,091,915 |
| Respiratory Therapy Devices | | 648,652 | 594,412 |
| Others | | 730,455 | 687,728 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 2,663,723 | 2,374,055 |
| | | | |

| | 20 | 22.12.31 | 2021.12.31 | 2021.1.1 |
|--------------------------------|-----------|----------|------------|----------|
| Notes receivable-from business | \$ | 16,065 | 19,994 | 14,626 |
| operation | | | | |
| Accounts Receivable | | 499,065 | 358,477 | 305,943 |
| Less: Loss Allowance | | (7,123) | (6,113) | (6,730) |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 508,007 | 372,358 | 313,839 |

Please Refer to Note 6 (3) for Accounts Receivable and its' Impairment.

(XV) Remuneration to employees and the directors

According to the Article of Incorporation of the Company as approved by the Board of Directors, if the Company has profits, it shall appropriate $5\% \sim 15\%$ as remuneration to employees and not more than 2% as remuneration to the directors. If the company has accumulated losses, the profit earned shall be reserved to make up the losses. Recipients entitled to receive shares or cash distributed as employee remunerations include employees of controlled companies and subordinate companies meeting certain requirements.

The Company estimated the remuneration to employees were NT\$15,634 thousand and NT\$9,429 thousand in 2022 and 2021, respectively, and the remuneration to directors were NT\$3,518 thousand and NT\$2,121 thousand in 2022 and 2021, respectively. The amount was estimated using the profits before tax and before net of the remuneration in each period to multiply a designated percentage specified in the Articles of Incorporation. The distribution was recorded as operating costs or operating expenses of 2022 and 2021. For relevant information, please log on to MOPS hosted by TWSE for inquiry. The distribution of the above remuneration to employees and directors in 2022 and 2021 adopted by a resolution of the Board of Directors has no difference from those estimated in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements for 2022 and 2021.

(XVI) Non-operating income and expenditures

1. Interest Income

Details of interest income of the consolidated company as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|------------------------|-------------|-------|
| Bank deposits interest | \$ 2,507 | 2,081 |
| other interest Income | 432 | 744 |
| Interest Income | \$ 2,939 | 2,825 |

2. Other Income

Details of other income of the consolidated company as follows:

| | 2 | 022 | 2021 | |
|-------------------|-----------|-----|------|----|
| Dividend Income | \$ | 161 | | 38 |
| Rental income | | 11 | - | |
| Commission income | | 145 | - | |
| Other Income | <u>\$</u> | 317 | | 38 |

3. Other Profits and Losses

| Details of other profits and losses of the consolidated company, as follows | Details of other | profits and losses | s of the consolidated | l company, as follows |
|---|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|---|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|-----------|---------|--------|
| Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment | \$ | (121) | (397) |
| Gain on Disposal of Financial Assets | | - | 38 |
| Foreign Exchange Losses | | (6,108) | (653) |
| Estimated contingent consideration gain | | - | 9,261 |
| Others | | 28,753 | 30,316 |
| Net of Other Gains and Losses | <u>\$</u> | 22,524 | 38,565 |

4. Financial Costs

Details of financial costs of the consolidated company as follows:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|-----------|----------|---------|
| Lease liabilities interest amortization | \$ | (821) | (961) |
| Bank Borrowings | | (9,362) | (6,709) |
| Financial Costs | <u>\$</u> | (10,183) | (7,670) |

2022

2021

(XVII) Financial Instruments

1. Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss suffered by the consolidated company as its counterparty breaches the contractual obligations. The credit risk of the consolidated company is mainly from operating activities (accounts receivable and notes receivable).

As the consolidated company has a broad customer base and does not concentrate its sales with a single customer and its sales territory spreads out, the concentration credit risk on accounts receivable is of little concern. The consolidated company adopts a policy to deal only with parties with outstanding reputation. It also periodically evaluates the financial performance of its customers, and if necessary, requests collateral as security to mitigate the risk of financial loss due to default payment. Please refer to Note 6 (3) for information on credit risk exposure of notes receivable and accounts receivable; Other financial assets at amortized cost (including other receivables and time deposits) are financial assets with low credit risk, therefore, the allowance for losses is measured at the expected credit loss amount for the 12-month period. Please refer to Note 4 (7) for the explanation of how to determine the creditworthiness of the Consolidated Company.

2. Liquidity risk

The table below summarizes maturity dates of the company's financial liabilities. It includes estimated interests but excludes impact of netting agreement.

| | arrying Mount | Cash flow from the agreement | Within 6 months | Within 6 ~ 12 months | 1~2 years | 2~5 years | Over 5 years |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Non derivative financial | | | | | | | |
| liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Lease liabilities | \$ 58,553 | (60,789) | (8,630) | (8,397) | (16,039) | (21,553) | (6,170) |
| Non -interest bearing | 385,490 | (385,490) | (385,490) | - | - | - | - |
| liability | | | | | | | |
| Instrument with floating | 295,357 | (300,155) | (300,155) | - | - | - | - |
| interests | | | | | | | |
| Instrument with fixed | 131,526 | (155,091) | (6,722) | (7,035) | (15,658) | (51,032) | (74,644) |
| interests | | | | | | | |
| | \$ 870,926 | (901,525) | (700,997) | (15,432) | (31,697) | (72,585) | (80,814) |
| December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | |
| Non derivative financial | | | | | | | |
| liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Lease liabilities | \$ 55,198 | (57,701) | (7,376) | (6,224) | (10,500) | (23,051) | (10,550) |
| Non -interest bearing | 420,875 | (420,875) | (420,875) | - | - | - | - |
| liability | | | | | | | |
| Instrument with floating | 352,318 | (354,024) | (354,024) | - | - | - | - |
| interests | | | | | | | |
| Instrument with fixed | 138,494 | (166,918) | (13,642) | (6,118) | (26,860) | (48,848) | (71,450) |
| interests | | | | | | | |
| | \$ 966,885 | (999,518) | (795,917) | (12,342) | (37,360) | (71,899) | (82,000) |

The cash flow of the consolidated company analyzed on the maturity date is not expected to be significantly earlier than expected, or the actual amount significantly different.

3. Foreign exchange risk

(1) Risk Exposure of Exchange Rate Risk

Financial assets and liabilities of the consolidated company that are exposed to significant foreign currency exchange rate risk are as follows:

| | - | | 2022.12.31 | |
|---------------------|----|---------------------|------------------|---------|
| | _ | Foreign currency | Exchange rate | NTD |
| Financial assets | | | | |
| Monetary item | | | | |
| USD | \$ | 4,018 | 30.7100 | 123,393 |
| Euro | | 3,827 | 32.7200 | 125,219 |
| GBP | | 316 | 37.0900 | 11,720 |
| RMB | | 498 | 4.4080 | 2,195 |
| Financial liability | | | | |
| Monetary item | | | | |
| USD | | 1,487 | 30.7100 | 45,666 |
| Euro | | 5,282 | 32.7200 | 172,827 |
| GBP | | 618 | 37.0900 | 22,922 |
| | | | | |

| | 2021.12.31 | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------|---------|--|--|
| | Foreign currency | Exchange rate | NTD | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | |
| Monetary item | | | | | |
| USD | \$ 3,465 | 27.6800 | 95,911 | | |
| Euro | 1,321 | 31.3200 | 41,374 | | |
| GBP | 135 | 37.3000 | 5,036 | | |
| RMB | 3,017 | 4.3440 | 13,106 | | |
| Financial liability | | | | | |
| Monetary item | | | | | |
| USD | \$ 3,561 | 27.6800 | 98,568 | | |
| Euro | 3,543 | 31.3200 | 110,967 | | |
| GBP | 436 | 37.3000 | 16,263 | | |
| | | | | | |

(2) Sensitivity analysis

The consolidated company's exchange rate risk is mainly from cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other receivables, short-term borrowings, accounts payable and other payables denominated in foreign currency and the foreign exchange gain or loss upon translation to NTD. On December 31, 2022 and 2021, when NTD depreciated against USD, Euro, GBP and RMB by 2% and on the condition that all other

factors remained the same, the net income before tax in 2022 and 2021 of the Consolidated Company would increase or decrease by NT\$422 thousand and NT\$(1,407) thousand, respectively. Analyses of these two periods adopted the same basis.

(3) Exchange gains and losses from the translation of monetary items

Since the consolidated company has a wide variety of functional currencies, it adopts the aggregated exposures of the exchange gains and losses information of the monetary items. The losses on foreign currency exchange (including realized and unrealized) in 2022 and 2021 were NT\$(6,108) thousand and NT\$(653) thousand, respectively.

4. Interest rate analysis

Interest risk exposure of the financial assets and liabilities of the consolidated company is explained in the Note of risk of liquidity management.

The following sensitivity analysis is determined in accordance with the interest risk exposure of the derivative and non-derivative instruments on the reporting date. For floating interest rate liabilities, the analysis is made by assuming the liability amounts on the reporting date are outstanding for the whole year. Staff of the consolidated company reported to key management personnel that the interest rates they reported are with changes of an increase 2% or a decrease of 2%, and this represents a reasonable range of change, as estimated by the management.

If the interest rate increased or decreased by 2%, on the condition that all other factors remained the same, the consolidated company's net income before tax for 2022 and 2021 would decrease or increase by NT\$5,907 thousand and NT\$7,046 thousand respectively. This is because the loan borrowed by the consolidated company is with a floating interest rate.

5. Other price risks

If the price of equity securities changes on the reporting date (the analysis of two conservative periods adopts the same basis and assume the other factors remain unchanged), the impact on the comprehensive income and loss is as follows:

| | 202 | 2 | 2021 | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | Amount of other | | Amount of other | | | |
| Security price of the reporting date | comprehensive income after tax | Income (Loss) after tax | comprehensive income after tax | Income (Loss) after tax | | |
| Increased by 1% | <u>\$ 192</u> | | <u> </u> | - | | |
| Decreased by 1% | <u>\$ (192)</u> | - | (159) | | | |

6. Information on fair value

(1) Category and fair value of the financial instruments

The consolidated company through the financial assets measured at fair value and Financial Assets Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income as measured at fair value on a recurring basis. All kinds of carrying value and fair value of financial assets and liabilities (Including information on the level of fair value, financial instruments not measured by fair value but with carrying value reasonably approximates to the fair value, as well as the rental liability, so no fair value information is required to be disclosed in accordance of rules) are listed as follows:

| | | | 2022.12.31 Fair Value | | | | |
|---|-----------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|--------|--|
| | | Carrying Amount | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | |
| Financial Assets Through Other | | | | | | | |
| Comprehensive Income measured at Fair | | | | | | | |
| Value | | | | | | | |
| Equity Instrument Measured at Fair Value | <u>\$</u> | 19,165 | - | - | 19,165 | 19,165 | |
| Without Quoted Market Price | | | | | | | |
| Financial assets measured with amortized cost | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 445,280 | - | - | - | - | |
| Financial assets measured with amortized | | 105,162 | - | - | - | - | |
| cost - certificate of time deposit | | | | | | | |
| Notes receivable and accounts receivable | | 508,007 | - | - | - | - | |
| Other Receivable | | 29,118 | _ | _ | - | | |
| Sub total | | 1,087,567 | - | - | - | | |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 1,106,732 | - | - | 19,165 | 19,165 | |
| Financial liabilities measured with amortized | | | | | | | |
| cost | | | | | | | |
| Short-Term borrowings | \$ | 295,357 | - | - | - | - | |
| Long-term Borrowings (including the long- | | 131,526 | - | - | - | - | |
| term borrowings maturing within one | | | | | | | |
| year) | | | | | | | |
| Notes payable and accounts payable | | 175,059 | - | - | - | - | |
| Other Payables (including related parties) | | 210,431 | - | - | - | - | |
| Lease Liabilities – Non-Current | | 58,553 | - | - | - | | |
| Total | \$ | 870,926 | - | - | - | | |

| | | | 2021.12.31 Fair Value | | | |
|---|-----------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|--------|
| | | Carrying Amount | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| Financial assets measured at fair value through | | | | | | |
| profit or loss | | | | | | |
| Financial Assets Through Other | | | | | | |
| Comprehensive Income measured at Fair | | | | | | |
| Value | | | | | | |
| Equity Instrument Measured at Fair Value | \$ | 15,866 | - | - | 15,866 | 15,866 |
| Without Quoted Market Price | | | | | | |
| Financial assets measured with amortized cost | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 493,227 | - | - | - | - |
| Financial assets measured with amortized | | 120,587 | - | - | - | - |
| cost - certificate of time deposit | | | | | | |
| Notes receivable and accounts receivable | | 372,358 | - | - | - | - |
| Other Receivable | | 23,053 | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total | | 1,009,225 | - | - | - | - |
| Total | \$ | 1,025,091 | - | - | 15,866 | 15,866 |
| Financial liabilities measured with amortized | | | | | | |
| cost | | | | | | |
| Short-Term borrowings | \$ | 352,318 | - | - | - | - |
| Long-term Borrowings (including the long- | | 138,494 | - | - | - | - |
| term borrowings maturing within one | | | | | | |
| year) | | | | | | |
| Notes payable and accounts payable | | 205,657 | - | - | - | - |
| Other Payables (including related parties) | | 215,218 | - | - | - | - |
| Lease Liabilities – Non-Current | | 55,198 | - | - | - | - |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 966,885 | - | - | - | - |

(2) Knowhow to measure fair value of financial instruments that are not measured with fair value.

The methodology and assumptions the consolidated company uses to estimate the financial instruments not measured at fair value are as follows:

Financial liabilities measured with amortized cost

If there is a closing report or quotation to make the deal available, the price for the transaction just closed recently and the quotation price can be used as a basis to estimate the fair value. If there is no market price for reference, the valuation method shall be used for the estimate. The estimate and assumption used for valuation is the fair value estimated

by present value of cash flow.

- (3) Know how to evaluate the fair value for financial instruments measured at fair value.
 - (3.1) Non-derivative financial instruments

If quoted prices in active markets are available, they are used as fair value. Market prices announced by major exchanges are bases for fair value of the equity instruments listed in the market.

For financial instruments held by the consolidated company, if quoted prices in active market are available, their fair values are listed in accordance with categories they belong to and their natures as follows:

As mutual fund beneficiary certificates are financial assets with standard terms and conditions and traded in an active market, their fair value is determined referencing the quoted price in the active market.

Except for the above-mentioned financial instruments with an active market, the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is obtained by the valuation techniques. Fair value obtained through the valuation techniques may be referenced to the current available fair value, discount cash flow method or valuation techniques of other financial instruments of similar natures and features, including value obtained through market information calculation model on the consolidated balance sheet.

(3.2) Derivative Financial Instruments

Valuated according to the valuation model widely accepted by the market users. The structured interest rate derivative financial instruments are based on appropriate pricing models or other valuation methods.

(4) Quantitative Information of Fair Value Measurement for the Significant Unobservable Inputs (the third level)

The consolidated company fair value measurement classified as the third level is financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income – equity security investment.

The consolidated company's fair value is classified as the third level provided with single significant unobservable input. The equity instrument investment without an active market only is provided with multiple significant unobservable inputs. The significant unobservable inputs of equity instrument investments without an active market are independent from each other, so no interrelationship exists.

| Item | Technique Valuation | Significant Unobservable Inputs | Relationship Between Significant Unobservable Input and Fair Value |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Financial Assets | Analogy | ·Discount for lack of | ·The higher the |
| Measured at Fair Value | Listed and | marketability (25% as | discount for lack |
| Through Other | Over-the- | of 2022.12.31 and | of marketability |
| Comprehensive Income | counter | 2021.12.31) | is, the lower the |
| - Equity Instrument | Company | | fair value is. |
| Investment Without an | Law | | |
| Active Market | | | |

The quantitative information of the significant unobservable inputs is listed as below:

(5) For 2022 and 2021, there is no transfer in the fair value hierarchy of the financial assets. (XVIII) Financial risk management

1. General description

The consolidated company is exposed to the following risks due to use of financial instruments:

(1) Credit risk

(2) Liquidity risk

(3) Market Risk

The Note presents the risk exposure information of the above risks, the goal, policy, and program as how the consolidated company would measure and manage these risks. For further qualitative disclosure of this information please refer to relevant Notes on the financial statements.

2. Framework of the risk management

The financial management department of the consolidated company provides services to all business units. It organizes and coordinates to operate in the domestic and international financial market, as well as to monitor and manage the financial risks of the operation of the company by analyzing the risk exposure by the risk level and the breath of the risks. The consolidated company avoids risk exposure through derivative financial instruments, in order to mitigate the impact of the risks. The application of derivative financial instruments is confined by the policy approved by the Board of Directors. The policy is the written principles for the foreign exchange risk, interest risk, credit risk, the application of derivative financial instruments, and non-derivative financial instruments, as well as the investment by the remaining liquid funds. The internal auditors continue to review compliance of the policy and the limit of the risk exposure.

3. Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the customers or counterparty default on the

contractual obligations and result in financial loss to the consolidated company; it is mainly from the receivables from customers and investment in securities.

(1) Accounts receivable and other Receivables

The consolidated company adopts a policy of dealing only with counterparties with an outstanding reputation, and to secure collateral, if necessary, to mitigate the risk of financial loss due to default payment. The consolidated company uses other public obtainable financial information and the historical transaction records with the major clients to perform a credit rating, and continue to monitor the credit risk exposures and the credit rating of the counterparties. The consolidated company also allocated total transactions amounts to customers with satisfied credit ratings and had its risk management committee to review and approve credit ratings of the counterparties annually to control credit risk exposure.

The consolidated company does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancing tools to avoid the credit risk of financial assets.

(2) Investment

Credit risk from bank deposits and other financial instruments is regularly monitored by the financial department of the consolidated company. As the counterparties are banks with good credit quality and financial institutions of investment grade or above, and government agencies, there is no significant compliance concern or credit risk.

(3) Guarantee

As per the policy of the consolidated company, it may only provide endorsement/guarantee to companies it has business with, companies it directly or indirectly has more than 50% of the voting shares, and companies it directly or indirectly holds more than 90% of the voting shares. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the consolidated company does not provide any endorsement/guarantee to other third parties.

4. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risks refer to risks the consolidated company may not render cash or other financial assets to settle financial liability and fulfill relevant obligation. The approach of the consolidated company adopts to manage liquidity is to ensure the consolidated company, in regular circumstances and under pressure, would have sufficient liquidity fund to pay for liability that is due, and not to suffer from unacceptable losses or risk that its reputation would be damaged.

The consolidated company manages and maintains adequate cash and cash equivalents to fund the operation and to mitigate the impact on cash fluctuation. The management of the consolidated company monitors the usage of bank credit terms to ensure the terms of the loan contract being complied accordingly. For the unused credit line of the consolidated company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, please refer to Note 6 (8) and 6 (9) for details. 5. Market Risk

Market risk refers to the impact on revenues or values of the financial instruments held by the consolidated company due to fluctuation of the market prices, such as the changes in foreign exchange rate, interest rate and prices in equity instruments. The goal of market risk management is to control the market risk exposure to be within the bearable limits and to optimize the rate of investment.

In order to manage the market risk, the consolidated company engages in the transaction of derivative instruments, if necessary, and thus incurred financial liability. The conductions of transactions are in compliance with the risk management policy. (1) Foreign exchange risk

The consolidated company is exposed to exchange rate risk resulting from the sales, purchase and borrowing transactions denominated in currencies other than functional currency. Functional currencies of the Group are mainly NTD, there are also Euro, USD, GBP, and RMB. Major transactions are carried out in NTD, Euro, USD, GBP, and RMB.

For accounts receivable denominated in currencies other than functional currency held by the consolidated company, the gains and losses incurred from fluctuation of exchange rate are offset by the exchange gains and losses of short term loans denominated in foreign currency. To lower the risk of the consolidated company is exposed to due to exchange rate.

The consolidated company constantly controls fluctuation of the exchange rate and uses conservative exchange rate as basis of quotation to carefully review fluctuation of the current and future exchange rate. It also employs the foreign forward exchange contract as hedging instruments to avoid consequences brought by fluctuation of the exchange rate.

Interest from the borrowing is denominated using that of the principal. Currencies from the cash flow are the same, mainly NTD, Euro, USD, and GBP.

The consolidated company and other subsidiaries do not adopt any approach to mitigate the risks on their investment.

(2) Interest rate risk

For risk exposure on interest rate of the borrowing, the consolidated company would predict the trend of future interest rates to decide what proportion to be fixed rate to mitigate the risk.

The bank borrowings of the consolidated company are all with floating interest rates. The fluctuation of interest rates within the expected borrowing period should be within the range acceptable by the company. Therefore, no measure has been adopted yet to proactively mitigate the risk.

(XIX) Capital Management

The goal of capital management by the consolidated company is to maintain the capability to continue operating a successful business, and to continue to provide rewards to the shareholders and benefits to the interested parties, and to maintain the best capital structure to lower costs of capital.

To maintain or adjust capital structure, the consolidated company can adjust dividends paid to stockholders, shares returned to shareholders for capital deduction, new stock issuance, or assets sold to liability settlement.

As with its peers, the consolidated company controls capital using debt /capital ratio as a basis. The ratio is calculated by net liability divided by total capital. Net liability is total liability less cash and cash equivalents listed on the balance sheet. Total capital is all equity components (e.g. capital, additional paid-in capital, retained earnings, and other equity) plus net liability.

| | 2 | 2021.12.31 | | |
|--------------------------------|----|---------------|-----------|--|
| Total liability | \$ | 970,033 | 1,076,127 | |
| Less: cash and cash equivalent | | (455,280) | (493,227) | |
| Net liability | \$ | 514,753 | 582,900 | |
| Total equity | \$ | 2,227,275 | 2,064,290 | |
| Adjusted Capital | \$ | 2,742,028 | 2,647,190 | |
| Debt/capital ratio | _ | <u>18.77%</u> | 22.02% | |

VII. Related Party Transactions

(I) Names and relationships of related parties

The related parties who are involved in the transactions with the consolidated company during the period covered by these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

| Names of related parties | Relation with the consolidated company |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Studio88 Design Corp. | Its President and the Chairman of the |
| | Company are first-degree relatives |
| Wen Chuan Investment Development | Its President is the spouse of the Chairman |
| Co., Ltd | of the Company |
| Li, Chao Yi | The individual and the Chairman of the |
| | Company are first-degree relatives |
| | |

(II) Significant transactions with the related parties

1. Accounts payable from related parties

The details of the consolidated company's accounts payable from the related parties is as follows:

| Items listed in the account | Category of the <u>related parties</u> | | 2021.12.31 |
|-------------------------------|---|--------------|------------|
| Other Payable - Related Party | Other related | <u>\$ 30</u> | 1,313 |
| | parties | | |

2. Other transactions

| | Operating E | xpenses | (Listed as | r Income Other Profits Losses) |
|--|--------------|----------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| Other related parties - Studio88 Design Corp. | \$ 15,000 | 13,981 | - | - |
| Other related parties | 265 | - | 1 | 1 11 |
| | \$ 15,265 | 13,981 | 1 | <u>1 11</u> |
| | | | Receipts in Listed as Otl Liabili 22.12.31 | ner Current |
| Other related parties | | <u></u> <u>\$</u> | 23 | 2021.12.31 |

(III) Transactions regarding key management

Remuneration to Key management includes:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------|
| Short term employee benefits | \$ 13,405 | 19,729 |
| Benefits after resignation | 284 | 537 |
| | \$ 13,689 | 20,266 |

VIII. Pledged Assets

The book value of the pledged assets of the consolidated company is as follows:

| Assets | Objectives of the pledged assets | 20 | 22.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|--|--|-----------|----------|------------|
| Time deposit certificate (financial assets | Export bill | \$ | 15,000 | - |
| measured with amortized cost - | negotiation | | | |
| current) | facility | | | |
| Time deposit certificate (financial assets | Export bill | | - | 15,000 |
| measured with amortized cost - non- | negotiation | | | |
| current) | facility | | | |
| Land | Bank | | 279,492 | 278,438 |
| | Borrowings | | | |
| Building and construction, net | Bank | | 158,526 | 160,229 |
| | Borrowings | | | |
| Transportation vehicles, net | Bank | | 11,190 | 9,460 |
| | Borrowings | | | |
| | | <u>\$</u> | 464,208 | 463,127 |

IX. Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the credit card guarantee applied by the consolidated company to the bank for the use of credit cards in its operation amounted to NT\$1,500 thousand.

X. Significant Disaster Loss: None.

XI. Significant events after the balance sheet date: None.

XII. Others

Employee benefits, depreciation, depletion and amortization expenses are summarized by their functions in the table below:

| By Function | | 2022 | | 2021 | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------|--------------------------------------|---|---------|--|--|
| By Nature | Included in Operating Costs | Included in Operating Expenses | Total | Included in Operating Costs | Included in Operating Expenses | Total | | |
| Employee Benefit | | | | | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | |
| Salary Expenses | 135,575 | 418,143 | 553,718 | 123,820 | 455,295 | 579,115 | | |
| Labor Insurance and | 10,200 | 25,550 | 35,750 | 9,075 | 25,623 | 34,698 | | |
| Health Insurance | | | | | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | |
| Pension Fund | 6,796 | 15,493 | 22,289 | 5,784 | 14,737 | 20,521 | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | |
| Remuneration to | - | 9,365 | 9,365 | - | 7,914 | 7,914 | | |
| Directors | | | | | | | | |
| Other Employee | 9,391 | 17,396 | 26,787 | 8,648 | 15,466 | 24,114 | | |
| Benefit Expenses | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | 41,189 | 34,190 | 75,379 | 42,340 | 32,636 | 74,976 | | |
| Amortization | 46 | 17,886 | 17,932 | 48 | 18,522 | 18,570 | | |

XIII. Additional Disclosure

(I) Information on significant transactions

Consolidated company as required by Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers of 2022, information of significant transaction that should be disclosed is as follows:

1. Loan to others:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | I w un | | iui | 5 m the | Jusanus |
|-----|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|------------------------|----------------------|
| | C | | General | D.1.4.3 | Maximum | | | Interest | Nature | Amount of transactions | Reason for | Allowance | Colla | teral | Individual | Maximum limit |
| No. | Company making the loan | Borrower | Ledger account | Related Party | outstanding balance during the Period | Ending balance | Actual amount drawn down | rate range | of Loan (Note 6) | with the borrowers | short term business financing | for bad debt | Name | Value | funding loan limits | of fund financing |
| 0 | Wellell Inc. (Note 1) | Wellell France S.A.S | Other | Yes | 36,133 | - | - | 0 | 2 | - | Operation | - | No | - | 444,216 | 888,432 |
| | | | Receivable | | (EUR1,150) | (EUR0) | (EUR0) | | | | turnover | | | | | |
| 1 | ComfortPro Investment | Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | Other Receivable | Yes | 40,554 | 39,672 | 39,672 | - | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 132,593 | 265,186 |
| | Corp.(Note 2) | | | | (RMB9,000) | (RMB9,000) | (RMB9,000) | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | ComfortPro Investment | Wellell France S.A.S | Other Receivable | Yes | 11,452 | 11,452 | 11,452 | - | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 132,593 | 265,186 |
| | Corp.(Note 2) | | | | (EUR350) | (EUR350) | (EUR350) | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Apex Medical Respiratory | Wellell Germany GmbH | Other Receivable | Yes | 27,812 | 27,812 | 25,194 | 1 | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 362,032 | 724,064 |
| | Ltd.(Note 3) | | | | (EUR850) | (EUR850) | (EUR770) | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Apex Medical Respiratory | Wellell France S.A.S | Other Receivable | Yes | 19,632 | 19,632 | 19,632 | - | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 362,032 | 724,064 |
| | Ltd.(Note 3) | | | | (EUR600) | (EUR600) | (EUR600) | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Apex Medical Respiratory | Wellell America Corp. | Other Receivable | Yes | 15,355 | 15,355 | 15,355 | 2 | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 362,032 | 724,064 |
| | Ltd.(Note 3) | | | | (EUR500) | (EUR500) | (EUR500) | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Apex Global Investment | Wellell France S.A.S | Other Receivable | Yes | 16,360 | 16,360 | 16,360 | - | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 172,998 | 345,994 |
| | Ltd.(Note 4) | | recentable | | (EUR500) | (EUR500) | (EUR500) | | | | lamoter | | | | | |
| 3 | Apex Global Investment | Wellell UK Limited | Other Receivable | Yes | 18,810 | 18,545 | 18,545 | - | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 172,998 | 345,994 |
| | Ltd.(Note 4) | | | | (GBP500) | (GBP500) | (GBP500) | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | SLK Vertriebs GmbH(Note 5) | Wellell Germany GmbH | Other Receivable | Yes | 15,706 | 15,706 | 15,706 | 1 | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 81,545 | 163,089 |
| | Children (Hole 5) | Gillott | receivable | | (EUR480) | (EUR480) | (EUR480) | | | | tamover | | | | | |

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

- Note 1: As per the "Operation procedures for lending to others" stipulated by Wellell Inc., if intercompany or intercompany business transaction calls for such lending arrangement and amount lent should not exceed 20% of the net value of the Company. Moreover, the amount lent to each individual should not exceed the transaction amount of inter-firm business. The amount of business referred herein is the purchase or sales amount between the two parties in the previous year or the estimated amount in the next year, whichever is higher. For loan made to companies or sole proprietorships that need short term operating funds, total amount of loan shall not exceed 40% of the net value of the Company; loan made specifically shall not exceed 20% of the net value of the Company.
- Note 2: ComfortPro Investment Corp. according to the "operation procedures for lending to others", the amount of lending of funds to a 100%-owned subsidiary of the Group shall not exceed 100% of the amount of the net worth of the company; also the amount of each lending of funds should not exceed 50% of the net worth of the company.
- Note 3: Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. according to the "Operation procedures for lending to others," when providing loans to the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, the amount of such financing facility shall not exceed 100% of the amount of the net worth of the lending enterprise; also the amount lent to each individual should not exceed 50% of the net worth of the company.
- Note 4: In the case of Apex Global Investment Limited lending the fund to a 100% owned subsidiary of the Group, in accordance with its "Operation procedures for lending to others", the total amount of such lending shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the company; also the amount lent to each individual should not exceed 50% of the net worth of the company.
- Note 5: SLK Vertriebs GmbH, according to the "Operation procedures for lending to others," when providing loans to the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, the amount of such financing facility shall not exceed 100% of the amount of the net worth of the lending enterprise; also the amount lent to each individual should not exceed 50% of the net worth of the company.
- Note 6: 1. Transaction with others. 2. short-term financing facility is necessary.
- Note 7: The above transactions were eliminated when the consolidated financial reports were prepared.

2. Endorsement/guarantee provided for others:

| No. | Company Provided Endorsement/ | P Name of | (Note 4) | Endorsement/ Guarantee Limit to Single Enterprise | Endorsement | | Actual amount drawn down | | Percentage of Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount to the most recent Net Financial Statement | Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount | Endorsement/ Guarantee Attributable to the Parent Company Provided to the Subsidiary | Guarantee Attributable to the Subsidiary Provided to | Attributed to the Endorsement/ Guarantee for the China Area |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---|----------|--|---|----------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Wellell Inc. | Wellell Germany GmbH (Note 2) Wellell America Corp. (Note 3) | 2 | 1,110,541 | 200,901 (EUR6,140) 48,323 (USD1,500) | (EUR6,140) 46,065 | (EUR4,621) 7,063 | - | 9.39% 2.15% | 1,110,541 | Y Y | Company N N | N |

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

- Note 1: The endorsement/guarantee for outsiders cannot exceed 50% of the net worth of the period. The endorsement/guarantee for a single enterprise cannot exceed 25% of the net worth of the period. But the endorsement/guarantee for the Company directly or indirectly hold 100% voting shares cannot exceed 50% of the net worth of the period.
- Note 2: The Board of Directors approved the Company providing endorsement/guarantee to the 100% held subsidiary, Wellell Germany GmbH GmbH, within 6.14 million euros.
- Note 3: The Board of Directors approved the Company providing endorsement/guarantee to the 100 % held subsidiary, Wellell America Corp., within 1.5 million US dollars.
- Note 4: There are 7 types of relationships between guarantor and guarantee as below. Marking the type is sufficient:
 - 1. Business related companies.
 - 2. Over 50% voting shares directly or indirectly held by the Company.
 - 3. Companies directly or indirectly have more than 50% of the voting shares.
 - 4. Over 90% voting shares directly or indirectly held by the Company.
 - 5. Mutual guarantee by peers or mutual builders per contract term based on contract constructions.
 - 6. Company endorsed/guaranteed by all shareholders per share proportions for a mutual investment relationship.
 - 7. Escrow joint guarantee between peers for pre-sold house contract under Consumer Protection Act.
- 3. The status of holding securities at the end of period (not including the portions by the invested subsidiaries, related parties and joint ventures):

| | | | | | End of I | Period | | Maximum | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------|---|--------|
| Securities held by | Category and name of securities | Relationship with the securities issuer | General Ledger Accounts | Numbers of shares | Carrying Amount | % of shares held | | shares held for capital investment in this period | Remark |
| Wellell Inc. | G Innings Medical Ltd. | | Financial Assets through Other Comprehensive Income measured at Fair Value - Non- current | 900 | 15,138 | 18.95 % | 15,138 | 18.95% | |
| Wellell Inc. | MAGnet | | Financial Assets through Other Comprehensive Income measured at Fair Value - Non- current | - | 4,027 | 5.00 % | 4,027 | 5.00% | |

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands / thousand shares

- 4. Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None.
- 5. Acquisition of individual real estate properties at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None.
- 6. Disposal of individual real estate properties at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None.

7. Total purchases from or sales to related parties of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital:

| | | | | Status of | f transaction | | Differences in terms compar party trans | transaction ed to third | Notes rec accounts | eivable and receivable /able) | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--|-----------------|--|---|-----------------------|---|--------|
| Purchaser (seller) | Name of counterparty | Relationship | Purchase (sales) | Amount | Percentage of total purchases (sales) | Credit Terms | Unit Prices | Credit Terms | Balance | Percentage of total notes receivable and accounts receivable (payable) | Remark |
| Wellell Inc. | Apex Medical S.L. | Parent and subsidiary | (Sales) | (210,737) | (16.69)% | Net 180 days | The sales price is comparatively lower than general customers because the sales volumes are larger. | Longer than general customers | 124,906 | 33.60% | No |
| Apex Medical S.L. | Wellell Inc. | Parent and subsidiary | Purchase | 210,737 | 43.36% | Net 180 days | | Longer than general customers | (124,906) | (83.92)% | No |
| | Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | Parent and subsidiary | Purchase | 169,612 | 25.51% | Net 15 days | price is comparatively lower than the general | The same as those provided to the non- related parties | (10,779) | (11.72)% | No |
| Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | Wellell Inc. | Parent and subsidiary | (Sales) | (169,615) | (52.57)% | Net 15 days | general | provided to the non- related | 10,779 | 24.23% | No |
| | APEX MEDICAL CORP. | Parent and subsidiary | (Sales) | (174,440) | (13.81)% | Net 120 days | | Longer than general customers | 16,660 | 4.55% | No |
| APEX MEDICAL CORP. | Wellell Inc. | Parent and subsidiary | Purchase | 174,440 | 58.11% | Net 120 days | No significant difference with regular customers | Longer than general customers | (16,660) | (1.41)% | No |

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

Note: Eliminated when preparing consolidated financial statements

8. Accounts receivable from related parties of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital:

| | Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|--------|-------------------------|---|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | Related Party | | | y Receivable Overdue | Subsequent Collected | Provision for | | | | | |
| Companies with account receivables | Name of counterparty | | | Turnover Rate | Amount | Processing Method | Amount of Related Party Receivables Accounts | Loss Allowance | | | | | |
| Wellell Inc. | Apex Medical S.L. | Parent and subsidiary | 124,906 | 1.80 | - | | 79,207 | - | | | | | |

Note: The above transactions have been fully eliminated when preparing consolidated statements.

9. Whether engaging in the transaction of derivative instruments: None.

| | Unit. New Taiwan Donars in thousand | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | - | S | tatus of transactions | 0/ 0/ · · · · | | | | |
| No. | Name of counterparty | Party transacted with | Relationship with related parties | | Amount | Terms of transactions | % of total consolidated revenues or total assets | | | | |
| 0 | Wellell Inc. | Apex Medical S.L. | 1 | Sales revenues | | The sales price is comparatively lower than the general customers due to larger sales volumes. | 7.90% | | | | |
| 0 | Wellell Inc. | APEX MEDICAL CORP. | 1 | Sales revenues | · · | The same as those provided to the non- related parties | 6.55% | | | | |
| 0 | Wellell Inc. | Wellell France S.A.S. | 1 | Sales revenues | · · | The same as those provided to the non- related parties | 3.91% | | | | |
| 0 | Wellell Inc. | Wellell UK Limited | 1 | Sales revenues | - , | The same as those provided to the non- related parties | 1.85% | | | | |
| 0 | Wellell Inc. | SLK Vertriebs GmbH | 1 | Sales revenues | <i>,</i> | 50% advance before shipment and 50% balance in 45 days after shipment. | 1.15% | | | | |
| 1 | Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | Wellell Inc. | 2 | Sales revenues | | The sales price is comparatively lower than the general customers due to larger sales volumes. | 6.37% | | | | |
| 1 | Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | APEX MEDICAL CORP. | 3 | Sales revenues | - / | The same as those provided to the non- related parties | 4.73% | | | | |
| 2 | APEX MEDICAL CORP. | Wellell America Corp. | 3 | Sales revenues | ., | The same as those provided to the non- related parties | 1.04% | | | | |
| 0 | Wellell Inc. | Apex Medical S.L. | 1 | Accounts Receivable | , in the second s | The collection term is 180 days after the monthly cut- off day | 3.91% | | | | |
| 0 | Wellell Inc. | Wellell France S.A.S. | 1 | Accounts Receivable | | The payment term is 180 days after bill of lading date. | 1.67% | | | | |
| 3 | ComfortPro Investment Corp. | Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | 3 | Other Receivable | , | In accordance with the contract | 1.24% | | | | |

10. Business relationship between the parent and subsidiaries and status of the important transactions:

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

Note 1. The number is filled out as follows:

1.0 Representing Parent Company.

2. The subsidiary is numbered in the sequence of Arabic numerals starting from 1.

Note 2: The category of relationship with counterparty is marked as follows:

- 1. Parent to subsidiary.
- 2. Subsidiary to parent.
- 3. Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: For business relationships between the parent company and the subsidiary, only information of sales and accounts receivable are disclosed. The corresponding purchases and accounts payable are not addressed again.
- Note 4: The above transactions were eliminated when the consolidated financial reports were eliminated.

(II) Information on investees:

The information of reinvestment business of the consolidated company for 2022 is as follows (not including investment to Mainland China):

| | | | | Initial inv | | Shares h | eld as at th | e end of | | | Investment | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------|
| | | | | amo | unt | | period | | Maximum shares held | Net income | income (loss) | |
| Name of investor | Investee Name | Location | Major operating items | End of current period | End of last year | Shares (thousand) | Percentage | Carrying Amount | or investment in this period | of investee for this period | recognized by the company for the period | Remark |
| The Company | Apex Global Investment | | Investment on | 354,319 | 354,319 | 10,534 | 100% | 345,166 | 100% | 18,332 | 18,332 | Subsidiary |
| | Ltd. | Tortola | businesses engaging in manufacturing | | | | | | | | | |
| " | Wellell America Corp. | | Sales of medical supplies | 16,564 | 16,564 | 50 | 100% | (7,678) | 100% | (17,494) | (17,494) | " |
| // | Apex Medical S.L. | Spain, Vizcaya | Sales of medical supplies | 4,855 | 4,855 | - | 100% | 231,657 | 100% | 32,013 | 32,013 | " |
| " | Apex Medical Global Cooperatie UA | | businesses engaging in | - | 836,494 | - | - % | - | 100% | (4,747) | (4,747) | " Note 2 |
| " | Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd | Taiwan | manufacturing Manufacturing and sales of medical | 328,294 | 328,294 | 10,000 | 100% | 331,893 | 100% | 32,430 | 32,425 | " |
| " | Wellell India Private Limited | India, Delhi | supplies Sales of medical supplies | 27,741 | 27,741 | 6,458 | 99.82% | 1,232 | 99.82% | (361) | (361) | " |
| " | Wellell (Thailand) Ltd. | Thailand | Sales of medical supplies | 2,271 | 2,271 | 245 | 49% | 4,279 | 49% | 1,382 | 677 | // |
| " | Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. | | | 780,354 | 723,774 | 7,780 | 100% | 693,470 | 100% | 8,786 | 8,786 | " |
| n | Wellell Germany GmbH | Germany Dortmund | manufacturing Investments in various production businesses and | 92,610 | 92,610 | 25 | 100% | 64,054 | 100% | 4,164 | 4,164 | // |
| " | APEX MEDICAL CORP. | Taiwan | leasing business Sales of medical supplies | 1,000 | 1,000 | 100 | 100% | 9,315 | 100% | 8,315 | 8,315 | // |
| Apex Global Investment Ltd. | ComfortPro Investment Corp. | Republic of Mauritius, Port Louis | Investment on businesses engaging in manufacturing | 297,731 | 297,731 | 9,100 | 100% | 265,186 | 100% | 11,041 | 11,041 | // |
| " | Max Delight Holding Limited | Apia, Samoa | Investment on businesses engaging in manufacturing | 8,686 | 8,686 | 270 | 100% | 38,362 | 100% | 7,367 | 7,367 | " |
| // | Wellell India Private Limited | | Sales of medical supplies | 55 | 55 | 12 | 0.18% | 2 | 0.18% | (361) | - | " |
| Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. | | United Kingdom | | 767,718 | 767,718 | - | 100% | 268,129 | 100% | (2,290) | (2,290) | // |
| // | SLK-Vertriebs | Germany Dortmund | Sales and leasing of medical | 391,891 | 391,891 | 1,048 | 100% | 337,290 | 100% | 10,141 | (2,490) | " |
| " | SLK-Medical | Germany Dortmund | supplies Sales and leasing of medical | 22,549 | 22,549 | 25 | 100% | 32,499 | 100% | 1,604 | 934 | // |
| " | Wellell France S.A.S. | France, | supplies Sales of medical supplies | 394 | 394 | 14 | 100% | (9,536) | 100% | 12,643 | 12,643 | // |

Unit: NTD in thousand/USD in thousand

Note 1: The above transactions were eliminated when the consolidated financial reports were prepared. Note 2: The liquidation process was completed on September 5, 2022.

(III) Information regarding investment in Mainland China:

| | | | | | | | UII. | \mathbf{u} . $\mathbf{N} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{L}$ | in thou | isanu/ C | JSD III | mouse | ma |
|----------------------------------|---|---------|------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Investee in | Major | Paid-in | Investment | Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan | investmen remitted | | Accumulate d amount of remittance from Taiwan to | Net income of investee | Ownership held by the Company | shares held or | recognized | Book value of investmen | Accumula ted amount of investment income |
| Mainland China | operating items | capital | method | for the | | Remitting back | Mainland | for this period | (direct or indirect) | investment in this period | | period | |
| Apex Medical (Shanghai) Corp. | Manufacturing and Sales of medical supplies | 23,352 | (I) | 23,239 (USD710) | - | - | 23,239 (USD710) | - (Note 1) | -% (Note 1) | -% (Note 1) | - (Note 1) | - (Note 1) | - |
| Medical Corp. | Manufacturing and Sales of medical supplies | 231,103 | (I) | 231,103 (USD7,100) | - | - | 231,103 (USD7,100) | 12,133 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 11,266 | 207,849 | - |
| | Manufacturing and sales of plastic products | 25,316 | (I) | 25,487 (USD842) | - | - | 25,487 (USD842) | - (Note 1) | -% (Note 1) | -% (Note 1) | - (Note 1) | - (Note 1) | - |
| | Sales of medical supplies | 8,041 | (I) | 8,041 (USD250) | - | - | 8,041 (USD250) | 9,278 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 9,278 | 20,857 | - |

1. Information on investment in Mainland China:

Unit. NTD in thousand/USD in thousand

Note: Investment methods can be classified as follows:

(I): Investment by 100% owned subsidiary set up in the third area.

Note 1: Shanghai Apex was liquidated in February 2013; Kunshan Kewei was liquidated in February 2016. Note 2: The above transactions were eliminated when the consolidated financial reports were prepared.

2. Maximum amount to invest in Mainland China:

| Accumulated amount of Remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of the end of the period | Investment Amounts approved by Investment Commission, MOEA | Limit of the Investment Commission, MOEA to invest in Mainland China |
|---|--|--|
| 287,870 | 287,870 | 1,332,648 |
| (US\$8,902 thousand) | (US\$8,902 thousand) | |

3. Significant transactions with the invested companies in Mainland China:

For the significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly for 2022 (eliminated when preparing consolidated statements). Please refer to the explanations in "relevant information of the significant transactions" in the consolidated financial statements.

(IV) Information on major shareholders

| S Name of major shareholders | hares | shareholding | % of shares held |
|---|-------|--------------|---------------------|
| CDIB Capital Growth Partners | | 11,526,000 | 11.42% |
| Ya Sheng Investment Development Co. | | 10,566,760 | 10.47% |
| Ya Shin Investment Development Co. | | 10,561,732 | 10.46% |
| National Development Fund, Executive Yuan | 1 | 6,000,000 | 5.94% |

Note:(1) The information of the major shareholders in this table is based on the TDCC's last business day of the end of each quarter. Counting the shareholders who exceed more than 5% of the total number of common stock and special stock of the company that has been non-physical registration (include treasury stock). The share capital indicated in the company's financial statement and the actual amount of non-physical registration delivered may be different due to the different counting basis.

(2) If the above-mentioned document was shareholders deliver to trust, the trustee should open up a trust account to show the individual trustee. When insiders who hold more than 10% of the shares report their shareholdings by the Securities and Exchange Act, their shareholdings should include shares hold under their name and shares under a trust in which they have the right to decide the use of the trust property. Please refer to the Market Observation Post System for insider shareholding reporting information.

XIV. Segment Information

(I) Information on income (loss) of the reportable segment, the measurement basis and reconciliation.

The consolidated company is mainly engaged in the manufacture, import, export as well as sales of medical supplies. The company is operating in just one industry and all sales department of the medical supplies and associated activities were used as a whole as basis for decision making and performance evaluation. As a consequence, the operating segments and reportable segments are divided by regions and the relevant information is provided as follows: The consolidated company operating departments and adjustment are listed below:

| | | | 2022 | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------|---------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| | Europe | America | Asia | Adjustment and elimination | Total |
| Revenue: | | | | | |
| Revenue from outside | \$ 1,613,929 | 397,603 | 652,191 | - | 2,663,723 |
| customers | | | | | |
| Revenues between | 426,954 | 201,969 | 344,835 | (973,758) | - |
| segments | | | | | |
| Total revenue | \$ 2,040,883 | 599,572 | 997,026 | (973,758) | 2,663,723 |
| Profit and loss from | \$ 120,282 | 19,467 | 147,649 | (86,861) | 200,537 |
| reportable segment | | | | | |

| | | | 2021 | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|----------|---------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| | Europe | America | Asia | Adjustment and elimination | Total |
| Revenue: | | | | | |
| Revenue from outside | \$ 1,391,900 | 330,201 | 651,954 | - | 2,374,055 |
| customers | | | | | |
| Revenues between | 359,745 | 54,134 | 292,330 | (706,209) | - |
| segments | | | | | |
| Total revenue | \$ 1,751,645 | 384,335 | 944,284 | (706,209) | 2,374,055 |
| Profit and loss from | \$ 92,268 | (10,870) | 141,828 | (85,145) | 138,081 |
| reportable segment | | | | | |

As the assets/liabilities measures of the consolidated company's reportable segments were not provided for operational decision making, the measures of assets/liabilities were not

disclosed.

(II) Product and Service Type Information

The consolidated company revenue from external customers is as below:

| Name of Product and Service | 2022 | | 2021 | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Support Surface Systems | \$ | 1,284,616 | 1,091,915 | |
| Respiratory Therapy Devices | | 648,652 | 594,412 | |
| Other | | 730,455 | 687,728 | |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 2,663,723 | 2,374,055 | |

(III) Territory Information

The consolidated company non-current asset information per territory is listed below and classified per geographic location.

| Territory | 2 | 2022.12.31 | | |
|---------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|--|
| Non-current Assets: | | | | |
| Europe | \$ | 765,587 | 771,620 | |
| America | | 7,674 | 2,449 | |
| Asia | | 697,383 | 714,835 | |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 1,470,644 | 1,488,904 | |

Non-current assets include real estate properties, plants and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets, refundable deposits, long-term prepaid rent and other non-current assets, but excludes financial instruments, investments under the equity method, and deferred income tax.

(IV) Information of important customers.

No sale of the consolidated company made to one single customer constitutes more than 10% of total sales, therefore no information with respect to important customers can be provided.

Independent Auditors' Report

To Wellell Inc.

Audit opinion

We have audited the balance sheet of Wellell Inc. prepared on December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and the comprehensive income statement, statement of change in shareholders' equity, the statement of cash flow, and the notes to the parent company only financial statements (including a summary of significant accounting policies) covering the periods of 2022 and 2021 until December 31 of the respective fiscal year.

In our opinion, the parent company only financial statements as referred in the first paragraph are prepared, in all material respects, in conformity with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", and present fairly the financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of the financial performance and cash flows for the year ending December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Basis of Audit opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Reports section of our report. The audit team of our firm subject to the auditor's independence ethics and independence rules has complied with the Code of Professional Ethics, and maintains independence from Wellell Inc. to perform other duties as specified in the Code. We believe that sufficient and appropriate audit evidence has been obtained as a basis to express the opinion of the audit.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters refer to the most important matters, per our judgment, when auditing the 2022 parent company only financial reports of the Wellell Inc. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial reports as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Per our judgment, the key audit matters that should be communication in the audit report are as follows:

I. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note 4 (13) of the parent company only financial reports for the accounting policy of revenue recognition. Please refer to Note 6 (13) Revenue from Contracts with Customers for disclosure of relevant information of revenue recognition.

Description of the key audit matters:

WELLELL's revenues include R/D, production and sales of wound care, respiratory therapy, welfare equipment, and other electronic medical device. As some revenues are from customized products/services and might be subject to various terms of contracts, the testing of revenue recognition becomes one of the most important items to be assessed when auditing the Company's financial reports.

Response to Audit procedures:

Our major audit procedures for the above key audit matter include analyzing the revenue of the top ten customers that are related parties with significant transaction amounts and the top ten new customers, reviewing material new contracts and understanding the contractual terms to assess whether there are any material anomalies; assessing the reasonableness of the accounting treatment of revenue recognition (including sales discounts and returns). We also evaluated the effectiveness of the design and implementation of the Company's internal control system for revenue, reviewed the Company's delivery terms to customers, and tested the sales samples for the period before and after the year end to assess the correctness of the revenue recognition period.

II. Valuation of inventory

For accounting policy of inventory valuation, please refer to Note 4 (7) of the parent company only financial reports for details. For accounting estimates and assumptions of inventories. Please refer to Note 5 (1) Valuation of inventories: information on inventories of the parent company only financial reports for details. For description of inventories, please refer to the Note 6 (4) Inventories of the parent company only financial reports for details.

Description of the key audit matters:

Inventory value of the Company is measured at lower cost or net realizable value on the financial reporting date. Since the Company's products are designed specifically to meet the needs of customers and have high add-on value, the probability of inventory loss is very low. However, as some products are customized, if quality is not up to customer's standards they won't be sold as scheduled, and would result in a higher risk for sluggish inventory movement. As loss from sluggish inventory movement is assessed according to inventory category and number of days the inventory

being sluggish, the percentage used for provision is at management's discretion. Therefore, valuation of inventory is an item highly regarded when the Group's consolidated financial reports are audited.

Response to Audit procedures:

Our major audit procedures for the above key audit matter include examining whether the provision for loss on inventory valuation and obsolescence had been made in accordance with the provisions of the relevant accounting standards. We also evaluated whether inventories had been correctly attributed to the correct ageing period and analyzed the changes in inventory ageing from period to period to assess the reasonableness of the policy on the provision of inventory obsolescence and whether it was in accordance with the Company's established accounting policies and evaluated the provision of allowance for inventory obsolescence by comparing the information with the actual loss on disposal, and assessed the appropriateness of management's disclosure of the allowance for inventory.

III. Impairment assessment for investments accounted for using the equity method

Please refer to Note 4 (12) to the parent company only financial statements for the accounting policy on impairment of investments accounted for using the equity method; Note 5 (2) to the parent company only financial statements for the assessment of impairment of investments accounted for using the equity method; and Note 6 (5) to the parent company only financial statements for the information related to investments accounted for using the equity method. Description of the key audit matters:

Wellell Inc. invested in Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd., Wellell UK Limited, SLK Vertriebs GmbH and SLK Medical GmbH to expand marketing presences and add product lines. In our review, we paid particular attention to the appropriateness of the assumptions, estimates and judgments used for the discounted future cash flows because the investments using the equity method were material investments of the Group and the carrying amounts of the investments were material and there was a high degree of uncertainty in estimating the recoverable amounts of the investments using the equity method were impaired was a matter of great concern to us in auditing the financial reports.

Response to Audit procedures:

The main auditing procedures of the above key audit matters include assessment of the future cash flow forecast and the discount rate used in the impairment model, the forecast of future cash flow against historical performance, and the comparison of discount rate with external data to test the impairment of investments accounted for using the equity method.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Unconsolidated Financial Reports

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial reports in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for necessary internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the

preparation of unconsolidated financial reports that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial reports, the responsibility of the management is to evaluate the Company's capability as whether it can continue operating as a successful business, the disclosure of relevant matters, the adoption of accounting basis to continue operating, unless the management intends to liquidate the Company or cease to operate, or no other option available except for liquidating or cease to operate.

WELLELL charged with governance, Including the Audit Committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the unconsolidated Financial Reports

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial reports as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance refers to high assurance. However, an audit performed in accordance with auditing standards is not a guarantee to detect material misstatement of the parent company only financial reports. Misstatements may result from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the unconsolidated financial reports.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We have also conducted the following tasks:

- 1. Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial reports due to fraud or error, design and adopt appropriate countermeasures for the risks assessed, and obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence in order to be used as the basis for the opinion. As frauds may involve conspiracy, forgery, deliberate omission, misstatement, or beyond the internal control, the risk of not being able to detect misstatement due to fraud is higher than that caused by the error.
- 2. Obtained necessary understanding of internal control relevant to the audit so to design appropriate audit procedures commensurate with what is needed at the time of audit. However, please note the purpose is not to express opinion as to whether the internal control of Wellell Inc. is effective.
- 3. To assess appropriateness of the accounting policies adopted by the management, as well as whether the accounting estimates and related disclosures are reasonable.
- 4. Made a conclusion based on audit evidence obtained, determined whether the accounting basis used by the management to carry out business is appropriate, and if there was any event, circumstance, or significant uncertainty, would affect Wellell Inc. to continue its business. In case where we consider that such events or circumstances have a material uncertainty, then relevant disclosure of the unconsolidated financial reports are required to be provided in our audit report to allow users of unconsolidated financial reports to be aware of such events or circumstances, or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained at the

date of the auditor's independent report. However future events or circumstances may cause Wellell Inc. not to have the capability to operate.

- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial reports, including relevant notes, and whether the unconsolidated financial reports represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtained sufficient and appropriate audit evidence from financial information of investees accounted for using the equity method to express opinions on the parent company only financial reports. We are responsible for the guidance, supervision and implementation of the Company's audit, as well as the forming of audit opinions.

The matters we communicated with the governing unit include the scope and time frame of the audit, as well as the major findings in the audit (including the significant lack of internal controls identified during the audit procedures).

We have also provided a declaration to the governing unit that our audit team has complied with the independence rules as required by the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant. We have also communicated with the governing unit all matters that might be considered to influence the auditor's independence as well as all other matters (Including relevant protective measures).

We have decided the key audit matters for the Company's 2022 parent company only financial reports for matters communicated with the governing unit. We will make known such matters in the audit report unless the laws and regulations do not allow public disclosure of any particular matter or, in rare cases, we decide not to communicate a particular matter in the audit report, as we can reasonably expect the negative impact from such communication will outweigh the benefit to increase the public interest.

KPMG. Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Certified Public

Accountants:

Certified and Approved No. of the Securities Competent Authority: Jin-Guan-Cheng-Shen-Zi No. 1040003949 Jin-Guan-Cheng-Liu-Zi No. 0960069825

March 29, 2023

Notes to Readers The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the statement of financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China. The independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Wellell Inc.

Balance sheet

December 31, 2022 and 2021

| | | | 2022.12.31 | | 2021.12.3 | 1 | | |
|------|--|----|------------|----------|-----------|-----|------|--|
| | Assets | A | mount | <u>%</u> | Amount | % | | |
| | Current Assets: | | | | | | | Liabilities and Equity |
| 1100 | Cash and Cash Equivalents(Note 6 (1) and (16)) | \$ | 90,278 | 3 | 121,289 | 4 | | Current Liabilities: |
| 1151 | Notes Receivable (Note 6 (2) (13) and (16)) | | 14,498 | 1 | 17,417 | 1 | 2100 | Short term Borrowings (Note 6 (8) and (16)) |
| 1170 | Accounts Receivable, net (Note 6 (2) (13) (16)) | | 123,515 | 5 | 93,659 | 3 | 2170 | Accounts Payable (Note 6 (16)) |
| 1181 | Account Receivable - Related Party (Note 6 (2) (13) (16) and 7) | | 233,745 | 8 | 196,437 | 6 | 2180 | Accounts Payable - Related Party (Note 6 (16) and 7) |
| 1200 | Other Receivable (Note 6 (3) and (16)) | | 4,226 | - | 6,399 | - | 2200 | Other Payable (Note 6 (16)) |
| 1210 | Other Account Receivable - Related Party (Note 6 (3) (16) and 7) | | 22,449 | 1 | 33,660 | 1 | 2220 | Other Payable - Related Party (Note 6 (16) and 7) |
| 130X | Inventories (Note 6 (4)) | | 137,975 | 5 | 182,166 | 6 | 2230 | Current Income Tax Liability |
| 1410 | Prepayments | | 12,305 | - | 6,209 | - | 2280 | Lease Liabilities – Current (Note 6 (16)) |
| 1470 | Other Current Assets | | 376 | - | 437 | - | 2300 | Other Current Liabilities (Note 7) |
| | Total Current Assets | | 639,367 | 23 | 657,673 | 21 | | Total Current Liabilities |
| | Non-current Assets: | | | | | | Ν | Non-current Liabilities: |
| 1517 | Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income - Non- | | 19,165 | 1 | 15,866 | 1 | 2580 | Lease Liabilities - Non-Current (Note 6 (16)) |
| | Current (Note 6 (16)) | | | | | | 2640 | Net defined benefit liability – Non Current (Note 6 (9)) |
| 1550 | Investments accounted for using equity method (Note 6 (5)) | | 1,673,388 | 61 | 1,971,687 | 64 | | Total Non-Current Liabilities |
| 1600 | Property, Plant and Equipment (Note 6 (6) and 8) | | 391,124 | 14 | 393,604 | 13 | | Total Liabilities |
| 1755 | Right-of-use Assets | | 2,642 | - | 3,673 | - | I | Equity (Note 6 (11)): |
| 1780 | Intangible Assets (Note 6 (7)) | | 2,869 | - | 4,181 | - | 3100 | Capital |
| 1840 | Deferred Income Tax Assets (Note 6 (10)) | | 29,080 | 1 | 28,098 | 1 | 3200 | Capital Reserve |
| 1920 | Refundable deposits | | 5,320 | - | 4,852 | - | | Retained Earnings: |
| 1990 | Other non-current Assets | | 758 | - | 758 | _ | 3310 | Statutory reserves |
| | Total Non-current Assets | | 2,124,346 | 77 | 2,422,719 | 79 | 3320 | Special reserves |
| | | | | | | | 3350 | Undistributed earnings (Note 6 (9)) |
| | | | | | | | | Subtotal of Retained Earnings |
| | | | | | | | 3400 | Other Equities |
| | | _ | | | | | | Total Equity |
| | Total Assets | \$ | 2.763.713 | 100 | 3.080.392 | 100 | 1 | Fotal liabilities and Equity |
| | | | , <u>,</u> | | , _, | | | |

| Unit: New | Taiwan | Dollars in | thousands |
|------------------|--------|-------------------|-----------|
|------------------|--------|-------------------|-----------|

| | 2022.12.31 | | 2021.12.31 | | |
|-----------|------------|-----|------------|------------|--|
| | Amount | % | Amount | % | |
| | | | | | |
| \$ | 288,294 | 11 | 340,415 | 11 | |
| | 80,472 | 3 | 80,706 | 3 | |
| | 11,469 | - | 31,083 | 1 | |
| | 122,266 | 5 | 116,599 | 4 | |
| | 1,955 | - | 417,374 | 13 | |
| | 24,940 | 1 | 9,794 | - | |
| | 1,792 | - | 1,749 | - | |
| | 9,660 | - | 16,326 | 1 | |
| | 540,848 | 20 | 1,014,046 | 33 | |
| | | | | | |
| | 741 | - | 1,883 | - | |
| | 1,043 | - | 5,361 | - | |
| | 1,784 | - | 7,244 | - | |
| | 542,632 | 20 | 1,021,290 | 33 | |
| | | | | | |
| | 1,009,116 | 36 | 1,009,116 | 33 | |
| | 345,635 | 12 | 345,635 | 11 | |
| | | | | | |
| | 294,712 | 11 | 284,311 | 9 | |
| | 252,634 | 9 | 178,568 | 6 | |
| | 519,123 | 19 | 494,106 | 16 | |
| | 1,066,469 | 39 | 956,985 | 31 | |
| | (200,139) | (7) | (252,634) | (8) | |
| | 2,221,081 | 80 | 2,059,102 | 67 | |
| <u>\$</u> | 2,763,713 | 100 | 3,080,392 | <u>100</u> | |

Wellell Inc.

Statement of comprehensive income

From January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| | 2022 | | 2021 | |
|--|-------------------|----------|-----------|------|
| | Amount | _% | Amount | % |
| 4000 Sales Revenue (Note 6 (13) and 7) | \$ 1,262,946 | 100 | 1,176,513 | 100 |
| 5000 Operating Costs (Note 6 (4) (6) (7) (9) (14) and 7) | 848,644 | 67 | 832,432 | 71 |
| Gross Margin | 414,302 | 33 | 344,081 | 29 |
| 5910 Less: Unrealized profit or loss on sales of goods | (67,782) | (5) | (55,305) | (5) |
| 5920 Add: Realized profit or loss on sales of goods | 55,305 | 4 | 49,595 | 4 |
| Net operating gross profit | 401,825 | 32 | 338,371 | 28 |
| 6000 Operating Expenses (Note 6 (2) (6) (7) (9) (14) and 7): | | | | |
| 6100 Selling Expenses | 99,277 | 8 | 97,856 | 8 |
| 6200 General and Administrative Expenses | 113,752 | 9 | 112,297 | 10 |
| 6300 Research & Development Expenses | 114,478 | 9 | 110,041 | 9 |
| 6450 Expected Credit Impairment Losses (Gains) | (119) | | 1,536 | - |
| Total Operating Expenses | 327,388 | 26 | 321,730 | 27 |
| 6900 Net Operating Profit | 74,437 | 6 | 16,641 | 1 |
| Non-operating income and expenditures (Note 6 (5) (15) and 7): | | | | |
| 7010 Interest Income | 568 | - | 787 | - |
| 7130 Other Income | 172 | - | 38 | - |
| 7020 Other Profits and Losses | 24,670 | 2 | (5,226) | - |
| 7050 Financial Costs | (5,689) | - | (2,583) | - |
| 7070 Share of profit or loss of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method | 82,110 | 6 | 96,653 | 8 |
| Total non-operating income and expenses | 101,831 | 8 | 89,669 | 8 |
| Profit before Tax | 176,268 | 14 | 106,310 | 9 |
| 7951 Less: Income Tax Expenses (Note 6 (10)) | 14,859 | 1 | 4,063 | - |
| Net Income Current Period | 161,409 | 13 | 102,247 | 9 |
| 8300 Other comprehensive income (Note 6 (10) and (11)): | | | | |
| 8310 Items not to be reclassified into profit or loss | | | | |
| 8311 Remeasurement of defined benefit plan | 4,470 | - | 2,200 | - |
| 8316 Unrealized Evaluation Profit and Loss on Equity Instruments Investments | 3,299 | - | (3,251) | - |
| Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income | | | | |
| 8349 Less: Income tax related to items not reclassified | 894 | | 440 | - |
| Total items not to be reclassified into profit or loss | 6,875 | | (1,491) | - |
| 8360 Items that may be subsequently reclassified into profit or loss: | | | | |
| 8361 Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations | 49,196 | 4 | (87,866) | (7) |
| 8399 Less: Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified subsequently | | | | - |
| Total Items that may be subsequently reclassified into profit or loss | 49,196 | 4 | (87,866) | (7) |
| 8300 Other comprehensive Income Current Period | 56,071 | 4 | (89,357) | (7) |
| Total Comprehensive Income Current Period | <u>\$ 217,480</u> | <u> </u> | 12,890 | 2 |
| 9750 Basic EPS (Unit: NT\$) (Note 6 (12)) | \$ | 1.60 | | 1.01 |
| 9850 Diluted EPS (Unit: NT\$) (Note 6 (12)) | <u>\$</u> | 1.59 | | 1.01 |
| | | _ | | _ |

(For details, please refer to the notes to the parent company only balance sheets in the attachment)Chairman of the board:Manager:Accounting Director:Li, Yung ChuanLi, Yung ChuanWang, Wei Chuan

Wellell Inc.

Statement of changes in equity

From January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

| | | _ | | Retained | Earnings | | Tinancial statements | Total Other Equities Unrealized Profit and Loss on Financial Asset Measured at Fair | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|---|-----------|--------------|
| | Capital | Capital Reserve | Statutory reserves | Special reserves | Undistributed Retained Earnings | Total | translation differences of foreign operations | Value Through Other Comprehensive Income | Total | Total equity |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | <u>\$ 1,009,116</u> | 345,635 | 273,903 | 178,568 | 456,008 | 908,479 | (170,527) | 9,010 | (161,517) | 2,101,713 |
| Net Income Current Period | - | - | - | - | 102,247 | 102,247 | - | - | - | 102,247 |
| Other comprehensive Income Current Period | | - | - | - | 1,760 | 1,760 | (87,866) | (3,251) | (91,117) | (89,357) |
| Total Comprehensive Income Current Period | | - | - | - | 104,007 | 104,007 | (87,866) | (3,251) | (91,117) | 12,890 |
| Earnings appropriation and distribution: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision of statutory reserves | - | - | 10,408 | - | (10,408) | - | - | - | - | - |
| Common stock cash dividends | | - | - | - | (55,501) | (55,501) | _ | - | - | (55,501) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | 1,009,116 | 345,635 | 284,311 | 178,568 | 494,106 | 956,985 | (258,393) | 5,759 | (252,634) | 2,059,102 |
| Net Income Current Period | - | - | - | - | 161,409 | 161,409 | - | - | - | 161,409 |
| Other comprehensive Income Current Period | | - | - | - | 3,576 | 3,576 | 49,196 | 3,299 | 52,495 | 56,071 |
| Total Comprehensive Income Current Period | | - | - | - | 164,985 | 164,985 | 49,196 | 3,299 | 52,495 | 217,480 |
| Earnings appropriation and distribution: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision of statutory reserves | - | - | 10,401 | - | (10,401) | - | - | - | - | - |
| Provision of special reserves | - | - | - | 74,066 | (74,066) | - | - | - | - | - |
| Common stock cash dividends | | - | - | - | (55,501) | (55,501) | - | - | - | (55,501) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | <u>\$ 1,009,116</u> | 345,635 | 294,712 | 252,634 | 519,123 | 1,066,469 | (209,197) | 9,058 | (200,139) | 2,221,081 |

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

Wellell Inc.

Statement of cash flows

From January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|-------------------|-----------|
| Cash flow from operating activities: | * | |
| Profit before Tax current period | <u>\$ 176,268</u> | 106,310 |
| Adjustment items: | | |
| Income and expenses item | | |
| Depreciation | 25,276 | 26,186 |
| Amortization | 1,660 | 1,387 |
| Expected Credit Impairment Losses (Gains) | (119) | 1,536 |
| Interest Expense | 5,689 | 2,583 |
| Interest Income | (568) | (787) |
| Dividend Income | (161) | (38) |
| Share of profit of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method | (82,110) | (96,653) |
| Exchange loss on disposal of investments under the equity method | 18,854 | - |
| Disposal Gain on Financial Asset Measured at Fair Value | - | (38) |
| Through Other Comprehensive Income | | () |
| Unrealized profit on sales of goods | 67,782 | 55,305 |
| Realized profit on sales of goods | (55,305) | (49,595) |
| Total Incomes and Expenses | (19,002) | (60,114) |
| Changes of assets and liabilities relating to operating activities: | | (00,00) |
| Decrease (increase) of Notes Receivable | 2,919 | (5,421) |
| Increase of Accounts Receivable | (26,383) | (2,803) |
| Accounts Receivable - increase of Related Party | (27,602) | (50,919) |
| Decrease (increase) of Other Receivables | 2,173 | (826) |
| Other Receivable - decrease of Related Party | 11,243 | 9,636 |
| Decrease (increase) of Inventories | 44,191 | (97,827) |
| Increase (Decrease) of Pre-paid Expenses (including related | (6,096) | 2,273 |
| parties) | (0) | (00) |
| Decrease (increase) of Other Current Assets | 62 | (145,095) |
| Total Net changes of assets relating to operating activities | 507 | (145,985) |
| Decrease of Notes Payable | - | (35) |
| (Decrease) Increase of Account Payable | (231) | 39,759 |
| Account Payable - (decrease) increase of Related Party | (19,656) | 10,517 |
| Increase (Decrease) of Other Payable | 5,329 | (3,004) |
| Other Payable - (decrease) increase of Related Party | (9,245) | 5,106 |
| (Decrease) Increase of Other Current Liabilities | (6,666) | 1,600 |
| (Decrease) Increase of Net defined benefit liabilities | 152 | (497) |
| Decrease in deferred credits | (31) | (32) |
| Total Net changes of liabilities relating to operating activities | (30,348) | 53,414 |
| Total Net changes of assets and liabilities relating to operating activities | (29,841) | (92,571) |

(For details, please refer to the notes to the parent company only balance sheets in the attachment)Chairman of the board:Manager:Accounting Director:Li, Yung ChuanLi, Yung ChuanWang, Wei Chuan

Wellell Inc.

Statement of Cash Flow (continued)

From January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|----------|-------------|-----------|
| Cash inflow (outflow) from operating | \$ | 127,425 | (46,375) |
| Interest received | | 568 | 787 |
| Dividends received | | 161 | 38 |
| Interest paid | | (5,335) | (2,469) |
| Income Taxes Paid | | (1,590) | (5,176) |
| Cash Inflow (outflow) from operating activities | | 121,229 | (53,195) |
| Cash flow from investing activities: | | | |
| Disposal of Financial Assets measured at Fair Value Through Profit or | | - | 35,192 |
| Loss | | | |
| Investment accounted for under the equity method | | (56,580) | (62,938) |
| Disposal of Investment accounted for using the equity method | | 13,999 | - |
| Investment in property, plants and equipment | | (20,816) | (27,183) |
| Increase of Guarantee Deposits | | (468) | (117) |
| Investment in intangible assets | | (348) | (1,812) |
| Dividends received | | 34,712 | 29,396 |
| Cash outflow from investing activities | | (29,501) | (27,462) |
| Cash flow from financing activities: | | | |
| Application for short-term borrowings | | 1,204,362 | 984,381 |
| Repayment of short-term borrowings | | (1,264,238) | (824,506) |
| Repayment of principal portion of the lease | | (2,242) | (1,523) |
| Cash dividends paid | | (55,501) | (55,501) |
| Net Cash (Outflow) Inflow from financing activities | | (117,619) | 102,851 |
| Net effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on cash and cash | 1 | (5,120) | 1,652 |
| equivalent | | (21.011) | 00.046 |
| (Decrease) Increase of cash and cash equivalents – current period | | (31,011) | 23,846 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | <u> </u> | 121,289 | 97,443 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year | \$ | 90,278 | 121,289 |

(For details, please refer to the notes to the parent company only balance sheets in the attachment)Chairman of the board:Manager:Accounting Director:Li, Yung ChuanLi, Yung ChuanWang, Wei Chuan

Wellell Inc.

Notes to the parent company only financial statements Year 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

I. Company History

Wellell Inc. (referred as "the Company" hereafter) was authorized to set up by the Ministry of Economic Affairs in March, 1990, and merged with Ya-Tai Industrial Limited on August 31, 1998. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of manufacturing and sale of medical supplies, import, and export as well as agency services. the Company was approved to be listed in TPEx in August, 2001 and traded in January, 2002 by the Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance (name changed to the Securities and Futures Bureau of the Financial Supervisory Commission, abbreviated as Securities and Futures Bureau). the Company was approved by the Securities and Futures Bureau to be listed on TWSE in October, 2004.

II. Financial Statements Authorization Date and Authorization Process

The parent company only financial reports were approved for release by the Board of Directors on March 29, 2023.

III. Application of new standards, amendments, and interpretations

(I) The impact from adopting new standards and Interpretations as approved by FSC for release and amendment

The application of the newly revised amendments to the IFRSs into effect by the Company with an effective date starting from January 1, 2022 did not significantly influence the parent company only financial statement.

- Amendments to IAS 16 "Real Estate Property, plant and equipment Proceeds before intended use"
- Amendment to IAS 37 "Onerous contracts cost of fulfilling a contract"
- Amendments to Annual Improvements to IFRS 2018-2020
- Amendments to IFRS 3 on the "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"
- (II) Impact on not adopting the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC

The following new amendments to IFRSs were effective from January 1, 2023, with the potential impact described below:

1. Amendment to IAS 12, "Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction"

This amendment restricts the scope of recognition exemption. An entity does not apply the initial recognition exemption for transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The Company may be required to recognize an

equivalent amount of deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities and is continually evaluating the impact of the initial application of the amendment on the Company's financial position.

2. Others

The following new amended standards are not expected to have a material impact on the parent company only financial statements.

- Amendments to IAS 1 on "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"
- Amendments to IAS 8 on "Definition of accounting estimates"

(III) Standards and interpretations newly issued and amended but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The standards and interpretations issued and amended by the International Accounting

Standards Board (IASB) but not been advised by the FSC may affected to the Company:

| · · · · | 5 | 1 2 |
|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Newly announced or | | Effective date of IASB |
| amended standards | Major amendments | announcement |
| Amendments to IAS 1 | Under IAS 1, a liability is classified as | January 1, |
| "Classification of Liabilities | current if the enterprise does not have | 2024 |
| as Current or Non-Current" | an unconditional right to defer | |
| | settlement for at least 12 months after | |
| | the reporting period. The amendment | |
| | removes the requirement that the right | |
| | should be unconditional and instead | |
| | requires that the right must exist at the | |
| | end of the reporting period and must | |
| | be material. | |
| | be material. | |
| | The amendment clarifies how an | |
| | enterprise should classify liabilities | |
| | that are settled by the issuance of its | |
| | own equity instruments (e.g., | |
| | convertible bonds). | |
| | · · | |

The Company continues to assess the impact of the above standards and interpretations on its financial position and result of operation. The relevant impact will be disclosed after completion of the assessment.

The Company expected that the following new publish and amendment to the standards would not cause significant influence to the parent company only financial statement.

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 on "Sale or Contribution of assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"
- Amendments to IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" and IFRS 17
- The amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities with Covenants"
- The amendments to IFRS 17, "Comparative information for initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9
- The amendments to IFRS 16, "Requirements for Sale and Leaseback Transactions".

IV. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies presented in the parent company only financial statements are summarized as follows. The significant accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these parent company only financial statements.

(I) Statement of Compliance

These parent company only financial statements were prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers".

(II) Basis of Preparation

1. Basis of measurement

The parent company only financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the following material items in the balance sheets:

- (1) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss;
- (2) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss; and
- (3) Net defined benefit liability is recognized by the fair value of the pension fund assets net of the present value of the defined benefit obligation and the upper limit effects measurement referred by Note 4 (14).
- 2. Functional Currency and Representing Currency

The functional currency of the Company is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entities operate. The parent company only financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Taiwan Dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

- (III) Foreign currency
 - 1. Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transaction. The foreign currency monetary item at the end of the reporting period (hereinafter referred to the "reporting date") are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing on that date.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the time of the fair value measurement date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies measured with historical costs are translated using the exchange rates prevailing at the time of the transaction date.

Foreign currency exchange differences resulting from currency translation are usually recognized under profit or loss; however, they are recognized under other comprehensive income in the following circumstances:

(1) Equity instruments designated measured at fair value through other comprehensive income;

- (2) Financial liabilities designated as hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation within the range of hedge effectiveness; or
- (3) Qualified cash flows hedged within the range of hedge effectiveness.
- 2. Foreign Operation

The assets and liabilities of foreign operation, including goodwill from acquisition and fair value adjustment, are translated to NTD using the exchange rates on the reporting date, revenues and expenses are translated into NTD using average exchange rate and all resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

When the disposal of foreign operating units leads to the loss of control, joint control, or significant influence, all cumulative exchange differences in relation to that foreign operating unit are reclassified in profit and loss. When the foreign operating unit partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operating unit. When the foreign operating unit partially disposed of or sold is an associates or joint venture, cumulative exchange differences are proportionately transferred to the profit and loss.

For the monetary receivable or payable items with foreign operating units, if there is no settlement plan and they will not be paid in the foreseeable future, the exchange gain from foreign exchange will be deemed as part of the net investment to that foreign operation and recognized under other comprehensive income.

(IV) Classification of Current and Non-current Assets and Liabilities

Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise, they are classified as non-current assets:

- 1. Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within its normal operating cycle;
- 2. Assets held mainly for sales;
- 3. Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the reporting date; or
- 4. These assets are cash or cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the reporting date.

Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise, they are classified as non-current liabilities:

- 1. Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
- 2. Liabilities held mainly for sales;
- 3. Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within twelve months from the reporting date; or
- 4. For liabilities their re-payment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the

counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(V) Cash and cash equivalent

Cash include cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits meeting the definition as mentioned above or used mainly for meeting short-term cash commitment and not for investment or other purposes are reported as cash equivalents.

(VI) Financial Instruments

Accounts receivable are recognized once it is generated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities were originally recognized when the Company becomes one party to the terms of the financial instrument contract. Financial assets (except for accounts receivable containing a significant financing component) or financial liabilities not measured at fair value through other comprehensive income were originally measured at fair value plus the transaction costs directly attributable to their acquisition or issue. Accounts receivable not containing a significant financing component were originally measured at the transaction price.

1. Financial assets

If purchase or sale of financial assets conforms to transaction practices, the Company consistently adopts the trading-date accounting treatment for all purchases and sales of financial assets classified in a similar way.

Financial asset types at initial recognition include: financial assets measured at amortized cost, investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, and financial assets measured at fair value through income. The Company reclassifies the impacted financial assets from the first day of the next report period only when the financial assets management model changes.

(1) Financial assets measured with amortized cost

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost when they meet the criteria below and are not designated to be measured at fair value through profit and loss:

- Hold the financial asset under the business model of collecting contract cash-flow for purpose.
- The cash-flow generated from the financial asset contract terms on a specific date is all for principal and outstanding principal generated interest payment.

Such assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost with the initial recognition amount plus or less the cumulative amortization calculated using the effective interest method and any loss allowance being adjusted. Interest revenue, foreign exchange gain and loss, and impairment loss are recognized as profit and loss.

The gain or loss are recognized as profit and loss when derecognizing.

(2) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

The Company can make irrevocable commitments at the original recognition point and present the subsequent fair value change of the not held-for-sale equity instrument to other comprehensive income. The previous mentioned options are made on each instrument base.

Equity instrument investments are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividend revenue (unless it clearly represents a recovery of part of the investment costs) is recognized under profit or loss. Other net gains or losses are recognized as other comprehensive income and not reclassified to profit or loss.

The dividend income from equity investment is recognized at the date when the Company is entitled to receive (usually the ex-dividend date).

(3) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets, which are not measured at amortized cost mentioned above or measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, are measured at fair value through income, including the derivatives.

Such assets are measured at fair value, and their net gains or losses (including any dividend revenue and interest revenue) are recognized as profit or loss.

(4) Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes the loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalent, financial assets measured at amortized cost, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, refundable deposits, and other financial assets, etc.), and expected credit loss.

The loss allowance for financial assets below are measured based on 12 months of expected credit loss and the rest are measured based on lifetime expected credit loss:

- Determine the debt securities credit risk is low on the reporting date; and
- The credit risks (such as the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) of other debt securities and bank deposits do not obviously increase after initial recognition.

The loss allowance for accounts receivable is measured on the lifetime expected credit loss amount.

To determine if the credit risk is obviously increased after recognition, the Company considers information that is reasonable and can be corroborated (not overly high cost or that can be obtained after investment) including qualitative and quantitative information, in terms of history of the Company, credit evaluation, and perspective information analysis.

If the contract receivables are due over 60 days, the Company assumes the financial

asset credit risk is obviously increased.

If the contract receivables are due over 365 days or the borrower is incapable of executing its credit obligation for paying the full amount to the Company, the Company deems the financial asset is in default.

Lifetime expected credit losses is the expected credit losses arising from all the potential defaults on financial instruments during the expected lifetime of financial instruments.

The 12-month expected credit losses is the expected credit losses of financial instruments resulting from possible default events within 12 months after the reporting date (or the shorter period if the expected lifetime of the financial instrument is shorter than 12 months).

The longest period for expected credit loss measurement is the longest contract period the Company exposed to the credit risks.

The expected credit loss is the percentage weighted estimate of financial instrument expected lifetime credit loss. The credit loss is measured at the cash collection shortage, e.g. the difference between the collectible cash-flow per contract and the expected collectible cash-flow of the Company. The expected credit loss is discounted at the financial asset effective interest rate.

The Company evaluated the financial assets and the credit impairment based on the amortized cost on every reporting date. If one or multiple unfavorable matters occurred to the financial asset future cash flow estimate, the financial asset credit is impaired. The evidence that the financial asset is credit impaired includes observable information for the matters below:

·Significant financial difficulty to the borrower or issuer;

Breach of contract, such as arrearage or overdue over 365 days;

•Because of economic or contract reasons related to the borrower's financial difficulty, the Company makes a concession to the borrower which is not considered originally;

- The borrower will probably file for bankruptcy or other finance restructure; or
- The active market of the financial asset vanishes because of financial difficulty.

The loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortized cost is deducted from the carrying amount of assets.

When the Company is unable to predict the financial asset collection reasonably as a whole or partially, the total carrying amount of the financial asset is directly deducted. For corporate customers, the Company individually analyzed when to write off and the amount to be written off on the basis of whether a reasonable expectation of recovery exists. The Company expected that a significant reversal in the amount written off will not occur; however, the financial assets that are written off may be still subject to

enforcement activity to conform to the Company's procedure for the recovery of the overdue amount.

(5) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset expire, or the financial asset has been transferred and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to other enterprises, or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are neither transferred nor retained and the control of the financial asset is not retained.

In the Company's signed transaction, if all or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are retained, such transaction will continue to be recognized on the Balance Sheet.

2. Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

(1) Financial liability

Financial liabilities are classified and measured at amortized cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss. If the financial liabilities are held for trading, derivatives, or designated at initial recognition, they are classified into the fair value through profit or loss category. Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and the related net profit or loss, including any interest expense, is recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expenses and foreign exchange gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when other financial liabilities are derecognized.

(2) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. When a modification is made to the terms of a financial liability and the cash flows of the liability after modification are substantially differently, the financial liabilities should be derecognized and a new financial liability is recognized at fair value based on the terms after modification.

When derecognizing financial liabilities, the difference between the book value of the financial liabilities derecognized and the consideration paid and payable (including any non-cash transfers or liabilities undertaken) is recognized in profit and loss.

(3) Offsetting financial assets with financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and expressed in net amount in the balance sheet when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability

simultaneously.

(VII) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Costs include the acquiring, production, processing or other costs to make inventories arrive at the place and condition they can be used, and are calculated using weight average method. Costs of finished products and work-in-process inventories include manufacturing expenses allocated with an appropriate ratio based on normal production capacity.

Net realizable value represents the balance with estimated costs required to complete the production and get the products ready subtracted from the estimated selling price. (VIII) Investments in subsidiaries

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, the Company uses the equity method to account for its investees over which it has control. Under the equity method, profit (loss) of the current period and other comprehensive income in the parent company only financial statements shall equal to the amount attributable to owners of the parent in the parent company only financial statements. Owners' equity in the parent company only financial statements shall equal to equity attributable to owners of the parent in the parent company only financial statements.

Changes in the company's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the company losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions.

(IX) Real estate properties, plants and equipment

1. Recognition and measurement

An item of real estate property, plant and equipment is carried at its cost (including capitalized borrowing costs) less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

When the material components of real estate property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, it should be treated as a separate item (material component) of real estate property, plant and equipment.

The gains or losses on disposal of real estate property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss.

2. Subsequent costs

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company.

3. Depreciation

The depreciation expense equals the cost of the asset less the residual value, and through the straight line method, it is recognized in profit or loss over the expected useful life of each component.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of current period and the comparative period:

- (1) Buildings and constructions 5~50 years
- (2) Machinery Equipment 3~10 years
- (3) Other Equipment 2~10 years

The Company reviews the depreciation method, useful lives, and residual values, and makes proper adjustments as necessary at each reporting date.

(X) Leases

The Company assesses whether the arrangement is or includes a lease arrangement upon the inception of the contract. If a contract transfer conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration, the contract is or includes a lease.

1. Lessee

The Company initially recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement day of the lease. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, consisting of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement date, the initial direct costs incurred, and an estimate of costs to be incurred by dismantling and removing the underlying asset and restoring the location where the asset resides or the underlying asset less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the period from the commencement date of the lease to expiration of its useful life or expiration of the lease term, whichever date is earlier. In addition, the Company regularly assesses whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and accounts for any impairment loss identified, and if the lease liability is remeasured, the right-of-use asset is adjusted accordingly.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that have not been paid at the commencement day of the lease. If the implied interest rate of the lease is easily determined, the lease payments are discounted to present value using that interest rate. If such interest rate is not easily determined, they are discounted to present value using the incremental borrowing rate. In general, the Company adopts its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The lease payments included in the lease liabilities are:

- (1) fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- (2) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and are initially measured at the index or rate at the commencement date of the lease;
- (3) the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- (4) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease.

The lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method, and are remeasured in the following situations:

- (1) there is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments;
- (2) there is a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee;
- (3) there is a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset;
- (4) there is a change in the estimate of the options to extend or terminate result in the estimate of the lease term is modified; or
- (5) there is a modification in the object, scope, or other terms of a lease.

When the lease liabilities are remeasured because of the above change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments, in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or in the estimate of the options to extend or terminate, the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets should be adjusted relatively, and if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has already been reduced to zero, the remaining remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss.

For modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is decreased to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and the difference from the remeasurement amount of the lease liabilities is recognized in profit or loss.

The Company expressed the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities which do not meet the definition of the investment property as a single-line item in the balance sheet.

For short-term leases and office machine rentals, the Company chose not to recognize the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. It recognized the relevant lease payments as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Starting from January 1, 2021, when changing the basis for determining future lease payments as required by IBOR reform, the Company adopted an amended discount rate that reflects another benchmark interest rate, the Company discounted the amended lease payment to remeasure lease liabilities.

2. Lessor

When acting as a lessor in a transaction, the Company classifies the lease contract based on whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset have been transferred under the lease contract. If that is the case, the lease contract is classified as a finance lease, otherwise it is classified as an operating lease. In the assessment, the Company considers relevant specific indicators such as whether the lease term is for the major part of the remaining economic life of the underlying asset.

(XI) Intangible Assets

1. Recognition and measurement

Other intangible assets with finite useful lives acquired by the Company are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment.

2. Subsequent Expenditure

Subsequent expenditures can only be capitalized when generating probable future economic benefits.

3. Amortization

Amortization is calculated by deducting the estimated residual value from the cost of the asset's cost. The intangible asset is recognized as profit or loss within its estimated service life using the straight-line method since the intangible asset reaches the recognized state of use.

The estimated useful lives of current period and the comparative period:

Computer Software 3~5 years

The Company reviews the residual values, useful lives, and amortization method to intangible assets and makes proper adjustments as necessary at each reporting date.

(XII) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there are any signs indicating that impairment losses may have occurred in the carrying amount of non-financial assets (except for inventories and deferred tax assets). If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is assessed.

For impairment test purposes, a group of assets that generate cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets represents the smallest identifiable group of assets.

The recoverable amount is the fair value of the individual asset or cash-generating unit minus the cost of disposal and its value in use depends on which is higher. When measuring the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are converted to the present value at the discount rate before tax and should reflect the current market measure to the time value of money and the specific risks of the assets or cash-generating unit.

If the recoverable amount of an individual asset or cash-generating unit is lower the book value, and impairment loss shall be recognized.

The impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss for the current period. Except for the goodwill, non-financial assets measured at cost investments other than the impairment loss recognized in prior periods may no longer exist or decrease when the carrying amount (deducting the depreciation or amortization) of the asset shall reverse rotation amount.

(XIII) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenue is measured at the expected proceeds collection right from goods or services

transferred. The Company recognizes revenue when goods or services transferred to customers to meet the contract obligations.

The Company manufactures medical supplies and sells to the markets. The Company recognizes revenue when control rights of goods are transferred. When control rights of goods have been delivered to customers it means the customers own all rights to decide product sales channels and prices and there are no un-executed obligation impacts on customers' willingness to accept the products. Delivered means the products have been shipped to specific locations and the obsolete and loss risks are transferred to customers and customers have accepted products per sales contracts, the acceptance term has expired, or the Company has deemed all acceptance has been met with objective evidence.

The Company recognizes accounts receivable when goods are delivered because it owns unconditional rights to collect the proceeds at that point.

(XIV) Employee benefit

1. Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution retirement benefit plans, payments to the benefit plan are recognized in profit and loss when the employees have rendered service entitling them to the benefits.

2. Defined benefit plan

All other retirement plans besides the defined contribution plans are defined benefit plans. Net obligation of the Company under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive for their services in current period or prior periods. And less the fair value of any plan assets. The rate used to discount is determined by using market yields of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability of the Company on the reporting date.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation result is in the Company's favor, the assets recognition only includes the present value of economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. Any minimum funding requirements are considered for present value calculations of economic benefits. If the benefit can be realized during the plan implementation period or at the time when the liabilities of the plan are settled, it is beneficial to the Company.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liabilities include (1) Actuarial gains and losses; (2) returns on plan assets (no interests included); and (3) Any change in the effect of the asset ceiling, but excluding interests. The remeasurements of defined benefit liabilities are recognized under other comprehensive income.

The Company shall recognize the remeasurement of the defined benefit plan under other comprehensive income and accumulate the retained earnings. The Company decided that net interest expense (revenue) on the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) is calculated by the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) and the discount rate determined at the start of the reporting period. Net interest expense on the net defined benefit plan and other expenses are recognized in profit or loss.

When the plan is modified or reduced, the benefit changes related to the past service costs or reduced benefits or losses are immediately recognized in profit or loss. When the Company repays the debts, the gains or losses due to settlements of defined benefit plan are recognized.

3. Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits obligation is measured at an undiscounted basis and recognized as expenses as related services provided.

(XV) Income Taxes

The income tax for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred income taxes shall be recognized as profit or loss or recognized directly under the equity and other comprehensive income.

Current income tax includes expected tax payable or tax refundable calculated based on the taxable income and the adjustments to tax payable or income tax refund receivable from prior years. The amount thereof refers to the best estimate of the amount expected to be paid or received measured by the statutory tax rates or tax rate that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred income tax is recognized for the temporary differences arising between the book value for the purpose of reporting assets and liabilities as well as the tax bases of these assets and liabilities on the reporting date. However, the temporary difference resulting from the following conditions are not recognized as deferred income tax:

- 1. From an asset or liability originally recognized in a transaction other than a business combination and at the time of the transaction it would not affect either accounting or taxable profit (loss);
- 2. The Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference arising from investments in subsidiaries and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax is measured at the tax rate at the reversal of the temporary difference using the statutory tax rate or substantive legislative rate as a basis.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities of the Company are offset only when all the following conditions are met:

1. When the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current

tax liabilities, and

- 2. Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are levied by the same taxation authority are of;
 - (1) The same taxpaying entity; or
 - (2) Different entities, however each entity intends to settle, for the expected recovery of all significant deferred income tax assets and the expected settlement of the deferred income tax liabilities in every future period, at a net basis the current tax liabilities or assets or realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

To the extent they may be used to offset future taxable income, the unused tax losses and credits carried to subsequent periods as well the deductible temporary differences are recognized as deferred income tax assets. And they should be reassessed at each reporting date, reduced within the extent of the relevant income tax benefits more likely than not to be realizable, or reversal the reduced amount within the extent of them very likely turning into sufficient taxable income.

(XVI) Earnings per share

The Company lists the basic and diluted EPS attributed to the common stock equity holder of the Company. The basic EPS of the Company is calculated by dividing the profit and loss attributed to the common stock equity holder of the company by the weight average outstanding common shares of the current period. The diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the profit and loss attributed to the common stock equity holder of the Company by the weight average outstanding common shares adjusted with potential effects on diluting these common shares.

(XVII) Segment Information

The Company discloses segment information in the consolidated financial statements. Therefore, the parent company only financial statements do not disclose segment information.

V. Significant accounting judgments, estimations, assumptions and sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the parent company only financial statements shall be in conformity with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that will affect application of the accounting policies and the amount reported on assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

The management continues to review and estimate the underlying assumption, changes of accounting estimate are recognized in the year the change occurs or in the future period that will be impacted by the change.

The following assumptions and estimates are subject to significant risks of material adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year and have

reflected the impact of the Covid-19 outbreak. The relevant details are as follows:

(I) Valuation of inventory

As inventory is measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value, on the reporting date the Company assesses the loss of inventory due to normal wear and tear, obsolesce or of no market value, and has the corresponding costs of inventory offset with the net realized value. Inventory valuation is based primarily on an estimate of the need of a product in a specific period in the future. There might be significant changes due to changes of products.

(II) Impairment assessment for investments accounted for using the equity method

The valuation of investments accounted for using the equity method relies on subjective judgment of the Company, including recognition of the cash generating units and the recoverable amount of the relevant cash generating units.

VI. Details of significant accounting items

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

| | 20 | 122.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|---|----|-----------|------------|
| Cash on hand | \$ | 889 | 1,081 |
| Checks and demand deposits | | 89,389 | 120,208 |
| Cash and cash equivalents listed on the cash flow | | \$ 90,278 | 121,289 |
| statement | | | |

2021 12 21

2022 12 21

For disclosure of interest risk and sensitivity analysis of the financial assets and liabilities of the Company please refer to note 6(16)

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the cash and cash equivalent of the Company were not provided as loan guarantee or litigation collateral to a financial institute or court.

(II) Notes Receivable and Accounts Receivable

| | 20 | 22.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|--|-----------|----------|------------|
| Notes receivable - from business operation | \$ | 14,498 | 17,417 |
| Accounts Receivable | | 125,663 | 95,926 |
| Account Receivable - Related Party | | 233,745 | 196,437 |
| Less: Loss Allowance | | (2,148) | (2,267) |
| | <u>\$</u> | 371,758 | 307,513 |

The Company adopted the simplified method to estimate credit loss of all notes and accounts receivable, e.g. adopting the lifetime expected credit loss measurement method. For measurement purposes, the notes and accounts receivable are classified per the common credit risk characteristic of customers' ability to pay the total amount due under contract terms and included as prospective information. The company expected credit loss analysis of notes and accounts receivable as of December 31,2022 and 2021 are as below:

.

| | | | 2022.12.31 | |
|---------------------------|---------|---|--|--|
| | A: A | Carrying mount of Accounts eceivable | Weighted Average Expected Credit Loss Rate | Loss Allowance Lifetime Expected Credit Loss |
| Not Overdue | \$ | 367,273 | 0.36% | 1,340 |
| Overdue Less Than 60 Days | | 6,537 | 11.44% | 748 |
| Over 61-90 Days | | 49 | 42.86% | 21 |
| Over 91-180 Days | | 21 | 61.9% | 13 |
| Over 181-365 Days | | 26 | 100% | 26 |
| | \$ | 373,906 | | 2,148 |
| | | | 2021.12.31 | |
| | A: A | Carrying mount of Accounts eceivable | Weighted Average Expected Credit Loss Rate | Loss Allowance Lifetime Expected Credit Loss |
| Not Overdue | \$ | 291,283 | 0.17% | 504 |
| Overdue Less Than 60 Days | | 18,401 | 9.29% | 1,711 |
| Over 61-90 Days | | 66 | 48.48% | 32 |
| Over 91-180 Days | | 30 | 66.67% | 20 |
| | \$ | <u>309,780</u> | | 2,267 |

The Company changes to the statement of loss allowance for notes and accounts receivable are as below:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------|-------|
| Beginning balance | \$ | 2,267 | 731 |
| Recognized Impairment Loss | | - | 1,536 |
| Gain on reversal of impairment loss | | (119) | |
| Ending balance | <u>\$</u> | 2,148 | 2,267 |

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, no notes receivable and accounts receivable of the Company pledged as collateral.

(III) Other Receivable and Overdue Receivable

| | 2022.12.31 | | 2021.12.31 | |
|----------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|--|
| Other Receivable | \$ | 4,226 | 6,399 | |
| Other Receivable - Related Party | | 22,449 | 33,660 | |
| Overdue Receivable | | 16,563 | 16,563 | |
| Less: Loss Allowance | | (16,563) | (16,563) | |
| | \$ | 26,675 | 40,059 | |

The Company changes to the statement of loss allowance for other receivable and overdue receivable are as below:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|--------------|----------------|
| Balance at the end of the period (i.e. balance at the | \$ 16,563 | <u> 16,563</u> |
| beginning of the period) | | |

Please refer to Note 6 (16) for information on other credit risks

(IV) Inventories

| | 2022.12.31 | | 2021.12.31 | |
|------------------------|------------|---------|------------|--|
| Finished goods | \$ | 14,731 | 10,180 | |
| Work in Process | | 46,198 | 46,681 | |
| Raw Materials | | 71,645 | 101,775 | |
| Products | | 5,324 | 21,441 | |
| Inventories in transit | | 77 | 2,089 | |
| | <u>\$</u> | 137,975 | 182,166 | |

Details of the inventory related expenses loss under operating costs recognized in 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|-----------|---------|---------|
| Costs of sales | \$ | 839,742 | 824,596 |
| Loss on inventory scrap | | 1,458 | 2,141 |
| Loss on market value decline of inventory | | 7,831 | 6,090 |
| Inventory adjustment credits | | (361) | (353) |
| Income from scrap and wastes | | (26) | (42) |
| Total Operating Costs | <u>\$</u> | 848,644 | 832,432 |

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, no inventory of the Company pledged as collateral. (V) Investment accounted for using the equity method

The investments of the Company accounted for using the equity method at the reporting date are as follows:

| | 2 | 022.12.31 | 2021.12.31 | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|--|
| Subsidiary | <u>\$</u> | 1,673,388 | <u>1,971,687</u> | |

Subsidiary

Please refer to the consolidated financial statements for 2022.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, no investments accounted for using the equity method of the Company were pledged as collateral.

(XI) Real estate properties, plants and equipment

Details of the changes in costs and accumulated depreciation of the Company's property, plant and equipment for 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | Land | Buildings and constructions | Machinery Equipment | Other equipment | Total |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| Cost: | | | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2022 | \$ 254,863 | 183,100 | 17,238 | 33,647 | 488,848 |
| Addition | - | 5,185 | 3,710 | 11,921 | 20,816 |
| Disposal | - | (6,506) | (1,925) | (17,761) | (26,192) |
| Reclassification | - | 250 | 1,155 | (1,405) | - |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | \$ 254,863 | 182,029 | 20,178 | 26,402 | 483,472 |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | \$ 254,863 | 184,202 | 19,192 | 34,375 | 492,632 |
| Addition | - | 16,997 | 832 | 9,354 | 27,183 |
| Disposal | - | (18,099) | (2,786) | (9,448) | (30,333) |
| Reclassification | - | - | - | (634) | (634) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | \$ 254,863 | 183,100 | 17,238 | 33,647 | 488,848 |

Accumulated Depreciation:

| | | Land | Buildings and constructions | Machinery Equipment | Other equipment | Total |
|---------------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| Balance as of January 1, 2022 | \$ | - | 68,298 | 9,644 | 17,302 | 95,244 |
| Depreciation in current period | | - | 9,981 | 2,526 | 10,789 | 23,296 |
| Disposal | | - | (6,506) | (1,925) | (17,761) | (26,192) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | \$ | - | 71,773 | 10,245 | 10,330 | 92,348 |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | \$ | - | 79,032 | 9,749 | 12,141 | 100,922 |
| Depreciation in current period | | - | 7,365 | 2,681 | 14,609 | 24,655 |
| Disposal | | - | (18,099) | (2,786) | (9,448) | (30,333) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | \$ | - | 68,298 | 9,644 | 17,302 | 95,244 |
| Carrying Value: | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2022 | \$ | 254,863 | 110,256 | 9,933 | 16,072 | 391,124 |
| December 31, 2021 | <u>\$</u> | 254,863 | 114,802 | 7,594 | 16,345 | 393,604 |

1. Other assets were reclassified to intangible assets by \$634 thousand in 2021.

2. For details of financing guarantees as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, please refer to Note 8.

(VII) Intangible Assets

Detail of costs and accumulated amortization of the intangible assets of the Company for 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | | mputer ftware |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------------------|
| Cost: | | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2022 | \$ | 8,853 |
| Obtained individually | | 348 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | <u>\$</u> | 9,201 |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | \$ | 7,089 |
| Obtained individually | | 1,812 |
| Disposal | | (682) |
| Reclassified to | | 634 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | \$ | 8,853 |
| Accumulated Amortization: | | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2022 | \$ | 4,672 |
| Amortization in current period | | 1,660 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | \$ | 6,332 |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | \$ | 3,967 |
| Amortization in current period | | 1,387 |
| Disposal | | (682) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | \$ | 4,672 |
| Carrying Value: | | |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | <u>\$</u> | 2,869 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | <u>\$</u> | 4,181 |
| - 262 - | | |

(VIII) Short-term notes

The detail of short-term borrowings of the Company is as follows:

| | 20 | 022.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------|
| Unsecured bank borrowings | \$ | 253,644 | 213,105 |
| Secured bank borrowings | | 34,650 | 127,310 |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 288,294 | 340,415 |
| Unused credit term | <u>\$</u> | 766,806 | 754,385 |
| Interest rate range | | <u>1.3%~5.59%</u> | 0.85%~1.46% |

For detail on property, plant and equipment used by the Company as mortgage to guarantee borrowing from the bank or as the funding credit to the bank please refer to Note 8.

(IX) Employee benefits

1. Defined benefit plan

Reconciliation of the present value of the defined benefit obligations plan and the fair value of the plan assets of the Company is as follows:

| | 20 | 22.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|---|-----------|----------|------------|
| Present value of defined benefit obligation | \$ | 27,273 | 32,820 |
| Fair value of the plan assets | | (26,230) | (27,459) |
| Net defined benefit liability | <u>\$</u> | 1,043 | 5,361 |

The Company makes defined benefit plan contributions to the pension fund account at Bank of Taiwan that provides pensions for employees upon retirement. The plans covered by the Labor Standards Act entitles a retired employee to receive an annual payment based on years of service and average salary for the six months prior to retirement. (1) Composition of plan assets

The pension fund contributed in accordance with the Labor Standards Act is controlled and managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds of the Ministry of Labor (referred to as "Bureau of Labor Funds"). In accordance with the "Regulations for revenues, expenditures, safeguard and utilization of the labor retirement fund", with respect to the utilization of funds, the minimum yield distributed at year closing shall not be lower than earnings calculated on the two-year time deposits with interest rates compatible with those of local banks.

As of the reporting date, the Bank of Taiwan labor pension reserve account balance of the Company amounted to NT\$26,230 thousand. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Bureau of Labor Funds.

(2) Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligations of the Company for

| 2022 and 2021 | are as follows: |
|---------------|-----------------|
|---------------|-----------------|

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|----|---------|---------|
| Defined benefit obligations on January 1 | \$ | 32,820 | 35,930 |
| Current service costs and interests | | 295 | 424 |
| Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability | 7 | | |
| - Actuarial gain due to adjustment on | | (124) | (2,432) |
| experiences | | | |
| - Actuarial loss due to changes on assumption | on | - | 598 |
| of demographic statistic | | | |
| - Actuarial loss due to changes of financial | | (2,096) | - |
| assumption | | | |
| Income (Loss) of past service cost and settlement | | (3,622) | - |
| Payment of planned assets | | _ | (1,700) |
| Defined benefit obligations on December 31 | \$ | 27,273 | 32,820 |

(3) Movement in fair value of plan assets

The changes in fair value of the defined benefit plan assets of the Company of 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|--------------|---------|
| Fair value of the plan assets as of January 1 | \$ 27,459 | 27,872 |
| Interest Income | 139 | 141 |
| Remeasurement of net defined benefit | | |
| liability | | |
| - Returns on plan assets (no current | 2,250 | 365 |
| interests included) | | |
| Amounts contributed to the plan | - | 781 |
| Payment of planned benefits | - | (1,700) |
| Income (Loss) of past service cost and | (3,618) | - |
| settlement | | |
| Fair value of the plan assets as of December | \$ 26,230 | 27,459 |
| 31 | | |

(4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

Detail of expenses of the Company of 2022 and 2021 are as follows:20222021Service costs in current period\$ 131244Net interests of the net defined benefit liability2539

| | \$ | 156 | 283 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|
| General and Administrative Expenses | <u>\$</u> | 156 | 283 |

(5) Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability recognized as other comprehensive income

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability accumulated recognized as other comprehensive income by the Company is as follows:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Accumulated Balance, January 1 | \$ | (5,038) | (7,238) |
| Recognized in current period | | 4,470 | 2,200 |
| Accumulated Balance, December 31 | <u>\$</u> | (568) | (5,038) |

2022

2021

(6) Actuarial assumptions

Significant actuarial assumptions adopted by the Company to determine present value of defined benefit obligation as of the reporting date are as follows:

| | 2022.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|
| Discount rate | 1.375% | 0.500% |
| Future salary rate increase | 2.250% | 2.250% |

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan is 7.3 years.

(7) Sensitivity analysis

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 the impact due to change on major actuarial assumption of the defined benefit obligation is as follows:

| | The impact of the defined benefit obligations | | |
|---|---|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | nount reased | Amount decreased |
| December 31, 2022 | | | |
| Discount rate (0.25% changed) | \$ | (493) | 510 |
| Increase in the future salary level (0.25% changed) | | 497 | (483) |
| December 31, 2021 | | | |
| Discount rate (0.25% changed) | | (687) | 712 |
| Increase in the future salary level (0.25% changed) | | 688 | (668) |

The above sensitivity analysis is to analyze the impact brought by change of one single assumption, with other assumptions remaining unchanged. In reality, many assumptions are correlated. The approach adopted by the sensitivity analysis is the same as the approach to calculate net defined benefit liability as of the balance sheet.

The sensitivity analysis adopted this current period is the same as that used in the previous period.

2. Defined contribution plans

The Company allocates 6% of each employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account at the Bureau of Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. Under this defined contribution plan, the Company allocates a fixed amount to the Bureau of Labor Insurance without additional legal or constructive obligations.

The Company pension fund expenses under the defined contribution method are NT\$10,248 thousand and NT\$10,421 thousand for the year of 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(X) Income Taxes

1. Income tax expense

Detail of the income tax expenses of the Company for 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|--------------|-------|
| Tax expenses in current period | | |
| Incurred in current Period | \$ 16,735 | 3,516 |
| Expense of deferred income tax (benefit) | | |
| Origination and reversal of temporary | (1,876) | 547 |
| difference | | |
| Income tax expenses | \$ 14,859 | 4,063 |

Detail of income tax expense recognized by the Company under other comprehensive income for 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | 2 | 022 | 2021 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----|------|
| Remeasurement of defined benefit plan | <u>\$</u> | 894 | 440 |

Reconciliation of income tax expenses and profit before tax by the Company for 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|---------------|----------|
| Profit before Tax | \$ 176,268 | 106,310 |
| Income tax expenses calculated with the statutory | \$ 35,254 | 21,262 |
| rate enforced in the country where the Company | | |
| is located | | |
| Impact on tax rate difference of foreign | (588) | (186) |
| jurisdiction | | |
| Tax imposed on undistributed earnings | - | 1,909 |
| Tax incentive | (4,184) | (875) |
| Other adjustments per tax laws | (15,623) | (18,066) |
| Estimated Income tax Difference | - | 19 |
| Total | \$ 14,859 | 4,063 |

2. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities

(1) Unrecognized Deferred Income Tax Liabilities

The related temporary difference between the Company and its invested subsidiaries as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 is not recognized as the Company controls the time to reverse the temporary difference and believes the reversal will not take place in the foreseeable future. Therefore not recognized as deferred income tax liabilities. Relevant amount is as follows:

| | | 2022.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| Summary of the temporary difference between the | \$ | 394,587 | 330,616 |
| company and its subsidiaries | | | |
| Amount yet to be recognized as deferred income tax | \$ <u></u> | 78,917 | 66,123 |
| liabilities | | | |

(2) Unrecognized deferred income tax assets

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company did not recognize any deferred income tax assets.

(3) Recognized deferred income tax assets and liabilities

Changes in deferred income tax assets and liabilities for 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

| | | Defined nefit plan | Unrealized goes margin from sales to affiliated companies | Unrealized loss for market price decline of inventory | Loss Allowance | Others | Total |
|----------------------------------|----|-----------------------|---|---|-------------------|---------|--------|
| January 1, 2022 | \$ | 944 | 15,634 | 2,693 | 2,957 | 5,870 | 28,098 |
| (Debit) / Credit income statemer | ıt | 31 | 3,077 | 1,566 | (95) | (2,703) | 1,876 |
| (Debit) / Credit other | | (894) | _ | | - | - | (894) |
| comprehensive income | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2022 | \$ | 81 | 18,711 | 4,259 | 2,862 | 3,167 | 29,080 |
| January 1, 2021 | \$ | 1,483 | 14,313 | 1,475 | 2,957 | 8,857 | 29,085 |
| (Debit) / Credit income statemer | nt | (99) | 1,321 | 1,218 | - | (2,987) | (547) |
| (Debit) / Credit other | | (440) | - | - | - | - | (440) |
| comprehensive income | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2021 | \$ | 944 | 15,634 | 2,693 | 2,957 | 5,870 | 28,098 |

Deferred income tax assets:

3. The Company's profit-seeking enterprise income tax returns have been assessed by the tax authorities through 2020.

(XI) Capital and other equity

1. Issuance of common shares

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the authorized capital of the Company amounted to NT\$ 1,500,000 thousand, with each share at NT\$10 par value and 150,000 thousand shares authorized. The authorized shares mentioned above are all common shares. The outstanding shares are 100,912 thousand shares and the subscription amount for the shares was fully received.

2. Capital Reserve

The balance of the capital reserve of the Company is as follows:

| - | 2022.12.31 | 2021.12.31 | |
|---|------------|------------|--|
| Additional paid-in capital in excess of par issued \$ | 335,111 | 335,111 | |
| Lapsed stock options | 10,523 | 10,523 | |
| Consolidated additional paid in capital | 1 | 1 | |
| 9 | 345,635 | 345,635 | |

Pursuant to the Company Act, the company may transfer realized capital reserve to capital or distributes cash dividends to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership only after the capital reserve has been used to offset a deficit. Realized capital reserve includes the income derived from the issuance of new shares at a premium and the income from endowments received by the company. According to the Regulations Governing the

Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, the total amount of capital reserve to be used to increase capital shall not exceed 10% of total paid-in capital.

3. Retained Earnings

Under the Articles of Incorporation of the company, the earnings, if any, shall be distributed after close of the year as follows:

- (1) Pay for income taxes.
- (2) Restore cumulative losses.
- (3) Set aside 10% as a legal reserve, except if the statutory reserve has reached the amount as capital of the Company then it is not bound by this statue.
- (4) Have the special reserve appropriated or revered in accordance with applicable laws and regulations or competent authority.
- (5) The Board of Directors should add the remainder with the accumulated undistributed earnings from previous years and submit a proposal to the shareholders' meeting for them to agree the distribution of earnings.

Dividend policy of the Company is as follows:

Dividend policy of the Company, set up by the Board of Directors, is to match with the development of business scale, investment plan while taking into account the capital expenditure and internal and external environmental changes of the Company. The Board of Directors initiated the earning distribution plan and submitted it to the shareholders' meeting for their resolution to distribute the earnings. Dividends may be distributed in the form of cash or shares, provided, however, that shares dividends distributed in respect of any fiscal year shall not exceed 50 percent of earnings distributed.

(1) Statutory reserves

While a company incurs no loss, pursuant to the resolution by the shareholders' meeting, it may have the statutory reserve distributed by new shares or cash, however, only with an amount exceeding 25 percent of its paid-in capital.

(2) Special reserves

When the Company first adopted IFRSs endorsed by the FSC, it chose to apply IFRS 1 "First time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards", and recorded the exempts items as accumulated translation adjustment (benefits) under shareholders' equity and have the retained earnings increased by NT\$9,477 thousand. As the amount did not exceed NT\$8,852 thousand the net increase of retained earnings as adopting the IFRSs endorsed by FSC on the conversion date, in accordance with the regulation by FSC, the Company is only required to appropriate special reserve on the net increase of retained earnings due to the conversion to IFRSs endorsed by FSC, and may reverse a percentage of the original appropriated special reserve for the distribution of earnings upon utilizing, deposing or reclassifying relevant assets. As of December 31,

2022 and 2021, the special reserves are NT\$252,634 thousand and NT\$178,568 thousand, respectively.

When the Company distributed distributable retained earnings, if there is any difference between the debits recorded under other shareholders' equity of the year and balance of the special reserve mentioned in the previous paragraph, additional special reserve should be appropriated from the profit or loss of this current period and the undistributed retained earnings of prior period; if they are debits of other shareholders' equity accumulated from prior periods, the special reserve appropriated additionally from the retained earnings of prior periods shall not be distributed. Later on when there is a reversal on debits of the other shareholders' equity, the amount reversed may be used for distributing earnings.

(3) Earnings Distribution

The shareholders' meeting resolved to distribute earnings of 2021 and 2020 on June 20, 2022 and August 26, 2021, respectively. The dividends distributed to the owners are as follows:

| | 202 | 1 | 2020 | | | |
|------|------------------|--------|-------------------------------|--------|--|--|
| | tment dollar) | Amount | Allotment rate (dollar) | Amount | | |
| Cash | \$ 0.55_ | 55,501 | 0.55_ | 55,501 | | |

| Other equity (net of tax) | s tı dif | Financial tatements ranslation ferences of foreign perations | Unrealized Profit and Loss on Financial Asset Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income | Total |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---|--|-----------|
| Balance as of January 1, 2022 | \$ | (258,393) | 5,759 | (252,634) |
| Unrealized Gains or Losses on | | | | |
| Financial Assets Measured at | | | | |
| Fair Value Through Other | | | | |
| Comprehensive Income | | - | 3,299 | 3,299 |
| Share of translation difference of | | | | |
| subsidiaries and joint ventures | | | | |
| accounted for using equity | | | | |
| method | | 49,196 | - | 49,196 |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | <u>\$</u> | (209,197) | 9,058 | (200,139) |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | \$ | (170,527) | 9,010 | (161,517) |
| Unrealized Gains or Losses on | | | | |
| Financial Assets Measured at | | | | |
| Fair Value Through Other | | | | |
| Comprehensive Income | | - | (3,251) | (3,251) |
| Share of translation difference of | | | | |
| subsidiaries and joint ventures | | | | |
| accounted for using equity | | | | |
| method | | (87,866) | - | (87,866) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2021 | \$ | (258,393) | 5,759 | (252,634) |

4. Other equity (net of tax)

(XII) Earnings per share

In 2022 and 2021, relevant calculations of the basic EPS and diluted EPS of the Company are as follows:

1. Basic EPS

| | 2022 | 2021 | |
|---|---------------|---------|--|
| (1) Net income attributable to common stock | \$ 161,409 | 102,247 | |
| shareholders of the Company | | | |

| (2) Weighted average number of common shares outs | - | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|-----------|-----------|------------------|
| Weighted average number of common stock | \$ | 100,912 | 100,912 |
| shares outstanding | <u>¥</u> | 100,912 | 100,912 |
| Basic EPS (Dollars) | \$ | 1.60 | 1.01 |
| Dasie El S (Dollars) | <u>φ</u> | 1.00 | 1.01 |
| 2. Diluted EPS | | | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| Net income attributable to common stock | \$ | 161,409 | 102,247 |
| shareholders of the Company (Basic) | ¢ | | |
| Net income attributable to common stock | <u>\$</u> | 161,409 | 102,247 |
| shareholders of the Company (diluted) | | 100.012 | 100.012 |
| Weighted average number of common shares | | 100,912 | 100,912 |
| outstanding (basic) | | 624 | 409 |
| Impact of remuneration to employees | | 624 | 408 |
| Weighted average number of common shares | | 101,536 | 101,320 |
| outstanding(diluted) on December 31 Diluted EPS (Dollars) | ¢ | 1.59 | 1.01 |
| Difuted EFS (Donais) | Φ | 1.39 | 1.01 |
| (XIII) Revenue from Contracts with Customers | | | |
| 1. Details of Revenue | | | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| Major Market: | | | |
| Spain | \$ | 209,057 | 213,576 |
| United States of America | | 9 | 175,188 |
| Switzerland | | 107,419 | 44,569 |
| Taiwan | | 291,848 | 118,597 |
| Japan | | 141,777 | 152,045 |
| France | | 104,492 | 61,774 |
| Italy | | 102,276 | 13,098 |
| Other Country | <u> </u> | 306,068 | 397,666 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 1,262,946 | <u>1,176,513</u> |
| Major Product: | | | |
| Support Surface Systems | \$ | 641,254 | 615,892 |
| Respiratory Therapy Devices | | 373,133 | 374,690 |
| Welfare equipment | | 115,286 | 102,017 |
| Electronic medical devices | | 15,506 | 16,238 |
| Others | | 117,767 | 67,676 |
| | \$ | 1,262,946 | <u>1,176,513</u> |

| 2. Contract Balance | | | | |
|--|----|----------|------------|----------|
| | 20 | 22.12.31 | 2021.12.31 | 2021.1.1 |
| Notes receivable - arising from operations | \$ | 14,498 | 17,417 | 11,996 |
| Accounts Receivable (including related parties) | | 359,408 | 292,363 | 246,290 |
| Less: Loss Allowance | | (2,148) | (2,267) | (731) |
| Total | \$ | 371,758 | 307,513 | 257,555 |

Please Refer to Note 6 (2) for Accounts Receivable and its' Impairment.

(XIV) Remuneration to employees and directors

According the Article of Incorporation of the Company as approved by the board of directors, if the Company has profits, it shall appropriate $5\% \sim 15\%$ as remuneration to employees and not more than 2% as remuneration to the Directors. If the company has accumulated losses, the profit earned shall be reserved to make up the losses. Recipients entitled to receive shares or cash distributed as employee remunerations include employees of controlled companies and subordinate companies meeting certain requirements.

The Company estimated the remuneration to employees were NT\$15,634 thousand and NT\$9,429 thousand in 2022 and 2021, respectively, and the remuneration to directors were NT\$3,518 thousand and NT\$2,121 thousand in 2022 and 2021, respectively. The amount was estimated using the profits before tax and before net of the remuneration in each period to multiply a designated percentage specified in the Articles of Incorporation. The distribution was recorded as operating costs or operating expenses of 2022 and 2021. For relevant information, please log on to MOPS hosted by TWSE for inquiry. The distribution of the above remuneration to employees and directors for 2022 and 2021 adopted by a resolution of the Board of Directors has no difference from those estimated in the Company's Parent Company Only Financial Statements for 2022 and 2021.

(XV) Non-operating income and expenses

1. Interest Income

Details of interest income of the Company as follows:

| | 2 | 022 | 2021 |
|------------------------|-----------|-----|------|
| Bank deposits interest | \$ | 136 | 43 |
| other interest Income | | 432 | 744 |
| Interest Income | <u>\$</u> | 568 | 787 |

2. Other Income

Details of other income of the Company as follows:

| 1 7 | | 2022 | 2021 | | |
|---|---------------|---------|---------|--|--|
| Rental income | \$ | 11 | - | | |
| Dividend Income | | 161 | 38 | | |
| Other Income | <u>\$</u> | 172 | 38 | | |
| 3. Other Profits and Losses | | | | | |
| Details of other profits and losses of the Comp | any, as follo | ws: | | | |
| | - | 2022 | 2021 | | |
| Gain on Disposal of Financial Assets | \$ | - | 38 | | |
| Foreign Exchange Losses | | (3,812) | (8,619) | | |
| Others | | 28,482 | 3,355 | | |
| Net of Other Gains and Losses | <u>\$</u> | 24,670 | (5,226) | | |
| 4. Financial Costs | | | | | |
| Details of financial costs of the Company as fo | ollows: | | | | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 | | |
| Lease liabilities interest amortization | \$ | (29) | (28) | | |

| Lease liabilities interest amortization | \$ | (29) | (28) |
|---|-----------|---------|---------|
| Interest on bank loans | | (5,660) | (2,555) |
| Financial Costs, net | <u>\$</u> | (5,689) | (2,583) |

(XVI) Financial Instruments

1. Credit risk

(1) Credit Risk Exposure

The carrying amount of financial assets and contract assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure.

(2) Concentration of credit risk

As the Company has a broad customer base and does not concentrate its sales with a single customer and its sales territory spreads out, the concentration credit risk on accounts receivable is of little concern. The Company adopts a policy to deal only with parties with outstanding reputation. It also periodically evaluates the financial performance of its customers, and if necessary, requests collateral as security to mitigate the risk of financial loss due to default payment. Please refer to Note 6 (2) for information on credit risk exposure of notes receivable and accounts receivable; Other financial assets at amortized cost (including other receivables and time deposits) are financial assets with low credit risk, therefore, the allowance for losses is measured at the expected credit loss amount for the 12-month period. Please refer to Note 4 (6) for the explanation of how to determine the credit risk of the Consolidated Company.

2. Liquidity risk

The table below summarizes maturity dates of the company's financial liabilities. It includes estimated interests but excludes impact of netting agreement.

| | | arrying Amount | Cash flow from the agreement | 1 Within 6 months | Within 6 ~ 12 months | 1~2 years | 2~5 years | Over 5 years |
|--------------------------|-----------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | |
| Non derivative financial | | | | | | | | |
| liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Non -interest bearing | \$ | 216,162 | (216,162) | (216,162) | - | - | - | - |
| liability | | | | | | | | |
| Lease liabilities | | 2,533 | (2,545) | (1,010) | (794) | (741) | - | - |
| Instrument with floating | | 288,294 | (288,294) | (288,294) | - | - | - | _ |
| interests | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ | 506,989 | (507,001) | (505,466) | (794) | (741) | - | |
| December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | |
| Non derivative financial | | | | | | | | |
| liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Non -interest bearing | \$ | 645,762 | (645,762) | (645,762) | - | - | - | - |
| liability | | | | | | | | |
| Lease liabilities | | 3,632 | (3,722) | (981) | (846) | (1,456) | (439) | - |
| Instrument with floating | | 340,415 | (342,049) | (342,049) | - | - | - | - |
| interests | | | | | | | | |
| | <u>\$</u> | 989,809 | (991,533) | (988,792) | (846) | (1,456) | (439) | - |

The Company does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

3. Foreign exchange risk

(1) Risk Exposure of Exchange Rate Risk

Financial assets and liabilities of the Company that are exposed to significant foreign currency exchange rate risk are as follows:

| | 1 | 2022.12.31 | | | |
|---------------------|------------|------------------|------------------|---------|--|
| | | oreign Trency | Exchange rate | NTD | |
| Financial assets | | | | | |
| Monetary item | | | | | |
| USD | \$ | 2,406 | 30.7100 | 73,888 | |
| Euro | | 8,105 | 32.7200 | 265,196 | |
| GBP | | 890 | 37.0900 | 33,010 | |
| RMB | | 1,799 | 4.4080 | 7,930 | |
| Financial liability | | | | | |
| Monetary item | | | | | |
| USD | | 1,487 | 30.7100 | 45,666 | |
| Euro | | 5,338 | 32.7200 | 174,659 | |
| GBP | | 618 | 37.0900 | 22,922 | |
| RMB | | 2,446 | 4.4080 | 10,782 | |
| | | | 2021.12.31 | | |
| | F | oreign | Exchange | | |
| | <u></u> CI | irrency | rate | NTD | |
| Financial assets | | | | | |
| Monetary item | | | | | |
| USD | \$ | 3,834 | 27.6800 | 106,125 | |
| Euro | | 5,401 | 31.3200 | 169,159 | |
| GBP | | 728 | 37.3000 | 27,154 | |
| RMB | | 4,394 | 4.3440 | 19,088 | |
| Financial liability | | | | | |
| Monetary item | | | | | |
| USD | | 3,554 | 27.6800 | 98,375 | |
| Euro | | 3,550 | 31.3200 | 111,186 | |
| GBP | | 436 | 37.3000 | 16,263 | |
| | | 6.041 | 1 2 1 1 0 | 26.242 | |

(2) Sensitivity analysis

RMB

The Company's exchange rate risk is mainly from cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other receivables, short-term borrowings, accounts payable and

6,041

4.3440

26,242

other payables denominated in foreign currency and the foreign exchange gain or loss upon translation to NTD. On December 31, 2022 and 2021, when NTD depreciated or appreciated against USD, Euro, GBP and RMB by 2% and on the condition that all other factors remained the same, the net income before tax in 2022 and 2021 of the Consolidated Company would increase or decrease by NT\$2,520 thousand and NT\$1,389 thousand, respectively. Analyses of these two periods adopted the same basis. (3) Exchange gains and losses from the translation of monetary items

Since the Company has a wide variety of functional currencies, it adopts the aggregated exposures of the exchange gains and losses information of the monetary items. The gains (losses) on foreign currency exchange (including realized and unrealized) in 2022 and 2021 were NT\$(3,812) thousand and NT\$(8,169) thousand, respectively.

4. Interest rate analysis

Interest risk exposure of the financial assets and liabilities of the Company is explained in the Note of risk of liquidity management.

The following sensitivity analysis is determined in accordance with the interest risk exposure of the derivative and non-derivative instruments on the reporting date. For floating interest rate liabilities, the analysis is made by assuming the liability amounts on the reporting date are outstanding for the whole year. Staff of the Company reported to key management personnel that the interest rates they reported are with changes of an increase 2% or a decrease of 2%, and this represents a reasonable range of change, as estimated by the management.

If the interest rate increased or decreased by 2%, on the condition that all other factors remained the same, the Company's net income before tax for 2022 and 2021 would decrease or increase by NT\$5,766 thousand and NT\$6,808 thousand respectively. This is because the loan borrowed by the Company is with a floating interest rate.

5. Other price risks

If the price of equity securities changes on the reporting date (the analysis of two conservative periods adopts the same basis and assume the other factors remain unchanged), the impact on the comprehensive income and loss is as follows:

| | 2022 | 2 | 2021 | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Amount of other | | Amount of other | | |
| Security price of the reporting date | comprehensive income after tax | Income (Loss) after tax | comprehensive income after tax | Income (Loss) after tax | |
| Increased by 1% | <u>\$ 192</u> | | 159 | | |
| Decreased by 1% | <u>\$ (192)</u> | | (159) | <u> </u> | |

6. Information on fair value

(1) Category and fair value of the financial instruments

The Company through the financial assets measured at fair value and Financial Assets Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (available-for-sale financial assets) as measured at fair value on a recurring basis. All kinds of carrying value and fair value of financial assets and liabilities (Including information on the level of fair value, financial instruments not measured by fair value but with carrying value reasonably approximates to the fair value, as well as the rental liability, so no fair value information is required to be disclosed in accordance of rules) are listed as follows:

| | 2022.12.31 | | | | | |
|--|------------|--------------------|------------|---------|---------|--------|
| | | | Fair Value | | | |
| | | Carrying Amount | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| Financial Assets Through Other Comprehensive Income measured at Fair Value | | | | | | |
| Equity Instrument Measured at Fair Value Without Quoted Market Price | \$ | 19,165 | - | _ | 19,165 | 19,165 |
| Financial assets measured with amortized cost | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 90,278 | - | - | - | - |
| Notes receivable and accounts receivable (including related parties) | | 371,758 | - | - | - | - |
| Other Receivables (including related parties) | | 26,675 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total | \$ | 507,876 | - | - | 19,165 | 19,165 |
| Short-Term borrowings | \$ | 288,294 | - | - | - | - |
| Notes payable and accounts payable (including related parties) | | 91,941 | - | _ | _ | - |
| Other Payables (including related parties) | | 124,221 | - | - | - | - |
| Lease liabilities | | 2,533 | - | - | - | - |
| Total | \$ | 506,989 | - | - | - | - |

| | 2021.12.31 | | | | | |
|--|------------|--------------------|------------|---------|---------|--------|
| | ~ . | | Fair Value | | | |
| | | Carrying Amount | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| Financial Assets Through Other Comprehensive Income measured at Fair Value | | | | | | |
| Equity Instrument Measured at Fair Value Without Quoted Market Price | <u>\$</u> | 15,866 | - | - | 15,866 | 15,866 |
| Financial assets measured with amortized cost | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 121,289 | - | - | - | - |
| Notes receivable and accounts receivable (including related parties) | | 307,513 | - | - | _ | - |
| Other Receivables (including related parties) | | 40,059 | - | | - | _ |
| Sub total | | 468,861 | - | _ | - | - |
| Total | \$ | 484,727 | - | - | 15,866 | 15,866 |
| Short-Term borrowings | \$ | 340,415 | - | - | - | - |
| Notes payable and accounts payable (including related parties) | | 111,789 | - | - | - | - |
| Other Payables (including related parties) | | 533,973 | - | - | - | - |
| Lease liabilities | | 3,632 | - | - | - | - |
| Total | \$ | 989,809 | - | - | - | - |

(2) Knowhow to measure fair value of financial instruments that are not measured with fair value.

The methodology and assumptions the Company uses to estimate the financial instruments not measured at fair value are as follows:

Financial liabilities measured with amortized cost

If there is a closing report or quotation to make the deal available, the price for the transaction just closed recently and the quotation price can be used as a basis to estimate the fair value. If there is no market price for reference, the valuation method shall be used for the estimate. The estimate and assumption used for valuation is the fair value estimated by present value of cash flow.

(3) Know how to evaluate the fair value for financial instruments measured at fair value.

If quoted prices in active markets are available, they are used as fair value. The market price announced by major exchanges and the OTC trading centers for central government bonds, which are judged to be popular, are the basis for the fair value of listed equity instruments and debt instruments with active market quotations.

A financial instrument has active market quotations if public quotations are available from exchanges, brokers, underwriters, industry associations, pricing service

agencies, or competent authorities in a timely and regular manner and the prices represent actual and regular arm's-length market transactions. If the above criteria are not met, the market is not considered active. In general, a very wide bid-ask spread, a significant increase in the bid-ask spread, or low trading volume are all indicators of an inactive market.

For financial instruments held by the Company, if quoted prices in active market are available, their fair values are listed in accordance with categories they belong to and their natures as follows:

The fair values of listed redeemable bonds, listed stocks, bills of exchange and corporate bonds, which are financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded in an active market, are determined by reference to quoted market prices.

Except for the above-mentioned financial instruments with an active market, the fair values of other financial instruments are obtained by using valuation techniques or by referring to quoted prices from counterparties. Fair value obtained through the valuation techniques may be referenced to the current available fair value, discount cash flow method or valuation techniques of other financial instruments of similar natures and features, including value obtained through market information calculation model on the balance sheet.

The fair values of financial instruments held by the Company that do not have an active market are presented below by category and attribute:

- Equity instruments without quoted market prices: The fair values are estimated using market comparable company method, and the main assumptions are based on the estimated earnings before tax, interest, depreciation and amortization of the investees and the earnings multipliers derived from the quoted market prices of comparable listed companies. The estimates are adjusted for the discount effect of the lack of marketability on the equity securities.
- (4) Transfer between Level 1 and Level 2

There were no transfers in 2022 and 2021.

(5) Quantitative Information of Fair Value Measurement for the Significant

Unobservable Inputs (the third level)

The Company fair value measurement classified as the third level is financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income – equity security investment.

The Company's investments in equity instruments with no active market have plural material unobservable input values. The significant unobservable inputs of equity instrument investments without an active market are independent from each other, so no

interrelationship exists.

The quantitative information of the significant unobservable inputs is listed as below:

| Item | Technique Valuation | Significant Unobservable Inputs | Relationship Between Significant Unobservable Input and Fair Value |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Financial Assets | Analogy | • Discount for lack of | • The higher the |
| Measured at Fair | Listed and | marketability (25% | discount for lack of |
| Value Through Other | Over-the- | as of 2022.12.31 and | marketability is, |
| Comprehensive | counter | 2021.12.31) | the lower the fair |
| Income - Equity | Company | | value is. |
| Instrument Investment | Law | | |
| Without an Active | | | |
| Market | | | |

(XVII) Financial risk management

1. General description

The Company is exposed to the following risks due to use of financial instruments:

- (1) Credit risk
- (2) Liquidity risk
- (3) Market Risk

The Note presents the risk exposure information of the above risks, the goal, policy, and program as how the Company would measure and manage these risks. For further qualitative disclosure of this information please refer to relevant notes to the parent company only financial statements.

2. Framework of the risk management

The financial management department of the Company provides services to all business units. It organizes and coordinates to operate in the domestic and international financial market, as well as to monitor and manage the financial risks of the operation of the company by analyzing the risk exposure by the risk level and the breath of the risks. The Company avoids risk exposure through derivative financial instruments, in order to mitigate the impact of the risks. The application of derivative financial instruments is confined by the policy approved by the Board of Directors. The policy is the written principles for the foreign exchange risk, interest risk, credit risk, the application of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, as well as the investment by the remaining liquid funds. The internal auditors continue to review compliance of the policy and the limit of the risk exposure.

3. Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the customers or counterparty default on the contractual obligations and result in financial loss to the Company; it is mainly from the receivables from customers and investment in securities.

(1) Accounts receivable and other Receivables

The Company adopts a policy of dealing only with counterparties with an outstanding reputation, and to secure collateral, if necessary, to mitigate the risk of financial loss due to default payment. The Company uses other public obtainable financial information and the historical transaction records with the major clients to perform a credit rating, and continue to monitor the credit risk exposures and the credit rating of the counterparties. The Company also allocated total transactions amounts to customers with satisfied credit ratings and had its risk management committee to review and approve credit ratings of the counterparties annually to control credit risk exposure.

The Company does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancing tools to avoid the credit risk of financial assets.

(2) Investment

Credit risk from bank deposits and other financial instruments is regularly monitored by the financial department of the Company. Considering the counterparties to the Company's transactions and performance of contracts are banks with good credit; and financial institutions, corporate organizations, and government agencies with a certain level of credit ratings or above, on which there is no significant doubt about the performance of contracts; there is no significant credit risk.

(3) Guarantee

It is the Company's policy allow the Company to provide financial guarantees to companies with which the Company has business dealings and to companies in which the Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares. Please refer to Note 7 (3) for the Company's endorsement and guarantee to its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

4. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risks refer to risks the Company may not render cash or other financial assets to settle financial liability and fulfill relevant obligation. The approach of the Company adopts to manage liquidity is to ensure the Company, in regular circumstances and under pressure, would have sufficient liquidity fund to pay for liability that is due, and not to suffer from unacceptable losses or risk that its reputation would be damaged.

The Company manages and maintains adequate cash and cash equivalents to fund the operation and to mitigate the impact on cash fluctuation. The management of the Company monitors the usage of bank credit terms to ensure the terms of the loan contract being complied accordingly. For the unused credit line of the Company as of December 31, 2022

and 2021, please refer to Note 6 (8) for details.

5. Market Risk

Market risk refers to the impact on revenues or values of the financial instruments held by the consolidated company due to fluctuation of the market prices, such as the changes in foreign exchange rate, interest rate and prices in equity instruments. The goal of market risk management is to control the market risk exposure to be within the bearable limits and to optimize the rate of investment.

In order to manage the market risk, the Company engages in the transaction of derivative instruments, if necessary, and thus incurred financial liability. The conductions of transactions are in compliance with the risk management policy.

(1) Foreign exchange risk

The Company is exposed to exchange rate risk resulting from the sales, purchase and borrowing transactions denominated in currencies other than functional currency. The Company's functional currency is primarily NTD. Major transactions are carried out in NTD, Euro, USD, GBP, and RMB.

For accounts receivable denominated in currencies other than functional currency held by the Company, the gains and losses incurred from fluctuation of exchange rate are offset by the exchange gains and losses of short term loans denominated in foreign currency. To lower the risk of the Company is exposed to due to exchange rate.

The Company constantly controls fluctuation of the exchange rate and uses conservative exchange rate as basis of quotation to carefully review fluctuation of the current and future exchange rate. It also employs the foreign forward exchange contract as hedging instruments to avoid consequences brought by fluctuation of the exchange rate.

Interest from the borrowing is denominated using that of the principal. Currencies from the cash flow are the same, mainly NTD, Euro, USD, and GBP.

The Company and subsidiaries do not adopt any approach to mitigate the risks on their investment.

(2) Interest rate risk

For risk exposure on interest rate of the borrowing, the Company would predict the trend of future interest rates to decide what proportion to be fixed rate to mitigate the risk.

The bank borrowings of the Company are all with floating interest rates. The fluctuation of interest rates within the expected borrowing period should be within the range acceptable by the company. Therefore, no measure has been adopted yet to proactively mitigate the risk.

(XVIII) Capital Management

The goal of capital management by the Company is to maintain the capability to continue operating a successful business, and to continue to provide rewards to the shareholders and benefits to the interested parties, and to maintain the best capital structure to lower costs of capital.

To maintain or adjust capital structure, the Company can adjust dividends paid to stockholders, shares returned to shareholders for capital deduction, new stock issuance, or assets sold to liability settlement.

As with its peers, the Company controls capital using debt /capital ratio as a basis. The ratio is calculated by net liability divided by total capital. Net liability is total liability less cash and cash equivalents listed on the balance sheet. Total capital is all equity components (e.g. capital, additional paid-in capital, retained earnings, and other equity) plus net liability.

| | 2 | 022.12.31 | 2021.12.31 | |
|--------------------------------|----|-----------|------------|--|
| Total liability | \$ | 542,632 | 1,021,290 | |
| Less: cash and cash equivalent | | (90,278) | (121,289) | |
| Net liability | \$ | 452,354 | 900,001 | |
| Total equity | \$ | 2,221,081 | 2,059,102 | |
| Adjusted Capital | \$ | 2,673,435 | 2,959,103 | |
| Debt/capital ratio | | 16.92% | 30.41% | |

VII. Related Party Transactions

(I) Parent Company and the ultimate controller

The Company is the ultimate controlling party of the Company and the Group to which it belongs.

(II) Names and relationships of related parties

The related parties who are involved in the transactions with the Company during the period covered by these parent company only financial statements are as follows:

| Names of related parties | Relationship with the Company | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Apex Medical S.L. | Subsidiary of the Company | | | | |
| Wellell America Corp. | " (Note 1) | | | | |
| Wellell (Thailand) Ltd. | " (Note 1) | | | | |
| Apex Medical Global Cooperatie UA | // | | | | |
| Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. | // | | | | |
| Wellell France S.A.S. | " (Note 1) | | | | |
| Wellell UK Limited | " (Note 1) | | | | |
| Wellell Germany GmbH | " (Note 1) | | | | |
| Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd | // | | | | |
| Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | " (Note 1) | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Names of related parties | Relationship with the Company |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Wellell (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. | 11 |
| APEX MEDICAL CORP. | 11 |
| SLK Vertriebs GmbH | 11 |
| Studio88 Design Corp. | Its President and the Chairman of the |
| | Company are first-degree relatives |
| Wen Chuan Investment Development | Its President is the spouse of the Chairman |
| Co., Ltd | of the Company |
| | |

- Note 1: To follow the Group's branding strategies, Apex Medical USA Corp., Apex Medical (Thailand) Co., Ltd., Apex Medical Ltd., Apex Medical France and Apex Medical Investment GmbH changed their names to Wellell America Corp., Wellell (Thailand) Ltd., Wellell UK Limited, Wellell France S.A.S. and Wellell Germany GmbH in 2022.
- (III) Significant transactions with the related parties
 - 1. Revenue

The amount of major sales of the Company to related parties is as follows:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Subsidiary - Apex Medical S.L. | \$ | 210,737 | 215,185 |
| Subsidiary - APEX MEDICAL CORP. | | 174,440 | - |
| Subsidiary–Wellell France S.A.S. | | 104,042 | 59,185 |
| Subsidiary | | 127,337 | 149,745 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 616,556 | 424,115 |

The selling prices of the Company's sales to related parties were better than those of sales to unrelated parties, except for some transactions which do not have comparable transactions with unrelated parties. The collection terms are 50% in advance of shipment and 15 to 180 days for the rest. The Company does not hold any collateral on the receivables with the related parties. After the evaluation, no provisions for impairment loss will be necessary.

2. Purchase

The amount of purchases made by the Company with the related parties is as follows:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|-----------|---------|---------|
| Subsidiary - Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | \$ | 169,612 | 244,493 |
| Subsidiary | | 2,120 | 11,682 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 171,732 | 256,175 |

The Company's purchase prices from its subsidiaries are not comparable to those from other vendors because the types of purchases are different. The payment terms are 15 to 60 days from the monthly cut-off day, which are not significantly different from those of other vendors.

3. Balance of accounts receivable from related parties

The details of the Company's accounts receivable from related parties:

| Items listed in the | 1 5 | | 1 | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|----------|----------------|
| account | Category of the related parties | 20 | 22.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
| Account Receivable - | | | | |
| Related Party | Subsidiary - Apex Medical S.L. | \$ | 124,906 | 109,526 |
| Account Receivable - | | | | |
| Related Party | Subsidiary - Wellell America Corp. | | - | 16,379 |
| Account Receivable - | | | | |
| Related Party | Subsidiary–Wellell France S.A.S. | | 53,258 | 31,703 |
| Account Receivable - | | | | |
| Related Party | Subsidiary-Wellell UK Limited | | 21,276 | 22,413 |
| Account Receivable - | | | | |
| Related Party | Subsidiary - APEX MEDICAL CORP. | | 16,660 | - |
| Account Receivable - | | | | |
| Related Party | Subsidiary–Wellell (Thailand) Ltd. | | 13,736 | 10,372 |
| Account Receivable - | | | | |
| Related Party | Subsidiary | | 3,909 | 6,044 |
| Other Receivable - | | | | |
| Related Party | Subsidiary - Apex Medical S.L. | | 1,523 | 1,031 |
| Other Receivable - | | | | |
| Related Party | Subsidiary - APEX MEDICAL CORP. | | 19,690 | - |
| Other Receivable - | | | | |
| Related Party | Subsidiary | | 1,236 | 1,866 |
| | | <u>\$</u> | 256,194 | <u>199,334</u> |

4. Balance of accounts payable from related parties

The details of the Company's accounts payable from related parties:

| Items listed in the | 1 5 1 5 | 1 | |
|------------------------------------|--|----------------|------------|
| account | Category of the related parties | 2022.12.31 | 2021.12.31 |
| Account Payable - Related Party | Subsidiary - Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | \$ 10,779 | 26,245 |
| Account Payable - Related Party | Subsidiary | 690 | 4,838 |
| Other Payable - Related Party | Subsidiary – Apex Medical Global Cooperative UA | - | 411,507 |
| Other Payable - Related Party | Subsidiary – Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. | - | 2,049 |
| Other Payable - Related Party | Subsidiary - Apex Medical S.L. | 34 | 101 |
| Other Payable - Related Party | Subsidiary - Wellell America Corp. | 80 | - |
| Other Payable - Related Party | Subsidiary – Wellell Germany GmbH | 1,810 | 2,404 |
| Other Payable - Related Party | Other related party - Li, Chao Yi | 31 | - |
| Other Payable - Related Party | Other related parties - Studio88 Design Corp. | - | 1,313 |
| | | \$ 13,424 | 448,457 |

^{5.} Other transactions

| | Manufacturing Expenses and Operating Expenses | | | Other Income (Listed as Other Profits and Losses | | | |
|--|--|--------|--------|---|-----------------------|--|--|
| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | | |
| Subsidiary - APEX MEDICAL CORP. | \$ | - | - | 18,750 | - | | |
| Subsidiary | | 8,088 | 7,681 | 2,082 | 3,018 | | |
| Other related parties - Studio88 Design Corp. | | 15,000 | 12,798 | - | - | | |
| Other related parties | | 265 | - | 11 | 11 | | |
| | <u>\$</u> | 23,353 | 20,479 | 20,843 | 3,029 | | |
| | | | | Receipts in (Listed as Ot Liabi 2022.12.31 | her Current | | |
| Subsidiary | | | | \$ 42 | - | | |
| Other related parties | | | | 23 | 11 | | |
| | | | | <u>\$65</u> | 11 | | |
| | | | | Refund li (Listed as Otl Liabil | her Current ities) | | |
| | | | | 2022.12.31 | 2021.12.31 | | |
| Subsidiary - Wellell America | Cor | 0. | - | <u>\$ -</u> | 2,813 | | |

6. Endorsement/guarantee

The V 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

| | 2022.1 | 2.31 | 2021. | 12.31 |
|-----------------------|------------|------------------|------------|-----------|
| | | Converted | | Converted |
| | (Thousand) | to NTD | (Thousand) | to NTD |
| Wellell Germany GmbH | EUR 6,140 | 200,901 | EUR 6,140 | 192,305 |
| Wellell America Corp. | USD 1,500 | 46,065 | USD 500 | 13,840 |
| | <u> </u> | <u>5 246,966</u> | | 206,145 |

| 2022 | 2021 |
|--------------|---|
| \$ - | 30,763 |
| | |
| 2022 | 2021 |
| \$ 13,405 | 19,729 |
| 284 | 537 |
| \$ 13,689 | 20,266 |
| | <u>\$</u> - <u>2022</u> \$ 13,405 |

VIII. Pledged Assets

The book value of the pledged assets of the Company is as follows:

| Assets | Objectives of the pledged assets | 20 | 022.12.31 | 2021.12.31 | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|--|
| Land | Bank Borrowings | \$ | 254,863 | 254,863 | |
| Building and construction, net | Bank Borrowings | | 79,831 | 82,326 | |
| | | <u>\$</u> | 334,694 | 337,189 | |

IX. Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the credit card guarantee applied by the Company to the bank for the use of credit cards in its operation amounted to NT\$1,500 thousand.

X. Significant Disaster Loss: None.

XI. Significant events after the balance sheet date: None.

XII. Others

Employee benefits, depreciation, depletion and amortization expenses are summarized by their functions in the table below:

| By Function | | 2022 | | 2021 | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------|--------------------------------------|---|---------|
| By Nature | Included in Operating Costs | Included in Operating Expenses | Total | Included in Operating Costs | Included in Operating Expenses | Total |
| Employee Benefit | | | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | |
| Salary Expenses | 64,767 | 135,589 | 200,356 | 61,387 | 167,013 | 228,400 |
| Labor Insurance and | 6,104 | 13,869 | 19,973 | 5,860 | 14,406 | 20,266 |
| Health Insurance | | | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | |
| Pension Fund | 2,950 | 7,454 | 10,404 | 2,839 | 7,865 | 10,704 |
| Expenses | | | | | | |
| Remuneration to | - | 8,481 | 8,481 | - | 7,030 | 7,030 |
| Directors | | | | | | |
| Other Employee | 3,902 | 6,594 | 10,496 | 3,751 | 6,636 | 10,387 |
| Benefit Expenses | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | 15,003 | 10,273 | 25,276 | 17,662 | 8,524 | 26,186 |
| Amortization | - | 1,660 | 1,660 | - | 1,387 | 1,387 |

Additional information on the number of employees and employee benefit expenses for fiscal 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|-----------|----------|------------|
| Number of employees | | 282 | 279 |
| Number of directors who are not concurrently serving | | 8 | 8 |
| as employees | | | |
| Average Employee Benefit Expenses | <u>\$</u> | 880 | <u>995</u> |
| Average Employee Salary Expenses | <u>\$</u> | 731 | 843 |
| Adjustments to Average Employee Salary Expenses | | (13.29)% | 7.66% |
| Supervisors' remuneration | <u>\$</u> | - | - |

Information on the salary and remuneration policy of the Company (including directors, managerial officers, and employees) is as follows:

The Company's remuneration package for directors, managerial officers, and employees is based on a prudent salary structure that takes into account shareholders' equity and the sustainable management of the Company, with variable bonuses that are linked to the overall performance of the Company's operations, job attributes and individual performance as an incentive by a solid

and motivating remuneration package. The Company has also established the relevant rules and regulations as the basis for implementation, and will review and revise them periodically according to the operating conditions in order to maintain the competitiveness of the Company's remuneration.

XIII. Additional Disclosure

(I) Information on significant transactions

The Company as required by Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers of 2022, information of significant transaction that should be disclosed is as follows:

1. Loan to others:

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| | | | General | | Maximum | | Actual amount | Interest | Nature | Amount of | Reason for | Allowance | Colla | teral | Individual | Maximum limit |
|-----|--|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|------------------------|----------------------|
| No. | Company making the loan | Borrower | Ledger account | Related Party | outstanding balance during the Period | Ending balance | drawn down rate range | rate | of Loan (Note 5) | transactions with the borrowers | short term business financing | for bad debt | Name | Value | funding loan limits | of fund financing |
| 0 | Wellell Inc. (Note 1) | | Other Receivable | Yes | 36,133 (EUR1,150) | - (EUR0) | - (EUR0) | 0 | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 444,216 | 888,432 |
| 1 | ComfortPro Investment Corp.(Note 2) | | Other Receivable | Yes | 40,554 (RMB9,000) | 39,672 (RMB9,000) | 39,672 (RMB9,000) | - | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 132,593 | 265,186 |
| 1 | ComfortPro Investment | Wellell France S.A.S | Other Receivable | Yes | (EUR350) | (EUR350) | (EUR350) | - | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 132,593 | 265,186 |
| 2 | Corp.(Note 2) Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd.(Note 3) | | Other Receivable | Yes | (EUR350) 27,812 (EUR850) | (EUR350) 27,812 (EUR850) | (EUR330) 25,194 (EUR770) | 1 | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 362,032 | 724,064 |
| 2 | . , | | Other Receivable | Yes | (EUR600) | (EUR600) | (EUR600) | - | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 362,032 | 724,064 |
| 2 | | | Other Receivable | Yes | 15,355 (USD500) | 15,355 (USD500) | 15,355 (USD500) | 2 | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 362,032 | 724,064 |
| 3 | | | Other Receivable | Yes | 16,360 (EUR500) | 16,360 (EUR500) | 16,360 (EUR500) | - | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 172,998 | 345,994 |
| 3 | , | | Other Receivable | Yes | (GBP500) | (GBP500) | (GBP500) | - | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 172,998 | 345,994 |
| 4 | . , | | Other Receivable | Yes | (EUR480) | (EUR480) | (EUR480) | 1 | 2 | - | Operation turnover | - | No | - | 81,545 | 163,089 |

- Note 1: As per the "Operation procedures for lending to others" stipulated by Wellell Inc., if intercompany or intercompany business transaction calls for such lending arrangement and amount lent should not exceed 20% of the net value of the Company. Moreover, the amount lent to each individual should not exceed the transaction amount of inter-firm business. The amount of business referred herein is the purchase or sales amount between the two parties in the previous year or the estimated amount in the next year, whichever is higher. For loan made to companies or sole proprietorships that need short term operating funds, total amount of loan shall not exceed 40% of the net value of the Company; loan made specifically shall not exceed 20% of the net value of the Company.
- Note 2: ComfortPro Investment Corp. according to the "operation procedures for lending to others", the amount of lending of funds to a 100%-owned subsidiary of the Group shall not exceed 100% of the amount of the net worth of the company; also, the amount of each lending of funds should not exceed 50% of the net worth of the company.
- Note 3: Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. according to the "Operation procedures for lending to others," when providing loans to the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, the amount of such financing facility shall not exceed 100% of the amount of the net worth of the lending enterprise; also the amount lent to each individual should not exceed 50% of the net worth of the company.
- Note 4: In the case of Apex Global Investment Limited lending the fund to a 100% owned subsidiary of the Group, in accordance with its "Operation procedures for lending to others", the total amount of such lending shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the company; also the amount lent to each individual should not exceed 50% of the net worth of the company.
- Note 5: SLK Vertriebs GmbH, according to the "Operation procedures for lending to others," when providing loans to the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, the amount of such financing facility shall not exceed 100% of the amount of the net worth of the lending enterprise; also the amount lent to each individual should not

exceed 50% of the net worth of the company.

Note 6: 1. Transaction with others. 2. short-term financing facility is necessary.

2. Endorsement/guarantee provided for others:

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| No | Name of Company Provided Endorse ment/Gu arantee | Name of the | | Limit to Single | Maximum Endorseme nt/Guarant ee Balance of Current Period | t/Guarantee Balance at | Actual amount drawn down | Endorsement /Guarantee Amount collateralized by assets | Endorsement/Gua rantee Amount to | Maximum Endorsement/ | to the Parent Company | /Guarantee Attributable to the Subsidiary | to the Endorseme nt/Guarant ee for the |
|----|---|-----------------|---|--------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| 0 | | Wellell Germany | 2 | 1,110,541 | 200,901 | , | | - | 9.39% | 1,110,541 | Y | N | N |
| | | GmbH(Note 2) | | | (EUR6,140) | | (EUR4,621) | | | | | | |
| 0 | | Wellell America | 2 | 1,110,541 | 48,323 | 46,065 | 7,063 | - | 2.15% | 1,110,541 | Y | N | N |
| | Inc. | Corp.(Note 3) | | | (USD1,500) | (USD1,500) | (USD 230) | | | | | | |

- Note 1: The endorsement/guarantee for outsiders cannot exceed 50% of the net worth of the period. The endorsement/guarantee for a single enterprise cannot exceed 25% of the net worth of the period. But the endorsement/guarantee for the Company directly or indirectly hold 100% voting shares cannot exceed 50% of the net worth of the period.
- Note 2: The Board of Directors approved the Company providing endorsement/guarantee to the 100% held subsidiary, Wellell Germany GmbH GmbH, within 6.14 million euros.
- Note 3: The Board of Directors approved the Company providing endorsement/guarantee to the 100 % held subsidiary, Wellell America Corp., within 1.5 million US dollars.
- Note 4: There are 7 types of relationships between guarantor and guarantee as below. Marking the type is sufficient:
 - 1. Business related companies.
 - 2. Over 50% voting shares directly or indirectly held by the Company.
 - 3. Companies directly or indirectly have more than 50% of the voting shares.
 - 4. Over 90% voting shares directly or indirectly held by the Company.
 - 5. Mutual guarantee by peers or mutual builders per contract term based on contract constructions.
 - 6. Company endorsed/guaranteed by all shareholders per share proportions for a mutual investment relationship.
 - 7. Escrow joint guarantee between peers for pre-sold house contract under Consumer Protection Act.
- 3. The status of holding securities at the end of period (not including the portions by the invested subsidiaries, related parties and joint ventures):

| | | | | | End of I | Period | | Maximum | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------|---|--------|
| Securities held by | Category and name of securities | Relationship with the securities issuer | General Ledger Accounts | Numbers of shares | Carrying Amount | % of shares held | Fair Value | shares held for capital investmen t in this period | Remark |
| Wellell Inc. | G Innings Medical Ltd. | | Financial Assets through Other Comprehensive Income measured at Fair Value - Non- current | 900 | 15,138 | 18.95 % | 15,138 | 18.95% | |
| Wellell Inc. | MAGnet | | Financial Assets through Other Comprehensive Income measured at Fair Value - Non- current | - | 4,027 | 5.00 % | 4,027 | 5.00% | |

- 4. Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None.
- 5. Acquisition of individual real estate properties at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None.
- 6. Disposal of individual real estate properties at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None.

7. Total purchases from or sales to related parties of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital:

| | | | | | | Un | it: New Ta | iwan Do | ollars in | thousan | ıds |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--|-----------------|---|---|-----------|---|--------|
| | | | | Status of | transaction | | Differences in terms compar party trans | ed to third | accounts | eivable and receivable yable) | |
| Purchaser (seller) | Name of counterparty | Relationship | Purchase (sales) | Amount | Percentage of total purchases (sales) | Credit Terms | Unit Prices | Credit Terms | Balance | Percentage of total notes receivable and accounts receivable (payable) | Remark |
| Wellell Inc. | Apex Medical S.L. | Parent and subsidiary | (Sales) | (210,737) | (16.69)% | Net 180 days | The sales price is comparatively lower than general customers because the sales volumes are larger. | Longer than general customers | 124,906 | 33.60% | No |
| Apex Medical S.L. | Wellell Inc. | Parent and subsidiary | Purchase | 210,737 | 43.36% | Net 180 days | The purchase price is comparatively lower than the general customer because the purchase volumes are larger. | Longer than general customers | (124,906) | (83.92)% | No |
| Wellell Inc. | Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | Parent and subsidiary | Purchase | 169,612 | 25.51% | Net 15 days | The purchase price is comparatively lower than the general customer because the purchase volumes are larger. | The same as those provided to the non- related parties | (10,779) | (11.72)% | No |
| Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | Wellell Inc. | Parent and subsidiary | (Sales) | (169,615) | (52.57)% | Net 15 days | The sales price is comparatively lower than general customers because the sales volumes are larger. | The same as those provided to the non- related parties | 10,779 | 24.23% | No |
| Wellell Inc. | APEX MEDICAL CORP. | Parent and subsidiary | (Sales) | (174,440) | (13.81)% | Net 120 days | No significant difference with regular customers | Longer than general customers | 16,660 | 4.55% | No |
| APEX MEDICA L CORP. | Wellell Inc. | Parent and subsidiary | Purchase | 174,440 | 58.11% | Net 120 days | No significant difference with regular customers | Longer than general customers | (16,660) | (1.41)% | No |

8. Accounts receivable from related parties of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paidin capital:

| | Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|------------------|--------|-------------------------|---|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | Related Party | | | y Receivable Overdue | Subsequent Collected | Provision for | | | | |
| Companies with account receivables | Name of counterparty | Related parties | Receivable Accounts Balance (Note) | Turnover Rate | Amount | Processing Method | Amount of Related Party Receivables Accounts | Loss Allowance | | | | |
| Wellell Inc. | Apex Medical S.L. | Parent and subsidiary | 124,906 | 1.80 | - | | 79,207 | - | | | | |

9. Whether engaging in the transaction of derivative instruments: None.

(II) Information on investees:

The information of reinvestment business of the Company for 2022 is as follows (not including investment to Mainland China):

| | | | | | - | | | | sand/ C | SD in | | 10 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|---|--|------------|
| | | | | | vestment | Shares he | eld as at the period | end of | Maximum | | Investment income | |
| Name of investor | Investee Name | Location | Major operating items | End of current period | End of last year | Shares (thousand) | Percentage | Carrying Amount | shares held or investment in this period | Net income of investee for this period | (loss) recognized by the company for the period | Remark |
| The Company | Apex Global Investment Ltd. | British Virgin Islands, Tortola | Investment on businesses engaging in manufacturing | 354,319 | 354,319 | 10,534 | 100% | 345,166 | 100% | 18,332 | | Subsidiary |
| " | Wellell America Corp. | U.S.A., California, Orange | Sales of medical supplies | 16,564 | 16,564 | 50 | 100% | (7,678) | 100% | (17,494) | (17,494) | " |
| " | Apex Medical S.L. | Spain, Vizcaya | Sales of medical supplies | 4,855 | 4,855 | - | 100% | 231,657 | 100% | 32,013 | 32,013 | // |
| " | Apex Medical Global Cooperatie UA | The Netherlands | Investment on businesses engaging in | - | 836,494 | - | - % | - | 100% | (4,747) | (4,747) | Note 1 |
| " | Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd | Taiwan | manufacturing Manufacturing and sales of medical supplies | 328,294 | 328,294 | 10,000 | 100% | 331,893 | 100% | 32,430 | 32,425 | " |
| " | Wellell India Private Limited | India, Delhi | Sales of medical supplies | 27,741 | 27,741 | 6,458 | 99.82% | 1,232 | 99.82% | (361) | (361) | // |
| " | Wellell (Thailand) Ltd. | Thailand | Sales of medical supplies | 2,271 | 2,271 | 245 | 49% | 4,279 | 49% | 1,382 | 677 | // |
| " | Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. | United Kingdom | Investment on businesses engaging in | 780,354 | 723,774 | 7,780 | 100% | 693,470 | 100% | 8,786 | 8,786 | " |
| " | Wellell Germany GmbH | Germany Dortmund | manufacturing Investments in various production businesses and leasing business | 92,610 | 92,610 | 25 | 100% | 64,054 | 100% | 4,164 | 4,164 | // |
| " | APEX MEDICAL CORP. | Taiwan | Sales of medical supplies | 1,000 | 1,000 | 100 | 100% | 9,315 | 100% | 8,315 | 8,315 | " |
| Apex Global Investment Ltd. | ComfortPro Investment Corp. | Republic of Mauritius, Port Louis | Investment on businesses engaging in manufacturing | 297,731 | 297,731 | 9,100 | 100% | 265,186 | 100% | 11,041 | 11,041 | " |
| " | Max Delight Holding Limited | Apia, Samoa | Investment on businesses engaging in manufacturing | 8,686 | 8,686 | 270 | 100% | 38,362 | 100% | 7,367 | 7,367 | " |
| " | Wellell India Private Limited | India, Delhi | Sales of medical supplies | 55 | 55 | 12 | 0.18% | 2 | 0.18% | (361) | - | // |
| Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. | Wellell UK Limited | United Kingdom | Sales of medical supplies | 767,718 | 767,718 | - | 100% | 268,129 | 100% | (2,290) | (2,290) | " |
| // | SLK-Vertriebs | Germany Dortmund | Sales and leasing of medical supplies | 391,891 | 391,891 | 1,048 | 100% | 337,290 | 100% | 10,141 | (2,490) | " |
| " | SLK-Medical | Germany Dortmund | Sales and leasing of medical supplies | 22,549 | 22,549 | 25 | 100% | 32,499 | 100% | 1,604 | 934 | " |
| " | Wellell France S.A.S. | France, Ecouflant | Sales of medical supplies | 394 | 394 | 14 | 100% | (9,536) | 100% | 12,643 | 12,643 | " |

Unit: NTD in thousand/USD in thousand

Note 1: The liquidation process was completed on October 14, 2022.

(III) Information regarding investment in Mainland China:

1. Information on investment in Mainland China:

Unit: NTD in thousand/USD in thousand

| | | | | | | | | | | | | 10 00 00 000 | |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Investee in Mainland China | Major operating items | Paid-in capital | Investment method | Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan for the | or inve amount back f | stment | Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland | Net income of investee for this period | Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect) | shares held or investment | | investmen ts as of the | income |
| | | | | beginning of this period | Remitting to | Remitting back | China as of the end of the period | | | period | the period (Note 2) | period | as of the end of the period |
| Apex Medical (Shanghai) Corp. | Manufacturing and Sales of medical supplies | 23,352 | (I) | 23,239 (USD710) | - | - | 23,239 (USD710) | - (Note 1) | -% (Note 1) | -% (Note 1) | - (Note 1) | - (Note 1) | - |
| | Manufacturing and Sales of medical supplies | 231,103 | (I) | 231,103 (USD7,100) | - | - | 231,103 (USD7,100) | 12,133 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 11,266 | 207,849 | - |
| | Manufacturing and sales of plastic products | 25,316 | (I) | 25,487 (USD842) | - | - | 25,487 (USD842) | - (Note 1) | -% (Note 1) | -% (Note 1) | - (Note 1) | - (Note 1) | - |
| | Sales of medical supplies | 8,041 | (I) | 8,041 (USD250) | - | - | 8,041 (USD250) | 9,278 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 9,278 | 20,857 | - |

Note: Investment methods can be classified as follows:

(I): Investment by 100% owned subsidiary set up in the third area.

- Note 1: Shanghai Apex was liquidated in February 2013; Kunshan Kewei was liquidated in February 2016.
- Note 2: The investment gain or loss is recognized in accordance with the CPA audited financial statements of the invested company.

2. Maximum amount to invest in Mainland China:

| Accumulated amount of Remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of the end of the period | Investment Amounts | Limit of the Investment Commission, MOEA to invest in Mainland China |
|---|----------------------|---|
| 287,870 | 287,870 | 1,332,648 |
| (US\$8,902 thousand) | (US\$8,902 thousand) | |

3. Significant transactions with the invested companies in Mainland China:

For the significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly for 2021 (eliminated when preparing consolidated statements). Please refer to the explanations in "relevant information of the significant transactions" in the consolidated financial statements.

(IV) Information on major shareholders

| Shares Name of major shareholders | shareholding | % of shares held |
|---|--------------|---------------------|
| CDIB Capital Growth Partners | 11,526,000 | 11.42% |
| Ya Sheng Investment Development Co. | 10,566,760 | 10.47% |
| Ya Shin Investment Development Co. | 10,561,732 | 10.46% |
| National Development Fund, Executive Yuan | 6,000,000 | 5.94% |

Note:(1) The information of the major shareholders in this table is based on the TDCC's last business day of the end of each quarter. Counting the shareholders who exceed more than 5% of the total number of common stock and special stock of the company that has been non-physical registration(include treasury stock). The share capital indicated in the company's financial statement and the actual amount of non-physical registration delivered may be different due to the different counting basis.

(2) If the above-mentioned document was shareholders deliver to trust, the trustee should open up a trust account to show the individual trustee. When insiders who hold more than 10% of the shares report their shareholdings by the Securities and Exchange Act, their shareholdings should include shares hold under their name and shares under a trust in which they have the right to decide the use of the trust property. Please refer to the Market Observation Post System for insider shareholding reporting information.

XIV. Segment Information

Please refer to the consolidated financial statements for 2022 for details

Statement of cash and cash equivalents

December 31, 2022

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| Item | | Sum | nary | Amount |
|---|--------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Cash on hand | | | | \$ 649 |
| Petty cash | | | | 240 |
| | Sub | total | | 889 |
| Bank deposits: | Checki | ng deposit | | 112 |
| | Deman | 57,029 | | |
| | Foreig | n currency demar | nd deposits (Note) | 32,248 |
| | Sub | total | | 89,389 |
| Total | | | | <u>\$ 90,278</u> |
| Note: Foreign currency demand deposits totaling | USD | 516,004.22 | Exchange rate | 30.7100 |
| | EUR | 102,857.66 | Exchange rate | 32.7200 |
| | JPY | 117,400 | Exchange rate | 0.2324 |
| | GBP | 300,276.23 | Exchange rate | 37.0900 |
| | RMB | 424,561.95 | Exchange rate | 4.4080 |

Statements of notes receivable and accounts receivable

December 31, 2022

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| Customer name | Summary | Amount | |
|----------------------|------------|--------|---------|
| Unrelated party: | | | |
| ZUCCATO HC SRL | Operations | \$ | 48,902 |
| ZIBOCARE | // | | 20,775 |
| Others (Note) | // | | 304,229 |
| Less: Loss Allowance | // | | (2,148) |
| | | \$ | 371,758 |

Note: The sum of those that did not reach 5% of the balance of this account (including receivable from related parties)

Statement of inventories

December 31, 2022

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| Item | | Cost | Market price | Market price basis |
|------------------------|-----------|---------|--------------|----------------------|
| Finished goods | \$ | 17,101 | | |
| Less: Loss Allowance | | (2,370) | | |
| Sub total | | 14,731 | 14,731 | Net realizable value |
| Work in Process | | 55,460 | | |
| Less: Loss Allowance | | (9,262) | | |
| Sub total | | 46,198 | 46,198 | // |
| Raw Materials | | 76,348 | | |
| Less: Loss Allowance | | (4,703) | | |
| Sub total | | 71,645 | 71,645 | // |
| Products | | 10,283 | | |
| Less: Loss Allowance | | (4,959) | | |
| Sub total | | 5,324 | 5,324 | // |
| Inventories in transit | | 77 | 77 | |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 137,975 | 137,975 | |

Statement of changes in investments accounted for using the

equity method

From January 1 to December 31, 2022

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| | Beginning | balance | Increas current | | Decreas current | | Er | ding balanc | e | |
|--|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| Name | Numbers of shares | Amount | Numbers of shares | Amount | Numbers of shares | Amount | Numbers of shares | % of shares held | Amount | Guarantee or pledge status |
| Apex Global Investment Ltd.(Note 1) | 10,534\$ | 314,139 | - | 31,173 | - | 146 | 10,534 | 100.00% | 345,166 | No |
| Wellell America Corp.(Note 2) | 50 | 6,807 | - | 3,009 | - | 17,494 | 50 | 100.00% | (7,678) | No |
| Apex Medical S.L(Note 3) | - | 198,543 | - | 43,101 | - | 9,987 | - | 100.00% | 231,657 | No |
| Apex Medical Global Cooperatie UA(Note 4) | - | 398,813 | - | 44,961 | - | 443,774 | - | - % | - | No |
| Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd (Note 5) | 10,000 | 334,197 | - | 32,425 | - | 34,729 | 10,000 | 100.00% | 331,893 | No |
| Wellell India Private Limited(Note 6) | 3,875 | 1,616 | - | - | - | 384 | 3,875 | 99.82% | 1,232 | No |
| Wellell (Thailand) Ltd.(Note 7) | 245 | 3,734 | - | 1,062 | - | 517 | 245 | 49.00% | 4,279 | No |
| Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd.(Note 8) | 7,180 | 655,683 | 600 | 68,380 | - | 30,593 | 7,780 | 100.00% | 693,470 | No |
| Wellell Germany GmbH(Note 9) | 25 | 57,155 | - | 6,899 | - | - | 25 | 100.00% | 64,054 | No |
| APEX MEDICAL CORP. (Note 10) | 100 | 1,000 | | 8,315 | | - | 100 | 100.00% | 9,315 | No |
| Long term investments under equity method, net | _ | 1,971,687 | = | 239,325 | : | 537,624 | | = | 1,673,388 | |

Note 1: The increase for the period was investment income of \$18,332 thousand recognized using the equity method and cumulative translation adjustment of \$12,841 thousand and the decrease for the period was unrealized gross profit on sales of goods to affiliates of \$146 thousand.

Note 2: The increase for the period was realized gross profit on sales of goods to affiliates of \$1,892 thousand and cumulative translation adjustment of \$1,117 thousand, and the decrease was investment loss of \$17,494 thousand recognized using the equity method.

Note 3: The increase for the period was investment income of \$32,013 thousand recognized using the equity method and cumulative translation adjustment of \$11,088 thousand and the decrease for the period was unrealized gross profit on sales of goods to affiliates of \$9,987 thousand.

Note 4: The increase for the period was cumulative translation adjustment of \$18,039 thousand and realized gross profit on sales of goods to affiliates of \$26,922 and the decrease for the period was decrease

in investment of \$439,027 thousand and investment loss of \$4,747 thousand recognized using the equity method.

- Note 5: The increase for the period was investment income of \$32,425 thousand recognized using the equity method and the decrease for the period was cash dividends of \$34,712 thousand and unrealized gross profit on sales of goods to affiliates of \$17 thousand.
- Note 6: The decrease for the period was cumulative translation adjustment of \$23 thousand and investment loss of \$361 thousand recognized using the equity method.
- Note 7: The increase for the period was investment income of \$677 thousand recognized using the equity method and cumulative translation adjustment of \$385 thousand and the decrease for the period was unrealized gross profit on sales of goods to affiliates of \$517 thousand.
- Note 8: The increase for the period was increase in investment of \$56,580 thousand, investment income of \$8,786 thousand recognized using the equity method and cumulative translation adjustment of \$3,014 thousand and the decrease for the period was unrealized gross profit on sales of goods to affiliates of \$30,593 thousand.
- Note 9: The increase for the period was investment income of \$4,164 thousand recognized using the equity method, and cumulative translation adjustment of \$2,735 thousand.
- Note 10: The increase for the period was investment income of \$8,315 thousand recognized using the equity method.

Statement of short-term borrowings

December 31, 2022

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| Type of | | | Ending | Term of | Interest rate | Financing | Pledged or | |
|------------|-------------|-----------|---------|----------|------------------|------------|--------------|---------|
| borrowings | Description | | balance | contract | range(%) | facilities | guaranteed | Remarks |
| Credit | Mizuho | \$ | 182,353 | Within a | 3.13~5.59 | 307,100 | No | (Note) |
| loans | Bank | | | year | | | | |
| Secured | Hua Nan | | 34,650 | Within a | 2.0~2.899 | 400,000 | Land, plants | (Note) |
| borrowing | Commerci | | | year | | | | |
| | al Bank | | | | | | | |
| Credit | Bank of | | 50,000 | Within a | 1.308~2.0 | 200,000 | No | |
| loans | Taiwan | | | year | | | | |
| Credit | CTBC | | 21,291 | Within a | 1.3~1.45 | 60,000 | No | (Note) |
| loans | Bank | | | year | | | | |
| | | <u>\$</u> | 288,294 | | | | | |

Note: Foreign currency borrowings totaling

| USD | 1,441Thousand | Exchange rate | 30.7100 |
|-----|---------------|---------------|---------|
| EUR | 5,243Thousand | Exchange rate | 32.7200 |
| GBP | 607Thousand | Exchange rate | 37.0900 |

Statement of accounts payable

December 31, 2022

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| Summary | | Amount |
|------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | | |
| Operations | \$ | 17,329 |
| | | |
| // | | 4,545 |
| | | |
| // | | 58,598 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 80,472 |
| | Operations " | Operations \$ |

Note: The sum of those that did not reach 5% of the balance of this account

Statement of operating revenue

From January 1 to December 31, 2022

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| Item | Amount |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Support Surface Systems (SS) | \$ 641,254 |
| Respiratory devices (RT) | 373,133 |
| Welfare equipment (WF) | 115,286 |
| Electronic medical devices (EMD) | 15,506 |
| Other | 83,007 |
| | 1,228,186 |
| Other revenues | 34,760 |
| Net sales revenue | <u>\$ 1,262,946</u> |

Statement of operating costs

From January 1 to December 31, 2022

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| Item | Amount |
|---|-------------------|
| Manufacturing: | |
| Raw Materials: | |
| Raw materials at the beginning of the period | \$ 105,307 |
| Add: Purchase in the current period | 316,591 |
| Raw materials cycle count gain | 353 |
| Less: Raw materials at the end of the period | (76,348) |
| Sales of raw materials | (12,186) |
| Loss on scrap | (1,156) |
| Transfers to sample expenses | 175 |
| Direct raw materials consumed | 332,736 |
| Direct labour | 37,226 |
| Production overheads | 108,962 |
| Manufacturing costs | 478,924 |
| Work in Process at the beginning of the period | 50,949 |
| Add: Purchase in the current period | 47,985 |
| Work in Process cycle count gain | 8 |
| Less: Work in process at the end of the period | (55,460) |
| Sales of Work in Process | (38,646) |
| Transfers to expenses | (3,879) |
| Loss on scrap | (218) |
| Cost of finished goods for the period | 479,663 |
| Add: Finished goods at the beginning of the period | 11,830 |
| Purchase in the current period | 162,283 |
| Transfers from merchandises | 11 |
| Less: Finished good at the end of the period | (17,100) |
| Transfers to expenses | (2,539) |
| Loss on scrap | (1) |
| Cost of finished goods sold | 634,147 |
| Trading: | |
| Inventories at the beginning of the period (merchandises) | 25,453 |
| Add: Purchase in the current period | 137,988 |
| Less: Inventory at December 31 | (10,283) |
| Merchandises in transit | (77) |
| Transfers to expenses | (392) |
| Others | (11) |
| Loss on scrap | (84) |
| Cost of goods sold (trading) | 152,594 |
| Add: cost of raw materials sold | 12,186 |
| Cost of work in process sold | 38,646 |
| Loss on market value decline of inventory | 7,831 |
| Loss on inventory scrap | 1,458 |
| Income from scrap and wastes | (26) |
| Inventory adjustment credits | (361) |
| Others | 2,169 |
| Operating costs | <u>\$ 848,644</u> |
| Operating costs | Ψ 040,044 |

Statement of sales expenses

From January 1 to December 31, 2022

Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| Item | Amount |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| Salary expenses | \$ 37,54 |
| Service expenses | 7,854 |
| Advertising expenses | 13,096 |
| Export expenses | 10,209 |
| Other expenses (Note) | |
| Total | <u>\$ 99,277</u> |

Note: The sum of those that did not reach 5% of the balance of this account.

Statement of management expenses

| From January 1 to December 31, 2022 | Unit: New Taiwan |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| | Dollars in |

thousands

| Item | Amount |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Salary expenses | \$ 41,679 |
| Depreciation | 5,733 |
| Information service | 6,752 |
| expenses | |
| Service expenses | 17,968 |
| Department materials | 7,297 |
| requisition Miscellaneous expenses | 9,362 |
| Other expenses (Note) | 24,961 |
| Total | <u>\$ 113,752</u> |

Note: The sum of those that did not reach 5% of the balance of this account.

Statement of research & development expenses

From January 1 to December 31, 2022

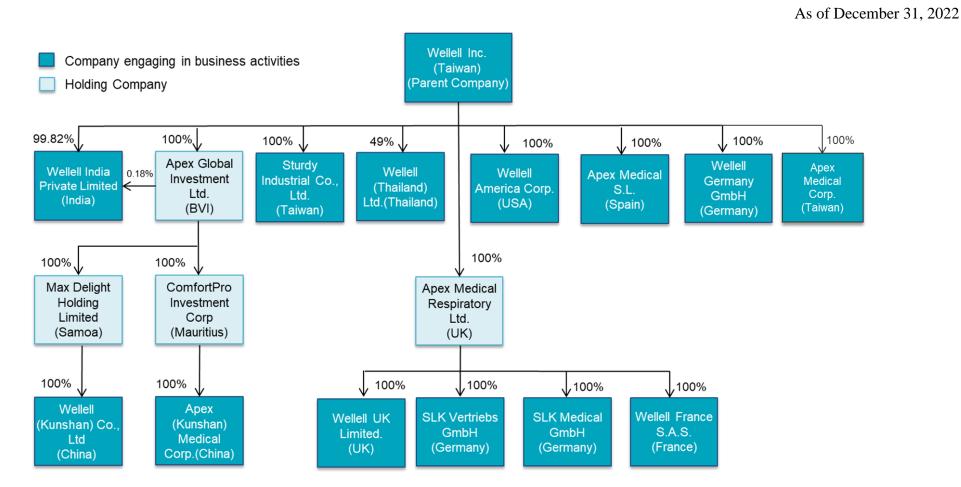
Unit: New Taiwan Dollars in thousands

| Item | Amount |
|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Salary expenses | \$ 67,348 |
| Outsourced research expenses | 16,016 |
| Personal Insurance | 6,153 |
| Other expenses (Note) | 24,961 |
| Total | <u>\$ 114,478</u> |

Note: The sum of those that did not reach 5% of the balance of this account.

Consolidated business reports teaming up with affiliated enterprises
 Organization chart of affiliated enterprises:

Controlled and affiliated companies:



Note: in order to cooperate in the Group's brand strategy, Apex Medical Corp. India Private Ltd., Apex Medical (Thailand) Co., Ltd., Apex Medical USA Corp., Apex Medical Ltd. and Apex Medical France were renamed as Wellell India Private Limited, Wellell (Thailand) Ltd., Wellell America Corp., Wellell UK Limited and Wellell France S.A.S. respectively in 2022; in 2023, Apex Medical Investment GmbH was renamed as Wellell Germany GmbH.

Basic information of affiliated enterprises

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | 1 | | 1 | As of December 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--|------------------------|--|
| Name of enterprise | Establishment date | Address | Paid-in shares Capital | Main business items |
| Controlled companies: | | | | |
| Wellell Inc. | March 17, 1990 | No. 9, Minsheng St., Tucheng Dist., New Taipei City | NT\$ 1,009,116 | Manufacturing, import, export, trading and agency of medical devices |
| Affiliated companies : | | | | |
| Apex Global Investment Ltd. | September 26, 2000 | TrustNet Chambers P.D. Box 3444, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands | US\$ 10,534 | Investment in various production businesses |
| Wellell America Corp. (Note) | October 12, 2001 | 927 Mariner Street, Brea, CA92821, USA | US\$ 500 | Trading of medical devices |
| Apex Medical S.L. | February 5, 2004 | Elcano 9, 6a planta 48008 Bilbao. Vizcaya. Spain | Euro 123 | Trading of medical devices |
| Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd. | October 13, 1983 | No. 168, Sec. 1, Zhongxing Rd., Wugu Dist., New Taipei City | NT\$ 100,000 | Manufacturing and trading of medical devices |
| ComfortPro Investment Corp. | April 3, 2003 | 2nd Floor, Felix House, 24 Dr. Joseph Riviere Street, Port Louis, Mauritius | US\$ 9,100 | Investment in various production businesses |
| Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | February 13, 2004 | No.1368, Zizhu Road, Yushan Town, Kunshan City, Jiang Su Province, China | US\$ 7,100 | Manufacturing and trading of medical devices |
| Max Delight Holding Limted | April 3, 2008 | Portcullis TrustNet Chambers P.O. Box1225 Apia, SAMOA | US\$ 270 | Investment in various production businesses |
| Wellell (Kunshan) Co., Ltd | May 14, 2009 | No.1368, Zizhu Road, Yushan Town, Kunshan City, Jiang Su Province, China | US\$ 250 | Trading of medical devices |
| Apex Medical Corp. | March 30, 2021 | No. 9, Minsheng St., Tucheng Dist., New Taipei City | NT\$ 1,000 | Trading of medical devices |
| Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. | October 10, 2009 | Unit 33, Great Western Business Park McKenzie Way, Worcester, United Kingdom, WR4 9GN | GBP 7,780 | Investment in various production businesses |
| Wellell UK Limited (Note) | January 10, 2006 | Unit 33, Great Western Business Park McKenzie Way, Worcester, United Kingdom, WR4 9GN | GBP 525 | Trading of medical devices |
| Wellell India Private Limited(Note) | September 5, 2014 | H-3/63, First Floor, Vikaspuri, New Delhi, 110018, India | INR 38,820 | Trading of medical devices |
| Wellell France S.A.S.(Note) | May 18, 2015 | 4 boulevard de la Chanterie, 49124 Saint- Barthélemy, France | Euro 1,400 | Trading of medical devices |
| Wellell (Thailand) Ltd. (Note) | December 22, 2015 | No.111/152 Soi Pho Kaeo Yak 19, Nawamin, Beung Kum, Bangkok 10240, Thailand | THB 5,000 | Trading of medical devices |
| Wellell Germany GmbH (Note) | July 24, 2017 | Am Herdicksbach 18, 45731 Waltrop, Germany | Euro 25 | Investment in various production businesses and leasing business |
| SLK Vertriebs GmbH | January 7, 2014 | Am Herdicksbach 18, 45731 Waltrop, Germany | Euro 1,048 | Trading and leasing of medical devices |
| SLK Medical GmbH | June 25, 2014 | Am Herdicksbach 18, 45731 Waltrop, Germany | Euro 25 | Trading and leasing of medical devices |

As of December 31, 2021

(Note) In line with the Group's brand strategy, some subsidiaries had been renamed in 2022. please refer to the organization chart of affiliated enterprises in the annual report.

Information on the shareholders presumed to have a relationship of control and subordination: None.

Industries covered by the business operations of all affiliated enterprises:

Medical device manufacturing and trading industry:

Manufacturing, import, export, trading and agency of medical devices. Electronics Components Manufacturing

Manufacturing and sale of electronic components and motors.

General investment and leasing:

For the main business or production items of each affiliated enterprise, please refer to 2. Basic information of affiliated enterprises above.

Division of labor of affiliated enterprises:

Based on the manufacturing and trading of medical devices of Wellell Inc., a comprehensive division of labor is made as follows: Wellell America Corp., Apex Medical S.L., Wellell France S.A.S., Wellell UK Limited., SLK Vertriebs GmbH and SLK Medical GmbH are mainly engaged in expanding the U.S. and European markets; Apex Global Investment Ltd., Comfortpro Investment Corp., Max Delight Holding Limited, and Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. are mainly engaged in investment in various production businesses; Wellell Germany GmbH is mainly engaged in investment in various production businesses and leasing business; Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. is mainly engaged in manufacturing and trading of medical devices; Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd. is mainly engaged in manufacturing and trading of medical devices, including various types of sterilizers; Apex Medical Corp. is mainly engaged in trading of medical devices; Wellell (Kunshan) Co., Ltd, Wellell (Thailand) Ltd. and Wellell India Private Limited are mainly engaged in trading of medical devices in the Greater China and Asia Pacific regions.

Information of directors, supervisors, and presidents of affiliated enterprises:

Unit: NT\$ thousand; shares

| As of December | 31 | 2022 |
|----------------|-----|------|
| As of December | 51, | 2022 |

| Name of enterprise | Title | Name or the representative person | Shareholding | |
|------------------------|----------------------|---|--|-----------------------|
| | Title | Ivanie of the representative person | Number of shares or amount of contribution | Ratio of Shareholding |
| Controlled companies: | | | | |
| Wellell Inc. | Chairman | Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. | 10,566,760 shares | 10.47% |
| | | Representative: Li, Yong-Chuan | 1,074,072 shares | 1.06% |
| | Director | Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. | 10,566,760 shares | 10.47% |
| | | Representative: Liu, Chang-Qi | 174,912 shares | 0.17% |
| | Director | CDIB Advantage Venture Capital Investment | 11,526,000 shares | 11.42% |
| | Director | Limited Partnership | - | - |
| | | Representative: Wei, Hong-Zheng | 6,000,000 shares | 5.94% |
| | | National Development Fund, Executive Yuan | - | - |
| | | Representative: He, Qi-Gong | | |
| | Independent Director | Wang, Wei | - | - |
| | Independent Director | Lin, Wan-Ying | - | - |
| | Independent Director | Wang, Guo-Cheng | - | - |
| | Independent Director | Lin, Tian-Fa | 6,000 shares | 0.00% |
| | Independent Director | Li, Xiong-Qing | - | - |
| Affiliated companies : | | | | |
| Apex Global Investment | Director | Li, Yong-Chuan | - | - |
| Ltd. | | | 10,533,500 shares held by Wellell Inc. | 100.00% |
| Wellell America Corp. | Director | Li, Yong-Chuan | - | - |
| (Note) | Director | Henry Wu | - | - |
| | | | 50,000 shares held by Wellell Inc. | 100.00% |
| Apex Medical S.L. | Sole Director | Xu, Ying-Jie | - | - |
| | | | NT\$4,855 thousand contributed by Wellell | 100.00% |
| | | | Inc. | |
| ComfortPro Investment | Director | Li, Yong-Chuan | - | - |
| Corp. | | | 9,100,000 shares held by Apex Global | 100.00% |
| | | | Investment Ltd. | |

(Continued from previous page)

| Nama of automica | Title | None of the manual dation of the second | Shareholding | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| Name of enterprise | litte | Name or the representative person | Number of shares or amount of contribution | Ratio of Shareholding | | |
| Affiliated companies : | | | | | | |
| Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd. | Chairman | Wellell Inc. | 10,000,000 shares | 100.00% | | |
| | | Representative: Li, Yong-Chuan | - | - | | |
| | Director | Wellell Inc. | 10,000,000 shares | 100.00% | | |
| | | Representative: Li, Yuan-Yong | - | - | | |
| | Director | Wellell Inc. | 10,000,000 shares | 100.00% | | |
| | | Representative: Wu, Deng-Ke | - | - | | |
| | Director | Wellell Inc. | 10,000,000 shares | 100.00% | | |
| | | Representative: Su-Xie, Li-Hui | - | - | | |
| | Director | Wellell Inc. | 10,000,000 shares | 100.00% | | |
| | | Representative: Cui, Yi-De | - | - | | |
| | Supervisor | Wellell Inc. | 10,000,000 shares | 100.00% | | |
| | - | Representative: Lin, Kang-Ping | - | - | | |
| | Supervisor | Wellell Inc. | 10,000,000 shares | 100.00% | | |
| | 1 | Representative: Zhang, Ming-Zheng | - | - | | |
| Apex (Kunshan) Medical | Executive Director | Li, Yong-Chuan | - | - | | |
| Corp. | President | Lin, Wan-Jia | | | | |
| 1 | Supervisor | Zhang, Ming-Zheng | | | | |
| | 1 | | NT\$231,103 thousand contributed by | 100.00% | | |
| | | | ComfortPro Investment Corp. | | | |
| Max Delight Holding | Director | Li, Yong-Chuan | - | - | | |
| Limted | | | 270,000 shares held by Apex Global | 100.00% | | |
| | | | Investment Ltd. | | | |
| Wellell (Kunshan) Co., Ltd | Executive Director | Li, Yong-Chuan | - | - | | |
| | President | Zhang, Ming-Zheng | - | - | | |
| | Supervisor | Tan, Jian-Qiang | - | - | | |
| | - - | | NT\$8,041 thousand contributed by Max | 100.00% | | |
| | | | Delight Holding Limited | | | |

(Continued from previous page)

| Name of automains | TT' (1) | Numerou the survey station survey | Shareholding | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| Name of enterprise | Title | Name or the representative person | Number of shares or amount of contribution | Ratio of Shareholding | | |
| Affiliated companies: | | | | | | |
| Apex Medical Corp. | Director | Wellell Inc. | 100,000 shares | 100.00% | | |
| | | Representative: Li, Yong-Chuan | | - | | |
| Affiliated companies: | | | | | | |
| Apex Medical | Director | Li, Yong-Chuan | - | - | | |
| Respiratory Ltd. | Director | Xu, Ying-Jie | - | - | | |
| | | | 7,780,000 shares held by Wellell Inc. | 100.00% | | |
| Wellell UK Limited (Note) | | Li, Yong-Chuan | - | - | | |
| | Director | Xu, Ying-Jie | - | - | | |
| | | | NT\$767,718 thousand contributed by Apex | 100.00% | | |
| | | | Medical Respiratory Ltd. | | | |
| Wellell India Private | Director | Li, Yong-Chuan | - | - | | |
| Limited (Note) | Director | Chen, Shi-He | - | - | | |
| | Director | NAVEEN NARANG | _ | - | | |
| | | | 6,458,000 shares held by Wellell Inc. | 99.82% | | |
| | | | 12,000 shares held by Apex Global Investment | 0.18% | | |
| | | | Ltd. | | | |
| Wellell France S.A.S. | Director | Xu, Ying-Jie | - | - | | |
| (Note) | Director | Li, Yong-Chuan | _ | - | | |
| | Director | Darras Thierry | | - | | |
| | | | 14,000 shares held by Apex Medical | 100.00% | | |
| | | | Respiratory Ltd | 100.0070 | | |
| Wellell (Thailand) Ltd. | Juridical person | Wellell Inc. | 244,980 shares | 48.99% | | |
| (Note) | Director | Li, Yong-Chuan | 20 shares | 0.004% | | |
| (=) | Director | Mr. Pratya Samalapa | | - | | |
| | Juridical person | Samaphan International Co., Ltd. | 125,000 shares | 25.00% | | |
| | Director | Mr. Chinnakarn Samalapa | - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - | | |
| | Director | Mr. Chankit Samalapa | 130,000 shares | 26.00% | | |
| Wellell Germany GmbH | Director | Li, Yong-Chuan | - | - | | |
| (Note) | Director | Xu, Ying-Jie | _ | - | | |
| - | Director | Otte, Oliver Markus | _ | - | | |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 25,000 shares by Wellell Inc. | 100.00% | | |

(Continued from previous page)

| Name of enterprise | T:41- | Numero and the manufaction and and | Shareholding | | | |
|-----------------------|----------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| | Title | Name or the representative person | Number of shares or amount of contribution | Ratio of Shareholding | | |
| Affiliated companies: | | | | | | |
| SLK Vertriebs GmbH | Director | Li, Yong-Chuan | - | - | | |
| | Director | Xu, Ying-Jie | - | - | | |
| Director | | Otte, Oliver Markus | - | - | | |
| | | | 1,048,000 shares held by Apex Medical | 100.00% | | |
| | | | Respiratory Ltd. | | | |
| SLK Medical GmbH | Director | Li, Yong-Chuan | - | - | | |
| | Director | Xu, Ying-Jie | - | - | | |
| | Director | Otte, Oliver Markus | - | - | | |
| | | | 25,000 shares held by Apex Medical | 100.00% | | |
| | | | Respiratory Ltd. | | | |

(Note) In line with the Group's brand strategy, some subsidiaries had been renamed in early 2022. Please refer to the organization chart of affiliated enterprises in the annual report.

Business performance of each affiliate enterprise

Unit: NT\$ thousand

As of December 31, 2022

| Name of enterprise | Capital | Total assets | Total liabilities | N | et value | Operating revenues | Operating income (loss) | | Net profit for the year (after tax) | | Earnings (loss) per share (NT\$) (after tax) |
|--|-----------|--------------|-------------------|---|-----------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|---------|--|
| Controlled companies: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Wellell Inc. | 1,009,116 | 2,763,713 | 542,632 | | 2,221,081 | 1,262,946 | | 74,437 | | 161,409 | 1.60 |
| Affiliated companies: Wellell India Private Limited (Note 2) | 18,367 | 1,299 | 65 | | 1,234 | 0 | (| 360) | (| 361) | Note 1 |
| Apex Global Investment Ltd | 354,079 | 345,997 | 0 | | 345,166 | 0 | (| 71) | | 18,332 | Note 1 |
| Wellell America Corp. (Note 2) | 16,564 | 48,385 | 49,699 | (| 7,678) | 57,845 | (| 15,709) | (| 17,494) | Note 1 |
| Apex Medical S.L. | 4,856 | 433,753 | 173,663 | | 231,657 | 630,100 | | 32,284 | | 32,013 | Note 1 |
| Sturdy Industrial Co., Ltd. | 100,000 | 209,283 | 51,853 | | 331,893 | 224,234 | | 30,215 | | 32,430 | 3.24 |
| ComfortPro Investment Corp. | 279,461 | 265,417 | 232 | | 265,186 | 0 | (| 225) | | 11,041 | Note 1 |
| Apex (Kunshan) Medical Corp. | 218,041 | 284,816 | 75,030 | | 207,849 | 322,650 | | 10,368 | | 12,133 | Note 1 |
| Max Delight Holding Limted | 8,292 | 38,362 | 0 | | 38,362 | 0 | (| 1,909) | | 7,367 | Note 1 |
| Wellell (Kunshan) Co., Ltd | 7,677 | 50,662 | 29,805 | | 20,857 | 67,721 | | 9,517 | | 9,278 | Note 1 |
| Apex Medical Global Cooperatie UA | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | (| 508) | (| 4,747) | Note 1 |
| Apex Medical Corp. | 1,000 | 70,709 | 61,393 | | 9,315 | 327,017 | | 7,639 | | 8,315 | 83.15 |
| Apex Medical Respiratory Ltd. | 709,982 | 766,478 | 42,414 | | 693,470 | 0 | (| 274) | | 8,786 | Note 1 |

(Continued on next page)

| Name of enterprise | Capital | Total assets | Total liabilities | Net value | Operating revenues | Operating income (loss) | 1 0 1 | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|--------------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------|--------|
| Affiliated companies : | | | | | | | | |
| Wellell UK Limited (Note 2) | 19,462 | 113,064 | 63,332 | 268,129 | 117,227 | (3,148) | (2,290) | Note 1 |
| Wellell I France S.A.S. (Note 2) | 44,648 | 114,870 | 124,406 | (9,536) | 170,676 | 12,678 | 12,643 | Note 1 |
| Wellell (Thailand) Ltd. (Note 2) | 4,636 | 28,116 | 15,775 | 4,279 | 26,505 | 53 | 1,382 | Note 1 |
| Wellell Germany GmbH | 871 | 228,689 | 164,636 | 64,054 | 29,512 | 6,566 | 4,164 | Note 1 |
| SLK Vertriebs GmbH | 30,284 | 226,417 | 63,324 | 337,290 | 400,658 | 10,960 | 10,141 | Note 1 |
| SLK Medical GmbH | 724 | 17,134 | 5,839 | 32,499 | 40,337 | 2,200 | 1,604 | Note 1 |

Note 1: Not applicable because it is an overseas company.

Note2: In line with the Group's brand strategy, some subsidiaries had been renamed in early 2022. Please refer to the organization chart of affiliated enterprises in this annual report

Note 3: The foreign currency exchange rates are as follows

Exchange rates on balance sheet date: NTD/USD = 1/30.71; NTD/EUR = 1/32.72; RMB/USD = 1/6.9669; NTD/GBP = 1/37.09; GBP/EUR = 1/1.1336Income statement exchange rates: NTD/USD = 1/29.8044; NTD/EUR = 1/31.3596; RMB/USD = 1/6.7402; NTD/GBP = 1/36.80; GBP/EUR = 1/1.1735

ii. The Affiliate's Consolidated Financial Statements

- In accordance with the Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises, and the Tai-Cai-Zheng Letter No. 04448 issued by the Securities and Futures Bureau, Ministry of Finance, the Company shall prepare consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards No. 7 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and issue the statement attached as Appendix I to the Letter. The Company has issued the statement and put it on the first page of the consolidated financial statements of the parent and subsidiary companies for your reference.
- iii. Affiliation report: None.

Thank you for attending the Annual Shareholders' Meeting!

Your comments and suggestions are always welcome!

Chairman: Yasheng Investment Development Co., Ltd. Representative: Li, Yong-Chuan